UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023

Commission File Number 1-11758

Morgan Stanley

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

		36-3145972 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	(212) 761-4000 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
Securities registered pursuan	nt to Section 12(b) of the Act:		
Title of each class	, ,	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value		MS	New York Stock Exchange
Depositary Shares, each representing 1	1/1,000th interest in a share of Floating F	Rate	
Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Se	eries A, \$0.01 par value	MS/PA	New York Stock Exchange
Depositary Shares, each representing 1	1/1,000th interest in a share of Fixed-to-I	Floating Rate	
Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Se	eries E, \$0.01 par value	MS/PE	New York Stock Exchange
Depositary Shares, each representing 1	1/1,000th interest in a share of Fixed-to-I	Floating Rate	
Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Se	eries F, \$0.01 par value	MS/PF	New York Stock Exchange
Depositary Shares, each representing 1	1/1,000th interest in a share of Fixed-to-I	Floating Rate	
Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Se	eries I, \$0.01 par value	MS/PI	New York Stock Exchange
Depositary Shares, each representing 1	1/1,000th interest in a share of Fixed-to-I	Floating Rate	<u> </u>
Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Se	eries K, \$0.01 par value	MS/PK	New York Stock Exchange
Depositary Shares, each representing 1	1/1,000th interest in a share of 4.875%		
Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Se	eries L, \$0.01 par value	MS/PL	New York Stock Exchange
Depositary Shares, each representing 1	1/1,000th interest in a share of 4.250%		
Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Se	eries O, \$0.01 par value	MS/PO	New York Stock Exchange
Depositary Shares, each representing 1	1/1,000th interest in a share of 6.500%		
Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Se	eries P, \$0.01 par value	MS/PP	New York Stock Exchange
Global Medium-Term Notes, Series A	, Fixed Rate Step-Up Senior Notes Due	2026	
of Morgan Stanley Finance LLC (an	d Registrant's guarantee with respect the	ereto) MS/26C	New York Stock Exchange
Global Medium-Term Notes, Series A	, Floating Rate Notes Due 2029		
of Morgan Stanley Finance LLC (an	d Registrant's guarantee with respect the	ereto) MS/29	New York Stock Exchange
		I to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Sec d to file such reports), and (2) has been subje	
		ery Interactive Data File required to be submorter period that the Registrant was required to	
		accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, sm iler," "smaller reporting company," and "eme	
Large accelerated filer 🗷 Accel	lerated filer Non-accelerated f	iler Smaller reporting company	☐ Emerging growth company ☐
	ate by check mark if the Registrant has eld pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchan	lected not to use the extended transition perionge Act.	od for complying with any new or revise
dicate by check mark whether the Re	gistrant is a shell company (as defined in	n Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes □	No ⊠

As of October 31, 2023, there were 1,641,311,580 shares of the Registrant's Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, outstanding.

QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q For the quarter ended September 30, 2023

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Available Information

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. The SEC maintains a website, www.sec.gov, that contains annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy and information statements, and other information that issuers file electronically with the SEC. Our electronic SEC filings are available to the public at the SEC's website.

Our website is www.morganstanley.com. You can access our Investor Relations webpage at www.morganstanley.com/about-us-ir. We make available free of charge, on or through our Investor Relations webpage, our proxy statements, annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and any amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act"), as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is electronically filed with, or furnished to, the SEC. We also make available, through our Investor Relations webpage, via a link to the SEC's website, statements of beneficial ownership of our equity securities filed by our directors, officers, 10% or greater shareholders and others under Section 16 of the Exchange Act.

You can access information about our corporate governance at www.morganstanley.com/about-us-governance, our sustainability initiatives at www.morganstanley.com/about-us/sustainability-at-morgan-stanley, and our commitment to diversity and inclusion at www.morganstanley.com/about-us/diversity. Our webpages include:

- Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation:
- Amended and Restated Bylaws:
- Charters for our Audit Committee, Compensation, Management Development and Succession Committee, Governance and Sustainability Committee, Operations and Technology Committee, and Risk Committee;
- · Corporate Governance Policies;
- Policy Regarding Corporate Political Activities;
- Policy Regarding Shareholder Rights Plan;
- Equity Ownership Commitment;
- · Code of Ethics and Business Conduct;
- Code of Conduct;
- Integrity Hotline Information;
- · Environmental and Social Policies; and
- 2022 ESG Report: Diversity & Inclusion, Climate, and Sustainability.

Our Code of Ethics and Business Conduct applies to all directors, officers and employees, including our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Deputy Chief Financial Officer. We will post any amendments to the Code of Ethics and Business Conduct and any waivers that are required to be disclosed by the rules of either the SEC or the New York Stock Exchange LLC ("NYSE") on our website. You can request a copy of these documents, excluding exhibits, at no cost, by contacting Investor Relations, 1585 Broadway, New York, NY 10036 (212-761-4000). The information on our website is not incorporated by reference into this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Introduction

Morgan Stanley is a global financial services firm that maintains significant market positions in each of its business segments—Institutional Securities, Wealth Management and Investment Management. Morgan Stanley, through its subsidiaries and affiliates, provides a wide variety of products and services to a large and diversified group of clients and customers, including corporations, governments, financial institutions and individuals. Unless the context otherwise requires, the terms "Morgan Stanley," "Firm," "us," "we" or "our" mean Morgan Stanley (the "Parent Company") together with its consolidated subsidiaries. See the "Glossary of Common Terms and Acronyms" for the definition of certain terms and acronyms used throughout this Form 10-Q.

A description of the clients and principal products and services of each of our business segments is as follows:

Institutional Securities provides a variety of products and services to corporations, governments, financial institutions and ultra-high net worth clients. Investment Banking services consist of capital raising and financial advisory services, including the underwriting of debt, equity securities and other products, as well as advice on mergers and acquisitions, restructurings and project finance. Our Equity and Fixed Income businesses include sales, financing, prime brokerage, market-making, Asia wealth management services and certain business-related investments. Lending activities include originating corporate loans and commercial real estate loans, providing secured lending facilities, and extending securities-based and other financing to customers. Other activities include research.

Wealth Management provides a comprehensive array of financial services and solutions to individual investors and small to medium-sized businesses and institutions covering: financial advisor-led brokerage, custody, administrative and investment advisory services; self-directed brokerage services; financial and wealth planning services; workplace services, including stock plan administration; securities-based lending, residential real estate loans and other lending products; banking; and retirement plan services.

Investment Management provides a broad range of investment strategies and products that span geographies, asset classes, and public and private markets to a diverse group of clients across institutional and intermediary channels. Strategies and products, which are offered through a variety of investment vehicles, include equity, fixed income, alternatives and solutions, and liquidity and overlay services. Institutional clients include defined benefit/defined contribution plans, foundations, endowments, government entities, sovereign wealth funds, insurance companies, third-party fund sponsors and corporations. Individual clients are generally served through intermediaries, including affiliated and non-affiliated distributors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis includes certain metrics that we believe to be useful to us, investors, analysts and other stakeholders by providing further transparency about, or an additional means of assessing, our financial condition and operating results. Such metrics, when used, are defined and may be different from or inconsistent with metrics used by other companies.

The results of operations in the past have been, and in the future may continue to be, materially affected by: competition; risk factors; legislative, legal and regulatory developments; and other factors. These factors also may have an adverse impact on our ability to achieve our strategic objectives. Additionally, the discussion of our results of operations herein may contain forward-looking statements. These statements, which reflect management's beliefs and expectations, are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially. For a discussion of the risks and uncertainties that may affect our future results, "Forward-Looking Statements," "Business-Competition," "Business—Supervision and Regulation," "Risk Factors" in the 2022 Form 10-K and "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements" herein.

Executive Summary

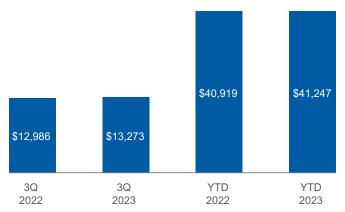
Overview of Financial Results

Consolidated Results—Three Months Ended September 30, 2023

- The Firm reported net revenues of \$13.3 billion and net income of \$2.4 billion.
- The Firm delivered ROE of 10.0% and ROTCE of 13.5% (see "Selected Non-GAAP Financial Information" herein).
- The Firm's expense efficiency ratio for the quarter-to-date and year-to-date periods was 75%.
- At September 30, 2023, the Firm's Standardized Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio was 15.6%.
- Institutional Securities net revenues of \$5.7 billion reflect solid results in Equity and Fixed Income and muted completed activity in Investment Banking.
- Wealth Management delivered a pre-tax margin of 26.7%. Net revenues were \$6.4 billion, reflecting increased asset management revenues on higher average asset levels compared to a year ago. The quarter included continued positive fee-based flows of \$22.5 billion.
- Investment Management net revenues of \$1.3 billion increased compared to a year ago on higher asset management revenues and AUM of \$1.4 trillion.

Net Revenues

(\$ in millions)



Net Income Applicable to Morgan Stanley



Earnings per Diluted Common Share



We reported net revenues of \$13.3 billion in the quarter ended September 30, 2023 ("current quarter," or "3Q 2023") compared with \$13.0 billion in the quarter ended September 30, 2022 ("prior year quarter," or "3Q 2022"). For the current quarter, net income applicable to Morgan Stanley was \$2.4 billion, or \$1.38 per diluted common share, compared with \$2.6 billion, or \$1.47 per diluted common share in the prior year quarter.

We reported net revenues of \$41.2 billion in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 ("current year period," or "YTD 2023") compared with \$40.9 billion in the nine months ended September 30, 2022 ("prior year period," or "YTD 2022"). For the current year period, net income applicable to Morgan Stanley was \$7.6 billion, or \$4.33 per diluted common share, compared with \$8.8 billion, or \$4.88 per diluted common share in the prior year period.



 Compensation and benefits expenses of \$5,935 million in the current quarter increased 6% from the prior year quarter, primarily due to higher discretionary incentive compensation and higher formulaic payout to Wealth Management representatives, driven by higher compensable revenues.

Compensation and benefits expenses of \$18,607 million in the current year period increased 7% from the prior year period, primarily due to higher expenses related to certain deferred cash-based compensation plans linked to investment performance ("DCP") and higher salary expenses, partially offset by lower discretionary incentive compensation.

 Non-compensation expenses of \$4,059 million in the current quarter increased 3% from the prior year quarter, primarily driven by increased spend on technology and higher occupancy expenses.

Non-compensation expenses of \$12,394 million in the current year period increased 3% from the prior year period, primarily driven by increased spend on technology, higher occupancy expenses and higher marketing and business development costs, partially offset by a decrease in legal expenses.

Provision for Credit Losses

The Provision for credit losses on loans and lending commitments of \$134 million in the current quarter primarily reflects deteriorating conditions in the commercial real estate sector, including provisions for certain specific loans, mainly in the office portfolio. The Provision for credit losses on loans and lending commitments in the prior year quarter was \$35 million, primarily driven by deterioration in the macroeconomic outlook.

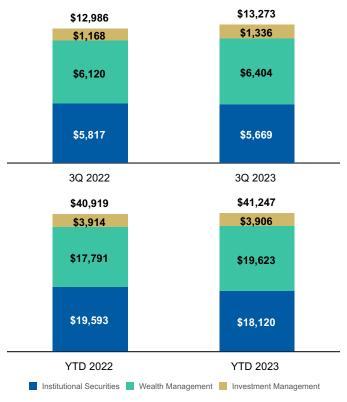
The Provision for credit losses on loans and lending commitments of \$529 million in the current year period was primarily related to deteriorating conditions in the commercial real estate sector, including provisions for certain specific loans, mainly in the office portfolio, and modest growth in certain other loan portfolios. The Provision for credit losses on loans and lending commitments in the prior year period was \$193 million, primarily due to portfolio growth and deterioration in the macroeconomic outlook.

For further information on the Provision for credit losses, see "Credit Risk" herein.

Business Segment Results

Net Revenues by Segment¹

(\$ in millions)



Net Income Applicable to Morgan Stanley by Segment¹



The amounts in the charts represent the contribution of each business segment to the total of the applicable financial category and may not sum to the total presented on top of the bars due to intersegment eliminations. See Note 19 to the financial statements for details of intersegment eliminations.

Morgan Stanley

- Institutional Securities net revenues of \$5,669 million in the current quarter decreased 3% from the prior year quarter, primarily due to lower results from Investment banking and Fixed income, partially offset by higher Other net revenues. Institutional Securities net revenues of \$18,120 million in the current year period decreased 8% from the prior year period, primarily reflecting lower results across businesses, partially offset by higher Other net revenues.
- Wealth Management net revenues of \$6,404 million in the current quarter increased 5% from the prior year quarter, primarily reflecting higher Asset management revenues. Wealth Management net revenues of \$19,623 million in the current year period increased 10% from the prior year period, primarily reflecting higher Net interest revenues and gains on investments associated with certain employee deferred cash-based compensation plans ("DCP investments") compared with losses in the prior year period.
- Investment Management net revenues of \$1,336 million in the current quarter increased 14% from the prior year quarter, primarily reflecting higher Asset management and related fees. Investment Management net revenues of \$3,906 million in the current year period were relatively unchanged from the prior year period.





- For a discussion of how the geographic breakdown of net revenues is determined, see Note 23 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.
- Americas net revenues in the current quarter increased 2% from the prior year quarter, primarily driven by results within the Wealth Management business segment and Other net revenues within the Institutional Securities business segment, partially offset by lower Investment banking and Fixed income results. Americas net revenues in the current year period increased 4% from the prior year period, primarily driven by results within the Wealth Management business segment and Other net revenues within the Institutional Securities business segment, partially offset by lower results across businesses within the Institutional Securities business segment.
- EMEA net revenues in the current quarter increased 6% from the prior year quarter, primarily driven by higher results from Equity, partially offset by lower results from Fixed income. EMEA net revenues in the current year period decreased 12% from the prior year period, primarily driven by lower results across businesses within the Institutional Securities business segment.
- Asia net revenues in the current quarter increased 2% from the prior year quarter, primarily driven by results within the Investment Management business segment, partially offset by lower results from Fixed income. Asia net revenues in the current year period decreased 5% from the prior year period, primarily driven by lower results across businesses within the Institutional Securities business segment, partially offset by higher results within the Investment Management business segment and higher Other net revenues within the Institutional Securities business segment.

Selected Financial Information and Other Statistical Data

	Tł				s Ende	b	Nine Months Ende September 30,					d
\$ in millions	2023			2022			2023			2022		
Consolidated results												
Net revenues	\$1	3,273	3	\$	12,986		\$4	41,247		\$4	0,919)
Earnings applicable to Morgan Stanley common shareholders	\$	2,262		\$	2,494		\$	7,147		\$	8,427	
Earnings per diluted common share	\$	1.38		\$	1.47		\$	4.33		\$	4.88	
Consolidated financial measur	es											
Expense efficiency ratio ¹		75	%		74	%		75	%		72	%
ROE ²		10.0	%		10.7	%		10.5	%		11.9	%
ROTCE ^{2, 3}		13.5	%		14.6	%		14.2	%		16.1	%
Pre-tax margin ⁴		24	%		26	%		24	%		28	%
Effective tax rate		22.6	%		21.4	%		20.9	%		21.1	%
Pre-tax margin by segment ⁴												
Institutional Securities		21	%		28	%		22	%		30	%
Wealth Management		27	%		27	%		26	%		27	%
Investment Management		18	%		10	%		15	%		15	%
					Δ1					Δ	t	

Average liquidity resources for three months ended ⁵ \$ Loans ⁶ \$ Total assets \$ Deposits \$ Borrowings \$	224,957	\$ \$ \$	312,250
Loans ⁶ \$ Total assets \$ Deposits \$	224,957	\$	
Total assets \$ Deposits \$,		
Deposits \$	1,169,013	¢.	222,182
		Ф	1,180,231
Porrowingo	345,458	\$	356,646
Borrowings \$	247,193	\$	238,058
Common shareholders' equity \$	90,461	\$	91,391
Tangible common shareholders' equity ³	66,561	\$	67,123
Common shares outstanding	1,642		1,675
Book value per common share ⁷ \$	55.08	\$	54.55
Tangible book value per common share ^{3, 7} \$	40.53	\$	40.06
Worldwide employees (in thousands)	81		82
Client assets ⁸ (in billions)	6,186	\$	5,492
Capital Ratios ⁹			
Common Equity Tier 1 capital— Standardized	15.6 %	•	15.3 %
Tier 1 capital—Standardized	17.6 %	•	17.2 %
Common Equity Tier 1 capital—Advanced	16.1 %	•	15.6 %
Tier 1 capital—Advanced	18.2 %	,	17.6 %
Tier 1 leverage	6.8 %	•	6.7 %
SLR	5.5 %	,	5.5 %

- The expense efficiency ratio represents total non-interest expenses as a percentage of net revenues.
- ROE and ROTCE represent annualized earnings applicable to Morgan Stanley common shareholders as a percentage of average common equity and average tangible common equity, respectively.
- Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. See "Selected Non-GAAP Financial Information" herein.
- Pre-tax margin represents income before provision for income taxes as a percentage of net revenues.
- For a discussion of Liquidity resources, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources— Balance Sheet—Liquidity Risk Management Framework—Liquidity Resources" herein.
- Includes loans held for investment, net of ACL, loans held for sale and also includes loans at fair value, which are included in Trading assets in the balance sheet.
- Book value per common share and tangible book value per common share equal common shareholders' equity and tangible common shareholders' equity, respectively, divided by common shares outstanding.
- Client assets represents Wealth Management client assets and Investment Management AUM. Certain Wealth Management client assets are invested in Investment Management products and are also included in Investment Management's AUM.
- For a discussion of our capital ratios, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources— Regulatory Requirements" herein.

Economic and Market Conditions

The market environment in aggregate remained mixed, characterized by inflationary pressures and uncertainty regarding the future path of interest rates, which have remained persistently high. This environment has impacted our businesses, as discussed further in "Business Segments" herein, and, to the extent that it continues to remain uncertain, could adversely impact client confidence and related activity.

We are monitoring the war and increased tensions in the Middle East and its impact on the regional economy, as well as on other world economies and the financial markets. Our direct exposure to Israel is limited. Morgan Stanley has a small number of employees in Israel and we continue to support them.

For more information on economic and market conditions, and the potential effects of geopolitical events and acts of war or aggression on our future results, refer to "Risk Factors" and "Forward-Looking Statements" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Selected Non-GAAP Financial Information

We prepare our financial statements using U.S. GAAP. From time to time, we may disclose certain "non-GAAP financial measures" in this document or in the course of our earnings releases, earnings and other conference calls, financial presentations, definitive proxy statements and other public disclosures. A "non-GAAP financial measure" excludes, or includes, amounts from the most directly comparable measure calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. We consider the non-GAAP financial measures we disclose to be useful to us, investors, analysts and other stakeholders by providing further transparency about, or an alternate means of assessing or comparing our financial condition, operating results and capital adequacy.

These measures are not in accordance with, or a substitute for, U.S. GAAP and may be different from or inconsistent with non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies. Whenever we refer to a non-GAAP financial measure, we will also generally define it or present the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP, along with a reconciliation of the differences between the U.S. GAAP financial measure and the non-GAAP financial measure.

The principal non-GAAP financial measures presented in this document are set forth in the following tables.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Reconciliations from U.S. GAAP to Non-GAAP Consolidated Financial Measures

	Т	hree Mo Septer		٨	Ended r 30,				
\$ in millions		2023	2022	2023			2022		
Net revenues	\$	13,273	\$ 12,986	\$	41,247	\$	40,919		
Adjustment for mark-to-market losses (gains) on DCP ¹		202	236		(65)		1,392		
Adjusted Net revenues—non- GAAP	\$	13,475	\$ 13,222	\$	41,182	\$	42,311		
Compensation expense	\$	5,935	\$ 5,614	\$	18,607	\$	17,438		
Adjustment for mark-to-market gains (losses) on DCP ¹		57	119		(314)		905		
Adjusted Compensation expense—non-GAAP	\$	5,992	\$ 5,733	\$	18,293	\$	18,343		
Wealth Management Net revenues	\$	6,404	\$ 6,120	\$	19,623	\$	17,791		
Adjustment for mark-to-market losses (gains) on DCP ¹		143	153		(40)		964		
Adjusted Wealth Management Net revenues—non-GAAP	\$	6,547	\$ 6,273	\$	19,583	\$	18,755		
Wealth Management Compensation expense	\$	3,352	\$ 3,171	\$	10,332	\$	9,191		
Adjustment for mark-to-market gains (losses) on DCP ¹		48	86		(178)		645		
Adjusted Wealth Management Compensation expense—non- GAAP	\$	3,400	\$ 3,257	\$	10,154	\$	9,836		

\$ in millions	Sep	At tember 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022		
Tangible equity					
Common shareholders' equity	\$	90,461	\$	91,391	
Less: Goodwill and net intangible assets		(23,900)		(24,268)	
Tangible common shareholders' equity—non-GAAP	\$	66,561	\$	67,123	
Tangible common shareholders' equity— non-GAAP	\$	66,561	\$	67,1	

Ecss. Goodwin and not intangible	00000	3,300)	(24,200)									
Tangible common shareholder non-GAAP	\$ 6	6,561 \$	67,123									
	Average Monthly Balance											
	Three Mon Septem		nths Ended mber 30,									
\$ in millions	2023	2022	2023	2022								
Tangible equity												
Common shareholders' equity	\$ 90,788	\$ 92,905	\$ 91,142	\$ 94,654								
Less: Goodwill and net intangible assets	(23,965)	(24,715)	(24,074)	(24,921)								
Tangible common shareholders' equity—non- GAAP	\$ 66,823	\$ 68,190	\$ 67,068	\$ 69,733								

Non-GAAP Financial Measures by Business Segment

		Three Months Ended September 30,							Nine Mont Septem			
\$ in billions		2023	23		2022		2023				2022	
Average common equity ²												
Institutional Securities	\$	45.6		\$	48.8		\$	45.6		\$	48.8	
Wealth Management		28.8			31.0			28.8			31.0	
Investment Management		10.4			10.6			10.4			10.6	
ROE ³												
Institutional Securities		7	%		10	%		8	%		12 %	
Wealth Management		18	%		16	%		18	%		16 %	
Investment Management		7	%		4	%		6	%		6 %	
Average tangible common equ	ıity²											
Institutional Securities	\$	45.2		\$	48.3		\$	45.2		\$	48.3	
Wealth Management		14.8			16.3			14.8			16.3	
Investment Management		0.7			0.8			0.7			8.0	
ROTCE ³												
Institutional Securities		7	%		10	%		8	%		12 %	
Wealth Management		35	%		30	%		35	%		30 %	
Investment Management		98	%		56	%		80	%		87 %	

- Net revenues and compensation expense are adjusted for DCP for both Firm and Wealth Management business segment. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Other Matters" in the 2022 Form 10-K for more information.
- 2. Average common equity and average tangible common equity for each business segment is determined using our Required Capital framework (see "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Attribution of Average Common Equity According to the Required Capital Framework" herein). The sums of the segments' Average common equity and Average tangible common equity do not equal the Consolidated measures due to Parent Company equity.
- The calculation of ROE and ROTCE by segment uses net income applicable to Morgan Stanley by segment less preferred dividends allocated to each segment as a percentage of average common equity and average tangible common equity, respectively, allocated to each segment.

Return on Tangible Common Equity Goal

We have an ROTCE goal of over 20%. Our ROTCE goal is a forward-looking statement that is based on a normal market environment and may be materially affected by many factors. See "Risk Factors" and "Forward-Looking Statements" in the 2022 Form 10-K for further information on market and economic conditions and their potential effects on our future operating results. ROTCE represents a non-GAAP financial measure. For further information on non-GAAP measures, see "Selected Non-GAAP Financial Information" herein.

Business Segments

Substantially all of our operating revenues and operating expenses are directly attributable to our business segments. Certain revenues and expenses have been allocated to each business segment, generally in proportion to its respective net revenues, non-interest expenses or other relevant measures. See Note 19 to the financial statements for segment net revenues by income statement line item and information on intersegment transactions.

For an overview of the components of our business segments, net revenues, compensation expense and income taxes, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Business Segments" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Stanley

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Institutional Securities

Income Statement Information

	Т	hree Mor Septen	%		
\$ in millions	_	2023		2022	Change
Revenues					
Advisory	\$	449	\$	693	(35)%
Equity		237		218	9 %
Fixed income		252		366	(31)%
Total Underwriting		489		584	(16)%
Total Investment banking		938		1,277	(27)%
Equity		2,507		2,459	2 %
Fixed income		1,947		2,181	(11)9
Other		277		(100)	N/I
Net revenues	\$	5,669	\$	5,817	(3)9
Provision for credit losses		93		24	N/I
Compensation and benefits		2,057		1,948	6 9
Non-compensation expenses		2,320		2,219	5 9
Total non-interest expenses		4,377		4,167	5 9
Income before provision for income taxes		1,199		1,626	(26)
Provision for income taxes		263		305	(14)9
Net income		936		1,321	(29)9
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests		24		47	(49)
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$	912	\$	1,274	(28)
	١	Nine Mon Septen			%
\$ in millions		Nine Mon Septen 2023			% Change
_		Septen		er 30,	
_	\$	Septen		er 30,	Change
Revenues	_	Septem 2023	nbe	er 30, 2022	(31) ⁹
Revenues Advisory	_	2023 1,542	nbe	er 30, 2022 2,235	(31) ⁹
Revenues Advisory Equity	_	Septem 2023 1,542 664	nbe	2,235 624	(31) ⁶ (6) ⁶
Revenues Advisory Equity Fixed income	_	Septem 2023 1,542 664 1,054	nbe	2022 2,235 624 1,124	(31) ⁶ (6) ⁹ (2) ⁹
Revenues Advisory Equity Fixed income Total Underwriting Total Investment banking	_	2023 1,542 664 1,054 1,718	nbe	2,235 624 1,748	(31) ⁹ 6 9 (6) ⁹ (2) ⁹ (18) ⁹
Revenues Advisory Equity Fixed income Total Underwriting Total Investment banking Equity	_	2023 1,542 664 1,054 1,718 3,260	nbe	2,235 624 1,124 1,748 3,983	(31)9 6 9 (6)9 (2)9 (18)9
Revenues Advisory Equity Fixed income Total Underwriting Total Investment banking Equity Fixed income	_	Septem 2023 1,542 664 1,054 1,718 3,260 7,784	nbe	2,235 624 1,124 1,748 3,983 8,593	(31)9 6 9 (6)9 (2)9 (18)9 (18)9
Revenues Advisory Equity Fixed income Total Underwriting Total Investment banking	_	Septem 2023 1,542 664 1,054 1,718 3,260 7,784 6,239	nbe	2,235 624 1,124 1,748 3,983 8,593 7,604	(31)9 6 9 (6)9 (2)9 (18)9 (18)9
Revenues Advisory Equity Fixed income Total Underwriting Total Investment banking Equity Fixed income Other	\$	Septem 2023 1,542 664 1,054 1,718 3,260 7,784 6,239 837	\$	2,235 624 1,124 1,748 3,983 8,593 7,604 (587)	(31)° 6° (6)° (2)° (18)° (9)° (18)°
Revenues Advisory Equity Fixed income Total Underwriting Total Investment banking Equity Fixed income Other Net revenues	\$	Septem 2023 1,542 664 1,054 1,718 3,260 7,784 6,239 837 18,120	\$	2,235 624 1,124 1,748 3,983 8,593 7,604 (587) 19,593	(31)° (6)° (6)° (2)° (18)° (18)° (18)° (18)° 153°
Revenues Advisory Equity Fixed income Total Underwriting Total Investment banking Equity Fixed income Other Net revenues Provision for credit losses	\$	2023 1,542 664 1,054 1,718 3,260 7,784 6,239 837 18,120 379	\$	2,235 624 1,124 1,748 3,983 8,593 7,604 (587) 19,593 150	(31)9 6 9 (6)9 (2)9 (18)9 (18)9 (18)9 153 9
Revenues Advisory Equity Fixed income Total Underwriting Total Investment banking Equity Fixed income Other Net revenues Provision for credit losses Compensation and benefits	\$	2023 1,542 664 1,054 1,718 3,260 7,784 6,239 837 18,120 379 6,637	\$	2,235 624 1,124 1,748 3,983 8,593 7,604 (587) 19,593 150 6,602	(31)° (6)° (2)° (18)° (18)° (18)° (18)° 153° 2°
Revenues Advisory Equity Fixed income Total Underwriting Total Investment banking Equity Fixed income Other Net revenues Provision for credit losses Compensation and benefits Non-compensation expenses	\$	Septem 2023 1,542 664 1,054 1,718 3,260 7,784 6,239 837 18,120 379 6,637 7,036	\$	2,235 624 1,124 1,748 3,983 8,593 7,604 (587) 19,593 150 6,602 6,874	(31)° (6)° (2)° (18)° (18)° (18)° (18)° 153° 1° 2° 1°
Revenues Advisory Equity Fixed income Total Underwriting Total Investment banking Equity Fixed income Other Net revenues Provision for credit losses Compensation and benefits Non-compensation expenses Total non-interest expenses Income before provision for income	\$	Septem 2023 1,542 664 1,054 1,718 3,260 7,784 6,239 837 18,120 379 6,637 7,036 13,673	\$	2,235 624 1,124 1,748 3,983 8,593 7,604 (587) 19,593 150 6,602 6,874 13,476	% Change (31) 9 (6) 9 (18) 9 (18) 9 153 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9
Revenues Advisory Equity Fixed income Total Underwriting Total Investment banking Equity Fixed income Other Net revenues Provision for credit losses Compensation and benefits Non-compensation expenses Total non-interest expenses Income before provision for income taxes	\$	Septem 2023 1,542 664 1,054 1,718 3,260 7,784 6,239 837 18,120 379 6,637 7,036 13,673 4,068	\$	2,235 624 1,124 1,748 3,983 8,593 7,604 (587) 19,593 150 6,602 6,874 13,476	(31)° (6)° (6)° (18)° (18)° (18)° (18)° 1 ° (2)° (18)° (32)°
Revenues Advisory Equity Fixed income Total Underwriting Total Investment banking Equity Fixed income Other Net revenues Provision for credit losses Compensation and benefits Non-compensation expenses Total non-interest expenses Income before provision for income taxes Provision for income taxes	\$	Septem 2023 1,542 664 1,054 1,718 3,260 7,784 6,239 837 18,120 379 6,637 7,036 13,673 4,068 802	\$	2,235 624 1,124 1,748 3,983 8,593 7,604 (587) 19,593 150 6,602 6,874 13,476 5,967 1,235	(31)° (6)° (6)° (18)° (18)° (18)° (18)° (18)° (18)° (153)° (32)° (32)°

3,149 \$

4.586

(31)%

Investment Banking

Investment Banking Volumes

	TI	hree Mor Septem		1	Ended er 30,		
\$ in billions		2023	2022		2023	2022	
Completed mergers and acquisitions ¹	\$	157	\$ 149	\$	367	\$	631
Equity and equity- related offerings ^{2, 3}		6	5		26		16
Fixed income offerings ^{2, 4}		47	53		184		187

Source: Refinitiv data as of October 2, 2023. Transaction volumes may not be indicative of net revenues in a given period. In addition, transaction volumes for prior periods may vary from amounts previously reported due to the subsequent withdrawal, change in value or change in timing of certain transactions.

- Includes transactions of \$100 million or more. Based on full credit to each of the advisors in a transaction.
- Based on full credit for single book managers and equal credit for joint book managers.
- Includes Rule 144A issuances and registered public offerings of common stock, convertible securities and rights offerings.
- Includes Rule 144A and publicly registered issuances, non-convertible preferred stock, mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, and taxable municipal debt. Excludes leveraged loans and self-led issuances.

Investment Banking Revenues

Revenues of \$938 million in the current quarter decreased 27% from the prior year quarter, primarily reflecting lower advisory and fixed income underwriting revenues.

- Advisory revenues decreased primarily due to fewer completed M&A transactions.
- Equity underwriting revenues increased on higher volumes, primarily in secondary offerings, partially offset by lower revenues from initial public offerings.
- Fixed income underwriting revenues decreased primarily due to lower event-driven non-investment grade loan issuances.

Revenues of \$3,260 million in the current year period decreased 18% compared with the prior year period, primarily reflecting lower advisory revenues.

- Advisory revenues decreased primarily due to fewer completed M&A transactions.
- Equity underwriting revenues increased on higher volumes, primarily in secondary offerings and convertible issuances, partially offset by lower revenues from initial public offerings.
- Fixed income underwriting revenues decreased primarily due to lower non-investment grade loan issuances, partially offset by higher investment-grade bond and loan issuances.

Investment Banking continues to operate in a market environment characterized by reduced completed M&A activity and underwriting activity amid inflationary pressures and uncertainty regarding the future path of interest rates, which have remained persistently high.

See "Investment Banking Volumes" herein.

Equity, Fixed Income and Other Net Revenues

Equity and Fixed Income Net Revenues

		Three Months Ended September 30, 2023											
						Net		All					
\$ in millions	Т	rading	F	ees1	In	iterest ²	C	Other ³	Total				
Financing	\$	1,861	\$	130	\$	(857)	\$	26	\$ 1,160				
Execution services		803		534		(71)		81	1,347				
Total Equity	\$	2,664	\$	664	\$	(928)	\$	107	\$ 2,507				
Total Fixed Income	\$	2,013	\$	90	\$	(258)	\$	102	\$ 1,947				

		Three Months Ended September 30, 2022										
						Net	All					
\$ in millions	Т	rading	F	ees ¹	In	iterest ²	Other ³	Total				
Financing	\$	1,308	\$	132	\$	(74)	\$ 2	\$ 1,368				
Execution services		578		573		21	(81) 1,091				
Total Equity	\$	1,886	\$	705	\$	(53)	\$ (79) \$ 2,459				
Total Fixed Income	\$	1,928	\$	85	\$	133	\$ 35	\$ 2,181				

		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023										
\$ in millions	Т	rading	F	ees ¹	lr	Net nterest ²	(All Other ³	Total			
Financing	\$	5,426	\$	394	\$	(2,016)	\$	64	\$ 3,868			
Execution services		2,308		1,695		(175)		88	3,916			
Total Equity	\$	7,734	\$	2,089	\$	(2,191)	\$	152	\$7,784			
Total Fixed Income	\$	6,428	\$	283	\$	(821)	\$	349	\$ 6,239			

		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022										
						All _						
\$ in millions	T	rading	F	ees1	In	iterest ²	О	ther ³	Total			
Financing	\$	3,914	\$	404	\$	46	\$	7	\$4,371			
Execution services		2,371		1,887		(22)		(14)	4,222			
Total Equity	\$	6,285	\$:	2,291	\$	24	\$	(7)	\$8,593			
Total Fixed Income	\$	6,263	\$	264	\$	1,046	\$	31	\$7,604			

- Includes Commissions and fees and Asset management revenues.
- 2. Includes funding costs, which are allocated to the businesses based on funding
- 3. Includes Investments and Other revenues.

Equity

Net revenues of \$2,507 million in the current quarter increased 2% compared with the prior year quarter, primarily reflecting an increase in execution services, partially offset by a decrease in financing.

- Financing revenues decreased primarily due to lower spreads driven by changes in the client balance mix and higher funding costs.
- Execution services revenues increased primarily due to mark-to-market gains on business-related investments compared with losses in the prior year quarter and higher gains on inventory held to facilitate client activity in derivatives.

Net revenues of \$7,784 million in the current year period decreased 9% compared with the prior year period, primarily reflecting decreases in financing and execution services.

- Financing revenues decreased primarily due to lower spreads driven by changes in the client balance mix and higher funding costs.
- Execution services revenues decreased primarily due to lower gains on inventory held to facilitate client activity and lower client activity in derivatives and cash equities, partially offset by mark-to-market gains on business-related investments compared with losses in the prior year period.

Fixed Income

Net revenues of \$1,947 million in the current quarter decreased 11% from the prior year quarter reflecting a decrease in rates and foreign exchange products, partially offset by increases in commodities and securitized products.

- Global macro products revenues decreased primarily due to a decline in rates and foreign exchange products.
- Credit products revenues increased primarily due to an increase in agency and non-agency trading within securitized products, partially offset by municipal securities products.
- Commodities products and other fixed income revenues increased primarily due to higher gains on inventory held to facilitate client activity.

Net revenues of \$6,239 million in the current year period decreased 18% compared with the prior year period, reflecting a decrease in foreign exchange products and commodities.

- Global macro products revenues decreased primarily due to a decline in foreign exchange products.
- Credit products revenues were relatively unchanged from the prior year period.
- Commodities products and other fixed income revenues decreased compared to elevated results in the prior year period, primarily due to lower gains on inventory and lower client activity.

Other Net Revenues

Other net revenues were \$277 million in the current quarter, compared with losses of \$100 million in the prior year quarter, primarily due to lower mark-to-market losses, inclusive of hedges and higher net interest income and fees on corporate loans.

Other net revenues were \$837 million in the current year period, compared with losses of \$587 million in the prior year period, primarily due to lower mark-to-market losses, inclusive of hedges and higher net interest income on corporate loans as well as mark-to-market gains compared with losses in the prior year period on DCP investments.

Provision for Credit Losses

The Provision for credit losses on loans and lending commitments of \$93 million in the current quarter was primarily driven by deteriorating conditions in the commercial real estate sector, including provisions for certain specific loans, mainly in the office portfolio. The Provision for credit losses on loans and lending commitments was \$24 million in the prior year quarter, primarily driven by deterioration in the macroeconomic outlook.

The Provision for credit losses on loans and lending commitments of \$379 million in the current year period was primarily related to deteriorating conditions in the commercial real estate sector, including provisions for certain specific loans, mainly in the office portfolio, and modest growth in certain other loan portfolios. The Provision for credit losses on loans and lending commitments was \$150 million in the prior year period driven by portfolio growth and deterioration in the macroeconomic outlook.

For further information on the Provision for credit losses, see "Credit Risk" herein.

Non-interest Expenses

Non-interest expenses of \$4,377 million in the current quarter increased 5% compared with the prior year quarter due to higher Compensation and benefits and Non-compensation expenses.

- Compensation and benefits expenses increased primarily due to higher discretionary incentive compensation, partially offset by lower expenses related to outstanding deferred compensation.
- Non-compensation expenses increased primarily due to increased spend on technology, higher execution-related expenses and higher professional services expenses.

Non-interest expenses of \$13,673 million in the current year period increased 1% compared with the prior year period, primarily due to higher Non-compensation expenses.

- Compensation and benefits expenses were relatively unchanged from the prior year period.
- Non-compensation expenses increased primarily due to higher execution-related expenses, increased spend on technology, marketing and business development and professional services, partially offset by a decrease in legal expenses.

Wealth Management

Income Statement Information

	Tł	ree Mor Septen	 	%
\$ in millions		2023	2022	Change
Revenues				
Asset management	\$	3,629	\$ 3,389	7 %
Transactional ¹		678	616	10 %
Net interest		1,952	2,004	(3)%
Other ¹		145	111	31 %
Net revenues		6,404	6,120	5 %
Provision for credit losses		41	11	N/M
Compensation and benefits		3,352	3,171	6 %
Non-compensation expenses		1,302	1,289	1 %
Total non-interest expenses		4,654	4,460	4 %
Income before provision for income taxes	\$	1,709	\$ 1,649	4 %
Provision for income taxes		389	396	(2)%
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$	1,320	\$ 1,253	5 %

	١	Nine Mon Septen		- %	
\$ in millions		2023		2022	Change
Revenues					
Asset management	\$	10,463	\$	10,525	(1)%
Transactional ¹		2,468		1,542	60 %
Net interest		6,266		5,291	18 %
Other ¹		426		433	(2)%
Net revenues		19,623		17,791	10 %
Provision for credit losses		150		43	N/M
Compensation and benefits		10,332		9,191	12 %
Non-compensation expenses		4,039		3,814	6 %
Total non-interest expenses		14,371		13,005	11 %
Income before provision for income taxes	\$	5,102	\$	4,743	8 %
Provision for income taxes		1,098		1,028	7 %
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$	4,004	\$	3,715	8 %

Transactional includes Investment banking, Trading, and Commissions and fees revenues. Other includes Investments and Other revenues.

Wealth Management Metrics

\$ in billions	At S	september 30, 2023	At D	ecember 31, 2022
Total client assets ¹	\$	4,798	\$	4,187
U.S. Bank Subsidiary loans	\$	146	\$	146
Margin and other lending ²	\$	23	\$	22
Deposits ³	\$	340	\$	351
Annualized weighted average cost of deposits ⁴				
Period end		2.86%		1.59%
Period average for three months ended		2.69%		1.32%

	Th	Three Months Ended Nine Months En							
	September 30, September 30,								
		2023		2022		2023		2022	
Net new assets ⁵	\$	35.7	\$	64.8	\$	234.8	\$	259.7	

- 1. Client assets represent those for which Wealth Management is providing services including financial advisor-led brokerage, custody, administrative and investment advisory services; self-directed brokerage and investment advisory services; financial and wealth planning services; workplace services, including stock plan administration, and retirement plan services. See "Advisor-led Channel" and "Self-directed Channel" herein for additional information.
- Margin and other lending represents margin lending arrangements, which allow customers to borrow against the value of qualifying securities and other lending which includes non-purpose securities-based lending on non-bank entities.
- Deposits reflect liabilities sourced from Wealth Management clients and other sources of funding on the U.S. Bank Subsidiaries. Deposits include sweep deposit programs, savings and other, and time deposits. Excludes approximately \$6 billion of off-balance sheet deposits as of December 31, 2022 and none as of September 30, 2023.
- 4. Annualized weighted average represents the total annualized weighted average cost of the various deposit products, excluding the effect of related hedging derivatives. The period end cost of deposits is based upon balances and rates as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. The period average is based on daily balances and rates for the period.
- Net new assets represent client asset inflows, including dividends and interest, and asset acquisitions, less client asset outflows, and exclude activity from business combinations/divestitures and the impact of fees and commissions.

Advisor-led Channel

\$ in billions			At :	Septem 202		30,	At D	December 31, 2022		
Advisor-led client assets ¹			\$		3,755				3,392	
Fee-based client assets ²			\$		1,85	7	\$		1,678	
Fee-based client assets a percentage of advisor-le assets	ent			499	49%					
	7	Three Mo				• • • • • •		nths mbei	Ended r 30,	
		2023	23 2022						2022	
Fee-based asset flows ³	ised asset flows ³ \$				\$	6	7.6	\$	142.4	

Advisor-led client assets represent client assets in accounts that have a Wealth Management representative assigned.

^{2.} Fee-based client assets represent the amount of assets in client accounts where the basis of payment for services is a fee calculated on those assets.

^{3.} Fee-based asset flows include net new fee-based assets (including asset acquisitions), net account transfers, dividends, interest and client fees, and exclude institutional cash management related activity. For a description of the Inflows and Outflows included in Fee-based asset flows, see Fee-based client assets in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Self-directed Channel

\$ in billions	At	September 2023	30 , At D∈	ecember 31, 2022
Self-directed client assets ¹	\$	1,04	13 \$	795
Self-directed households (in mill	ions) ²	8	.1	8.0
	Three Mon Septem			nths Ended mber 30,
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Daily average revenue trades ("DARTs") (in thousands) ³	735	805	777	900

- Self-directed client assets represent active accounts which are not advisor led. Active accounts are defined as having at least \$25 in assets.
- Self-directed households represent the total number of households that include at least one active account with self-directed assets. Individual households or participants that are engaged in one or more of our Wealth Management channels are included in each of the respective channel counts.
- DARTs represent the total self-directed trades in a period divided by the number of trading days during that period.

Workplace Channel¹

	At Se	ptember 30,	At D	ecember 31,
\$ in billions		2023		2022
Stock plan unvested assets ²	\$	377	\$	302
Stock plan participants (in millions) ³		6.6		6.3

- The workplace channel includes equity compensation solutions for companies, their
 executives and employees.
- Stock plan unvested assets represent the market value of public company securities at the end of the period.
- Stock plan participants represent total accounts with vested and/or unvested stock plan assets in the workplace channel. Individuals with accounts in multiple plans are counted as participants in each plan.

Net Revenues

Asset Management

Asset management revenues of \$3,629 million in the current quarter increased 7% when compared with the prior year quarter, primarily reflecting higher average fee-based asset levels in the current quarter due to higher market levels and the cumulative impact of positive fee-based flows.

Asset management revenues of \$10,463 million in the current year period decreased 1% when compared with the prior year period, primarily reflecting lower average fee-based asset levels due to declines in the markets, partially offset by the cumulative impact of positive fee-based flows.

See "Fee-Based Client Assets Rollforwards" herein.

Transactional Revenues

Transactional revenues of \$678 million in the current quarter increased by \$62 million from the prior year quarter, primarily due to increased client activity in alternative products.

In the current year period, transactional revenues of \$2,468 million increased by \$926 million from the prior year period, primarily driven by gains on DCP investments compared with losses in the prior year period, partially offset by lower client activity.

For further information on the impact of DCP, see "Selected Non-GAAP Financial Information" herein.

Net Interest

Net interest revenues of \$1,952 million in the current quarter decreased 3% when compared with the prior year quarter, primarily due to the net effect of lower brokerage sweep deposits as client preferences continue to evolve, partially offset by the impact of higher interest rates.

Net interest revenues of \$6,266 million in the current year period increased 18% when compared with the prior year period, primarily due to the net effect of higher interest rates, partially offset by the impact of lower brokerage sweep deposits.

The level and pace of interest rate changes and other macroeconomic factors continued to impact client preferences for cash allocation to higher-yielding products and the pace of reallocation of client balances, resulting in changes in the deposit mix and associated interest expense, as well as client demand for loans. If these trends persist, net interest income may continue to be impacted in future periods.

Provision for Credit Losses

The Provision for credit losses on loans and lending commitments of \$41 million in the current quarter primarily reflects deteriorating conditions in the commercial real estate sector, including provisions for certain specific loans, mainly in the office portfolio. The Provision for credit losses on loans and lending commitments was \$11 million in the prior year quarter, primarily driven by the commercial real estate portfolio.

In the current year period, the Provision for credit losses on loans and lending commitments of \$150 million was primarily related to deteriorating conditions in the commercial real estate sector, including provisions for certain specific loans, mainly in the office portfolio. The Provision for credit losses on loans and lending commitments was \$43 million in the prior year period, primarily driven by deterioration in the macroeconomic outlook and portfolio growth in Residential real estate loans.

Non-interest Expenses

Non-interest expenses of \$4,654 million in the current quarter increased 4% compared with the prior year quarter, as a result of higher Compensation and benefits expenses.

- Compensation and benefits expenses increased in the current quarter primarily due to higher expenses in the formulaic payout to Wealth Management representatives driven by higher compensable revenues, higher salaries and higher expenses related to DCP.
- Non-compensation expenses were relatively unchanged compared with the prior year quarter.

In the current year period, Non-interest expenses increased 11% to \$14,371 million compared with the prior year period, as a result of higher Compensation and benefits expenses and higher Non-compensation expenses.

- Compensation and benefits expenses increased in the current year period primarily due to higher expenses related to DCP, higher salaries and severance costs associated with the employee action in the second quarter.
- Non-compensation expenses increased in the current year period primarily driven by increased spend on technology, professional services and occupancy.

For further information on the impact of expenses related to DCP, see "Selected Non-GAAP Financial Information" herein.

Fee-Based Client Assets Rollforwards

\$ in billions	At June 30, 2023	In	flows	Oı	utflows	arket ipact	Se	At ptember 30, 2023
Separately managed ¹	\$ 556	\$	15	\$	(7)	\$ 14	\$	578
Unified managed	456		29		(19)	(17)		449
Advisor	182		7		(9)	(5)		175
Portfolio manager	607		27		(21)	(16)		597
Subtotal	\$ 1,801	\$	78	\$	(56)	\$ (24)	\$	1,799
Cash management	55		16		(13)	_		58
Total fee-based client assets	\$ 1,856	\$	94	\$	(69)	\$ (24)	\$	1,857

\$ in billions	At June 30, 2022	In	flows	Oı	utflows	larket npact	Se	At otember 30, 2022
Separately managed ¹	\$ 556	\$	14	\$	(6)	\$ (53)	\$	511
Unified managed	396		18		(12)	(23)		379
Advisor	172		7		(9)	(7)		163
Portfolio manager	546		22		(18)	(24)		526
Subtotal	\$ 1,670	\$	61	\$	(45)	\$ (107)	\$	1,579
Cash management	47		10		(8)	_		49
Total fee-based client assets	\$ 1,717	\$	71	\$	(53)	\$ (107)	\$	1,628

\$ in billions	At ember 31, 2022	In	flows	Οι	ıtflows	arket pact	Se	At ptember 30, 2023
Separately managed ¹	\$ 501	\$	40	\$	(18)	\$ 55	\$	578
Unified managed	408		70		(43)	14		449
Advisor	167		22		(25)	11		175
Portfolio manager	552		74		(53)	24		597
Subtotal	\$ 1,628	\$	206	\$	(139)	\$ 104	\$	1,799
Cash management	50		48		(40)	_		58
Total fee-based client assets	\$ 1,678	\$	254	\$	(179)	\$ 104	\$	1,857

\$ in billions	Decen	At nber 31, 021	Inf	lows ²	Οι	utflows	arket npact	Sep	At otember 30, 2022
Separately managed ¹	\$	479	\$	126	\$	(19)	\$ (75)	\$	511
Unified managed		467		58		(37)	(109)		379
Advisor		211		22		(27)	(43)		163
Portfolio manager		636		71		(52)	(129)		526
Subtotal	\$	1,793	\$	277	\$	(135)	\$ (356)	\$	1,579
Cash management		46		28		(25)	_		49
Total fee-based client assets	\$	1,839	\$	305	\$	(160)	\$ (356)	\$	1,628

Includes non-custody account values based on asset values reported on a quarter lag by third-party custodians.

Average Fee Rates1

	Three Mont Septemb	=	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
Fee rate in bps	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Separately managed	12	11	13	12		
Unified managed	92	94	92	94		
Advisor	79	80	80	81		
Portfolio manager	90	91	91	92		
Subtotal	65	65	66	66		
Cash management	6	6	6	6		
Total fee-based client assets	64	63	64	65		

Based on Asset management revenues related to advisory services associated with fee-based assets.

For a description of fee-based client assets and rollforward items in the previous tables, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Business Segments—Wealth Management Fee-Based Client Assets" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Includes \$75 billion of fee-based assets acquired in an asset acquisition in the first quarter of 2022, reflected in Separately managed.

Investment Management

Income Statement Information

	Tł	ree Mor Septen			%	
\$ in millions		2023		2022	Chang	је
Revenues						
Asset management and related fees	\$	1,312	\$	1,269	3	%
Performance-based income and other ¹		24		(101)	124	%
Net revenues		1,336		1,168	14	%
Compensation and benefits		526		495	6	%
Non-compensation expenses		569		557	2	%
Total non-interest expenses		1,095		1,052	4	%
Income before provision for income taxes		241		116	108	%
Provision for income taxes		59		26	127	%
Net income		182		90	102	%
Net income (loss) applicable to noncontrolling interests		3		(17)	118	%
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$	179	\$	107	67	%
	N	line Mon	ths	Ended		

	N	line Mon Septen	 	%
\$ in millions		2023	2022	Change
Revenues				
Asset management and related fees	\$	3,828	\$ 3,961	(3)%
Performance-based income and other ¹		78	(47)	N/M
Net revenues		3,906	3,914	— %
Compensation and benefits		1,638	1,645	— %
Non-compensation expenses		1,691	1,676	1 %
Total non-interest expenses		3,329	3,321	— %
Income before provision for income taxes		577	593	(3)%
Provision for income taxes		135	121	12 %
Net income		442	472	(6)%
Net income (loss) applicable to noncontrolling interests		2	(26)	108 %
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$	440	\$ 498	(12)%

Includes Investments, Trading, Commissions and fees, Net interest, and Other revenues.

Net Revenues

Asset Management and Related Fees

Asset management and related fees of \$1,312 million in the current quarter increased 3% from the prior year quarter, primarily driven by higher average AUM due to the increase in asset values from the prior year quarter.

Asset management and related fees of \$3,828 million in the current year period decreased 3% from the prior year period primarily due to lower average AUM driven by the decline in asset values and the cumulative effect of net outflows in Long-Term AUM.

Asset management revenues are influenced by the level, relative mix of AUM and related fee rates. The market environment in recent quarters has led to a decline in asset prices, which in turn, negatively impacted our average Long-Term AUM level across asset classes. To the extent the market condition deteriorates further, or we continue to see net outflows of Long-Term AUM, we would expect our Asset management revenue to continue to be negatively impacted.

See "Assets under Management or Supervision" herein.

Performance-based Income and Other

Performance-based income and other revenues were \$24 million in the current quarter, compared with losses of \$101 million in the prior year quarter, primarily due to higher accrued carried interest and investment gains in certain private equity funds.

Performance-based income and other revenues of \$78 million in the current year period increased, primarily due to DCP investments and public investments, partially offset by reduced carried interest in infrastructure funds.

Non-interest Expenses

Non-interest expenses of \$1,095 million in the current quarter increased 4% from the prior year quarter, primarily due to higher Compensation and benefits expenses.

- Compensation and benefits expenses increased in the current quarter primarily due to higher expenses related to compensation associated with carried interest.
- Non-compensation expenses increased primarily as a result of higher fee sharing paid to intermediaries on higher average AUM.

Non-interest expenses of \$3,329 million in the current year period, remained relatively unchanged from the prior year period.

- Compensation and benefits expenses were relatively unchanged for the current year period as a result of lower expenses related to compensation associated with carried interest, offset by higher expenses related to DCP.
- Non-compensation expenses were relatively unchanged for the current year period.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Assets under Management or Supervision Rollforwards

\$ in billions	Equity	-	ixed come	Alterna and Soluti	d	,	ong- Term AUM ubtotal	0	quidity and verlay ervices	Total
June 30, 2023	\$ 289	\$	165	\$	482	\$	936	\$	476	\$1,412
Inflows	9		14		31		54		553	607
Outflows	(15)		(15)		(29)		(59)		(543)	(602)
Market Impact	(11)		(1)		(10)		(22)		_	(22)
Other	_		_		(2)		(2)		(5)	(7)
September 30, 2023	\$ 272	\$	163	\$	472	\$	907	\$	481	\$1,388

\$ in billions	E	quity	 ixed come	Alterna an Solut	d	,	ong- Term AUM ubtotal	0	quidity and verlay ervices	Total
June 30, 2022	\$	265	\$ 181	\$	415	\$	861	\$	490	\$1,351
Inflows		10	13		24		47		572	619
Outflows		(14)	(17)		(15)		(46)		(602)	(648)
Market Impact		(9)	(3)		(15)		(27)		(2)	(29)
Other		(3)	(3)		(4)		(10)		(4)	(14)
September 30, 2022	\$	249	\$ 171	\$	405	\$	825	\$	454	\$1,279

\$ in billions	E	quity	Fixed come ¹	6	natives and utions ¹	ong- Term AUM ubtotal	C	iquidity and overlay ervices	Total
December 31, 2022	\$	259	\$ 173	\$	431	\$ 863	\$	442	\$1,305
Inflows		29	42		79	150		1,713	1,863
Outflows		(42)	(48)		(63)	(153)		(1,673)	(1,826)
Market Impact		30	4		22	56		10	66
Other ¹		(4)	(8)		3	(9)		(11)	(20)
September 30, 2023	\$	272	\$ 163	\$	472	\$ 907	\$	481	\$1,388

\$ in billions	E	quity	-	ixed come	 ernatives and olutions	ong- Term AUM ubtotal	C	iquidity and overlay ervices	Total
December 31, 2021	\$	395	\$	207	\$ 466	\$ 1,068	\$	497	\$1,565
Inflows		42		50	74	166		1,675	1,841
Outflows		(60)		(59)	(60)	(179)		(1,702)	(1,881)
Market Impact		(117)		(19)	(67)	(203)		(11)	(214)
Other		(11)		(8)	(8)	(27)		(5)	(32)
September 30, 2022	\$	249	\$	171	\$ 405	\$ 825	\$	454	\$1,279

In the second quarter of the current year, our Retail Municipal and Corporate Fixed Income business ("FIMS") was combined with our Parametric retail customized solutions business. The impact of the change was a \$6 billion movement in AUM from Fixed Income to the Alternatives and Solutions asset class included in Other.

Average AUM

	Th	nree Mor Septen		1	Nine Mon Septen	hs Ended ber 30,		
\$ in billions		2023	2022		2023	2022		
Equity	\$	287	\$ 269	\$	278	\$ 308		
Fixed income		166	179		171	190		
Alternatives and Solutions		482	420		460	436		
Long-term AUM subtotal		935	868		909	934		
Liquidity and Overlay Services		478	466		461	469		
Total AUM	\$	1,413	\$ 1,334	\$	1,370	\$ 1,403		

Average Fee Rates¹

	Three Mont Septemb		Nine Months Ended September 30,			
Fee rate in bps	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Equity	72	71	72	70		
Fixed income	36	34	35	36		
Alternatives and Solutions	30	34	32	34		
Long-term AUM	44	46	45	46		
Liquidity and Overlay Services	12	13	13	11		
Total AUM	33	34	34	35		

^{1.} Based on Asset management revenues, net of waivers, excluding performance-based fees and other non-management fees. For certain non-U.S. funds, it includes the portion of advisory fees that the advisor collects on behalf of third-party distributors. The payment of those fees to the distributor is included in Non-compensation expenses in the income statement.

For a description of the asset classes and rollforward items in the previous tables, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Business Segments—Investment Management—Assets Under Management or Supervision" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Supplemental Financial Information

U.S. Bank Subsidiaries

Our U.S. bank subsidiaries, Morgan Stanley Bank N.A. ("MSBNA") and Morgan Stanley Private Bank, National ("MSPBNA") Association (together, "U.S. Subsidiaries"), accept deposits, provide loans to a variety of customers, including large corporate and institutional clients as well as high to ultra-high net worth individuals, and invest in securities. Lending activity in the U.S. Bank Subsidiaries from the Institutional Securities business segment primarily includes Secured lending facilities, Commercial real estate and Corporate loans. Lending activity in the U.S. Bank Subsidiaries from the Wealth Management business segment primarily includes Securities-based lending, which allows clients to borrow money against the value of qualifying securities, and Residential real estate loans.

For a further discussion of our credit risks, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Credit Risk" herein. For a further discussion about loans and lending commitments, see Notes 9 and 13 to the financial statements.

U.S. Bank Subsidiaries' Supplemental Financial Information¹

\$ in billions	Sep	At otember 30, 2023	D	At ecember 31, 2022
Investment securities portfolio:				
Investment securities—AFS	\$	60.8	\$	66.9
Investment securities—HTM		54.0		56.4
Total investment securities	\$	114.8	\$	123.3
Wealth Management Loans ²				
Residential real estate	\$	58.9	\$	54.4
Securities-based lending and Other ³		86.9		91.7
Total, net of ACL	\$	145.8	\$	146.1
Institutional Securities Loans ²				
Corporate	\$	8.8	\$	6.9
Secured lending facilities		39.6		37.1
Commercial and Residential real estate		10.8		10.2
Securities-based lending and Other		4.1		6.0
Total, net of ACL	\$	63.3	\$	60.2
Total Assets	\$	388.1	\$	391.0
Deposits ⁴	\$	339.9	\$	350.6

- Amounts exclude transactions between the bank subsidiaries, as well as deposits from the Parent Company and affiliates.
- For a further discussion of loans in the Wealth Management and Institutional Securities business segments, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Credit Risk" herein.
- Other loans primarily include tailored lending, which typically consist of bespoke lending arrangements provided to ultra-high net worth clients. These facilities are generally secured by eliqible collateral.
- For further information on deposits, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Funding Management—Balance Sheet—Unsecured Financing" herein.

Accounting Development Updates

The Financial Accounting Standards Board has issued certain accounting updates that apply to us. Accounting updates not listed below were assessed and determined to be either not applicable or to not have a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations upon adoption.

We are currently evaluating the following accounting update, however, we do not expect a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations upon adoption:

• Investments—Tax Credit Structures. This accounting update permits an election to account for tax equity investments using the proportional amortization method if certain conditions are met. The update requires a separate accounting policy election to be made for each tax credit program. Under the proportional amortization method, the initial cost of the investment is amortized in proportion to the income tax credits and other income tax benefits received. The amortization of the investment and the income tax credits and other income tax benefits are recognized net in the income statement as a component of provision for income taxes. The update also requires disclosures of certain information that enable investors and other users of our financial statements to understand the nature of (i) the tax equity investments in projects that generate income tax credits and other income tax benefits from a program for which the proportional amortization method has been elected and (ii) the impact of the tax equity investments and related income tax credits on the financial condition and results of operations. The accounting update will be effective January 1, 2024, with early adoption permitted.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Our financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, which requires us to make estimates and assumptions (see Note 1 to the financial statements). We believe that of our significant accounting policies (see Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K and Note 2 to the financial statements), the fair value of financial instruments, goodwill and intangible assets, legal and regulatory contingencies (see Note 15 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K and Note 13 to the financial statements) and income taxes policies involve a higher degree of judgment and complexity. For a further discussion about our critical accounting policies, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Estimates" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our liquidity and capital policies are established and maintained by senior management, with oversight by the Asset/Liability Management Committee and the Board of Directors ("Board"). Through various risk and control senior committees, management reviews business performance relative to these policies, monitors the availability of alternative sources of financing, and oversees the liquidity, interest rate and currency sensitivity of our asset and liability position. Our Corporate Treasury department ("Treasury"), Firm Risk Committee, Asset/Liability Management Committee, and other committees and control groups assist in evaluating, monitoring and managing the impact that our business activities have on our balance sheet, liquidity and capital structure. Liquidity and capital matters

Management's Discussion and Analysis

are reported regularly to the Board and the Risk Committee of the Board.

Balance Sheet

We monitor and evaluate the composition and size of our balance sheet on a regular basis. Our balance sheet management process includes quarterly planning, businessspecific thresholds, monitoring of business-specific usage versus key performance metrics and new business impact assessments.

We establish balance sheet thresholds at the consolidated and business segment levels. We monitor balance sheet utilization and review variances resulting from business activity and market fluctuations. On a regular basis, we review current performance versus established thresholds and assess the need to re-allocate our balance sheet based on business segment needs. We also monitor key metrics, including asset and liability size and capital usage.

Total Assets by Business Segment

	At September 30, 2023								
\$ in millions		IS		WM	IM			Total	
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	75,646	\$	32,573	\$	182	\$	108,401	
Trading assets at fair value		335,146		6,691		4,848		346,685	
Investment securities		34,242		112,724		_		146,966	
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		96,979		4,590		_		101,569	
Securities borrowed		119,887		1,029		_		120,916	
Customer and other receivables		43,317		31,916		1,262		76,495	
Loans ¹		71,089		145,879		4		216,972	
Other assets ²		13,874		26,088	1	1,047		51,009	
Total assets	\$	790,180	\$	361,490	\$1	7,343	\$ ^	1,169,013	

	At December 31, 2022							
\$ in millions		IS		WM		IM		Total
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	88,362	\$	39,539	\$	226	\$	128,127
Trading assets at fair value		294,884		1,971	4	1,460		301,315
Investment securities		40,481		119,450		_		159,931
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		102,511		11,396		_		113,907
Securities borrowed		132,619		755		_		133,374
Customer and other receivables		47,515		29,620	•	1,405		78,540
Loans ¹		67,676		146,105		4		213,785
Other assets ²		15,789		24,469	10),994		51,252
Total assets	\$	789,837	\$	373,305	\$1	7,089	\$ 1	1,180,231

- Amounts include loans held for investment, net of ACL, and loans held for sale but exclude loans at fair value, which are included in Trading assets in the balance sheet (see Note 9 to the financial statements).
- Other assets primarily includes Goodwill and Intangible assets, premises, equipment and software, ROU assets related to leases, other investments, and deferred tax assets

A substantial portion of total assets consists of cash and cash equivalents, liquid marketable securities and short-term receivables. In the Institutional Securities business segment, these arise from market-making, financing and prime brokerage activities, and in the Wealth Management business segment, these arise from banking activities, including management of the investment portfolio. Total assets of

\$1,169 billion at September 30, 2023 were relatively unchanged from \$1,180 billion at December 31, 2022.

Liquidity Risk Management Framework

The core components of our Liquidity Risk Management Framework are the Required Liquidity Framework, Liquidity Stress Tests and Liquidity Resources, which support our target liquidity profile. For a further discussion about the Firm's Required Liquidity Framework and Liquidity Stress Tests, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Liquidity Risk Management Framework" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

At September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, we maintained sufficient liquidity to meet current and contingent funding obligations as modeled in our Liquidity Stress Tests.

Liquidity Resources

We maintain sufficient liquidity resources, which consist of HQLA and cash deposits with banks ("Liquidity Resources") to cover daily funding needs and to meet strategic liquidity targets sized by the Required Liquidity Framework and Liquidity Stress Tests. We actively manage the amount of our Liquidity Resources considering the following components: unsecured debt maturity profile; balance sheet size and composition; funding needs in a stressed environment, inclusive of contingent cash outflows; legal entity, regional and segment liquidity requirements; regulatory requirements; and collateral requirements.

The amount of Liquidity Resources we hold is based on our risk appetite and is calibrated to meet various internal and regulatory requirements and to fund prospective business activities. The Liquidity Resources are primarily held within the Parent Company and its major operating subsidiaries. The Total HQLA values in the tables immediately following are different from Eligible HQLA, which, in accordance with the LCR rule, also takes into account certain regulatory weightings and other operational considerations.

Liquidity Resources by Type of Investment

	Average Daily Balance Three Months Ended						
\$ in millions	Se	June 30, 2023					
Cash deposits with central banks	\$ 66,330			60,876			
Unencumbered HQLA Securities ¹ :							
U.S. government obligations		122,110		124,357			
U.S. agency and agency mortgage- backed securities		86,628		94,367			
Non-U.S. sovereign obligations ²		23,416		21,393			
Other investment grade securities		693		715			
Total HQLA ¹	\$	299,177	\$	301,708			
Cash deposits with banks (non-HQLA)		8,190		9,016			
Total Liquidity Resources	\$	307,367	\$	310,724			

- HQLA is presented prior to applying weightings and includes all HQLA held in subsidiaries.
- Primarily composed of unencumbered Japanese, French, U.K., Italian and Spanish government obligations.

Liquidity Resources by Bank and Non-Bank Legal Entities

	Average Daily Balance						
	Three Months Ended						
\$ in millions	Se	otember 30, 2023		June 30, 2023			
Bank legal entities							
U.S.	\$	132,663	\$	131,584			
Non-U.S.		6,101		7,384			
Total Bank legal entities		138,764		138,968			
Non-Bank legal entities							
U.S.:							
Parent Company		53,681		49,988			
Non-Parent Company		58,839		58,402			
Total U.S.		112,520		108,390			
Non-U.S.		56,083		63,366			
Total Non-Bank legal entities		168,603		171,756			
Total Liquidity Resources	\$	307,367	\$	310,724			

Liquidity Resources may fluctuate from period to period based on the overall size and composition of our balance sheet, the maturity profile of our unsecured debt, and estimates of funding needs in a stressed environment, among other factors.

Regulatory Liquidity Framework

Liquidity Coverage Ratio and Net Stable Funding Ratio

We and our U.S. Bank Subsidiaries are required to maintain a minimum LCR and NSFR of 100%.

The LCR rule requires large banking organizations to have sufficient Eligible HQLA to cover net cash outflows arising from significant stress over 30 calendar days, thus promoting the short-term resilience of the liquidity risk profile of banking organizations. In determining Eligible HQLA for LCR purposes, weightings (or asset haircuts) are applied to HQLA, and certain HQLA held in subsidiaries is excluded.

The NSFR rule requires large banking organizations to maintain an amount of available stable funding, which is their regulatory capital and liabilities subject to standardized weightings, equal to or greater than their required stable funding, which is their projected minimum funding needs, over a one-year time horizon. The NSFR rule is designed to strengthen the ability of such organizations to withstand disruptions to their regular sources of funding without compromising their liquidity position or contributing to instability in the financial system.

As of September 30, 2023, we and our U.S. Bank Subsidiaries are compliant with the minimum LCR and NSFR requirements of 100%.

Liquidity Coverage Ratio

	Average Daily Balance Three Months Ended						
\$ in millions	Se	ptember 30, 2023		June 30, 2023			
Eligible HQLA ¹							
Cash deposits with central banks	\$	60,163	\$	53,387			
Securities ²		181,010		186,913			
Total Eligible HQLA ¹	\$	241,173	\$	240,300			
Net cash outflows	\$	190,336	\$	181,772			
LCR	127 %			132 %			

- Under the LCR rule, Eligible HQLA is calculated using weightings and excluding certain HQLA held in subsidiaries.
- Primarily includes U.S. Treasuries, U.S. agency mortgage-backed securities and sovereign bonds.

Funding Management

We manage our funding in a manner that reduces the risk of disruption to our operations. We pursue a strategy of diversification of secured and unsecured funding sources (by product, investor and region) and attempt to ensure that the tenor of our liabilities equals or exceeds the expected holding period of the assets being financed. Our goal is to achieve an optimal mix of durable secured and unsecured financing.

We fund our balance sheet on a global basis through diverse sources. These sources include our equity capital, borrowings, bank notes, securities sold under agreements to repurchase, securities lending, deposits, letters of credit and lines of credit. We have active financing programs for both standard and structured products targeting global investors and currencies.

Treasury allocates interest expense to our businesses based on the tenor and interest rate profile of the assets being funded. Treasury similarly allocates interest income to businesses carrying deposit products and other liabilities across the businesses based on the characteristics of those deposits and other liabilities.

Secured Financing

For a discussion of our secured financing activities, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Funding Management—Secured Financing" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Collateralized Financing Transactions

\$ in millions	At September 30, 2023		At December 31, 2022		
Securities purchased under agreements to resell and Securities borrowed	\$	222,485	\$	247,281	
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase and Securities loaned	\$	89,725	\$	78,213	
Securities received as collateral ¹	\$	7,904	\$	9,954	

	Average Daily Balance Three Months Ended				
\$ in millions	September 30, 2023			ecember 31, 2022	
Securities purchased under agreements to resell and Securities borrowed	\$	222,503	\$	261,627	
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase and Securities loaned	\$	88,115	\$	77,268	

^{1.} Included within Trading assets in the balance sheet.

See "Total Assets by Business Segment" herein for additional information on the assets shown in the previous table and Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K and Note 8 to the financial statements for additional information on collateralized financing transactions.

In addition to the collateralized financing transactions shown in the previous table, we engage in financing transactions collateralized by customer-owned securities, which are segregated in accordance with regulatory requirements. Receivables under these financing transactions, primarily margin loans, are included in Customer and other receivables in the balance sheet, and payables under these financing transactions, primarily to prime brokerage customers, are included in Customer and other payables in the balance sheet. Our risk exposure on these transactions is mitigated by collateral maintenance policies and the elements of our Liquidity Risk Management Framework.

Unsecured Financing

For a discussion of our unsecured financing activities, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Funding Management—Unsecured Financing" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Deposits

\$ in millions	At September 30, 2023			At December 31, 2022		
Savings and demand deposits:						
Brokerage sweep deposits ¹	\$	145,532	\$	202,592		
Savings and other		134,476		117,356		
Total Savings and demand deposits		280,008		319,948		
Time deposits		65,450		36,698		
Total ²	\$	345,458	\$	356,646		

^{1.} Amounts represent balances swept from client brokerage accounts.

Deposits are primarily sourced from our Wealth Management clients and are considered to have stable, low-cost funding characteristics relative to other sources of funding. Each category of deposits presented above has a different cost profile and clients may respond differently to changes in interest rates and other macroeconomic conditions. The decrease in total deposits in the current year period was primarily driven by a continued reduction in Brokerage sweep deposits, largely due to net outflows to alternative cashequivalent and other products, partially offset by an increase in Time deposits and Savings.

Borrowings by Remaining Maturity at September 30, 2023¹

\$ in millions	C	Parent Company				Total
Original maturities of one year or less	\$		\$	4,350	\$	4,350
Original maturities greater than one year	r					
2023	\$	1,823	\$	2,123	\$	3,946
2024		11,750		11,611		23,361
2025		21,660		11,996		33,656
2026		23,760		7,874		31,634
2027		18,426		5,872		24,298
Thereafter		91,085		34,863		125,948
Total greater than one year	\$	168,504	\$	74,339	\$	242,843
Total	\$	168,504	\$	78,689	\$	247,193
Maturities over next 12 months ²					\$	21,514

Original maturity in the table is generally based on contractual final maturity. For borrowings with put options, remaining maturity represents the earliest put date.

Borrowings of \$247 billion as of September 30, 2023 were largely unchanged when compared with \$238 billion at December 31, 2022.

We believe that accessing debt investors through multiple distribution channels helps provide consistent access to the unsecured markets. In addition, the issuance of borrowings with original maturities greater than one year allows us to reduce reliance on short-term credit sensitive instruments. Borrowings with original maturities greater than one year are generally managed to achieve staggered maturities, thereby mitigating refinancing risk, and to maximize investor diversification through sales to global institutional and retail clients across regions, currencies and product types.

The availability and cost of financing to us can vary depending on market conditions, the volume of certain trading and lending activities, our credit ratings and the overall availability of credit. We also engage in, and may continue to engage in, repurchases of our borrowings as part of our market-making activities.

For further information on Borrowings, see Note 12 to the financial statements.

Credit Ratings

We rely on external sources to finance a significant portion of our daily operations. Our credit ratings are one of the factors in the cost and availability of financing and can have an impact on certain trading revenues, particularly in those businesses where longer-term counterparty performance is a key consideration, such as certain OTC derivative

Excludes approximately \$6 billion of off-balance sheet deposits at unaffiliated financial institutions as of December 31, 2022 and none as of September 30, 2023.
 This client cash held by third parties is not reflected in our balance sheet and is not immediately available for liquidity purposes.

^{2.} Includes only borrowings with original maturities greater than one year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

transactions. When determining credit ratings, rating agencies consider both company-specific and industry-wide factors. See also "Risk Factors—Liquidity Risk" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Parent Company and U.S. Bank Subsidiaries Issuer Ratings at October 31, 2023

	Parent Company					
	Short-Term Debt	Long-Term Debt	Rating Outlook			
DBRS, Inc.	R-1 (middle)	A (high)	Stable			
Fitch Ratings, Inc.	F1	A+	Stable			
Moody's Investors Service, Inc.	P-1	A 1	Stable			
Rating and Investment Information, Inc.	a-1	Positive				
S&P Global Ratings	A-2	A-	Stable			
	Short-Term Debt	Long-Term Debt	Rating Outlook			
Fitch Ratings, Inc.	F1+	AA-	Stable			
Moody's Investors Service, Inc.	P-1	Aa3	Stable			
S&P Global Ratings	A-1	A+	Stable			
		MSPBNA				
	Short-Term Debt	Long-Term Debt	Rating Outlook			
Moody's Investors Service, Inc.	P-1	Aa3	Stable			
S&P Global Ratings	A-1	A+	Stable			

Incremental Collateral or Terminating Payments

In connection with certain OTC derivatives and certain other agreements where we are a liquidity provider to certain financing vehicles associated with the Institutional Securities business segment, we may be required to provide additional collateral, immediately settle any outstanding liability balances with certain counterparties or pledge additional collateral to certain clearing organizations in the event of a future credit rating downgrade irrespective of whether we are in a net asset or net liability position. See Note 6 to the financial statements for additional information on OTC derivatives that contain such contingent features.

While certain aspects of a credit rating downgrade are quantifiable pursuant to contractual provisions, the impact it would have on our business and results of operations in future periods is inherently uncertain and would depend on a number of interrelated factors, including, among other things, the magnitude of the downgrade, the rating relative to peers, the rating assigned by the relevant agency before the downgrade, individual client behavior and future mitigating actions we might take. The liquidity impact of additional collateral requirements is included in our Liquidity Stress Tests.

Capital Management

We view capital as an important source of financial strength and actively manage our consolidated capital position based upon, among other things, business opportunities, risks, capital availability and rates of return together with internal capital policies, regulatory requirements and rating agency guidelines. In the future, we may expand or contract our capital base to address the changing needs of our businesses.

Common Stock Repurchases

	Th	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,			
in millions, except for per share data		2023		2022		2023		2022
Number of shares		17		30		45		93
Average price per share	\$	87.59	\$	85.79	\$	89.26	\$	87.50
Total	\$	1,500	\$	2,555	\$	4,000	\$	8,165

For additional information on our common stock repurchases, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Capital Plans, Stress Tests and the Stress Capital Buffer" herein and Note 16 to the financial statements.

For a description of our capital plan, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Capital Plans, Stress Tests and the Stress Capital Buffer" herein.

Common Stock Dividend Announcement

Announcement date	October 18, 2023
Amount per share	\$0.850
Date to be paid	November 15, 2023
Shareholders of record as of	October 31, 2023

For additional information on our common stock dividends, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Capital Plans, Stress Tests and the Stress Capital Buffer" herein.

For additional information on our common stock and information on our preferred stock, see Note 16 to the financial statements.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We enter into various off-balance sheet arrangements, including through unconsolidated SPEs and lending-related financial instruments (e.g., guarantees and commitments), primarily in connection with the Institutional Securities and Investment Management business segments.

We utilize SPEs primarily in connection with securitization activities. For information on our securitization activities, see Note 16 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

For information on our commitments, obligations under certain guarantee arrangements and indemnities, see Note 13 to the financial statements. For a further discussion of our lending commitments, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Credit Risk—Loans and Lending Commitments" herein.

Regulatory Requirements

Regulatory Capital Framework

We are an FHC under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended and are subject to the regulation and

oversight of the Federal Reserve. The Federal Reserve establishes capital requirements for us, including "wellcapitalized" standards, and evaluates our compliance with such capital requirements. The OCC establishes similar capital requirements and standards for our U.S. Bank Subsidiaries. The regulatory capital requirements are largely based on the Basel III capital standards established by the Basel Committee and also implement certain provisions of the Dodd-Frank Act. For us to remain an FHC, we must remain well-capitalized in accordance with standards established by the Federal Reserve, and our U.S. Bank Subsidiaries must remain well-capitalized in accordance with standards established by the OCC. In addition, many of our regulated subsidiaries are subject to regulatory capital requirements, including regulated subsidiaries registered as swap dealers with the CFTC or conditionally registered as security-based swap dealers with the SEC or registered as broker-dealers or futures commission merchants. For additional information on regulatory capital requirements for our U.S. Bank Subsidiaries, as well as our subsidiaries that are swap entities, see Note 15 to the financial statements.

Regulatory Capital Requirements

We are required to maintain minimum risk-based and leverage-based capital and TLAC ratios. For more information, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Capital Requirements" in the 2022 Form 10-K. For additional information on TLAC, see "Total Loss-Absorbing Capacity, Long-Term Debt and Clean Holding Company Requirements" herein.

Risk-Based Regulatory Capital. Risk-based capital ratio requirements apply to Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Tier 1 capital and Total capital (which includes Tier 2 capital), each as a percentage of RWA, and consist of regulatory minimum required ratios plus our capital buffer requirement. Capital requirements require certain adjustments to, and deductions from, capital for purposes of determining these ratios.

Risk-Based Regulatory Capital Ratio Requirements

		At September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022				
	Standardized	Advanced				
Capital buffers						
Capital conservation buffer	_	2.5%				
SCB ¹	5.8%	N/A				
G-SIB capital surcharge ²	3.0%	3.0%				
CCyB ³	0%	0%				
Capital buffer requirement	8.8%	5.5%				

- For additional information on the SCB, see "Capital Plans, Stress Tests and the Stress Capital Buffer" herein and in the 2022 Form 10-K.
- For a further discussion of the G-SIB capital surcharge, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations— Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—G-SIB Capital Surcharge" in the 2022 Form 10-K.
- The CCyB can be set up to 2.5%, but is currently set by the Federal Reserve at zero.

The capital buffer requirement represents the amount of Common Equity Tier 1 capital we must maintain above the

minimum risk-based capital requirements in order to avoid restrictions on our ability to make capital distributions, including the payment of dividends and the repurchase of stock, and to pay discretionary bonuses to executive officers. Our capital buffer requirement computed under the standardized approaches for calculating credit risk and market RWAs ("Standardized Approach") is equal to the sum of our SCB, G-SIB capital surcharge and CCyB, and our capital buffer requirement computed under the applicable advanced approaches for calculating credit risk, market risk and operational risk RWAs ("Advanced Approach") is equal to our 2.5% capital conservation buffer, G-SIB capital surcharge and CCyB.

	Regulatory	At September December	
	Minimum	Standardized	Advanced
Required ratios ¹			
Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	4.5%	13.3%	10.0%
Tier 1 capital ratio	6.0%	14.8%	11.5%
Total capital ratio	8.0%	16.8%	13.5%

Required ratios represent the regulatory minimum plus the capital buffer requirement.

Our risk-based capital ratios are computed under each of (i) the Standardized Approach and (ii) the Advanced Approach. The credit risk RWA calculations between the two approaches differ in that the Standardized Approach requires calculation of RWA using prescribed risk weights and exposure methodologies, whereas the Advanced Approach utilizes models to calculate exposure amounts and risk weights. At September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the differences between the actual and required ratios were lower under the Standardized Approach.

Leverage-Based Regulatory Capital. Leverage-based capital requirements include a minimum Tier 1 leverage ratio of 4%, a minimum SLR of 3% and an enhanced SLR capital buffer of at least 2%.

CECL Deferral. Beginning on January 1, 2020, we elected to defer the effect of the adoption of CECL on our risk-based and leverage-based capital amounts and ratios, as well as our RWA, adjusted average assets and supplementary leverage exposure calculations, over a five-year transition period. The deferral impacts began to phase in at 25% per year from January 1, 2022 and are phased-in at 50% from January 1, 2023. The deferral impacts will become fully phased-in beginning on January 1, 2025.

Regulatory Capital Ratios

\$ in millions	Required Ratio ¹	At	September 30, 2023	At I	December 31, 2022
Risk-based capital— Standardized					
Common Equity Tier 1 capital		\$	69,148	\$	68,670
Tier 1 capital			77,891		77,191
Total capital			88,573		86,575
Total RWA			443,816		447,849
Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	13.3%		15.6%		15.3%
Tier 1 capital ratio	14.8%		17.6%		17.2%
Total capital ratio	16.8%		20.0%		19.3%
\$ in millions	Required Ratio ¹	At	September 30, 2023	At	December 31, 2022
Risk-based capital— Advanced					
Common Equity Tier 1 capital		\$	69,148	\$	68,670
Tier 1 capital			77,891		77,191
Total capital			87,949		86,159
Total RWA			429,125		438,806
Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	10.0%		16.1%		15.6%
Tier 1 capital ratio	11.5%		18.2%		17.6%
Total capital ratio	13.5%		20.5%		19.6%
\$ in millions	Required Ratio ¹	At	September 30, 2023	At	December 31, 2022
Leverage-based capital					
Adjusted average assets ²		\$	1,152,379	\$	1,150,772
Tier 1 leverage ratio	4.0%		6.8%		6.7%
Supplementary leverage expo	sure ³	\$	1,416,310	\$	1,399,403
SLR	5.0%		5.5%		5.5%

- 1. Required ratios are inclusive of any buffers applicable as of the date presented.
- 2. Adjusted average assets represents the denominator of the Tier 1 leverage ratio and is composed of the average daily balance of consolidated on-balance sheet assets for the quarters ending on the respective balance sheet dates, reduced by disallowed goodwill, intangible assets, investments in covered funds, defined benefit pension plan assets, after-tax gain on sale from assets sold into securitizations, investments in our own capital instruments, certain deferred tax assets and other capital deductions.
- 3. Supplementary leverage exposure is the sum of Adjusted average assets used in the Tier 1 leverage ratio and other adjustments, primarily: (i) for derivatives, potential future exposure and the effective notional principal amount of sold credit protection offset by qualifying purchased credit protection; (ii) the counterparty credit risk for repo-style transactions; and (iii) the credit equivalent amount for off-balance sheet exposures.

Regulatory Capital

\$ in millions	Sep	At tember 30, 2023	D	At ecember 31, 2022	С	hange
Common Equity Tier 1 capital						
Common stock and surplus	\$	(344)	\$	2,782	\$	(3,126)
Retained earnings		98,132		95,047		3,085
AOCI		(7,202)		(6,253)		(949)
Regulatory adjustments and deduct	ions:					
Net goodwill		(16,388)		(16,393)		5
Net intangible assets		(5,665)		(6,048)		383
Other adjustments and deductions ¹		615		(465)		1,080
Total Common Equity Tier 1 capital	\$	69,148	\$	68,670	\$	478
Additional Tier 1 capital						
Preferred stock	\$	8,750	\$	8,750	\$	_
Noncontrolling interests		752		552		200
Additional Tier 1 capital	\$	9,502	\$	9,302	\$	200
Deduction for investments in covered funds		(759)		(781)		22
Total Tier 1 capital	\$	77,891	\$	77,191	\$	700
Standardized Tier 2 capital						
Subordinated debt	\$	8,665	\$	7,846	\$	819
Eligible ACL		2,040		1,613		427
Other adjustments and deductions		(23)		(75)		52
Total Standardized Tier 2 capital	\$	10,682	\$	9,384	\$	1,298
Total Standardized capital	\$	88,573	\$	86,575	\$	1,998
Advanced Tier 2 capital						
Subordinated debt	\$	8,665	\$	7,846	\$	819
Eligible credit reserves		1,416		1,197		219
Other adjustments and deductions		(23)		(75)		52
Total Advanced Tier 2 capital	\$	10,058	\$	8,968	\$	1,090
Total Advanced capital	\$	87,949	\$	86,159	\$	1,790

Other adjustments and deductions used in the calculation of Common Equity Tier 1
capital primarily includes net after-tax DVA, the credit spread premium over risk-free
rate for derivative liabilities, defined benefit pension plan assets, after-tax gain on
sale from assets sold into securitizations, investments in our own capital
instruments and certain deferred tax assets.

RWA Rollforward

		Nine Mont Septembe	
\$ in millions	St	andardized	Advanced
Credit risk RWA			
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	397,275	\$ 285,638
Change related to the following items:			
Derivatives		(969)	(5,361)
Securities financing transactions		(462)	238
Investment securities		(1,364)	(1,296)
Commitments, guarantees and loans		(88)	5,977
Equity investments		(416)	(409)
Other credit risk		2,253	551
Total change in credit risk RWA	\$	(1,046)	\$ (300)
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$	396,229	\$ 285,338
Market risk RWA			
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	50,574	\$ 50,563
Change related to the following items:			
Regulatory VaR		(2,210)	(2,210)
Regulatory stressed VaR		(5,517)	(5,517)
Incremental risk charge		(216)	(216)
Comprehensive risk measure		355	366
Specific risk		4,601	4,601
Total change in market risk RWA	\$	(2,987)	\$ (2,976)
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$	47,587	\$ 47,587
Operational risk RWA			
Balance at December 31, 2022		N/A	\$ 102,605
Change in operational risk RWA		N/A	(6,405)
Balance at September 30, 2023		N/A	\$ 96,200
Total RWA	\$	443,816	\$ 429,125

Regulatory VaR—VaR for regulatory capital requirements

In the current year period, Credit risk RWA remained relatively unchanged under both the Standardized and Advanced Approaches. Under the Standardized Approach, slight decreases in investment securities, derivatives, and securities financing transactions were offset by a slight increase in Other credit risk driven by higher deferred tax assets and securitizations. Under the Advanced Approach, decreases in derivatives and investment securities were offset by growth in Corporate lending.

Market risk RWA decreased in the current year period under both the Standardized and Advanced Approaches, primarily due to lower Regulatory stressed VaR and Regulatory VaR driven by reductions in macro and commodities businesses, partially offset by higher Specific risk charges on securitization and higher non-securitization standardized charges.

The decrease in Operational risk RWA in the current year period reflects lower execution-related losses.

Total Loss-Absorbing Capacity, Long-Term Debt and Clean Holding Company Requirements

The Federal Reserve has established external TLAC, long-term debt ("LTD") and clean holding company requirements for top-tier BHCs of U.S. G-SIBs ("covered BHCs"), including the Parent Company. These requirements are designed to ensure that covered BHCs will have enough loss-

absorbing resources at the point of failure to be recapitalized through the conversion of eligible LTD to equity or otherwise by imposing losses on eligible LTD or other forms of TLAC where an SPOE resolution strategy is used.

Required and Actual TLAC and Eligible LTD Ratios

			Actual Amount/Ratio			t/Ratio
\$ in millions	Regulatory Minimum	Required Ratio ¹	Se	At ptember 30, 2023	De	At ecember 31, 2022
External TLAC ²			\$	248,739	\$	245,951
External TLAC as a % of RWA	18.0%	21.5%		56.0%		54.9%
External TLAC as a % of leverage exposure	7.5%	9.5%		17.6%		17.6%
Eligible LTD ³			\$	161,898	\$	159,444
Eligible LTD as a % of RWA	9.0%	9.0%		36.5%		35.6%
Eligible LTD as a % of leverage exposure	4.5%	4.5%		11.4%		11.4%

- 1. Required ratios are inclusive of applicable buffers.
- External TLAC consists of Common Equity Tier 1 capital and Additional Tier 1 capital (each excluding any noncontrolling minority interests), as well as eligible LTD.
- Consists of TLAC-eligible LTD reduced by 50% for amounts of unpaid principal due to be paid in more than one year but less than two years from each respective balance sheet date

We are in compliance with all TLAC requirements as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

For a further discussion of TLAC and related requirements, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Total Loss-Absorbing Capacity, Long-Term Debt and Clean Holding Company Requirements" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Capital Plans, Stress Tests and the Stress Capital Buffer

The Federal Reserve has capital planning and stress test requirements for large BHCs, which form part of the Federal Reserve's annual CCAR framework.

We must submit, on at least an annual basis, a capital plan to the Federal Reserve, taking into account the results of separate annual stress tests designed by us and the Federal Reserve, so that the Federal Reserve may assess our systems and processes that incorporate forward-looking projections of revenues and losses to monitor and maintain our internal capital adequacy. As banks with less than \$250 billion of total assets, our U.S. Bank Subsidiaries are not subject to company-run stress test regulatory requirements.

As part of its annual capital supervisory stress testing process, the Federal Reserve determines an SCB for each large BHC, including us.

For the 2023 capital planning and stress test cycle, we submitted our capital plan and company-run stress test results to the Federal Reserve on April 5, 2023. On June 28, 2023, the Federal Reserve published summary results of its supervisory stress tests of each large BHC, in which the projected decline in our Common Equity Tier 1 ratio in the

severely adverse scenario improved from the prior annual supervisory stress test by 50 basis points, from 4.6% to 4.1%. Following the publication of the supervisory stress test results, and as a result of the increase in our common stock dividend and the resulting dividend add-on, we announced that our SCB will be 5.4% from October 1, 2023 through September 30, 2024. Together with other features of the regulatory capital framework, this SCB results in an aggregate Standardized Approach Common Equity Tier 1 ratio of 12.9%. Generally, our SCB is determined annually based on the results of the supervisory stress test.

We also disclosed a summary of the results of our companyrun stress tests on our Investor Relations website and increased our quarterly common stock dividend to \$0.85 per share from \$0.775, beginning with the common stock dividend announced on July 18, 2023. Additionally, our Board of Directors reauthorized a multi-year common stock repurchase program of up to \$20 billion, without a set expiration date, beginning in the third quarter of 2023, which will be exercised from time to time as conditions warrant.

For additional information, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Capital Plans, Stress Tests and the Stress Capital Buffer" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Attribution of Average Common Equity According to the Required Capital Framework

Our required capital ("Required Capital") estimation is based on the Required Capital framework, an internal capital adequacy measure. Common equity attribution to the business segments is based on capital usage calculated under the Required Capital framework, as well as each business segment's relative contribution to our total Required Capital.

The Required Capital framework is a risk-based and leverage-based capital measure, which is compared with our regulatory capital to ensure that we maintain an amount of going concern capital after absorbing potential losses from stress events, where applicable, at a point in time. The amount of capital allocated to the business segments is generally set at the beginning of each year and remains fixed throughout the year until the next annual reset unless a significant business change occurs (e.g., acquisition or disposition). We define the difference between our total average common equity and the sum of the average common equity amounts allocated to our business segments as Parent Company common equity. We generally hold Parent Company common equity for prospective regulatory requirements, organic growth, potential future acquisitions and other capital needs.

Average Common Equity Attribution under the Required Capital Framework¹

	Т	hree Mor Septen		Nine Mon Septem	
\$ in billions		2023	2022	2023	2022
Institutional Securities	\$	45.6	\$ 48.8	\$ 45.6	\$ 48.8
Wealth Management		28.8	31.0	28.8	31.0
Investment Management		10.4	10.6	10.4	10.6
Parent Company		6.0	2.5	6.3	4.3
Total	\$	90.8	\$ 92.9	\$ 91.1	\$ 94.7

The attribution of average common equity to the business segments is a non-GAAP financial measure. See "Selected Non-GAAP Financial Information" herein.

We continue to evaluate our Required Capital framework with respect to the impact of evolving regulatory requirements, as appropriate.

Resolution and Recovery Planning

We are required to submit once every two years to the Federal Reserve and the FDIC a resolution plan that describes our strategy for a rapid and orderly resolution under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code in the event of our material financial distress or failure. We submitted our 2021 targeted resolution plan on June 30, 2021. In November 2022, we received joint feedback on our 2021 resolution plan from the Federal Reserve and the FDIC ("Agencies"). The feedback indicated that there are no shortcomings or deficiencies in our 2021 resolution plan and that we had successfully addressed a prior shortcoming identified by the Agencies in the review of our 2019 full resolution plan. We submitted our 2023 full resolution plan on June 30, 2023.

As described in our most recent resolution plan, our preferred resolution strategy is an SPOE strategy. In line with our SPOE strategy, the Parent Company has transferred, and has agreed to transfer on an ongoing basis, certain assets to its wholly owned, direct subsidiary Morgan Stanley Holdings LLC (the "Funding IHC"). In addition, the Parent Company has entered into an amended and restated support agreement with its material entities (including the Funding IHC) and certain other subsidiaries. In the event of a resolution scenario, the Parent Company would be obligated to contribute all of its contributable assets to our supported entities and/or the Funding IHC. The Funding IHC would be obligated to provide capital and liquidity, as applicable, to our supported entities. The combined implication of the SPOE resolution strategy and the requirement to maintain certain levels of TLAC is that losses in resolution would be imposed on the holders of eligible long-term debt and other forms of eligible TLAC issued by the Parent Company before any losses are imposed on creditors of our supported entities and without requiring taxpayer or government financial support.

For more information about resolution and recovery planning requirements and our activities in these areas, including the implications of such activities in a resolution scenario, see "Business—Supervision and Regulation—Financial Holding Company—Resolution and Recovery Planning," "Risk Factors—Legal, Regulatory and Compliance Risk" and

"Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Resolution and Recovery Planning" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Regulatory Developments and Other Matters

Covered Funds Restrictions under the Volcker Rule

The Volcker Rule prohibits certain investments and relationships by banking entities with covered funds, as defined in the Volcker Rule. We previously received a one-year extension of the conformance date to July 21, 2023 for certain legacy illiquid funds. All of our legacy illiquid funds were fully conformed to the Volcker Rule's requirements prior to the end of the extension period. For additional information on the Volcker Rule, see "Business—Supervision and Regulation—Financial Holding Company—Activities Restrictions Under the Volcker Rule" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Replacement of London Interbank Offered Rate and Replacement or Reform of Other Interest Rate Benchmarks

Central banks around the world, including the Federal Reserve, have sponsored initiatives in recent years to replace LIBOR and replace or reform certain other interest rate benchmarks (collectively, the "IBORs"). A transition away from use of the IBORs to alternative rates and other potential interest rate benchmark reforms has been underway for a number of years.

With the cessation of publication of U.S. dollar LIBOR rates on a representative basis as of June 30, 2023, all LIBOR publications have ceased on a representative basis. However, the one, three and six-month U.S. dollar LIBOR and three-month Sterling LIBOR rates are being published for a limited period for use in legacy transactions on the basis of a synthetic methodology (known as "synthetic LIBOR"). Publication of the three-month synthetic Sterling LIBOR will cease at the end of March 2024 and publication of the one, three and six-month synthetic U.S. dollar LIBOR will cease at the end of September 2024.

As of September 30, 2023, a significant majority of our U.S. dollar LIBOR-referenced contracts contained fallback provisions or otherwise had a path that allowed for the transition to an alternative reference rate following the cessation of the applicable U.S. dollar LIBOR rate. We continue to execute against our Firm-wide IBOR transition plan to complete the transition in all relevant markets to alternative reference rates.

See also "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Regulatory Developments and Other Matters" and "Risk Factors—Risk Management" in the 2022 Form 10-K for a further discussion of the replacement of the IBORs and/or reform of other interest rate benchmarks and related risks.

FDIC Proposed Rulemaking on Special Assessment

Following the recent failures of certain banks and resulting losses to the FDIC's Deposit Insurance Fund, the FDIC approved a notice of proposed rulemaking on May 11, 2023 that would implement a special assessment to recover the cost associated with protecting uninsured depositors. Under the proposed rule, the assessment base for the special assessment would be equal to an insured depository institution's estimated uninsured deposits reported as of December 31, 2022, adjusted to exclude the first \$5 billion of uninsured deposits. The \$5 billion exclusion would be applied once to the aggregate uninsured deposits of our U.S. Bank Subsidiaries. The FDIC is proposing to collect the special assessment at an annual rate of approximately 12.5 basis points over eight quarterly assessment periods, subject to change depending on any adjustments to the loss estimate, mergers, failures, or amendments to reported estimates of uninsured deposits. While we continue to assess the impact to our future operating results, we expect to record the impact of the proposed special assessment, estimated to be approximately \$270 million under the current proposal, after the final rule is published in the Federal Register.

Basel III Endgame Proposal

On July 27, 2023, U.S. banking agencies proposed revisions to risk-based capital and related standards applicable to us and our U.S. Bank Subsidiaries ("Basel III Endgame Proposal"). The proposal would introduce a new measure of RWAs known as "Expanded Total RWAs" (the "Expanded Approach"), reflecting new RWA methodologies that generally align with changes to the global Basel Accord adopted by the Basel Committee. The proposal would eliminate the current capital rule's Advanced Approach and effectively replace it with the Expanded Approach, which more heavily relies on standardized methodologies. As compared with the Standardized Approach, the Expanded Approach includes more granular risk weights for credit risk and introduces a new market risk framework. In addition, unlike the Standardized Approach, the Expanded Approach includes operational risk and credit valuation adjustment RWA components.

The Basel III Endgame Proposal, if adopted as a final rule, would maintain the current capital rule's dual-requirement structure, whereby we and our U.S. Bank Subsidiaries would be required to calculate our risk-based capital ratios under both the Expanded Approach and the Standardized Approach. In addition, the proposal would modify the Standardized Approach by requiring that the new market risk standards from the proposal also be applied in the Standardized Approach.

The Basel III Endgame Proposal would apply the SCB and G-SIB surcharge to risk-based capital requirements calculated under both the Expanded Approach and the Standardized Approach. The proposal includes a proposed effective date of

July 1, 2025, with three-year transition arrangements until revised standards are fully phased in on July 1, 2028.

Based on our current understanding of the Basel III Endgame Proposal, we estimate that, if the Expanded Approach had applied on a fully phased-in basis as of June 30, 2023, and in the absence of taking any actions to mitigate its impact, our Expanded Approach RWAs as of that date would have been approximately 40% higher than our actual Standardized Approach RWAs as of that date.

The increase in RWAs resulting from the Expanded Approach would result, assuming all other surcharge elements remained unchanged, in a lower SCB and lower G-SIB Method 2 surcharge as compared with current surcharges, as RWAs are included in the denominators of the relevant calculations for each buffer. Lower surcharges would, therefore, partially decrease the otherwise higher regulatory capital requirements under the Expanded Approach. The proposal would phase in the higher Expanded Approach RWAs on July 1 of each year during the transition, thereby increasing our regulatory capital requirements, with delayed incorporation of the potentially lower SCB and G-SIB Method 2 capital surcharge calculations.

Any estimate of how the Expanded Approach may impact us is a forward-looking statement and subject to uncertainty, as actual results may differ from the anticipated results and may be materially affected by and dependent on a range of factors, including business performance, future capital actions, the results of future supervisory stress tests, and potential modifications to the proposal by the U.S. banking agencies in a final rulemaking. The Firm does not undertake to update any forward-looking statement.

G-SIB Surcharge Proposal

On July 27, 2023, the Federal Reserve proposed revisions to the G-SIB capital surcharge framework applicable to us ("G-SIB Surcharge Proposal"). The G-SIB Surcharge Proposal includes various technical revisions to the G-SIB capital surcharge methodology and would revise the resulting Method 2 G-SIB capital surcharge from 0.5-percentage point increments to 0.1-percentage point increments. The G-SIB Surcharge Proposal includes a proposed effective date two calendar quarters after the date of adoption of a final rule by the Federal Reserve. We continue to evaluate the G-SIB Surcharge Proposal and the potential impacts, if adopted, on our capital requirements and our Required Capital framework.

Three Months Ended

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk

Management believes effective risk management is vital to the success of our business activities. For a discussion of our Management Enterprise Risk framework management functions, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Risk Management" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Market Risk

Market risk refers to the risk that a change in the level of one or more market prices, rates, spreads, indices, volatilities, correlations or other market factors, such as market liquidity, will result in losses for a position or portfolio. Generally, we incur market risk as a result of trading, investing and client facilitation activities, principally within the Institutional Securities business segment where the substantial majority of our VaR for market risk exposures is generated. In addition, we incur non-trading market risk, principally within the Wealth Management and Investment Management business segments. The Wealth Management business segment primarily incurs non-trading market risk (including interest rate risk) from lending and deposit-taking activities. The Investment Management business segment primarily incurs non-trading market risk from capital investments in its funds. For a further discussion of market risk, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk-Market Risk" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Trading Risks

We have exposures to a wide range of risks related to interest rates and credit spreads, equity prices, foreign exchange rates and commodity prices as well as the associated implied volatilities, correlations and spreads of the global markets in which we conduct our trading activities.

The statistical technique known as VaR is one of the tools we use to measure, monitor and review the market risk exposures of our trading portfolios.

For information regarding our primary risk exposures and market risk management, VaR methodology, assumptions and limitations, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk-Market Risk-Trading Risks" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

95%/One-Day Management VaR for the Trading Portfolio

September 30, 2023 Period High¹ Low¹ \$ in millions Average Interest rate and credit spread 35 \$ 36 \$ 43 \$ 29 \$ Equity price 26 23 27 18 8 10 7 Foreign exchange rate 7 Commodity price 20 16 21 12 Less: Diversification benefit² (50)(41)N/A N/A **Primary Risk Categories** \$ 38 \$ 42 \$ 48 \$ 35 Credit Portfolio 22 22 23

(19)

41

Less: Diversification benefit²

Total Management VaR

Three Months Ended June 30, 2023

(16)

48

N/A

21

N/A

41

\$ in millions	eriod End	A۱	/erage	ŀ	High ¹	Low ¹
Interest rate and credit spread	\$ 36	\$	36	\$	42	\$ 31
Equity price	25		25		34	20
Foreign exchange rate	8		10		12	8
Commodity price	12		17		25	12
Less: Diversification benefit ²	(33)		(40)		N/A	N/A
Primary Risk Categories	\$ 48	\$	48	\$	56	\$ 39
Credit Portfolio	23		22		23	20
Less: Diversification benefit ²	(20)		(18)		N/A	N/A
Total Management VaR	\$ 51	\$	52	\$	57	\$ 46

- 1. The high and low VaR values for the Total Management VaR and each of the component VaRs might have occurred on different days during the quarter, and, therefore, the diversification benefit is not an applicable measure.
- Diversification benefit equals the difference between the total VaR and the sum of the component VaRs. This benefit arises because the simulated one-day losses for each of the components occur on different days; similar diversification benefits also are taken into account within each component.

Average Total Management VaR and average Management VaR for the Primary Risk Categories decreased from the three months ended June 30, 2023, primarily driven by reduced exposure in the Foreign exchange rate category and lower market volatility.

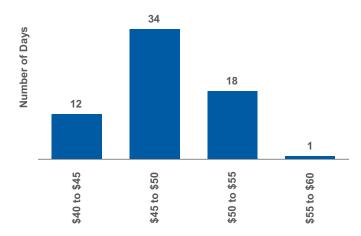
Distribution of VaR Statistics and Net Revenues

We evaluate the reasonableness of our VaR model by comparing the potential declines in portfolio values generated by the model with corresponding actual trading results for the Firm, as well as individual business units. For days where losses exceed the VaR statistic, we examine the drivers of trading losses to evaluate the VaR model's accuracy. There was one loss day in the current quarter, which did not exceed 95% Total Management VaR.

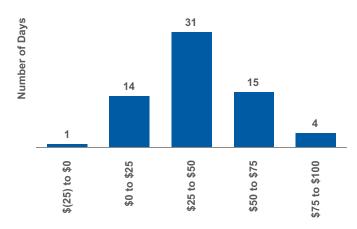
Risk Disclosures

Daily 95%/One-Day Total Management VaR for the Current Quarter

(\$ in millions)



Daily Net Trading Revenues for the Current Quarter (\$ in millions)



The previous histogram shows the distribution of daily net trading revenues for the current quarter. Daily net trading revenues include profits and losses from Interest rate and credit spread, Equity price, Foreign exchange rate, Commodity price, and Credit Portfolio positions and intraday trading activities for our trading businesses. Certain items such as fees, commissions, net interest income and counterparty default risk are excluded from daily net trading revenues and the VaR model. Revenues required for Regulatory VaR backtesting further exclude intraday trading.

Non-Trading Risks

We believe that sensitivity analysis is an appropriate representation of our non-trading risks. The following sensitivity analyses cover substantially all of the non-trading risk in our portfolio.

Credit Spread Risk Sensitivity¹

\$ in millions	Septe	At mber 30, 023	At June 30, 2023
Derivatives	\$	6	\$ 6
Borrowings carried at fair value		40	43

1. Amounts represent the potential gain for each 1 bps widening of our credit spread.

The Wealth Management business segment reflects a substantial portion of our non-trading interest rate risk. Net interest income in the Wealth Management business segment primarily consists of interest income earned on non-trading assets held, including loans and investment securities, as well as margin and other lending on non-bank entities and interest expense incurred on non-trading liabilities, primarily deposits.

Wealth Management Net Interest Income Sensitivity Analysis

\$ in millions	At ember 30, 2023	At June 30, 2023
Basis point change		
+100	\$ 506	\$ 532
-100	(535)	(596)

The previous table presents an analysis of selected instantaneous upward and downward parallel interest rate shocks (subject to a floor of zero percent in the downward scenario) on net interest income over the next 12 months for our Wealth Management business segment. These shocks are applied to our 12-month forecast for our Wealth Management business segment, which incorporates market expectations of interest rates and our forecasted business activity, including deposit forecasts as a key assumption.

We do not manage to any single rate scenario but rather manage net interest income in our Wealth Management business segment to optimize across a range of possible outcomes, including non-parallel rate change scenarios. The sensitivity analysis assumes that we take no action in response to these scenarios, assumes there are no changes in other macroeconomic variables normally correlated with changes in interest rates and includes subjective assumptions regarding customer and market re-pricing behavior and other factors.

Our Wealth Management business segment balance sheet is asset sensitive, given assets reprice faster than liabilities, resulting in higher net interest income in increasing interest rate scenarios. The level of interest rates may impact the amount of deposits held at the Firm, given competition for deposits from other institutions and alternative cashequivalent products available to depositors. Further, rising interest rates could also impact client demand for loans. Net

Risk Disclosures

interest income sensitivity to interest rates at September 30, 2023 was relatively unchanged from June 30, 2023.

Investments Sensitivity, Including Related Carried Interest

	L	6 Decline	
\$ in millions		At ember 30, 2023	At June 30, 2023
Investments related to Investment Management activities	\$	472 \$	458
Other investments:			
MUMSS		129	132
Other Firm investments		395	399

We have exposure to public and private companies through direct investments, as well as through funds that invest in these assets. These investments are predominantly equity positions with long investment horizons, a portion of which is for business facilitation purposes. The market risk related to these investments is measured by estimating the potential reduction in net revenues associated with a reasonably possible 10% decline in investment values and related impact on performance-based income, as applicable.

Asset Management Revenue Sensitivity

Certain asset management revenues in the Wealth Management and Investment Management business segments are derived from management fees, which are based on feebased client assets in Wealth Management or AUM in Investment Management (together, "client holdings"). The assets underlying client holdings are primarily composed of equity, fixed income and alternative investments and are sensitive to changes in related markets. These revenues depend on multiple factors including, but not limited to, the level and duration of a market increase or decline, price volatility, the geographic and industry mix of client assets, and client behavior such as the rate and magnitude of client investments and redemptions. Therefore, overall revenues may not correlate completely with changes in the related markets.

Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of loss arising when a borrower, counterparty or issuer does not meet its financial obligations to us. We are primarily exposed to credit risk from institutions and individuals through our Institutional Securities and Wealth Management business segments. For a further discussion of our credit risks, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Credit Risk" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Loans and Lending Commitments

		^		Santamb	er 30, 202	2	
A				•	FVO ¹		T-4-1
\$ in millions		HFI		HFS	FVO.		Total
Institutional Securities:							
Corporate	\$	7,181	\$	11,086	\$ <u> </u>	\$	18,267
Secured lending facilities		39,119		2,861	_		41,980
Commercial and Residential real estate		8,389		259	3,139		11,787
Securities-based lending and Other		3,039		_	4,419		7,458
Total Institutional Securities		57,728		14,206	7,558		79,492
Wealth Management:							
Residential real estate		59,002		23	_		59,025
Securities-based lending and Other		87,165		1	_		87,166
Total Wealth Management	1	46,167		24	_		146,191
Total Investment Management ²		4		_	427		431
Total loans	- 2	203,899		14,230	7,985		226,114
ACL		(1,157)					(1,157)
Total loans, net of ACL	\$2	202,742	\$	14,230	\$ 7,985	\$	224,957
Lending commitments ³						\$	147,800
Total exposure						\$	372,757
		,	At I	Decembe	er 31, 202	2	
\$ in millions		HFI		HFS	FVO ¹	-	Total
Institutional Securities:							
Corporate	\$	6,589	\$	10,634	\$ —	\$	17,223
Secured lending facilities	_	35,606	•	3,176	6	•	38,788
Commercial and Residential real		0.545			0.540		44.000

estate 8,515 926 2.548 11,989 Securities-based lending and Other 2,865 39 5,625 8,529 **Total Institutional Securities** 53,575 14,775 8,179 76,529 Wealth Management: Residential real estate 54.460 54,464 Securities-based lending and 91,797 9 91 806 Other **Total Wealth Management** 146,257 13 146,270 Total Investment Management² 218 222 **Total loans** 199,836 14,788 8,397 223,021 ACL (839)(839)Total loans, net of ACL \$198,997 \$ 14,788 \$ 8,397 \$222,182 Lending commitments³ \$136,960 Total exposure \$359,142

Total exposure—consists of Total loans, net of ACL, and Lending commitments

FVO includes the fair value of certain unfunded lending commitments.

Investment Management business segment loans are related to certain of our activities as an investment advisor and manager. Loans held at fair value are the result of the consolidation of investment vehicles (including CLOs) managed by Investment Management, composed primarily of senior secured loans to corporations.

^{3.} Lending commitments represent the notional amount of legally binding obligations to provide funding to clients for lending transactions. Since commitments associated with these business activities may expire unused or may not be utilized to full capacity, they do not necessarily reflect the actual future cash funding requirements.

Risk Disclosures

We provide loans and lending commitments to a variety of customers, including large corporate and institutional clients, as well as high to ultra-high net worth individuals. In addition, we purchase loans in the secondary market. Loans and lending commitments are either held for investment, held for sale or carried at fair value. For more information on these loan classifications, see Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Total loans and lending commitments increased by approximately \$14 billion since December 31, 2022, primarily due to an increase in Corporate lending and Secured lending facilities within the Institutional Securities business segment.

See Notes 4, 5, 9 and 13 to the financial statements for further information.

Allowance for Credit Losses—Loans and Lending Commitments

Gross charge-offs Recoveries Net (charge-offs) recoveries Provision for credit losses Other Total at September 30, 2023 \$ 1		\$ in millions
Total at December 31, 2022 \$ 1 Gross charge-offs Recoveries Net (charge-offs) recoveries Provision for credit losses Other Total at September 30, 2023 \$ 1	839	\$ ACL—Loans
Gross charge-offs Recoveries Net (charge-offs) recoveries Provision for credit losses Other Total at September 30, 2023 \$ 1	504	ACL—Lending Commitments
Recoveries Net (charge-offs) recoveries Provision for credit losses Other Total at September 30, 2023 \$ 1	1,343	\$ Total at December 31, 2022
Net (charge-offs) recoveries Provision for credit losses Other Total at September 30, 2023 \$ 1	(141)	Gross charge-offs
Provision for credit losses Other Total at September 30, 2023 \$ 1	1	Recoveries
Other Total at September 30, 2023 \$ 1	(140)	Net (charge-offs) recoveries
Total at September 30, 2023 \$ 1	529	Provision for credit losses
	(6)	Other
ACL—Loans \$ 1	1,726	\$ Total at September 30, 2023
	1,157	\$ ACL—Loans
ACL—Lending commitments	569	ACL—Lending commitments

Provision for Credit Losses by Business Segment

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023						Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023						
\$ in millions		IS	٧	WM Total		Total	IS		WM		Total		
Loans	\$	80	\$	43	\$	123	\$	314	\$	148	\$	462	
Lending commitments		13 (2)			11 65		65	2		67			
Total	\$	93	\$	41	\$	134	\$	379	\$	150	\$	529	

Credit exposure arising from our loans and lending commitments is measured in accordance with our internal risk management standards. Risk factors considered in determining the allowance for credit losses for loans and lending commitments include the borrower's financial strength, industry, facility structure, LTV ratio, debt service ratio, collateral and covenants. Qualitative and environmental factors such as economic and business conditions, nature and volume of the portfolio and lending terms, and volume and severity of past due loans may also be considered.

The allowance for credit losses for loans and lending commitments increased in the current year period, primarily due to deteriorating conditions in the commercial real estate sector, including provisions for certain specific loans, mainly in the office portfolio, and modest growth in certain other loan portfolios. Charge-offs in the current year period were primarily related to commercial real estate and corporate loans.

The base scenario used in our ACL models as of September 30, 2023 was generated using a combination of consensus economic forecasts, forward rates, and internally developed and validated models, and assumes weak economic growth in 2023 and 2024. Given the nature of our lending portfolio, the most sensitive model input is U.S. gross domestic product ("GDP").

Forecasted U.S. Real GDP Growth Rates in Base Scenario

	4Q 2023	4Q 2024
Year-over-year growth rate	0.9 %	1.2 %

See Note 9 to the financial statements for further information. See Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K for a discussion of the Firm's ACL methodology under CECL.

Status of Loans Held for Investment

	At Septembe	r 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022				
	IS	IS WM		WM			
Accrual	99.4%	99.8%	99.3%	99.9%			
Nonaccrual ¹	0.6%	0.2%	0.7%	0.1%			

 Nonaccrual loans are loans where principal or interest is not expected when contractually due or are past due 90 days or more. For further information on our nonaccrual policy, see Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Net Charge-off Ratios for Loans Held for Investment

\$ in millions	Corporate	Lending Facilities	CRE	Residential Real Estate	and Other	Total					
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023											
Net charge-off (recovery) ratio ¹	0.43 %	— %	1.25 %	— %	– %	0.07 %					
Average loans	\$ 7,057	\$37,346	\$8,612	\$ 56,330	\$91,583	\$200,928					
For the Nine M	onths Ended	Septembe	er 30, 202	22							
Net charge-off (recovery) ratio ¹	(0.09)%	0.01 %	0.09 %	— %	0.02 %	0.01 %					
Average loans	\$ 6,441	\$32,367	\$8,196	\$ 48,675	\$92,681	\$188,360					

Net charge-off ratio represents gross charge-offs net of recoveries divided by total average loans held for investment before ACL.

Risk Disclosures

Institutional Securities Loans and Lending Commitments¹

	At September 30, 2023										
	Con	tractual Yea	ars to Matu	urity							
\$ in millions	<1	1-5	5-15	>15	Total						
Loans											
AA	\$ 2	\$ 10	\$ 421	\$ —	\$ 433						
A	953	1,390	184	_	2,527						
BBB	8,702	11,301	407	_	20,410						
BB	10,124	15,569	1,807	229	27,729						
Other NIG	8,725	11,720	3,387	132	23,964						
Unrated ²	58	781	271	2,474	3,584						
Total loans, net of ACL	28,564	40,771	6,477	2,835	78,647						
Lending commitments											
AAA	_	50	_	_	50						
AA	1,821	3,941	53	_	5,815						
A	5,186	19,315	687	_	25,188						
BBB	12,805	45,677	959	_	59,441						
BB	3,589	16,221	1,571	468	21,849						
Other NIG	1,076	14,135	1,126	3	16,340						
Unrated ²	2	2	2	_	6						
Total lending commitments	24,479	99,341	4,398	471	128,689						
Total exposure	\$53,043	\$140,112	\$10,875	\$3,306	\$207,336						

	At December 31, 2022									
	Con	tractual Yea	ars to Mati	urity						
\$ in millions	<1	1-5	5-15	>15	Total					
Loans										
AA	\$ 66	\$ —	\$ 139	\$ —	\$ 205					
A	1,331	787	185	_	2,303					
BBB	5,632	10,712	465	_	16,809					
BB	11,045	19,219	796	162	31,222					
Other NIG	7,274	10,249	3,945	139	21,607					
Unrated ²	95	924	624	2,066	3,709					
Total loans, net of ACL	25,443	41,891	6,154	2,367	75,855					
Lending commitments										
AAA	_	50	_	_	50					
AA	2,515	2,935	11	_	5,461					
A	5,030	19,717	202	330	25,279					
BBB	10,263	39,615	566	_	50,444					
BB	3,691	17,656	1,416	96	22,859					
Other NIG	1,173	13,872	530	_	15,575					
Unrated ²	_	20	_	3	23					
Total lending commitments	22,672	93,865	2,725	429	119,691					
Total exposure	\$48,115	\$135,756	\$ 8,879	\$2,796	\$195,546					

NIG-Non-investment grade

Counterparty credit ratings are internally determined by the CRM.

Institutional Securities Loans and Lending Commitments by Industry

\$ in millions	Sep	At tember 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022
Industry			
Financials	\$	55,932	\$ 54,222
Real estate		35,538	32,358
Industrials		18,911	14,557
Communications services		15,182	15,336
Consumer discretionary		14,263	11,592
Information technology		11,987	13,790
Utilities		11,785	10,542
Healthcare		11,580	12,353
Consumer staples		9,350	7,823
Energy		9,170	9,115
Insurance		6,155	5,925
Materials		6,008	6,102
Other		1,475	1,831
Total exposure	\$	207,336	\$ 195,546

Institutional Securities Lending Activities

The Institutional Securities business segment lending activities include Corporate, Secured lending facilities, Commercial real estate and Securities-based lending and Other. As of September 30, 2023, over 90% of our total lending exposure, which consists of loans and lending commitments, is investment grade and/or secured by collateral. For a description of Institutional Securities' lending activities, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Credit Risk" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Institutional Securities Event-Driven Loans and Lending Commitments

			30, 2023					
		Contrac	tual	Years to	Mat	urity		
\$ in millions		<1		1-5		5-15		Total
Loans, net of ACL	\$	2,168	\$	1,018	\$	\$ 2,793		5,979
Lending commitments		4,361		1,710		622		6,693
Total exposure	\$ 6,529			2,728	\$	3,415	\$	12,672
			Α	At Decemb	er (31, 2022		
		Contrac	ctua	I Years to	Ма	turity		
\$ in millions		<1		1-5		5-15	_'	Total
Loans, net of ACL	\$	2,385	\$	1,441	\$	2,771	\$	6,597
Lending commitments		3,079		861		603		4,543
Total exposure	\$	5,464	\$	\$ 2,302		\$ 3,374		11,140

Event-driven loans and lending commitments are associated with an underwriting and/or syndication to finance a specific transaction, such as merger, acquisition, recapitalization or project finance activities. Balances may fluctuate as such lending is related to transactions that vary in timing and size from period to period.

Unrated loans and lending commitments are primarily trading positions that are measured at fair value and risk-managed as a component of market risk. For a further discussion of our market risk, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Market Risk" herein.

Risk Disclosures

Institutional Securities Loans and Lending Commitments Held for Investment

	At September 30, 2023									
\$ in millions		Loans C		Lending ommitments		Total				
Corporate	\$	7,181	\$	88,333	\$	95,514				
Secured lending facilities		39,119		15,055		54,174				
Commercial real estate		8,389		389		8,778				
Securities-based lending and Other		3,039		1,017		4,056				
Total, before ACL	\$	57,728	\$	104,794	\$	162,522				
ACL	\$	(845)	\$	(547)	\$	(1.392)				

At December 31, 2022									
	Loans	С	Lending ommitments	Total					
\$	6,589	\$	79,882 \$	86,471					
	35,606		12,803	48,409					
	8,515		374	8,889					
	2,865		985	3,850					
\$	53,575	\$	94,044 \$	147,619					
\$	(674)	\$	(484) \$	(1,158)					
	\$	\$ 6,589 35,606 8,515 2,865 \$ 53,575	\$ 6,589 \$ 35,606 8,515 2,865 \$ 53,575 \$	Loans Commitments \$ 6,589 79,882 35,606 12,803 8,515 374 2,865 985 \$ 53,575 \$ 94,044					

Institutional Securities Commercial Real Estate Loans and Lending Commitments

By Region

		At Sep	nber 30	023	At December 31, 2022							
\$ in millions	L	oans ¹		LC ¹	Total		Loans1		LC ¹		Total	
Americas	\$	5,752	\$	334	\$	6,086	\$	6,320	\$	378	\$	6,698
EMEA		2,939		59		2,998		3,040		79		3,119
Asia		376		121		497		445		5		450
Total	\$	9,067	\$	514	\$	9,581	\$	9,805	\$	462	\$	10,267

By Property Type

	At September 30, 2023							At December 31, 2022					
\$ in millions	L	.oans¹		LC ¹	Total		Loans ¹		LC ¹		Total		
Office	\$	3,529	\$	217	\$	3,746	\$	3,861	\$	301	\$	4,162	
Industrial		2,085		26		2,111		2,561		25		2,586	
Multifamily		1,622		188		1,810		1,889		85		1,974	
Hotel		797		77		874		780		45		825	
Retail		785		6		791		659		6		665	
Other		249		_		249		55		_		55	
Total	\$	9,067	\$	514	\$	9,581	\$	9,805	\$	462	\$	10,267	

LC-Lending Commitments

The current economic environment and changes in business and consumer behavior have adversely impacted commercial real estate borrowers due to pressure from higher interest rates, tenant lease renewals, and elevated refinancing risks for loans with near-term maturities, among other issues. While we continue to actively monitor all our loan portfolios, the commercial real estate sector remains under heightened focus given the sector's sensitivity to economic and secular factors, credit conditions, and difficulties specific to certain property types, most notably office.

As of September 30, 2023, our lending against commercial real estate ("CRE") properties totaled \$9.6 billion within the Institutional Securities business segment, which represents

4.6% of total exposure reflected in the Institutional Securities Loans and Lending Commitments table above. Those CRE loans are originated for experienced sponsors and are generally secured by specific institutional CRE properties. In many cases, loans are subsequently syndicated or securitized on a full or partial basis, reducing our ongoing exposure.

In addition to the amounts included in the table above, we provide certain secured lending facilities which are collateralized by pooled CRE mortgage loans and are included in Secured lending facilities in the Institutional Securities Loans and Lending Commitments Held for Investment table above. These secured lending facilities benefit from structural protections including cross-collateralization and diversification across property types.

Institutional Securities Allowance for Credit Losses—Loans and Lending Commitments

\$ in millions	Со	rporate	Ĺ	ecured ending acilities	ommercial eal Estate	Of	ther	Total
ACL—Loans	\$	235	\$	153	\$ 275	\$	11	\$ 674
ACL—Lending commitments		411		51	15		7	484
Total at December 31, 2022	\$	646	\$	204	\$ 290	\$	18	\$1,158
Gross charge-offs		(30)		_	(108)		(1)	(139)
Provision for credit losses		73		26	273		7	379
Other		(2)		(1)	(3)		_	(6)
Total at September 30, 2023	\$	687	\$	229	\$ 452	\$	24	\$1,392
ACL—Loans	\$	248	\$	154	\$ 426	\$	17	\$ 845
ACL—Lending commitments		439		75	26		7	547

Institutional Securities HFI Loans—Ratios of Allowance for Credit Losses to Balance Before Allowance

	At September 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022
Corporate	3.5%	3.6%
Secured lending facilities	0.4%	0.4%
Commercial real estate	5.1%	3.2%
Securities-based lending and Other	0.6%	0.4%
Total Institutional Securities loans	1.5%	1.3%

Wealth Management Loans and Lending Commitments

	At September 30, 2023						
	Cont						
\$ in millions	<1	1-5	5-15	>15	Total		
Securities-based lending and Other loans	\$ 76,816	\$ 8,488	\$1,522	\$ 137	\$ 86,963		
Residential real estate loans	1	80	1,292	57,543	58,916		
Total loans, net of ACL	\$ 76,817	\$ 8,568	\$2,814	\$ 57,680	\$145,879		
Lending commitments	16,079	2,659	27	346	19,111		
Total exposure	\$ 92,896	\$11,227	\$2,841	\$ 58,026	\$164,990		
Total expectate	Ψ 32,030	Ψ11,227	Ψ2,041	Ψ 30,020	ψ104,3		

	At December 31, 2022						
	Cont						
\$ in millions	<1	1-5	5-15	>15	Total		
Securities-based lending and Other loans	\$ 80,526	\$ 9,371	\$1,692	\$ 140	\$ 91,729		
Residential real estate loans	1	32	1,375	52,968	54,376		
Total loans, net of ACL	\$ 80,527	\$ 9,403	\$3,067	\$53,108	\$146,105		
Lending commitments	12,408	4,501	37	323	17,269		
Total exposure	\$ 92,935	\$13,904	\$3,104	\$53,431	\$163,374		

^{1.} Amounts include HFI, HFS and FVO loans and lending commitments. HFI loans are presented net of ACL.

Risk Disclosures

The principal Wealth Management business segment lending activities include Securities-based lending and Residential real estate loans.

Securities-based lending allows clients to borrow money against the value of qualifying securities, generally for any purpose other than purchasing, trading or carrying securities or refinancing margin debt. Other loans include structured loans originated through the Firm's private banking platform to high and ultra-high net worth clients that are mostly secured by various types of collateral, including stock, private investments, commercial real estate and other financial assets. For more information about our Securities-based lending and Residential real estate loans, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Credit Risk" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Wealth Management Commercial Real Estate Loans and Lending Commitments by Property Type

		At Sep	At September 30, 2023			2023	At December 31, 2022					022
\$ in millions	L	oans ¹		LC ¹		Total	L	oans¹		LC ¹		Total
Multifamily	\$	1,925	\$	155	\$	2,080	\$	1,661	\$	142	\$	1,803
Retail		2,045		12		2,057		2,135		6		2,141
Office		1,670		1		1,671		1,675		1		1,676
Industrial		415		_		415		330		_		330
Hotel		411		_		411		419		_		419
Other		438		10		448		183		10		193
Total	\$	6,904	\$	178	\$	7,082	\$	6,403	\$	159	\$	6,562

LC-Lending Commitments

As of September 30, 2023, our direct lending against CRE totaled \$7.1 billion within the Wealth Management business segment, which represents 4.3% of total exposure reflected in the Wealth Management Loans and Lending Commitments table above, primarily included within Securities-based lending and Other. Such loans are originated through our private banking platform, are both secured and generally benefiting from full or partial guarantees from high or ultrahigh net worth clients, which partially reduce associated credit risk. At both September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, greater than 95% of the CRE loans balance in the Wealth Management business segment received guarantees. All of our lending against CRE properties within Wealth Management are in the Americas region.

Wealth Management Allowance for Credit Losses—Loans and Lending Commitments

\$ in millions	
ACL—Loans	\$ 165
ACL—Lending commitments	20
Total at December 31, 2022	\$ 185
Gross charge-offs	(2)
Recoveries	1
Net (charge-offs) recoveries	(1)
Provision for credit losses	150
Total at September 30, 2023	\$ 334
ACL—Loans	\$ 312
ACL—Lending commitments	22

At September 30, 2023, more than 75% of Wealth Management residential real estate loans were to borrowers with "Exceptional" or "Very Good" FICO scores (*i.e.*, exceeding 740). Additionally, Wealth Management's securities-based lending portfolio remains well-collateralized and subject to daily client margining, which includes requiring customers to deposit additional collateral or reduce debt positions, when necessary.

Customer and Other Receivables

Margin Loans and Other Lending

\$ in millions	At September 30, 2023		At December 31, 2022		
Institutional Securities	\$	19,670	\$	16,591	
Wealth Management		23,029		21,933	
Total	\$	42,699	\$	38,524	

The Institutional Securities and Wealth Management business segments provide margin lending arrangements that allow customers to borrow against the value of qualifying securities, primarily for the purpose of purchasing additional securities, as well as to collateralize short positions. Institutional Securities primarily includes margin loans in the Equity Financing business. Wealth Management includes margin loans as well as non-purpose securities-based lending on nonbank entities. Amounts may fluctuate from period to period as overall client balances change as a result of market levels, client positioning and leverage.

Credit exposures arising from margin lending activities are generally mitigated by their short-term nature, the value of collateral held and our right to call for additional margin when collateral values decline. However, we could incur losses in the event that the customer fails to meet margin calls and collateral values decline below the loan amount. This risk is elevated in loans backed by collateral pools with significant concentrations in individual issuers or securities with similar risk characteristics. For a further discussion, see "Risk Factors—Credit Risk" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Employee Loans

For information on employee loans and related ACL, see Note 9 to the financial statements.

Amounts include HFI loans and lending commitments. HFI loans are presented net of ACL.

Risk Disclosures

Derivatives

Fair Value of OTC Derivative Assets

	Counterparty Credit Rating ¹											
\$ in millions		AAA		AA		Α		BBB		NIG	Total	
At September 30, 2023												
Less than 1 year	\$	2,018	\$	18,524	\$	40,635	\$	27,488	\$	8,951	\$	97,616
1-3 years		1,359		11,520		19,873		14,941		8,006		55,699
3-5 years		864		11,450		9,207		7,126		3,423		32,070
Over 5 years		4,006		62,666		52,066		31,760		6,103		156,601
Total, gross	\$	8,247	\$	104,160	\$	121,781	\$	81,315	\$	26,483	\$	341,986
Counterparty netting		(3,884)		(87,437)		(89,407)		(60,211)		(15,375)	(256,314)
Cash and securities collateral		(2,234)		(14,725)		(28,196)		(14,445)		(6,368)		(65,968)
Total, net	\$	2,129	\$	1,998	\$	4,178	\$	6,659	\$	4,740	\$	19,704

\$ in millions	AAA	AA		Α		BBB		NIG	Total	
At December 31, 2022										
Less than 1 year	\$ 2,903	\$ 18,166	\$	40,825	\$	32,373	\$	10,730	\$104,99	7
1-3 years	1,818	8,648		17,113		19,365		6,974	53,91	8
3-5 years	655	6,834		8,632		9,105		4,049	29,27	5
Over 5 years	4,206	42,613		45,488		46,660		8,244	147,21	1
Total, gross	\$ 9,582	\$ 76,261	\$	112,058	\$	107,503	\$	29,997	\$335,40	1
Counterparty netting	(4,037)	(60,451)		(79,334)		(85,786)		(17,415)	(247,02	3)
Cash and securities collateral	(3,632)	(13,402)		(28,776)		(14,457)		(5,198)	(65,46	5)
Total, net	\$ 1,913	\$ 2,408	\$	3,948	\$	7,260	\$	7,384	\$ 22,91	3

l otal, net	\$	1,913	\$ 2,408	\$ 3,948	\$ 7,260 \$	7,384	\$ 22,913
\$ in millions				At At September 30, December 3 2023 2022			
Industry							
Financials				\$	6,225	\$	6,294
Utilities					4,155		5,656
Regional governr	nents				2,256		2,052
Energy					1,222		2,851
Industrials					1,186		1,433
Communications	servi	ces			1,013		1,051
Consumer discre	tionar	у			630		290
Information techn	ology				585		480
Consumer staple	s				553		687
Sovereign govern	nment	s			453		410
Healthcare					352		565
Materials					291		317
Insurance					191		185
Not-for-profit orga	anizat	ions			118		204
Real estate					83		95
Other					391		343
Total				\$	19,704	\$	22,913

 $^{{\}it 1. } \ \ {\it Counterparty credit ratings are determined internally by the CRM.}$

We are exposed to credit risk as a dealer in OTC derivatives. Credit risk with respect to derivative instruments arises from the possibility that a counterparty may fail to perform according to the terms of the contract. For more information on derivatives, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Credit Risk—Derivatives" in the 2022 Form 10-K and Note 6 to the financial statements.

Country Risk

Country risk exposure is the risk that events in, or that affect, a foreign country (any country other than the U.S.) might adversely affect us. We actively manage country risk exposure through a comprehensive risk management framework that combines credit and other market fundamentals and allows us to effectively identify, monitor and limit country risk. For a further discussion of our country risk exposure see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Country and Other Risks" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Top 10 Non-U.S. Country Exposures at September 30, 2023

\$ in millions		Jnited ngdom	F	rance	Ge	ermany	E	Brazil	J	lapan
Sovereign		J · ·								
Net inventory ¹	\$	(555)	\$	959	\$	(470)	\$	3,449	\$	(123)
Net counterparty exposure ²		31		1		130		_		35
Exposure before hedges		(524)		960		(340)		3,449		(88)
Hedges ³		(55)		(6)		(262)		(161)		(182)
Net exposure	\$	(579)	\$	954	\$	(602)	\$	3,288	\$	(270)
Non-sovereign										
Net inventory ¹	\$	1,635	\$	818	\$	983	\$	125	\$	910
Net counterparty exposure ²		7,597		3,016		2,201		403		3,919
Loans		7,972		819		1,014		386		40
Lending commitments		7,107		2,954		4,456		306		_
Exposure before hedges		24,311		7,607		8,654		1,220		4,869
Hedges ³		(1,791)	((1,998)		(1,743)		(36)		(524)
Net exposure	\$	22,520	\$	5,609	\$	6,911	\$	1,184	\$	4,345
Total net exposure	\$	21,941	\$	6,563	\$	6,309	\$	4,472	\$	4,075
\$ in millions	(China	Α	ustralia	С	anada	lr	eland		Spain
Sovereign	•	4 474	•	(4)	•	225	•	450	•	(040)
Net inventory ¹	\$	1,171	\$	(1)	\$		\$	153	\$	(619)
Net counterparty exposure ² Exposure before hedges		114		153		66		450		(040)
Hedges ³		1,285		152		401		153		(618)
	•	(65)	•	450	•		•	450	•	(8)
Net exposure Non-sovereign	\$	1,220	\$	152	\$	401	\$	153	\$	(626)
Net inventory ¹	\$	1,545	\$	509	\$	456	\$	665	\$	296
Net counterparty exposure ²	Ψ	158	Ψ	747	Ψ	937	Ψ	385	Ψ	401
Loans		470		1,623		368		1,577		1,935
Lending commitments		664		1,009		1,384		457		1,147
Exposure before hedges		2,837		3,888		3,145		3,084		3,779
Hedges ³		(86)		(411)		(57)		(4)		(334)
Net exposure	\$	2,751	\$	3,477		3,088	\$	3,080	\$	3,445
		_,	~				Ψ	-,000	Ψ	-,

- Net inventory represents exposure to both long and short single-name and index positions (i.e., bonds and equities at fair value and CDS based on a notional amount assuming zero recovery adjusted for the fair value of any receivable or payable).
- Net counterparty exposure (e.g., repurchase transactions, securities lending and OTC derivatives) is net of the benefit of collateral received and also is net by counterparty when legally enforceable master netting agreements are in place. For more information, see "Additional Information—Top 10 Non-U.S. Country Exposures" herein.
- 3. Amounts represent net CDS hedges (purchased and sold) on net counterparty exposure and lending executed by trading desks responsible for hedging counterparty and lending credit risk exposures. Amounts are based on the CDS notional amount assuming zero recovery adjusted for the fair value of any receivable or payable. For further description of the contractual terms for purchased credit protection and whether they may limit the effectiveness of our hedges, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Credit Risk—Derivatives" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Risk Disclosures

Additional Information—Top 10 Non-U.S. Country Exposures

Collateral Held against Net Counterparty Exposure¹

\$ in millions					
Country of Risk	Collateral ²				
United Kingdom	U.K., U.S. and Japan	\$ 8,	914		
Japan	Japan and U.S.	7,	150		
Other	U.S., France and Italy	16,	453		

- The benefit of collateral received is reflected in the Top 10 Non-U.S. Country Exposures at September 30, 2023.
- 2. Primarily consists of cash and government obligations of the countries listed.

Operational Risk

Operational risk refers to the risk of loss, or of damage to our reputation, resulting from inadequate or failed processes or systems, from human factors or from external events (*e.g.*, cyber attacks or third-party vulnerabilities) that may manifest as, for example, loss of information, business disruption, theft and fraud, legal and compliance risks, or damage to physical assets. We may incur operational risk across the full scope of our business activities, including revenue-generating activities and support and control groups (*e.g.*, information technology and trade processing). For a further discussion about our operational risk, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Operational Risk" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Model Risk

Model risk refers to the potential for adverse consequences from decisions based on incorrect or misused model outputs. Model risk can lead to financial loss, poor business and strategic decision making or damage to our reputation. The risk inherent in a model is a function of the materiality, complexity and uncertainty around inputs and assumptions. Model risk is generated from the use of models impacting financial statements, regulatory filings, capital adequacy assessments and the formulation of strategy. For a further discussion about our model risk, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Model Risk" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that we will be unable to finance our operations due to a loss of access to the capital markets or difficulty in liquidating our assets. Liquidity risk also encompasses our ability (or perceived ability) to meet our financial obligations without experiencing significant business disruption or reputational damage that may threaten our viability as a going concern. For a further discussion about our liquidity risk, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Liquidity Risk" in the 2022 Form 10-K and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources" herein.

Legal and Compliance Risk

Legal and compliance risk includes the risk of legal or regulatory sanctions, material financial loss, including fines, penalties, judgments, damages and/or settlements, limitations on our business, or loss to reputation that we may suffer as a result of failure to comply with laws, regulations, rules, related self-regulatory organization standards and codes of conduct applicable to our business activities. This risk also includes contractual and commercial risk, such as the risk that counterparty's performance obligations unenforceable. It also includes compliance with AML, terrorist financing, and anti-corruption rules and regulations. For a further discussion about our legal and compliance risk, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk-Legal and Compliance Risk" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Climate Risk

Climate change manifests as physical and transition risks. The physical risks of climate change include acute events, such as flooding, hurricanes, heatwaves and wildfires, and chronic, longer-term shifts in climate patterns, such as increasing global average temperatures, rising sea levels, and droughts. Transition risks are policy, legal, technological, and market changes to address climate risks and include changes in consumer behavior, shareholder preferences, and any additional regulatory and legislative requirements, such as carbon taxes. Climate risk, which is not expected to have a significant effect on our consolidated results of operations or financial condition in the near-term, is an overarching risk that can impact other categories of risk over the longer-term. For a further discussion about our climate risk, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk-Climate Risk" in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and the Board of Directors of Morgan Stanley:

Results of Review of Interim Financial Information

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet of Morgan Stanley and subsidiaries (the "Firm") as of September 30, 2023, and the related condensed consolidated income statements, comprehensive income statements and statements of changes in total equity for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, and the cash flow statements for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "interim financial information"). Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying interim financial information for it to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheet of the Firm as of December 31, 2022, and the related consolidated income statement, comprehensive income statement, cash flow statement and statement of changes in total equity for the year then ended (not presented herein) included in the Firm's Annual Report on Form 10-K; and in our report dated February 24, 2023, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2022, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP New York, New York November 3, 2023

Basis for Review Results

This interim financial information is the responsibility of the Firm's management. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Firm in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Consolidated Income Statement (Unaudited)

	Three Mont Septemb		Nine Months September		
in millions, except per share data	 2023	2022	2023	2022	
Revenues					
Investment banking	\$ 1,048	\$ 1,373 \$	3,533 \$	4,281	
Trading	3,679	3,331	11,958	10,911	
Investments	144	(168)	384	(70)	
Commissions and fees	1,098	1,133	3,427	3,769	
Asset management	5,031	4,744	14,576	14,775	
Other	296	63	1,036	245	
Total non-interest revenues	11,296	10,476	34,914	33,911	
Interest income	13,305	6,101	36,223	12,363	
Interest expense	11,328	3,591	29,890	5,355	
Net interest	1,977	2,510	6,333	7,008	
Net revenues	13,273	12,986	41,247	40,919	
Provision for credit losses	134	35	529	193	
Non-interest expenses					
Compensation and benefits	5,935	5,614	18,607	17,438	
Brokerage, clearing and exchange fees	855	847	2,611	2,607	
Information processing and communications	947	874	2,788	2,560	
Professional services	759	755	2,236	2,217	
Occupancy and equipment	456	429	1,367	1,286	
Marketing and business development	191	215	674	610	
Other	851	829	2,718	2,713	
Total non-interest expenses	9,994	9,563	31,001	29,431	
Income before provision for income taxes	3,145	3,388	9,717	11,295	
Provision for income taxes	710	726	2,028	2,382	
Net income	\$ 2,435	\$ 2,662 \$	7,689 \$	8,913	
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests	27	30	119	120	
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$ 2,408	\$ 2,632 \$	7,570 \$	8,793	
Preferred stock dividends	146	138	423	366	
Earnings applicable to Morgan Stanley common shareholders	\$ 2,262	\$ 2,494 \$	7,147 \$	8,427	
Earnings per common share					
Basic	\$ 1.39	\$ 1.49 \$	4.37 \$	4.95	
Diluted	\$ 1.38	\$ 1.47 \$	4.33 \$	4.88	
Average common shares outstanding					
Basic	1,624	1,674	1,635	1,704	
Diluted	1,643	1,697	1,653	1,725	

Consolidated Comprehensive Income Statement (Unaudited)

		Three Months September		Nine Months Ended September 30,		
\$ in millions		2023	2022	2023	2022	
Net income	\$	2,435 \$	2,662 \$	7,689 \$	8,913	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:						
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(149)	(268)	(240)	(661)	
Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities		(366)	(1,307)	125	(4,778)	
Pension and other		(1)	5	(3)	13	
Change in net debt valuation adjustment		(414)	816	(960)	2,628	
Net change in cash flow hedges		(3)	_	(16)	_	
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	\$	(933) \$	(754) \$	(1,094) \$	(2,798)	
Comprehensive income	\$	1,502 \$	1,908 \$	6,595 \$	6,115	
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests		27	30	119	120	
Other comprehensive income (loss) applicable to noncontrolling interests		(31)	(17)	(145)	(142)	
Comprehensive income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$	1,506 \$	1,895 \$	6,621 \$	6,137	

Consolidated Balance Sheet

Assets 1 S 108,41 s 1 \$ 128,217 Cash and cash equivalents (\$137,504 and \$124,411 were pledged to various parties) (\$34,685 on 30,315 investment securities) 346,685 on 30,315 investment securities Available-for-Scale at fair value (\$137,504 and \$15,73 and \$89,772) 76,261 on 34,297	C in millions, execut above data	`	Jnaudited) At ptember 30, 2023	De	At cember 31, 2022
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 108,40 \$ 201,207 Trading assets at fair value (\$137,504 and \$124,411 were pledged to various partiels) 30,80 \$ 30,135 Investments securities: **** **** 48,20 \$ 48,20 \$ 48,20 \$ 57,633 48,20 \$ 57,633 48,20 \$ 57,633 58,00 \$ 57,633 58,00 \$ 57,635 58,00 \$ 58,00 \$ 58,00 \$ 57,635 58,00 \$<	\$ in millions, except share data Assets		2023		
Training assets at fair value (\$137,504 and \$124,411 were pledged to various parties) 346,68 301,315 Investment securities: 47,61 4,226 Held-Lo-maturity (fair value of \$58,324 and \$65,006) 70,765 57,634 Securities purchased under agreements to resell (includes \$- and \$8 at fair value) 10,069 133,037 Customer and other receivables 20,076 13,007 Customer and other receivables 20,076 14,008 Cheld for investment (net of allowance for credit losses of \$1,157 and \$839) 20,274 19,009 Held for investment (net of allowance for credit losses of \$1,157 and \$839) 7,004 7,068 Goodwill 1,009 1,009 7,004 Moderable 20,074 7,018 Goodwill 1,009 7,004 7,018 Moderable assets (net of accumulated amortization of \$4,704 and \$4,253) 7,00 7,00 7,00 Total assets 3,000 1,000 1,00 1,00 Total assets (net of accumulated amortization of \$4,704 and \$4,253) 3,00 1,00 1,00 Total assets (net of accumulated amortization of \$1,000 3,00		\$	108.401	\$	128.127
Newslament securities:		· ·	•	*	
Available-for-sale at fair value (amortized cost of \$81,573 and \$89,772) 76,261 84,277 Held-to-maturity (fair value of \$58,324 and \$65,006) 70,756 75,634 Securities purchased under agreements to resell (includes \$—and \$8 at fair value) 101,669 113,037 Customer and other receivables 8,045 180,307 Customer and other receivables 8,045 180,807 Held for investment (net of allowance for credit losses of \$1,157 and \$839) 202,122 188,897 Held for sale 16,699 16,689 Goodwill 16,699 16,689 Indragible assets (net of accumulated amortization of \$4,704 and \$4,253) 27,106 26,808 Other assets 27,106 26,808 Total assets \$1,690.91 \$1,808,91 Poposits (includes \$6,318 and \$4,796 at fair value) \$4,845,81 \$36,684 Poposits (includes \$6,318 and \$4,796 at fair value) \$4,854,81 \$15,676 Courties sold under agreements to repurchase (includes \$1,002 and \$864 at fair value) 9,845,81 \$15,676 Courties sold under agreements to repurchase (includes \$1,002 and \$864 at fair value) 9,206,81 \$15,676			,		
Held-to-maturity (fair value of \$\$8,324 and \$65,006)	Available-for-sale at fair value (amortized cost of \$81.573 and \$89.772)		76.261		84.297
Securilies borrowed 120,316 130,376 Customer and other receivables 76,585 78,580 Consars: 1 1,500 <td>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</td> <td></td> <td>70,705</td> <td></td> <td>75,634</td>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		70,705		75,634
Control Control 76,495 78,496 Control Control 8,200,742 8,200,742 8,200,743 18,200 18,200 14,203 14,203 14,708 14,203 14,708 16,609	Securities purchased under agreements to resell (includes \$— and \$8 at fair value)		101,569		113,907
Pelad for insestment (net of allowance for credit losses of \$1,157 and \$839) 20,742 198, 907 198, 198, 198, 198, 198, 198, 198, 198,	Securities borrowed		120,916		133,374
Held for investment (net of allowance for credit losses of \$1,157 and \$839) 14,230 14,230 14,636 16,669 16,6	Customer and other receivables		76,495		78,540
Held for sale 14,230 14,788 26,004 16,699 16,652 16,	Loans:				
Goodwill 16,692 16,692 Intangible assets (net of accumulated amortization of \$4,704 and \$4,253) 7,048 7,048 Other assets 27,106 26,982 Total assets \$1,169,013 \$1,80,238 Ibabilities ************************************	Held for investment (net of allowance for credit losses of \$1,157 and \$839)		202,742		198,997
Intendiplice assets (net of accumulated amortization of \$4,704 and \$4,253) 7,048 7,048 Other assets 27,106 26,962 Intendisted 1,680,303 \$ 1,802,303 Intendisted 1,680,303 \$ 1,802,303 Deposits (includes \$6,318 and \$4,796 at fair value) \$ 345,458 \$ 356,666 Tracing liabilities at fair value 150,298 154,438 Securities sold under agreements to repurchase (includes \$1,002 and \$864 at fair value) 76,661 62,534 Securities loaned 13,064 13,066 8,158 Custilities and accrued expenses (such days \$7,012 and \$4,550 at fair value) 2,063 2,013 Other secured financings (includes \$7,012 and \$4,550 at fair value) 2,073 2,013 Other secured financings (includes \$7,012 and \$4,550 at fair value) 2,073 2,016 Other secured financings (includes \$86,556 and \$78,702 at fair value) 2,073 2,016 Other secured financings (includes \$86,556 and \$78,702 at fair value) 2,073 2,073 Ted print 2,074 2,073 2,073 Ted print 2,074 2,073 2,073 Ted print	Held for sale		14,230		14,788
Other assets 27,106 26,982 Total assets 1,169,013 1,180,213 Liabilities Poposits (includes \$6,318 and \$4,796 at fair value) \$ 354,548 \$ 356,646 Trading liabilities at fair value 150,298 154,438 Securities sold under agreements to repurchase (includes \$1,002 and \$864 at fair value) 76,661 62,534 Securities loaned 9,668 8,188 15,679 Other secured financings (includes \$7,012 and \$4,550 at fair value) 9,668 8,188 Customer and other payables 200,479 210,134 Other liabilities and accrued expenses 26,034 27,353 Browings (includes \$86,556 and \$78,720 at fair value) 24,032 27,353 Total liabilities 21,068,555 1,079,000 Commitments and contingent liabilities (see Note 13) 25,750 8,750 8,750 Equity 25,750 8,750 8,750 8,750 Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity: 22 2,0 8,750 8,750 Equity 25,774 8,750 8,750 8,750 8,750 8,750 </td <td>Goodwill</td> <td></td> <td>16,699</td> <td></td> <td>16,652</td>	Goodwill		16,699		16,652
Total assets \$ 1,169,013 \$ 1,180,231 Liabilities Common stock, \$0,318 and \$4,796 at fair value) \$ 356,646 Deposits (includes \$6,318 and \$4,796 at fair value) 150,298 154,438 Securities sold under agreements to repurchase (includes \$1,002 and \$864 at fair value) 76,661 62,534 Securities loaned 13,064 15,679 76,661 62,534 Other secured financings (includes \$7,012 and \$4,550 at fair value) 200,479 216,134 Other liabilities and accrued expenses 200,479 216,134 Other liabilities and accrued expenses 26,034 27,353 Borrowings (includes \$86,556 and \$78,720 at fair value) 247,193 238,058 Total liabilities 7,066,054 2,753 2,750 Commitments and contingent liabilities (see Note 13) 8,750 8,750 8,750 Equity 8,750 8,750 8,750 8,750 8,750 Common stock, \$0.01 par value: 8,750 8,750 2,039 2,039 2,039 2,039 2,039 2,039 2,039 2,039 2,039 2,039 2,039<	Intangible assets (net of accumulated amortization of \$4,704 and \$4,253)		7,204		7,618
Liabilities Beposits (includes \$6,318 and \$4,796 at fair value) \$ 345,458 \$ 356,646 Trading liabilities at fair value 150,298 154,438 Securities sold under agreements to repurchase (includes \$1,002 and \$864 at fair value) 76,661 62,534 Securities loaned 13,064 15,679 Other secured financings (includes \$7,012 and \$4,550 at fair value) 9,668 8,158 Customer and other payables 200,479 216,134 Other liabilities and accrued expenses 26,034 27,353 Borrowings (includes \$86,556 and \$78,720 at fair value) 247,193 238,058 Total liabilities 1,068,855 1,079,000 Commitments and contingent liabilities (see Note 13) Equity Preferred stock 8,750 8,750 Common stock, \$0.01 par value: Shares authorized: 3,500,000,000; Shares issued: 2,038,893,979; Shares outstanding: 1,642,250,165 and 1,675,487,409 20 20 Additional paid-in capital 29,595 29,339 29 Retained earnings 98,007 94,862 20 Employee stock trus	Other assets		27,106		26,982
Deposits (includes \$6,318 and \$4,796 at fair value) \$ 345,458 \$ 356,646 Tracing liabilities at fair value 150,298 154,438 Securities sold under agreements to repurchase (includes \$1,002 and \$864 at fair value) 76,661 62,534 Securities loaned 13,064 15,679 Other secured financings (includes \$7,012 and \$4,550 at fair value) 200,479 216,134 Customer and other payables 26,034 27,353 Sorrowings (includes \$86,556 and \$78,720 at fair value) 247,193 236,034 Sorrowings (includes \$86,556 and \$78,720 at fair value) 247,193 270,000 Total liabilities 247,193 270,000 Sorrowings (includes \$86,556 and \$78,720 at fair value) 247,193 270,000 Total liabilities (see Note 13) Equity Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity: Preferred stock 8,750 8,750 8,750 8,750 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Total assets	\$	1,169,013	\$	1,180,231
Trading liabilities at fair value 155,298 154,438 Securities sold under agreements to repurchase (includes \$1,002 and \$864 at fair value) 76,661 62,534 Securities loaned 13,064 15,679 Other secured financings (includes \$7,012 and \$4,550 at fair value) 200,479 216,134 Other liabilities and accrued expenses 26,034 27,353 Borrowings (includes \$86,556 and \$78,720 at fair value) 247,193 238,058 Total liabilities 1,068,855 1,079,000 Commitments and contingent liabilities (see Note 13) Equity Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity: Preferred stock 8,750 8,750 Common stock, \$0,01 par value: Shares authorized: 3,500,000,000; Shares issued: 2,038,893,979; Shares outstanding: 1,642,250,165 and 1,675,487,409 20 20 Additional paid-in capital 29,595 29,339 29,539 29,339 Retained earnings 98,007 94,862 29,599 26,573 Common stock Itusts 5,244 4,881 Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (7,202)	Liabilities				
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase (includes \$1,002 and \$864 at fair value) 76,661 62,534 Securities loaned 13,064 15,679 Other secured financings (includes \$7,012 and \$4,550 at fair value) 9,668 8,158 Customer and other payables 200,479 216,134 Other liabilities and accrued expenses 26,034 27,353 Borrowings (includes \$86,556 and \$78,720 at fair value) 247,193 238,058 Total liabilities 1,068,855 1,079,000 Commitments and contingent liabilities (see Note 13) Equity Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity: 8,750 8,750 Common stock, \$0.01 par value: 20 8,750 8,750 Shares authorized: 3,500,000,000; Shares issued: 2,038,893,979; Shares outstanding: 1,642,250,165 and 1,675,487,409 20 20 Additional paid-in capital 29,595 29,339 Retained earnings 98,007 94,862 Employee stock trusts 7,720; (6,253) Common stock held in treasury at cost, \$0.01 par value (396,643,814 and 363,406,570 shares) (29,295) (26,573) Common stock	Deposits (includes \$6,318 and \$4,796 at fair value)	\$	345,458	\$	356,646
Securities loaned 13,064 15,679 Other secured financings (includes \$7,012 and \$4,550 at fair value) 9,668 8,158 Customer and other payables 200,479 216,134 Other liabilities and accrued expenses 26,034 27,353 Borrowings (includes \$86,556 and \$78,720 at fair value) 247,193 238,058 Total liabilities 1,068,855 1,079,000 Commitments and contingent liabilities (see Note 13) Equity Preferred stock 8,750 8,750 Common stock, \$0.01 par value: Shares authorized: 3,500,000,000; Shares issued: 2,038,893,979; Shares outstanding: 1,642,250,165 and 1,675,487,409 20 Additional paid-in capital 29,595 29,339 Retained earnings 98,007 94,862 Employee stock trusts 5,244 4,881 Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (7,202) (6,253) Common stock held in treasury at cost, \$0.01 par value (396,643,814 and 363,406,570 shares) (29,959) (26,573) Common stock issued to employee stock trusts (5,244) 4,881)	Trading liabilities at fair value		150,298		154,438
Other secured financings (includes \$7,012 and \$4,550 at fair value) 9,668 8,158 Customer and other payables 200,479 216,134 Other liabilities and accrued expenses 26,034 27,353 Borrowings (includes \$86,556 and \$78,720 at fair value) 247,193 238,058 Total liabilities 1,068,855 1,079,000 Commitments and contingent liabilities (see Note 13) Equity Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity: Preferred stock 8,750 8,750 Common stock, \$0.01 par value: Shares authorized: 3,500,000,000; Shares issued: 2,038,893,979; Shares outstanding: 1,642,250,165 and 1,675,487,409 20 20 Additional paid-in capital 29,595 29,339 Retained earnings 98,007 94,862 Employee stock trusts 5,244 4,881 Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (7,202) (26,537) Common stock led in treasury at cost, \$0.01 par value (396,643,814 and 363,406,570 shares) (29,959) (26,577) Common stock issued to employee stock trusts (5,244) (4,881) Total Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity	Securities sold under agreements to repurchase (includes \$1,002 and \$864 at fair value)		76,661		62,534
Customer and other payables 200,479 216,134 Other liabilities and accrued expenses 26,034 27,353 Borrowings (includes \$86,556 and \$78,720 at fair value) 247,193 238,058 Total liabilities 1,068,555 1,079,000 Commitments and contingent liabilities (see Note 13) Equity Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity: 8,750 8,750 Preferred stock 8,750 8,750 Common stock, \$0.01 par value: \$ 20 Shares authorized: 3,500,000,000; Shares issued: 2,038,893,979; Shares outstanding: 1,642,250,165 and 1,675,487,409 20 20 Additional paid-in capital 29,595 29,339 Retained earnings 98,007 94,862 Employee stock trusts 5,244 4,881 Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (7,202) 62,537 Common stock held in treasury at cost, \$0.01 par value (396,643,814 and 363,406,570 shares) (29,959) 26,573 Common stock issued to employee stock trusts (5,244) 4,881 Total Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity 99,211 100,141	Securities loaned		13,064		15,679
Other liabilities and accrued expenses 26,034 27,353 Borrowings (includes \$86,556 and \$78,720 at fair value) 247,193 238,058 Total liabilities 1,068,855 1,079,000 Commitments and contingent liabilities (see Note 13) Equity Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity: Preferred stock 8,750 8,750 Common stock, \$0.01 par value: Shares authorized: 3,500,000,000; Shares issued: 2,038,893,979; Shares outstanding: 1,642,250,165 and 1,675,487,409 20 20 Additional paid-in capital 29,595 29,339 Retained earnings 98,007 94,862 Employee stock trusts 5,244 4,881 Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (7,202) (6,253) Common stock held in treasury at cost, \$0.01 par value (396,643,814 and 363,406,570 shares) (29,959) (26,577) Common stock issued to employee stock trusts (5,244) (4,881) Total Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity 99,211 100,141 Noncontrolling interests 947 1,090 Total equity 100,158 101,231	Other secured financings (includes \$7,012 and \$4,550 at fair value)		9,668		8,158
Borrowings (includes \$86,556 and \$78,720 at fair value) 247,193 238,058 Total liabilities 1,068,855 1,079,000 Commitments and contingent liabilities (see Note 13) Equity Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity: Preferred stock 8,750 8,750 Common stock, \$0.01 par value: Shares authorized: 3,500,000,000; Shares issued: 2,038,893,979; Shares outstanding: 1,642,250,165 and 1,675,487,409 20 20 Additional paid-in capital 29,595 29,339 Retained earnings 98,007 94,862 Employee stock trusts 5,244 4,881 Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (7,202) (6,253) Common stock held in treasury at cost, \$0.01 par value (396,643,814 and 363,406,570 shares) (29,959) (26,577) Common stock issued to employee stock trusts (5,244) (4,881) Total Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity 99,211 100,141 Noncontrolling interests 947 1,090 Total equity 100,158 101,231	Customer and other payables		200,479		216,134
Total liabilities 1,068,855 1,079,000 Commitments and contingent liabilities (see Note 13) Equity Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity: Preferred stock 8,750 8,750 Common stock, \$0.01 par value: Shares authorized: 3,500,000,000; Shares issued: 2,038,893,979; Shares outstanding: 1,642,250,165 and 1,675,487,409 20 20 Additional paid-in capital 29,595 29,339 Retained earnings 98,007 94,862 Employee stock trusts 5,244 4,881 Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (7,202) (6,253) Common stock held in treasury at cost, \$0.01 par value (396,643,814 and 363,406,570 shares) (29,959) (26,577) Common stock issued to employee stock trusts (5,244) (4,881) Total Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity 99,211 100,141 Noncontrolling interests 947 1,090 Total equity 100,158 101,231	Other liabilities and accrued expenses		26,034		27,353
Commitments and contingent liabilities (see Note 13) Equity Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity: Preferred stock 8,750 8,750 Common stock, \$0.01 par value: Shares authorized: 3,500,000,000; Shares issued: 2,038,893,979; Shares outstanding: 1,642,250,165 and 1,675,487,409 20 20 Additional paid-in capital 29,595 29,339 Retained earnings 98,007 94,862 Employee stock trusts 5,244 4,881 Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (7,202) (6,253) Common stock held in treasury at cost, \$0.01 par value (396,643,814 and 363,406,570 shares) (29,959) (26,577) Common stock issued to employee stock trusts (5,244) (4,881) Total Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity 99,211 100,141 Noncontrolling interests 947 1,090 Total equity 100,158 101,231	Borrowings (includes \$86,556 and \$78,720 at fair value)		247,193		238,058
Equity Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity: 8,750 8,750 8,750 Preferred stock 8,750 8,750 8,750 Common stock, \$0.01 par value: Shares authorized: 3,500,000,000; Shares issued: 2,038,893,979; Shares outstanding: 1,642,250,165 and 1,675,487,409 20 20 Additional paid-in capital 29,595 29,339 Retained earnings 98,007 94,862 Employee stock trusts 5,244 4,881 Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (7,202) (6,253) Common stock held in treasury at cost, \$0.01 par value (396,643,814 and 363,406,570 shares) (29,959) (26,577) Common stock issued to employee stock trusts (5,244) (4,881) Total Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity 99,211 100,141 Noncontrolling interests 947 1,090 Total equity 100,158 101,231	Total liabilities		1,068,855		1,079,000
Additional paid-in capital 29,595 29,339 Retained earnings 98,007 94,862 Employee stock trusts 5,244 4,881 Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (7,202) (6,253) Common stock held in treasury at cost, \$0.01 par value (396,643,814 and 363,406,570 shares) (29,959) (26,577) Common stock issued to employee stock trusts (5,244) (4,881) Total Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity 99,211 100,141 Noncontrolling interests 947 1,090 Total equity 100,158 101,231	Equity Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity: Preferred stock Common stock, \$0.01 par value: Shares authorized: 3,500,000,000; Shares issued: 2,038,893,979; Shares outstanding: 1,642,250,165 and				
Retained earnings 98,007 94,862 Employee stock trusts 5,244 4,881 Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (7,202) (6,253) Common stock held in treasury at cost, \$0.01 par value (396,643,814 and 363,406,570 shares) (29,959) (26,577) Common stock issued to employee stock trusts (5,244) (4,881) Total Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity 99,211 100,141 Noncontrolling interests 947 1,090 Total equity 100,158 101,231					
Employee stock trusts 5,244 4,881 Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (7,202) (6,253) Common stock held in treasury at cost, \$0.01 par value (396,643,814 and 363,406,570 shares) (29,959) (26,577) Common stock issued to employee stock trusts (5,244) (4,881) Total Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity 99,211 100,141 Noncontrolling interests 947 1,090 Total equity 100,158 101,231					
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (7,202) (6,253) Common stock held in treasury at cost, \$0.01 par value (396,643,814 and 363,406,570 shares) (29,959) (26,577) Common stock issued to employee stock trusts (5,244) (4,881) Total Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity 99,211 100,141 Noncontrolling interests 947 1,090 Total equity 100,158 101,231					
Common stock held in treasury at cost, \$0.01 par value (396,643,814 and 363,406,570 shares) (29,959) (26,577) Common stock issued to employee stock trusts (5,244) (4,881) Total Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity 99,211 100,141 Noncontrolling interests 947 1,090 Total equity 100,158 101,231					
Common stock issued to employee stock trusts(5,244)(4,881)Total Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity99,211100,141Noncontrolling interests9471,090Total equity100,158101,231	. , ,				
Total Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity 99,211 100,141 Noncontrolling interests 947 1,090 Total equity 100,158 101,231					
Noncontrolling interests 947 1,090 Total equity 100,158 101,231	· · ·				
Total equity 100,158 101,231	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Total liabilities and equity	\$		\$	1,180,231

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Total Equity (Unaudited)

	Three Mont September		Nine Months Ended September 30,			
\$ in millions	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Preferred Stock						
Beginning balance	\$ 8,750	\$ 7,750 \$	8,750 \$	7,750		
Issuance of preferred stock	_	1,000	_	1,000		
Ending balance	8,750	8,750	8,750	8,750		
Common Stock						
Beginning and ending balance	20	20	20	20		
Additional Paid-in Capital						
Beginning balance	29,245	28,394	29,339	28,841		
Share-based award activity	350	505	256	57		
Issuance of preferred stock	_	(6)	_	(6		
Other net increases (decreases)	_	_	_	1		
Ending balance	29,595	28,893	29,595	28,893		
Retained Earnings						
Beginning balance	97,151	92,889	94,862	89,432		
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	2,408	2,632	7,570	8,793		
Preferred stock dividends ¹	(146)	(138)	(423)	(366		
Common stock dividends ¹	(1,404)	(1,329)	(4,001)	(3,802		
Other net increases (decreases)	(2)	1	(1)	(2		
Ending balance	98,007	94,055	98,007	94,055		
Employee Stock Trusts						
Beginning balance	5,258	4,900	4,881	3,955		
Share-based award activity	(14)	(40)	363	905		
Ending balance	5,244	4,860	5,244	4,860		
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)						
Beginning balance	(6,300)	(5,021)	(6,253)	(3,102		
Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(902)	(737)	(949)	(2,656		
Ending balance	(7,202)	(5,758)	(7,202)	(5,758		
Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost						
Beginning balance	(28,480)	(22,436)	(26,577)	(17,500		
Share-based award activity	77	95	1,479	1,677		
Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings	(1,556)	(2,608)	(4,861)	(9,126		
Ending balance	(29,959)	(24,949)	(29,959)	(24,949		
Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts						
Beginning balance	(5,258)	(4,900)	(4,881)	(3,955		
Share-based award activity	14	40	(363)	(905		
Ending balance	(5,244)	(4,860)	(5,244)	(4,860		
Noncontrolling Interests						
Beginning balance	975	1,066	1,090	1,157		
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests	27	30	119	120		
Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) applicable to noncontrolling interests	(31)	(17)	(145)	(142		
Other net increases (decreases)	(24)	(1)	(117)	(57		
Ending balance	947	1,078	947	1,078		
Total Equity	\$ 100,158	\$ 102,089 \$	100,158 \$	102,089		

^{1.} See Note 16 for information regarding dividends per share for each class of stock.

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (Unaudited)

Morgan Stanley

	Nine Months Septembe	
\$ in millions	2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 7,689 \$	8,913
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Stock-based compensation expense	1,348	1,377
Depreciation and amortization	2,850	2,791
Provision for credit losses	529	193
Other operating adjustments	44	508
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Trading assets, net of Trading liabilities	(53,171)	(23,285
Securities borrowed	12,458	(6,765
Securities loaned	(2,615)	798
Customer and other receivables and other assets	3,884	7,966
Customer and other payables and other liabilities	(15,265)	8,283
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	12,338	8,875
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	14.127	(2,055
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(15,784)	7,599
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from (payments for):		
Other assets—Premises, equipment and software	(2,483)	(2,308
Changes in loans, net	(4,186)	(23,280
AFS securities:	(1,100)	(20,200
Purchases	(9,522)	(22,636
Proceeds from sales	5,315	21,922
Proceeds from paydowns and maturities	12,017	11,682
HTM securities:	12,017	11,002
Purchases		(5,231)
	4,922	7,837
Proceeds from paydowns and maturities Other investing activities	(346)	
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	5,717	(516)
	3,717	(12,330)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Net proceeds from (payments for):		
Other secured financings	146	(1,352)
Deposits	(11,188)	(16,816
Issuance of preferred stock, net of issuance costs	_	994
Proceeds from issuance of Borrowings	60,916	54,283
Payments for:		
Borrowings	(48,847)	(27,019
Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings	(4,836)	(9,126
Cash dividends	(4,286)	(4,023
Other financing activities	(325)	(202
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities	(8,420)	(3,261
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(1,239)	(7,837
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(19,726)	(16,029
Cash and cash equivalents, at beginning of period	128,127	127,725
Cash and cash equivalents, at end of period	\$ 108,401 \$	111,696
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information		
Cash payments for:		
Interest	\$ 30,299 \$	4,339

1. Introduction and Basis of Presentation

The Firm

Morgan Stanley is a global financial services firm that maintains significant market positions in each of its business segments—Institutional Securities, Wealth Management and Investment Management. Morgan Stanley, through its subsidiaries and affiliates, provides a wide variety of products and services to a large and diversified group of clients and customers, including corporations, governments, financial institutions and individuals. Unless the context otherwise requires, the terms "Morgan Stanley" or the "Firm" mean Morgan Stanley (the "Parent Company") together with its consolidated subsidiaries. See the "Glossary of Common Terms and Acronyms" for the definition of certain terms and acronyms used throughout this Form 10-Q.

A description of the clients and principal products and services of each of the Firm's business segments is as follows:

Institutional Securities provides a variety of products and services to corporations, governments, financial institutions and ultra-high net worth clients. Investment Banking services consist of capital raising and financial advisory services, including the underwriting of debt, equity securities and other products, as well as advice on mergers and acquisitions, restructurings and project finance. Our Equity and Fixed Income businesses include sales, financing, prime brokerage, market-making, Asia wealth management services and certain business-related investments. Lending activities include originating corporate loans and commercial real estate loans, providing secured lending facilities, and extending securities-based and other financing to customers. Other activities include research.

Wealth Management provides a comprehensive array of financial services and solutions to individual investors and small to medium-sized businesses and institutions covering: financial advisor-led brokerage, custody, administrative and investment advisory services; self-directed brokerage services; financial and wealth planning services; workplace services, including stock plan administration; securities-based lending, residential real estate loans and other lending products; banking; and retirement plan services.

Investment Management provides a broad range of investment strategies and products that span geographies, asset classes, and public and private markets to a diverse group of clients across institutional and intermediary channels. Strategies and products, which are offered through a variety of investment vehicles, include equity, fixed income, alternatives and solutions, and liquidity and overlay services. Institutional clients include defined benefit/defined contribution plans, foundations, endowments, government entities, sovereign wealth funds, insurance companies, third-party fund sponsors and corporations. Individual clients are

generally served through intermediaries, including affiliated and non-affiliated distributors.

Basis of Financial Information

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, which requires the Firm to make estimates and assumptions regarding the valuations of certain financial instruments, the valuations of goodwill and intangible assets, the outcome of legal and tax matters, deferred tax assets, ACL, and other matters that affect its financial statements and related disclosures. The Firm believes that the estimates utilized in the preparation of its financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates.

The Notes are an integral part of the Firm's financial statements. The Firm has evaluated subsequent events for adjustment to or disclosure in these financial statements through the date of this report and has not identified any recordable or disclosable events not otherwise reported in these financial statements or the notes thereto.

The accompanying financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Firm's financial statements and notes thereto included in the 2022 Form 10-K. Certain footnote disclosures included in the 2022 Form 10-K have been condensed or omitted from these financial statements as they are not required for interim reporting under U.S. GAAP. The financial statements reflect all adjustments of a normal, recurring nature that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for the fair presentation of the results for the interim period. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the entire year.

Consolidation

The financial statements include the accounts of the Firm, its wholly owned subsidiaries and other entities in which the Firm has a controlling financial interest, including certain VIEs (see Note 14). Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. For consolidated subsidiaries that are not wholly owned, the third-party holdings of equity interests are referred to as Noncontrolling interests. The net income attributable to Noncontrolling interests for such subsidiaries is presented as Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests in the income statement. The portion of shareholders' equity that is attributable to noncontrolling interests for such subsidiaries is presented as Noncontrolling interests, a component of Total equity, in the balance sheet.

For a discussion of the Firm's significant regulated U.S. and international subsidiaries and its involvement with VIEs, see Note 1 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

For a detailed discussion about the Firm's significant accounting policies and for further information on accounting

updates adopted in the prior year, see Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023 there were no significant updates to the Firm's significant accounting policies, other than for the accounting updates adopted.

Accounting Updates Adopted in 2023

Fair Value Measurement - Equity Securities Subject to Contractual Sale Restrictions

The Firm early adopted the Fair Value Measurement of Equity Securities Subject to Contractual Sale Restrictions accounting update on July 1, 2023, with no material impact on the Firm's financial condition or results of operations upon adoption. The update clarifies that a contractual sale restriction is not considered part of the unit of account of an equity security and, therefore, is not considered in measuring fair value.

Financial Instruments - Credit Losses

The Firm adopted the *Financial Instruments-Credit Losses* accounting update on January 1, 2023, with no impact on the Firm's financial condition or results of operations upon adoption.

This accounting update eliminates the accounting guidance for troubled debt restructurings ("TDRs") and requires new disclosures regarding certain modifications of financing receivables (*i.e.*, principal forgiveness, interest rate reductions, other-than-insignificant payment delays and term extensions) to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty. The update also requires disclosure of current period gross charge-offs by year of origination for financing receivables measured at amortized cost. Refer to Note 9, Loans, Lending Commitments and Related Allowance for Credit Losses, for the new disclosures.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

\$ in millions	Sep	At stember 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022				
Cash and due from banks	\$	7,029	\$	5,409			
Interest bearing deposits with banks		101,372		122,718			
Total Cash and cash equivalents	\$	108,401	\$	128,127			
Restricted cash	\$	28,638	\$	35,380			

For additional information on cash and cash equivalents, including restricted cash, see Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

4. Fair Values

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

	At September 30, 2023										
\$ in millions	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting ¹	Total						
Assets at fair value											
Trading assets:											
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	\$ 63,418	\$ 36,553	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 99,971						
Other sovereign government obligations	36,432	6,050	94	_	42,576						
State and municipal securities	_	1,153	112	_	1,265						
MABS	_	1,499	536	_	2,035						
Loans and lending commitments ²	_	5,946	2,039	_	7,985						
Corporate and other debt	_	29,292	2,463	_	31,755						
Corporate equities ^{3,5}	104,786	676	195	_	105,657						
Derivative and other contra	cts:										
Interest rate	7,172	197,954	524	_	205,650						
Credit	_	9,471	448	_	9,919						
Foreign exchange	23	95,172	83	_	95,278						
Equity	1,807	46,557	607	_	48,971						
Commodity and other	2,075	12,334	2,910	_	17,319						
Netting ¹	(7,953)	(280,170)	(1,023)	(42,600)	(331,746)						
Total derivative and other contracts	3,124	81,318	3,549	(42,600)	45,391						
Investments ^{4,5}	624	646	934	_	2,204						
Physical commodities	_	2,381	_	_	2,381						
Total trading assets ⁴	208,384	165,514	9,922	(42,600)	341,220						
Investment securities—AFS	46,572	29,654	35	_	76,261						
Total assets at fair value	\$254,956	\$195,168	\$ 9,957	\$(42,600)	\$417,481						

	At September 30, 2023								
\$ in millions	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting ¹	Total				
Liabilities at fair value									
Deposits	\$ —	\$ 6,302	\$ 16	s —	\$ 6,318				
Trading liabilities:									
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	22,819	106	_	_	22,925				
Other sovereign government obligations	30,965	2,435	3	_	33,403				
Corporate and other debt	_	9,979	50	_	10,029				
Corporate equities ³	51,164	125	41	_	51,330				
Derivative and other contra	cts:								
Interest rate	6,183	192,109	773	_	199,065				
Credit	_	9,735	358	_	10,093				
Foreign exchange	208	86,626	212	_	87,046				
Equity	1,667	55,795	1,389	_	58,851				
Commodity and other	2,561	11,626	1,629	_	15,816				
Netting ¹	(7,953)	(280,170)	(1,023)	(49,114)	(338,260)				
Total derivative and other contracts	2,666	75,721	3,338	(49,114)	32,611				
Total trading liabilities	107,614	88,366	3,432	(49,114)	150,298				
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	_	544	458	_	1,002				
Other secured financings	_	6,914	98	_	7,012				
Borrowings	_	85,028	1,528	_	86,556				
Total liabilities at fair value	\$107,614	\$187,154	\$ 5,532	\$(49,114)	\$251,186				

	At December 31, 2022										
\$ in millions	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting ¹	Total						
Assets at fair value											
Trading assets:											
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	\$ 38,462	\$ 42,263	\$ 17	\$ —	\$ 80,742						
Other sovereign government obligations	24,644	4,769	169	_	29,582						
State and municipal securities	_	1,503	145	_	1,648						
MABS	_	1,774	416	_	2,190						
Loans and lending commitments ²	_	6,380	2,017	_	8,397						
Corporate and other debt	_	23,351	2,096	_	25,447						
Corporate equities ³	97,869	1,019	116	_	99,004						
Derivative and other contra	cts:										
Interest rate	4,481	166,392	517	_	171,390						
Credit	_	7,876	425	_	8,301						
Foreign exchange	49	115,766	183	_	115,998						
Equity	2,778	40,171	406	_	43,355						
Commodity and other	5,609	21,152	3,701	_	30,462						
Netting ¹	(9,618)	(258,821)	(1,078)	(55,777)	(325,294)						
Total derivative and other contracts	3,299	92,536	4,154	(55,777)	44,212						
Investments ⁴	652	685	923	_	2,260						
Physical commodities	_	2,379	_	_	2,379						
Total trading assets ⁴	164,926	176,659	10,053	(55,777)	295,861						
Investment securities—AFS	53,866	30,396	35	_	84,297						
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	_	8	_	_	8						
Total assets at fair value	\$218,792	\$207,063	\$10,088	\$(55,777)	\$380,166						

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	At December 31, 2022								
\$ in millions	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting ¹	Total				
Liabilities at fair value									
Deposits	\$ —	\$ 4,776	\$ 20	\$ —	\$ 4,796				
Trading liabilities:									
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	20,776	228	_	_	21,004				
Other sovereign government obligations	23,235	2,688	3	_	25,926				
Corporate and other debt	_	8,786	29	_	8,815				
Corporate equities ³	59,998	518	42	_	60,558				
Derivative and other contra	cts:								
Interest rate	3,446	161,044	668	_	165,158				
Credit	_	7,987	315	_	8,302				
Foreign exchange	89	113,383	117	_	113,589				
Equity	3,266	46,923	1,142	_	51,331				
Commodity and other	6,187	17,574	2,618	_	26,379				
Netting ¹	(9,618)	(258,821)	(1,078)	(57,107)	(326,624)				
Total derivative and other contracts	3,370	88,090	3,782	(57,107)	38,135				
Total trading liabilities	107,379	100,310	3,856	(57,107)	154,438				
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	_	352	512	_	864				
Other secured financings	_	4,459	91	_	4,550				
Borrowings		77,133	1,587		78,720				
Total liabilities at fair value	\$107,379	\$187,030	\$ 6,066	\$(57,107)	\$243,368				

MABS-Mortgage- and asset-backed securities

- 1. For positions with the same counterparty that cross over the levels of the fair value hierarchy, both counterparty netting and cash collateral netting are included in the column titled "Netting." Positions classified within the same level that are with the same counterparty are netted within that level. For further information on derivative instruments and hedging activities, see Note 6.
- For a further breakdown by type, see the following Detail of Loans and Lending Commitments at Fair Value table.
- For trading purposes, the Firm holds or sells short equity securities issued by entities in diverse industries and of varying sizes.
- 4. Amounts exclude certain investments that are measured based on NAV per share, which are not classified in the fair value hierarchy. For additional disclosure about such investments, see "Net Asset Value Measurements" herein.
- 5. At September 30, 2023, the Firm's Trading assets included an insignificant amount of equity securities subject to contractual sale restrictions that generally prohibit the Firm from selling the security for a period of time as of the measurement date.

Detail of Loans and Lending Commitments at Fair Value

\$ in millions	Sep	At tember 30, 2023	Dec	At ember 31, 2022
Secured lending facilities	\$	_	\$	6
Commercial Real Estate		584		528
Residential Real Estate		2,555		2,020
Securities-based lending and Other loans		4,846		5,843
Total	\$	7,985	\$	8,397

Unsettled Fair Value of Futures Contracts¹

\$ in millions	Sep	At tember 30, 2023	De	ecember 31, 2022
Customer and other receivables (payables), net	\$	1,062	\$	1,219

These contracts are primarily Level 1, actively traded, valued based on quoted prices from the exchange and are excluded from the previous recurring fair value tables.

For a description of the valuation techniques applied to the Firm's major categories of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, see Note 5 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K. During the current quarter,

there were no significant revisions made to the Firm's valuation techniques.

Rollforward of Level 3 Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

	Т	hree Mor Septem				Nine Mon Septem		
\$ in millions		2023		2022		2023		2022
U.S. Treasury and agency	secı	urities						
Beginning balance	\$	_	\$	9	\$	17	\$	2
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		_		_		_		(1)
Purchases		_		1		_		2
Sales		_		(4)		(10)		(7)
Net transfers		_		(5)		(7)		5
Ending balance	\$	_	\$	1	\$		\$	1
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(1)
Other sovereign governme	nt c	bligation	าร					
Beginning balance	\$	128	\$	161	\$	169	\$	211
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		_		23		6		(24)
Purchases		17		43		18		69
Sales		(30)		(57)		(112)		(60)
Net transfers		(21)		(33)		13		(59)
Ending balance	\$	94	\$	137	\$	94	\$	137
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	1	\$	23	\$	1	\$	(22)
State and municipal securi			_		_		_	()
Beginning balance	\$	40	\$	29	\$	145	\$	13
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)	_	(3)	Ť	(1)	_	(2)	Ť	(2)
Purchases		147		4		255		54
Sales		(20)				(218)		
Net transfers		(52)		20		(68)		(13)
Ending balance	\$	112	\$	52	\$	112	\$	52
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	(3)	_	(3)	÷	(3)	_	(2)
MABS	Ť	(0)	Ψ	(0)	Ť	(0)	Ψ	(
Beginning balance	\$	486	\$	339	\$	416	\$	344
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)	Ψ	(1)	Ψ	8	Ψ	13	Ψ	(366)
Purchases		88		3		149		448
Sales		(33)		(33)		(79)		(116)
Settlements		(55)		(55)		50		(110)
Net transfers		(4)		27		(13)		34
Ending balance	\$	536	\$	344	\$	536	\$	344
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	4	\$	9	\$	5	\$	(12)
Loans and lending commit			Ψ		Ť		Ψ	(12)
Beginning balance	\$	2,400	\$	2,507	\$	2,017	\$	3,806
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)	Ψ	(6)	Ψ	(26)	Ψ	(91)	Ψ	8
Purchases and originations		997		541		1,569		800
Sales		(539)		(353)		(686)		(801)
Settlements		(666)		(144)		(717)		(618)
Net transfers		(147)		58		(53)		(612)
Ending balance	\$	2,039	\$	2,583	\$	2,039	\$	2,583
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	(6)			÷	(91)		2,000
Grirganzed gants (105565)	Ψ	(6)	φ	(27)	φ	(91)	φ	

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	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Mon Septem			
\$ in millions		2023		2022	2023		2022
Corporate and other debt							
Beginning balance	\$	2,223	\$	2,113	\$ 2,096	\$	1,973
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		108		(43)	231		446
Purchases and originations		346		132	561		752
Sales		(465)		(528)	(618)		(1,400)
Settlements		(6)		(30)	(6)		(26)
Net transfers		257		254	199		153
Ending balance	\$	2,463	\$	1,898	\$ 2,463	\$	1,898
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	113	\$	(42)	\$ 239	\$	454
Corporate equities							
Beginning balance	\$	166	\$	246	\$ 116	\$	115
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		(29)		(60)	(64)		(71)
Purchases		32		15	101		79
Sales		(34)		(37)	(38)		(67)
Net transfers		60		(19)	80		89
Ending balance	\$	195	\$	145	\$ 195	\$	145
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	(25)	\$	(60)	\$ (36)	\$	(65)
Investments							
Beginning balance	\$	968	\$	1,027	\$ 923	\$	1,125
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		17		(140)	24		(275)
Purchases		6		6	153		52
Sales		(76)		(18)	(183)		(33)
Net transfers		19		(2)	17		4
Ending balance	\$	934	\$	873	\$ 934	\$	873
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	19	\$	(136)	\$ 17	\$	(267)
Investment securities—AF	S						
Beginning balance	\$	_	\$	38	\$ 35	\$	
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		(5)		(2)	(4)		(2)
Net transfers		40			4		38
Ending balance	\$	35	\$	36	\$ 35	\$	36
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	(5)	\$	(2)	\$ (4)	\$	(2)
Net derivatives: Interest ra	te						
Beginning balance	\$	49	\$	(102)	\$ (151)	\$	708
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		49		(200)	(318)		(482)
Purchases		26		_	57		_
Issuances		(7)		_	(63)		_
Settlements		(110)		122	329		(38)
Net transfers		(256)		3	(103)		(365)
Ending balance	\$	(249)	\$	(177)	\$ (249)	\$	(177)
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	7	\$	(120)	\$ (94)	\$	(201)

	TI	nree Mon Septem		Nine Months Septembe	
\$ in millions		2023	2022	2023	2022
Net derivatives: Credit					
Beginning balance	\$	96	\$ 190	\$ 110 \$	98
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		9	3	(12)	91
Purchases		_	_	_	3
Issuances		_	_	_	(1)
Settlements		(7)	(78)	(7)	(59)
Net transfers		(8)	7	(1)	(10)
Ending balance	\$	90	\$ 122	\$ 90 \$	122
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	8	\$ 7	\$ 4 \$	83
Net derivatives: Foreign e	xcha	nge			
Beginning balance	\$	28	\$ (331)	\$ 66 \$	52
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		(13)	38	(53)	(18)
Settlements		16	73	(68)	47
Net transfers		(160)	395	(74)	94
Ending balance	\$	(129)	\$ 175	\$ (129) \$	175
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	(16)	\$ 44	\$ (51) \$	18
Net derivatives: Equity					
Beginning balance	\$	(775)	\$ (530)	\$ (736) \$	(945)
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		195	1	192	275
Purchases		38	48	157	167
Issuances		(166)	(92)	(492)	(253)
Settlements		252	68	229	379
Net transfers		(326)	49	(132)	(79)
Ending balance	\$	(782)	\$ (456)	\$ (782) \$	(456)
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	160	\$ (3)	\$ 93 \$	399
Net derivatives: Commod	ity an	d other			
Beginning balance	\$	1,416	\$ 1,344	\$ 1,083 \$	1,529
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		(7)	238	549	546
Purchases		7	2	70	107
Issuances		(9)	(7)	(80)	(97)
Settlements		(92)	69	(313)	(247)
Net transfers		(34)	155	(28)	(37)
Ending balance	\$	1,281	\$ 1,801	\$ 1,281 \$	1,801
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	(142)	\$ 72	\$ 216 \$	25
Deposits					
Beginning balance Realized and unrealized	\$	36	\$ 19	\$ 20 \$	67
losses (gains)		(1)		(1)	
Issuances		6	2	26	2
Settlements		_	(1)	_	(3)
Net transfers		(25)	(13)	(29)	(59)
Ending balance	\$	16	\$ 7	\$ 16 \$	7
Unrealized losses (gains)	\$	(1)	\$ 	\$ (1) \$	
Nonderivative trading liab	oilities	3			
Beginning balance Realized and unrealized	\$	89	\$ 104	\$ 74 \$	61
			(8)	(12)	(41)
losses (gains)		(4)			
Purchases		(4)	(20)	(49)	(39)
·- ·			(20) 16	(49) 77	(39) 88
Purchases		(29)			
Purchases Sales	\$	(29) 23	\$ 16	\$ 77	

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Mon Septem			
\$ in millions	2023			2022 2023			2022	
Securities sold under agree	eme	nts to re	pu	rchase				
Beginning balance	\$	454	\$	514	\$	512	\$	651
Realized and unrealized losses (gains)		4		5		11		(3)
Issuances		_		_		1		9
Settlements		_		(11)		(9)		(22)
Net transfers		_		_		(57)		(127)
Ending balance	\$	458	\$	508	\$	458	\$	508
Unrealized losses (gains)	\$	4	\$	5	\$	11	\$	_
Other secured financings								
Beginning balance	\$	90	\$	112	\$	91	\$	403
Realized and unrealized losses (gains)		(1)		(5)		2		(11)
Issuances		15		13		59		44
Settlements		(6)		(7)		(54)		(320)
Net transfers		_		_		_		(3)
Ending balance	\$	98	\$	113	\$	98	\$	113
Unrealized losses (gains)	\$	(1)	\$	(5)	\$	2	\$	(11)
Borrowings								
Beginning balance	\$	1,787	\$	2,325	\$	1,587	\$	2,157
Realized and unrealized losses (gains)		18		(185)		83		(625)
Issuances		342		65		626		230
Settlements		(182)		(65)		(355)		(263)
Net transfers		(437)		(203)		(413)		438
Ending balance	\$	1,528	\$	1,937	\$	1,528	\$	1,937
Unrealized losses (gains)	\$	18	\$	(185)	\$	48	\$	(629)
Portion of Unrealized losses (gains) recorded in OCI—Change in net DVA		(4)		(36)		10		(126)

Level 3 instruments may be hedged with instruments classified in Level 1 and Level 2. The realized and unrealized gains or losses for assets and liabilities within the Level 3 category presented in the previous tables do not reflect the related realized and unrealized gains or losses on hedging instruments that have been classified by the Firm within the Level 1 and/or Level 2 categories.

The unrealized gains (losses) during the period for assets and liabilities within the Level 3 category may include changes in fair value during the period that were attributable to both observable and unobservable inputs. Total realized and unrealized gains (losses) are primarily included in Trading revenues in the income statement.

Additionally, in the previous tables, consolidations of VIEs are included in Purchases, and deconsolidations of VIEs are included in Settlements.

Significant Unobservable Inputs Used in Recurring and Nonrecurring Level 3 Fair Value Measurements

Valuation Techniques and Unobservable Inputs

	Balance / Ran	ge (Average ¹)
\$ in millions, except inputs	At September 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022
Assets at Fair Value o	n a Recurring Basis	
Other sovereign		
government obligations	\$ 94	\$ 169
Comparable pricing:		
Bond price	61 to 111 points (86 points)	57 to 124 points (89 points)
State and municipal		
securities	\$ 112	\$ 145
Comparable pricing:	90 to 104 points (100	86 to 100 points (97
Bond price	points)	points)
MABS	\$ 536	\$ 416
Comparable pricing:		
Bond price	0 to 90 points (65 points)	0 to 95 points (68 points)
Loans and lending commitments	\$ 2,039	\$ 2,017
Margin loan model:		
Margin loan rate	2% to 4% (3%)	2% to 4% (3%)
Comparable pricing:		
Loan price	91 to 102 points (99 points)	87 to 105 points (99 points)
Corporate and other		
debt	\$ 2,463	\$ 2,096
Comparable pricing:		
Bond price	30 to 136 points (82 points)	51 to 132 points (90 points)
Discounted cash flow:	pomis	politio)
Loss given default	54% to 84% (62% / 54%)	54% to 84% (62% / 54%)
Corporate equities	\$ 195	\$ 116
Comparable pricing:	V 100	TIO
Equity price	100%	100%
Investments	\$ 934	\$ 923
Discounted cash flow:		•
WACC	15% to 18% (16%)	15% to 17% (16%)
Exit multiple	9 to 17 times (14 times)	7 to 17 times (14 times)
Market approach:	, ,	, ,
EBITDA multiple	21 times	7 to 21 times (11 times)
Comparable pricing:		
Equity price	24% to 100% (87%)	24% to 100% (89%)
Net derivative and other contracts:		
Interest rate	\$ (249)	\$ (151)
Option model:	(243)	
IR volatility skew	62% to 118% (75% / 77%)	105% to 130% (113% / 109%)
IR curve correlation	51% to 97% (82% / 86%)	47% to 100% (80% / 84%)
Bond volatility	1% to 1% (1% / 1%)	N/M
Inflation volatility	22% to 70% (44% / 38%)	22% to 65% (43% / 38%)
IR curve	N/M	4% to 5% (5% / 5%)
Credit	\$ 90	\$ 110
Credit default swap mod		
Cash-synthetic basis	7 points	7 points
Bond price	0 to 90 bps (48 points)	0 to 83 points (43 points)
0 "		
Credit spread Funding spread	10 to 464 bps (108 bps) 18 to 590 bps (57 bps)	10 to 528 bps (115 bps) 18 to 590 bps (93 bps)

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C in mailliana access to		nge (Average¹) At December 31, 2022				
\$ in millions, except inputs	At September 30, 2023					
Foreign exchange ²	\$ (129)	\$ 66				
Option model: IR curve	20/ 4- 400/ /20/ /40/)	20/ to 200/ (00/ / 40/)				
	-3% to 10% (3% / 1%)	-2% to 38% (8% / 4%)				
Foreign exchange volatility skew	-2% to 8% (2% / 0%)	10% to 10% (10% / 10%)				
Contingency probability	95% to 95% (95% / 95%)	95% to 95% (95% / 95%)				
Equity ²	\$ (782)	\$ (736				
Option model:						
Equity volatility	6% to 97% (21%)	5% to 96% (25%)				
Equity volatility skew	-2% to 0% (0%)	-4% to 0% (-1%)				
Equity correlation	9% to 97% (58%)	10% to 93% (71%)				
FX correlation	-79% to 40% (-27%)	-79% to 65% (-26%)				
IR correlation	13% to 30% (15%)	10% to 30% (14%)				
Commodity and other	\$ 1,281	\$ 1,083				
Option model:						
Forward power price	\$0 to \$208 (\$49) per MwH	\$1 to \$292 (\$43) per MWh				
Commodity volatility	12% to 145% (33%)	12% to 169% (34%)				
Cross-commodity correlation	57% to 100% (94%)	70% to 100% (94%)				
Liabilities Measured a	t Fair Value on a Recurring	Basis				
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$ 458	\$ 512				
under agreements to repurchase	\$ 458	\$ 512				
under agreements to repurchase	\$ 458 22 to 141 bps (77 bps)					
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured	22 to 141 bps (77 bps)	96 to 165 bps (131 bps)				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings		96 to 165 bps (131 bps)				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing:	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing: Loan price	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81 points)	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75 points)				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing: Loan price Borrowings	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing: Loan price Borrowings Option model:	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81 points) \$ 1,528	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75 points) \$ 1,587				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing: Loan price Borrowings Option model: Equity volatility	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81 points) \$ 1,528 6% to 71% (18%)	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75 points) \$ 1,587				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing: Loan price Borrowings Option model: Equity volatility Equity volatility skew	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81 points) \$ 1,528 6% to 71% (18%) -3% to 0% (0%)	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75 points) \$ 1,587 7% to 86% (23%) -2% to 0% (0%)				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing: Loan price Borrowings Option model: Equity volatility Equity volatility skew Equity correlation	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81 points) \$ 1,528 6% to 71% (18%)	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75 points) \$ 1,587 7% to 86% (23%) -2% to 0% (0%)				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing: Loan price Borrowings Option model: Equity volatility Equity volatility skew Equity correlation Equity - FX	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81 points) \$ 1,528 6% to 71% (18%) -3% to 0% (0%) 50% to 95% (77%)	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75 points) \$ 1,587 7% to 86% (23%) -2% to 0% (0%) 39% to 98% (86%)				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing: Loan price Borrowings Option model: Equity volatility Equity volatility skew Equity correlation Equity - FX correlation	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81 points) \$ 1,528 6% to 71% (18%) -3% to 0% (0%) 50% to 95% (77%) -52% to 35% (-29%)	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75 points) \$ 1,587 7% to 86% (23%) -2% to 0% (0%) 39% to 98% (86%) -50% to 0% (-21%)				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing: Loan price Borrowings Option model: Equity volatility Equity volatility skew Equity correlation Equity - FX correlation IR curve correlation	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81 points) \$ 1,528 6% to 71% (18%) -3% to 0% (0%) 50% to 95% (77%) -52% to 35% (-29%) 51% to 88% (71% / 71%)	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75 points) \$ 1,587 7% to 86% (23%) -2% to 0% (0%) 39% to 98% (86%) -50% to 0% (-21%) N/M				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing: Loan price Borrowings Option model: Equity volatility Equity volatility skew Equity correlation Equity - FX correlation IR curve correlation IR volatility skew	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81 points) \$ 1,528 6% to 71% (18%) -3% to 0% (0%) 50% to 95% (77%) -52% to 35% (-29%) 51% to 88% (71% / 71%)	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75 points) \$ 1,587 7% to 86% (23%) -2% to 0% (0%) 39% to 98% (86%) -50% to 0% (-21%) N/M				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing: Loan price Borrowings Option model: Equity volatility Equity volatility skew Equity correlation Equity - FX correlation IR curve correlation IR volatility skew Discounted cash flow:	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81 points) \$ 1,528 6% to 71% (18%) -3% to 0% (0%) 50% to 95% (77%) -52% to 35% (-29%) 51% to 88% (71% / 71%) N/M	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75 points) \$ 1,587 7% to 86% (23%) -2% to 0% (0%) 39% to 98% (86%) -50% to 0% (-21%) N/M 47% to 136% (74% / 59%)				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing: Loan price Borrowings Option model: Equity volatility Equity volatility skew Equity correlation Equity - FX correlation IR curve correlation IR volatility skew Discounted cash flow: Loss given default	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81 points) \$ 1,528 6% to 71% (18%) -3% to 0% (0%) 50% to 95% (77%) -52% to 35% (-29%) 51% to 88% (71% / 71%) N/M 54% to 84% (62% / 5%)	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75 points) \$ 1,587 7% to 86% (23%) -2% to 0% (0%) 39% to 98% (86%)				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing: Loan price Borrowings Option model: Equity volatility Equity volatility skew Equity correlation Equity - FX correlation IR curve correlation IR volatility skew Discounted cash flow: Loss given default Nonrecurring Fair Vali	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81 points) \$ 1,528 6% to 71% (18%) -3% to 0% (0%) 50% to 95% (77%) -52% to 35% (-29%) 51% to 88% (71% / 71%) N/M 54% to 84% (62% / 5%) ue Measurement	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75 points) \$ 1,587 7% to 86% (23%) -2% to 0% (0%) 39% to 98% (86%) -50% to 0% (-21%) N/M 47% to 136% (74% / 59%) 54% to 84% (62% / 54%)				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing: Loan price Borrowings Option model: Equity volatility Equity volatility skew Equity correlation Equity - FX correlation IR curve correlation IR volatility skew Discounted cash flow: Loss given default Nonrecurring Fair Vali Loans	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81 points) \$ 1,528 6% to 71% (18%) -3% to 0% (0%) 50% to 95% (77%) -52% to 35% (-29%) 51% to 88% (71% / 71%) N/M 54% to 84% (62% / 5%)	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75 points) \$ 1,587 7% to 86% (23%) -2% to 0% (0%) 39% to 98% (86%) -50% to 0% (-21%) N/M 47% to 136% (74% / 59%) 54% to 84% (62% / 54%)				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing: Loan price Borrowings Option model: Equity volatility Equity volatility skew Equity correlation Equity - FX correlation IR curve correlation IR volatility skew Discounted cash flow: Loss given default Nonrecurring Fair Vali Loans Corporate loan model:	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81 points) \$ 1,528 6% to 71% (18%) -3% to 0% (0%) 50% to 95% (77%) -52% to 35% (-29%) 51% to 88% (71% / 71%) N/M 54% to 84% (62% / 5%) ue Measurement \$ 5,224	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75 points) \$ 1,587 7% to 86% (23%) -2% to 0% (0%) 39% to 98% (86%) -50% to 0% (-21%) N/M 47% to 136% (74% / 59%) 54% to 84% (62% / 54%) \$ 6,610				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing: Loan price Borrowings Option model: Equity volatility Equity volatility skew Equity correlation Equity - FX correlation IR curve correlation IR volatility skew Discounted cash flow: Loss given default Nonrecurring Fair Valuans Corporate loan model: Credit spread	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81 points) \$ 1,528 6% to 71% (18%) -3% to 0% (0%) 50% to 95% (77%) -52% to 35% (-29%) 51% to 88% (71% / 71%) N/M 54% to 84% (62% / 5%) ue Measurement	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75 points) \$ 1,587 7% to 86% (23%) -2% to 0% (0%) 39% to 98% (86%) -50% to 0% (-21%) N/M 47% to 136% (74% / 59%) 54% to 84% (62% / 54%) \$ 6,610				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing: Loan price Borrowings Option model: Equity volatility Equity volatility skew Equity correlation Equity - FX correlation IR curve correlation IR volatility skew Discounted cash flow: Loss given default Nonrecurring Fair Vali Loans Corporate loan model:	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81 points) \$ 1,528 6% to 71% (18%) -3% to 0% (0%) 50% to 95% (77%) -52% to 35% (-29%) 51% to 88% (71% / 71%) N/M 54% to 84% (62% / 5%) ue Measurement \$ 5,224 120 to 1215 bps (794 bps)	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75 points) \$ 1,587 7% to 86% (23%) -2% to 0% (0%) 39% to 98% (86%) -50% to 0% (-21%) N/M 47% to 136% (74% / 59%) 54% to 84% (62% / 54%) \$ 6,610				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing: Loan price Borrowings Option model: Equity volatility Equity volatility skew Equity correlation Equity - FX correlation IR curve correlation IR volatility skew Discounted cash flow: Loss given default Nonrecurring Fair Valuans Corporate loan model: Credit spread	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81 points) \$ 1,528 6% to 71% (18%) -3% to 0% (0%) 50% to 95% (77%) -52% to 35% (-29%) 51% to 88% (71% / 71%) N/M 54% to 84% (62% / 5%) ue Measurement \$ 5,224	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75 points) \$ 1,587 7% to 86% (23%) -2% to 0% (0%) 39% to 98% (86%) -50% to 0% (-21%) N/M 47% to 136% (74% / 59%) 54% to 84% (62% / 54%) \$ 6,610 91 to 1276 bps (776 bps)				
under agreements to repurchase Discounted cash flow: Funding spread Other secured financings Comparable pricing: Loan price Borrowings Option model: Equity volatility Equity volatility skew Equity correlation Equity - FX correlation IR curve correlation IR volatility skew Discounted cash flow: Loss given default Nonrecurring Fair Vali Loans Corporate loan model: Credit spread Comparable pricing:	22 to 141 bps (77 bps) \$ 98 23 to 100 points (81 points) \$ 1,528 6% to 71% (18%) -3% to 0% (0%) 50% to 95% (77%) -52% to 35% (-29%) 51% to 88% (71% / 71%) N/M 54% to 84% (62% / 5%) ue Measurement \$ 5,224 120 to 1215 bps (794 bps)	96 to 165 bps (131 bps) \$ 91 23 to 101 points (75 points) \$ 1,587 7% to 86% (23%) -2% to 0% (0%) 39% to 98% (86%) -50% to 0% (-21%) N/M 47% to 136% (74% / 59%) 54% to 84% (62% / 54%)				

Points—Percentage of par

IR—Interest rate

FX—Foreign exchange

The previous table provides information on the valuation techniques, significant unobservable inputs, and the ranges and averages for each major category of assets and liabilities

A single amount is disclosed for range and average when there is no significant difference between the minimum, maximum and average. Amounts represent weighted averages except where simple averages and the median of the inputs are more relevant.

Includes derivative contracts with multiple risks (i.e., hybrid products).

At September 30, 2023

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

measured at fair value on a recurring and nonrecurring basis with a significant Level 3 balance. The level of aggregation and breadth of products cause the range of inputs to be wide and not evenly distributed across the inventory of financial instruments. Further, the range of unobservable inputs may differ across firms in the financial services industry because of diversity in the types of products included in each firm's inventory. Generally, there are no predictable relationships between multiple significant unobservable inputs attributable to a given valuation technique.

For a description of the Firm's significant unobservable inputs and qualitative information about the effect of hypothetical changes in the values of those inputs, see Note 5 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K. During the current quarter, there were no significant revisions made to the descriptions of the Firm's significant unobservable inputs.

Net Asset Value Measurements

Fund Interests

	Α	t Septem	ber 30	0, 2023	At December 31, 2022					
\$ in millions	С	arrying Value	nmitment		Carrying Value	Commitment				
Private equity	\$	2,587	\$	747	\$	2,622	\$	638		
Real estate		2,804		244		2,642		239		
Hedge ¹		74		3		190		3		
Total	\$	5,465	\$	994	\$	5,454	\$	880		

 Investments in hedge funds may be subject to initial period lock-up or gate provisions, which restrict an investor from withdrawing from the fund during a certain initial period or restrict the redemption amount on any redemption date, respectively.

Amounts in the previous table represent the Firm's carrying value of general and limited partnership interests in fund investments, as well as any related performance-based income in the form of carried interest. The carrying amounts are measured based on the NAV of the fund taking into account the distribution terms applicable to the interest held. This same measurement applies whether the fund investments are accounted for under the equity method or fair value.

For a description of the Firm's investments in private equity funds, real estate funds and hedge funds, which are measured based on NAV, see Note 5 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

See Note 13 for information regarding general partner guarantees, which include potential obligations to return performance fee distributions previously received. See Note 19 for information regarding unrealized carried interest at risk of reversal.

Nonredeemable Funds by Contractual Maturity

	Carrying Value at September 30, 2023						
\$ in millions	Р	rivate Equity	Real Estate				
Less than 5 years	\$	1,338 \$	979				
5-10 years		1,172	1,771				
Over 10 years		77	54				
Total	\$	2,587 \$	2,804				

Nonrecurring Fair Value Measurements

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

	, o p o ., o _ o					
	Fair Value					
\$ in millions	L	evel 2	L	evel 3 ¹		Total
Assets						
Loans	\$	3,711	\$	5,224	\$	8,935
Total	\$	3,711	\$	5,224	\$	8,935
Liabilities						
Other liabilities and accrued expenses— Lending commitments	\$	156	\$	78	\$	234
Total	\$	156	\$	78	\$	234
		At De		mber 31,	20)22
			Fa	ir Value		
\$ in millions	L	evel 2	L	evel 3 ¹		Total
Assets						
Loans	\$	4,193	\$	6,610	\$	10,803
Other assets—Other investments		_		7		7
Other assets—ROU assets		4		_		4
Total	\$	4,197	\$	6,617	\$	10,814
Liabilities						
Other liabilities and accrued expenses— Lending commitments	\$	275	\$	153	\$	428
Total	\$	275	\$	153	\$	428

For significant Level 3 balances, refer to "Significant Unobservable Inputs Used in Recurring and Nonrecurring Level 3 Fair Value Measurements" section herein for details of the significant unobservable inputs used for nonrecurring fair value measurement.

Gains (Losses) from Nonrecurring Fair Value Remeasurements¹

	Th	ree Month Septembe		Nine Months Ended September 30,			
\$ in millions	2	023	2022	2023	2022		
Assets							
Loans ²	\$	(35) \$	(118) \$	(117) \$	(365)		
Other assets—Other investments ³		5	(2)	4	(8)		
Other assets—Premises, equipment and software ⁴		(2)	(1)	(6)	(3)		
Other assets—ROU assets ⁵		_	(1)	(10)	(7)		
Total	\$	(32) \$	(122) \$	(129) \$	(383)		
Liabilities					•		
Other liabilities and accrued expenses— Lending commitments ²	\$	7 \$	(13) \$	38 \$	(172)		
Total	\$	7 \$	(13) \$	38 \$	(172)		

- Gains and losses for Loans and Other assets—Other investments are classified in Other revenues. For other items, gains and losses are recorded in Other revenues if the item is held for sale; otherwise, they are recorded in Other expenses.
- 2. Nonrecurring changes in the fair value of loans and lending commitments, which exclude the impact of related economic hedges, are calculated as follows: for the held-for-investment category, based on the value of the underlying collateral; and for the held-for-sale category, based on recently executed transactions, market price quotations, valuation models that incorporate market observable inputs where possible, such as comparable loan or debt prices and CDS spread levels adjusted for any basis difference between cash and derivative instruments, or default recovery analysis where such transactions and quotations are unobservable.
- Losses related to Other assets—Other investments were determined using techniques that included discounted cash flow models, methodologies that incorporate multiples of certain comparable companies and recently executed transactions.
- Losses related to Other assets—Premises, equipment and software generally include impairments as well as write-offs related to the disposal of certain assets.
- Losses related to Other Assets—ROU assets include impairments related to the discontinued leased properties.

Financial Instruments Not Measured at Fair Value

			At Septe	mber 30.	At September 30, 2023							
	_	Carrying		Fair \								
\$ in millions		Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total						
Financial assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	108,401	\$108,401	\$ —	s –	\$108,40°						
Investment securities— HTM		70,705	24,323	32,964	1,037	58,324						
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		101,569	_	99,208	2,355	101,563						
Securities borrowed		120,916	_	120,916		120,910						
Customer and other receivables		71,146	_	66,917	3,899	70,810						
Loans ¹		216,972		27,399	180,698	208,09						
Other assets		704		704	100,030	704						
Financial liabilities		704		704		70-						
Deposits	\$	339,140	¢	\$338,677	e	\$338,67						
Securities sold under agreements to	φ	333,140	-	φ330,077	Ψ —	φ330,07						
repurchase		75,659	_	75,638	_	75,638						
Securities loaned		13,064	_	13,059	_	13,059						
Other secured financings		2,656	_	2,656	_	2,650						
Customer and other payables		200,415	_	200,415	_	200,41						
Borrowings		160,637	_	160,139	4	160,143						
	С	ommitment Amount										
Lending commitments ²	\$	147,201	\$ —	\$ 1,509	\$ 749	\$ 2,258						
		,=•.	Ψ	φ 1,309	Ψ 143	Ψ 2,200						
		•		mber 31, 2	022	Ψ 2,230						
\$ in millions		Carrying	At Dece	mber 31, 2 Fair \	022 /alue							
\$ in millions	_	•		mber 31, 2	022	Total						
Financial assets Cash and cash		Carrying Value	At Dece	mber 31, 2 Fair \ Level 2	022 /alue Level 3	Total						
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Investment securities—	\$	Carrying Value	At Decei Level 1 \$128,127	mber 31, 2 Fair \ Level 2	/alue Level 3	Total \$128,12						
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Investment securities— HTM Securities purchased	\$	Carrying Value	At Dece	mber 31, 2 Fair \ Level 2	022 /alue Level 3	Total \$128,12						
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Investment securities— HTM Securities purchased under agreements to resell	\$	Carrying Value 128,127 75,634 113,899	At Decei Level 1 \$128,127	mber 31, 2 Fair \ Level 2 \$ 37,218	/alue Level 3	Total \$128,12 65,000						
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Investment securities— HTM Securities purchased under agreements to	\$	Carrying Value 128,127 75,634	At Decei Level 1 \$128,127	mber 31, 2 Fair \ Level 2 \$ — 37,218	022 Value Level 3 \$ — 1,034	Total \$128,12 65,000						
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Investment securities— HTM Securities purchased under agreements to resell Securities borrowed Customer and other	\$	Carrying Value 128,127 75,634 113,899 133,374	At Decei Level 1 \$128,127	mber 31, 2 Fair \ Level 2 \$ 37,218 111,188 133,370	022 /alue Level 3 \$ — 1,034 2,681 —	Total \$128,12 65,006 113,868 133,370						
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Investment securities— HTM Securities purchased under agreements to resell Securities borrowed Customer and other receivables	\$	Carrying Value 128,127 75,634 113,899 133,374 73,248	At Decei Level 1 \$128,127	mber 31, 2 Fair \ Level 2 \$ 37,218 111,188 133,370 69,268	022 /alue Level 3 \$ — 1,034 2,681 — 3,664	Total \$128,12 65,006 113,869 133,370 72,932						
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Investment securities— HTM Securities purchased under agreements to resell Securities borrowed Customer and other receivables Loans ¹	\$	Carrying Value 128,127 75,634 113,899 133,374 73,248 213,785	At Decei Level 1 \$128,127	mber 31, 2 Fair V Level 2 \$ — 37,218 111,188 133,370 69,268 24,153	022 /alue Level 3 \$ — 1,034 2,681 —	Total \$128,12 65,006 113,869 133,370 72,933 205,714						
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Investment securities—HTM Securities purchased under agreements to resell Securities borrowed Customer and other receivables Loans ¹ Other assets	\$	Carrying Value 128,127 75,634 113,899 133,374 73,248	At Decei Level 1 \$128,127	mber 31, 2 Fair \ Level 2 \$ 37,218 111,188 133,370 69,268	022 /alue Level 3 \$ — 1,034 2,681 — 3,664	Total \$128,12 65,006 113,869 133,370 72,933 205,714						
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Investment securities—HTM Securities purchased under agreements to resell Securities borrowed Customer and other receivables Loans ¹ Other assets Financial liabilities		Carrying Value 128,127 75,634 113,899 133,374 73,248 213,785 704	At Decel Level 1 \$128,127 26,754	mber 31, 2 Fair \ Level 2 \$ — 37,218 111,188 133,370 69,268 24,153 704	022 /alue Level 3 \$ — 1,034 2,681 — 3,664 181,561 —	Total \$128,12 65,006 113,869 133,370 72,932 205,714 704						
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Investment securities— HTM Securities purchased under agreements to resell Securities borrowed Customer and other receivables Loans¹ Other assets Financial liabilities Deposits	\$	Carrying Value 128,127 75,634 113,899 133,374 73,248 213,785	At Decei Level 1 \$128,127	mber 31, 2 Fair V Level 2 \$ — 37,218 111,188 133,370 69,268 24,153	022 /alue Level 3 \$ — 1,034 2,681 — 3,664 181,561 —	Total \$128,12 65,006 113,869 133,370 72,932 205,714 704						
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Investment securities—HTM Securities purchased under agreements to resell Securities borrowed Customer and other receivables Loans ¹ Other assets Financial liabilities		Carrying Value 128,127 75,634 113,899 133,374 73,248 213,785 704	At Decel Level 1 \$128,127 26,754	mber 31, 2 Fair \ Level 2 \$ — 37,218 111,188 133,370 69,268 24,153 704	022 /alue Level 3 \$ — 1,034 2,681 — 3,664 181,561 —	Total \$128,12 65,000 113,869 133,370 72,933 205,711 704 \$351,72						
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Investment securities—HTM Securities purchased under agreements to resell Securities borrowed Customer and other receivables Loans¹ Other assets Financial liabilities Deposits Securities sold under agreements to		Carrying Value 128,127 75,634 113,899 133,374 73,248 213,785 704 351,850	At Decel Level 1 \$128,127 26,754	mber 31, 2 Fair V Level 2 \$ — 37,218 111,188 133,370 69,268 24,153 704 \$351,721	022 /alue Level 3 \$ — 1,034 2,681 — 3,664 181,561 —	Total \$128,12 65,006 113,869 133,370 72,932 205,714 704 \$351,72 61,620						
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Investment securities—HTM Securities purchased under agreements to resell Securities borrowed Customer and other receivables Loans¹ Other assets Financial liabilities Deposits Securities sold under agreements to repurchase Securities loaned Other secured		Carrying Value 128,127 75,634 113,899 133,374 73,248 213,785 704 351,850 61,670 15,679	At Decel Level 1 \$128,127 26,754	mber 31, 2 Fair V Level 2 \$ — 37,218 111,188 133,370 69,268 24,153 704 \$351,721 61,620 15,673	022 /alue Level 3 \$ — 1,034 2,681 — 3,664 181,561 —	Total \$128,12 65,006 113,869 133,370 72,932 205,714 704 \$351,72 61,620 15,673						
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Investment securities—HTM Securities purchased under agreements to resell Securities borrowed Customer and other receivables Loans¹ Other assets Financial liabilities Deposits Securities sold under agreements to repurchase Securities loaned Other secured financings Customer and other		Carrying Value 128,127 75,634 113,899 133,374 73,248 213,785 704 351,850 61,670 15,679 3,608	At Decel Level 1 \$128,127 26,754	mber 31, 2 Fair \ Level 2 \$ 37,218 111,188 133,370 69,268 24,153 704 \$351,721 61,620 15,673 3,608	022 /alue Level 3 \$ — 1,034 2,681 — 3,664 181,561 —	Total \$128,12 65,006 113,869 133,370 72,932 205,714 704 \$351,72 61,620 15,673 3,608						
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Investment securities— HTM Securities purchased under agreements to resell Securities borrowed Customer and other receivables Loans¹ Other assets Financial liabilities Deposits Securities sold under agreements to repurchase Securities loaned Other secured financings		Carrying Value 128,127 75,634 113,899 133,374 73,248 213,785 704 351,850 61,670 15,679	At Decel Level 1 \$128,127 26,754	mber 31, 2 Fair V Level 2 \$ — 37,218 111,188 133,370 69,268 24,153 704 \$351,721 61,620 15,673	022 /alue Level 3 \$ — 1,034 2,681 — 3,664 181,561 —							

^{1.} Amounts include loans measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis.

Commitment Amount 136,241 \$

\$

Lending commitments²

The previous tables exclude all non-financial assets and liabilities, such as Goodwill and Intangible assets, and certain financial instruments, such as equity method investments and certain receivables.

5. Fair Value Option

The Firm has elected the fair value option for certain eligible instruments that are risk managed on a fair value basis to mitigate income statement volatility caused by measurement basis differences between the elected instruments and their associated risk management transactions or to eliminate complexities of applying certain accounting models.

Borrowings Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

\$ in millions	Sept	At ember 30, 2023	De	At ecember 31, 2022
Business Unit Responsible for Ri	isk Manageı	ment		
Equity	\$	43,951	\$	38,945
Interest rates		27,180		26,077
Commodities		11,952		10,717
Credit		2,093		1,564
Foreign exchange		1,380		1,417
Total	\$	86,556	\$	78,720

Net Revenues from Borrowings under the Fair Value Option

	TI	nree Mor Septen				Ended r 30,	
\$ in millions		2023		2022		2023	2022
Trading revenues	\$	3,479	\$	4,034	\$	(1,412) \$	16,361
Interest expense		124		67		351	203
Net revenues ¹	\$	3,355	\$	3,967	\$	(1,763) \$	16,158

^{1.} Amounts do not reflect any gains or losses from related economic hedges.

Gains (losses) from changes in fair value are recorded in Trading revenues and are mainly attributable to movements in the reference price or index, interest rates or foreign exchange rates.

Gains (Losses) Due to Changes in Instrument-Specific Credit

		Three Months Ended September 30,							
	2023			2022					
	Tra	ading		Trading					
\$ in millions	Rev	enues	OCI	Revenues	OCI				
Loans and other receivables ¹	\$	(8) \$	_	\$ (68) \$	_				
Lending commitments		_	_	(2)	_				
Deposits		_	4	_	(9)				
Borrowings		(6)	(547)	_	1,091				

	Nine Months Ended September 30,								
		2023		2022					
	Ti	rading		Trading					
\$ in millions	Re	venues	OCI	Revenues	;	OCI			
Loans and other receivables ¹	\$	(112) \$	_	\$ (59	9) \$	_			
Lending commitments		11	_	(3	3)	_			
Deposits		_	21	_	-	5			
Borrowings		(15)	(1,289)	1		3,468			

— \$ 1,789 \$ 1,077 \$ 2,866

^{2.} Represents Lending commitments accounted for as Held for Investment and Held for Sale. For a further discussion on lending commitments, see Note 13.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

\$ in millions	Sept	At tember 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022
Cumulative pre-tax DVA gain (loss) recognized in AOCI	\$	(1,725)	\$ (457)

 Loans and other receivables-specific credit gains (losses) were determined by excluding the non-credit components of gains and losses.

Difference Between Contractual Principal and Fair Value¹

	At	At			
Sept		Dec	ember 31,		
	2023	2022			
\$	10,707	\$	11,916		
	8,162		9,128		
	5,564		5,203		
	Sept	September 30, 2023 \$ 10,707 8,162	September 30, Dec 2023 \$ 10,707 \$ 8,162		

- 1. Amounts indicate contractual principal greater than or (less than) fair value.
- The majority of the difference between principal and fair value amounts for loans and other receivables relates to distressed debt positions purchased at amounts well below par.
- 3. Excludes borrowings where the repayment of the initial principal amount fluctuates based on changes in a reference price or index.

The previous tables exclude non-recourse debt from consolidated VIEs, liabilities related to transfers of financial assets treated as collateralized financings, pledged commodities and other liabilities that have specified assets attributable to them.

Fair Value Loans on Nonaccrual Status

\$ in millions	Septe	At ember 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022		
Nonaccrual loans	\$	410	\$	585	
Nonaccrual loans 90 or more days past due		49		116	

6. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

Fair Values of Derivative Contracts

	Assets at September 30, 2023								
\$ in millions	Bilateral Cleared Exchange- OTC OTC Traded		Total						
Designated as accounting hed	201						Tradod		10101
Interest rate	\$	43	2	\$	_	\$	_	\$	43
Foreign exchange	Ť	243	_	•	65	Ť		•	308
Total		286	_		65				351
Not designated as accounting I	hed		_						
Economic hedges of loans		900							
Credit		2	2		47		_		49
Other derivatives									
Interest rate		146,995	5	57	,701		911		205,607
Credit		6,409)	3	,461		_		9,870
Foreign exchange		92,515	5	2	,419		36		94,970
Equity		17,550)		_		31,421		48,971
Commodity and other		14,536	3		_		2,783		17,319
Total	:	278,007	7	63	,628		35,151		376,786
Total gross derivatives	\$ 2	278,293	3	\$63	,693	\$	35,151	\$	377,137
Amounts offset									
Counterparty netting	(194,644	1)	(61	,670)		(33,407)	(289,721)
Cash collateral netting		(40,734	1)	(1	,291)		_		(42,025)
Total in Trading assets	\$	42,915	5	\$	732	\$	1,744	\$	45,391
Amounts not offset ¹									
Financial instruments collateral		(23,943	3)		_		_		(23,943)
Net amounts	\$	18,972	2	\$	732	\$	1,744	\$	21,448
Net amounts for which master ne not in place or may not be legall					agre	eme	ents are	\$	3,487

	Liabilities at September 30, 202									
\$ in millions		ateral DTC		ared TC		change- Traded		Total		
Designated as accounting hed	ges									
Interest rate	\$	564	\$	1	\$	_	\$	565		
Foreign exchange		16		7		_		23		
Total		580		8		_		588		
Not designated as accounting hedges										
Economic hedges of loans										
Credit		24		581		_		605		
Other derivatives										
Interest rate		7,420),141		939		198,500		
Credit		6,187		3,301		_		9,488		
Foreign exchange	8	4,080	2	2,725		218		87,023		
Equity	2	6,669		_		32,182		58,851		
Commodity and other	1	2,418		_		3,398		15,816		
Total	26	6,798	66	5,748		36,737		370,283		
Total gross derivatives	\$26	7,378	\$ 60	6,756	\$	36,737	\$	370,871		
Amounts offset										
Counterparty netting	(19	4,644)	(61	1,670)		(33,407)	(289,721)		
Cash collateral netting	(4	3,675)	(4	1,864)		_		(48,539)		
Total in Trading liabilities	\$ 2	9,059	\$	222	\$	3,330	\$	32,611		
Amounts not offset ¹										
Financial instruments collateral	(4,049)		_		(562)		(4,611)		
Net amounts	\$ 2	5,010	\$	222	\$	2,768	\$	28,000		
Net amounts for which master netting or collateral agreements are not in place or may not be legally enforceable 4,581										

	Assets at December 31, 2022									
\$ in millions	Bilateral OTC	Cleared OTC		xchange- Traded	Total					
Designated as accounting hed										
Interest rate	\$ 62	\$ 1	\$	_	\$ 63					
Foreign exchange	15	44		_	59					
Total	77	45		_	122					
Not designated as accounting	hedges									
Economic hedges of loans	•									
Credit	2	59		_	61					
Other derivatives										
Interest rate	141,291	29,007		1,029	171,327					
Credit	5,888	2,352			8,240					
Foreign exchange	113,540	2,337		62	115,939					
Equity	16,505	_		26,850	43,355					
Commodity and other	24,298			6,164	30,462					
Total	301,524	33,755		34,105	369,384					
Total gross derivatives	\$301,601	\$33,800	\$	34,105	\$369,506					
Amounts offset										
Counterparty netting	(214,773)	(32,250)		(32,212)	(279,235)					
Cash collateral netting	(44,711)	(1,348)		_	(46,059)					
Total in Trading assets	\$ 42,117	\$ 202	\$	1,893	\$ 44,212					
Amounts not offset ¹										
Financial instruments collateral	(19,406)	_		_	(19,406)					
Net amounts	\$ 22,711	\$ 202	\$	1,893	\$ 24,806					
Net amounts for which master ne			em	ents are						
not in place or may not be legal	ly enforceab	le			\$ 4,318					
	Liabi	lities at D	ece	ember 31,	2022					
	Bilateral	Cleared	E	xchange-						
\$ in millions	Bilateral OTC		E		2022 Total					
Designated as accounting hed	Bilateral OTC	Cleared OTC	E	xchange-	Total					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457	Cleared OTC \$ 4	E	xchange-	Total					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457 550	Cleared OTC \$ 4 101	E	xchange-	Total \$ 461 651					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457 550 1,007	Cleared OTC \$ 4	E	xchange-	Total					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457 550 1,007	Cleared OTC \$ 4 101	E	xchange-	Total \$ 461 651					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic hedges of loans	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457 550 1,007	Cleared OTC \$ 4 101 105	E	xchange-	Total \$ 461 651 1,112					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic hedges of loans Credit	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457 550 1,007	Cleared OTC \$ 4 101	E	xchange-	Total \$ 461 651					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic hedges of loans Credit Other derivatives	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457 550 1,007 hedges	\$ 4 101 105	E	xchange- Traded — — — — — —	Total \$ 461 651 1,112					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic hedges of loans Credit Other derivatives Interest rate	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457	\$ 4 101 105 368 28,581	E	xchange-	Total \$ 461 651 1,112 377 164,697					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic hedges of loans Credit Other derivatives Interest rate Credit	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457	\$ 4 101 105 368 28,581 2,390	E	xchange- Traded — — — — — —	Total \$ 461 651 1,112 377 164,697 7,925					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic hedges of loans Credit Other derivatives Interest rate Credit Foreign exchange	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457	\$ 4 101 105 368 28,581	E	xchange- Traded — — — 455 — 104	Total \$ 461 651 1,112 377 164,697 7,925 112,938					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic hedges of loans Credit Other derivatives Interest rate Credit Foreign exchange Equity	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457 550 1,007 hedges 9 135,661 5,535 110,322 23,138	\$ 4 101 105 368 28,581 2,390	E	xchange- Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Total \$ 461 651 1,112 377 164,697 7,925 112,938 51,331					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic hedges of loans Credit Other derivatives Interest rate Credit Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457 550 1,007 hedges 9 135,661 5,535 110,322 23,138 19,631	\$ 4 101 105 368 28,581 2,390 2,512 —	E	xchange- Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Total \$ 461 651 1,112 377 164,697 7,925 112,938 51,331 26,379					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic hedges of loans Credit Other derivatives Interest rate Credit Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457	\$ 4 101 105 368 28,581 2,390 2,512 — — 33,851	\$	xchange- Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Total \$ 461 651 1,112 377 164,697 7,925 112,938 51,331 26,379 363,647					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic hedges of loans Credit Other derivatives Interest rate Credit Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total Total gross derivatives	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457 550 1,007 hedges 9 135,661 5,535 110,322 23,138 19,631	\$ 4 101 105 368 28,581 2,390 2,512 —	E	xchange- Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Total \$ 461 651 1,112 377 164,697 7,925 112,938 51,331 26,379					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic hedges of loans Credit Other derivatives Interest rate Credit Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total Total gross derivatives Amounts offset	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457	Cleared OTC \$ 4 101 105 368 28,581 2,390 2,512 — — 33,851 \$33,956	\$ \$	xchange- Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Total \$ 461 651 1,112 377 164,697 7,925 112,938 51,331 26,379 363,647 \$ 364,759					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic hedges of loans Credit Other derivatives Interest rate Credit Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total Total gross derivatives Amounts offset Counterparty netting	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457	\$ 4 101 105 368 28,581 2,390 2,512 ————————————————————————————————————	\$ \$	xchange- Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Total \$ 461 651 1,112 377 164,697 7,925 112,938 51,331 26,379 363,647 \$ 364,759					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic hedges of loans Credit Other derivatives Interest rate Credit Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total Total gross derivatives Amounts offset Coath collateral netting	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457 550 1,007 hedges 9 135,661 5,535 110,322 23,138 19,631 294,296 \$ 295,303 (214,773) (45,884)	\$ 4 101 105 368 28,581 2,390 2,512 —— 33,851 \$33,956 (32,250) (1,505)	\$ \$	xchange- Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Total \$ 461 651 1,112 377 164,697 7,925 112,938 51,331 26,379 363,647 \$ 364,759 (279,235) (47,389)					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic hedges of loans Credit Other derivatives Interest rate Credit Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total Total gross derivatives Amounts offset Counterparty netting Cash collateral netting Total in Trading liabilities	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457	\$ 4 101 105 368 28,581 2,390 2,512 ————————————————————————————————————	\$ \$	xchange- Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Total \$ 461 651 1,112 377 164,697 7,925 112,938 51,331 26,379 363,647 \$ 364,759					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic hedges of loans Credit Other derivatives Interest rate Credit Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total Total gross derivatives Amounts offset Counterparty netting Cash collateral netting Total in Trading liabilities Amounts not offset¹	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457 550 1,007 hedges 9 135,661 5,535 110,322 23,138 19,631 294,296 \$ 295,303 (214,773) (45,884) \$ 34,646	\$ 4 101 105 368 28,581 2,390 2,512 —— 33,851 \$33,956 (32,250) (1,505)	\$ \$	xchange-Traded 455 104 28,193 6,748 35,500 35,500 (32,212) 3,288	Total \$ 461 651 1,112 377 164,697 7,925 112,938 51,331 26,379 363,647 \$ 364,759 (279,235) (47,389) \$ 38,135					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic hedges of loans Credit Other derivatives Interest rate Credit Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total Total gross derivatives Amounts offset Counterparty netting Cash collateral netting Total in Trading liabilities Amounts not offset Financial instruments collateral	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457	Cleared OTC \$ 4 101 105 368 28,581 2,390 2,512 — 33,851 \$33,956 (32,250) (1,505) \$ 201	\$ \$	xchange-Traded 455 104 28,193 6,748 35,500 35,500 (32,212) 3,288 (1,139)	Total \$ 461 651 1,112 377 164,697 7,925 112,938 51,331 26,379 363,647 \$ 364,759 (279,235) (47,389) \$ 38,135					
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic hedges of loans Credit Other derivatives Interest rate Credit Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total Total gross derivatives Amounts offset Counterparty netting Cash collateral netting Total in Trading liabilities Amounts not offset¹	Bilateral OTC ges \$ 457 550 1,007 hedges 9 135,661 5,535 110,322 23,138 19,631 294,296 \$ 295,303 (214,773) (45,884) \$ 34,646 (2,545) \$ 32,101	\$ 4 101 105 368 28,581 2,390 2,512 ——33,851 \$33,956 (32,250) (1,505) \$ 201 ——	\$ \$	xchange-Traded	Total \$ 461 651 1,112 377 164,697 7,925 112,938 51,331 26,379 363,647 \$ 364,759 (279,235) (47,389) \$ 38,135					

Amounts relate to master netting agreements and collateral agreements that have been determined by the Firm to be legally enforceable in the event of default but where certain other criteria are not met in accordance with applicable offsetting accounting guidance.

See Note 4 for information related to the unsettled fair value of futures contracts not designated as accounting hedges, which are excluded from the previous tables.

Notionals of Derivative C	ontra						
			ets at Se			202	23
\$ in billions		ateral DTC	Cleared OTC		change- raded		Total
Designated as accounting he				-			
Interest rate	\$	_	\$ 67	\$	_	\$	6
Foreign exchange	•	12	3		_	Ė	1
Total		12	70				8
Not designated as accounting	hedg	es					
Economic hedges of loans							
Credit		_	1		_		
Other derivatives							
Interest rate		3,943	8,316		563		12,82
Credit		209	167		_		37
Foreign exchange		3,413	194		7		3,6
Equity		559	_		437		99
Commodity and other		138	_		72		2
Total		8,262	8,678		1,079		18,0
Total gross derivatives	\$	8,274	\$ 8,748	\$	1,079	\$	18,10
\$ in billions Designated as accounting he Interest rate	С	ateral OTC	Cleared OTC		change- raded	\$	Total
	Þ	2	จ เยอ 1	Þ		Þ	18
Foreign exchange Total		4	196				20
Not designated as accounting	n hoda	•	130				21
Economic hedges of loans	, neug	0.3					
Credit		1	20		_		
Other derivatives							
Outel Utilivatives					466		12,7
		4.123	8.125				38
Interest rate		4,123 221	8,125 161		_		
Interest rate Credit					_ 28		3,58
Interest rate Credit Foreign exchange		221	161		28 621		3,58 1,21
Interest rate Credit Foreign exchange Equity		221 3,387	161				
Interest rate Credit Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other		221 3,387 596	161		621		1,21
Interest rate Credit Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total	\$	221 3,387 596 106	161 167 —	\$	621 83	\$	1,2 ⁴ 18 18,10
Interest rate Credit Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total	\$	221 3,387 596 106 8,434 8,438	161 167 — — 8,473 \$ 8,669		621 83 1,198 1,198	Ė	1,21 18 18,10 18,30
Interest rate Credit Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total Total gross derivatives		221 3,387 596 106 8,434 8,438	161 167 — — 8,473	cem	621 83 1,198 1,198	Ė	1,2° 18 18,10 18,30

	Assets at December 31, 2022										
\$ in billions			eared OTC	Exchange- Traded			Total				
Designated as accounting hedge	jes										
Interest rate	\$	2	\$	62	\$	_	\$	64			
Foreign exchange		2		2		_		4			
Total		4		64		_		68			
Not designated as accounting hedges											
Economic hedges of loans											
Credit		_		3		_		3			
Other derivatives											
Interest rate		3,404		7,609		614		11,627			
Credit		190		130		_		320			
Foreign exchange		3,477		126		15		3,618			
Equity		488		_		358		846			
Commodity and other		141		_		59		200			
Total		7,700		7,868		1,046		16,614			
Total gross derivatives	\$	7,704	\$	7,932	\$	1,046	\$	16,682			

	Liabilities at December 31, 2022										
\$ in billions	Bilateral Cleared OTC OTC			Exchange- Traded			Total				
Designated as accounting hedge											
Interest rate	\$	3	\$	187	\$	_	\$	190			
Foreign exchange		12		2		_		14			
Total		15		189		_		204			
Not designated as accounting hedges											
Economic hedges of loans											
Credit		_		15		_		15			
Other derivatives											
Interest rate		3,436		7,761		497		11,694			
Credit		199		125		_		324			
Foreign exchange		3,516		123		35		3,674			
Equity		488		_		552		1,040			
Commodity and other		101				79		180			
Total		7,740		8,024		1,163		16,927			
Total gross derivatives	\$	7,755	\$	8,213	\$	1,163	\$	17,131			

The notional amounts of derivative contracts generally overstate the Firm's exposure. In most circumstances, notional amounts are used only as a reference point from which to calculate amounts owed between the parties to the contract. Furthermore, notional amounts do not reflect the benefit of legally enforceable netting arrangements or risk mitigating transactions.

For a discussion of the Firm's derivative instruments and hedging activities, see Note 7 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Gains (Losses) on Accounting Hedges

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,					
\$ in millions		2023		2022		2023		2022			
Fair value hedges—Red	og	nized in	Int	terest in	co	me					
Interest rate contracts	\$	259	\$	846	\$	457	\$	2,037			
Investment Securities— AFS		(239)		(836)		(423)		(1,960)			
Fair value hedges—Recognized in Interest expense											
Interest rate contracts	\$	(2,742)	\$	(5,379)	\$	(2,806)	\$	(15,629)			
Deposits		(15)		25		(31)		143			
Borrowings		2,781		5,372		2,856		15,499			
Net investment hedges—Foreign exchange contracts											
Recognized in OCI	\$	375	\$	662	\$	381	\$	1,436			
Forward points excluded from hedge effectiveness testing— Recognized in Interest											
income		60		18		166		(59)			
Cash flow hedges—Inte	eres	st rate co	ont	racts1							
Recognized in OCI	\$	(12)	\$	_	\$	(30)	\$	_			
Less: Realized gains (losses) (pre-tax) reclassified from AOCI to interest income		(6)		_		(9)		_			
Net change in cash flow hedges included within AOCI		(6)		_		(21)		_			

^{1.} For the current quarter ended September 30, 2023, there were no forecasted transactions that failed to occur. The net gains (losses) associated with cash flow hedges expected to be reclassified from AOCI within 12 months as of September 30, 2023, is approximately \$(25) million. The maximum length of time over which forecasted cash flows are hedged is 2 years.

Fair Value Hedges—Hedged Items

\$ in millions		At tember 30, 2023	De	At ecember 31, 2022
Investment Securities—AFS				
Amortized cost basis currently or previously hedged	\$	33,348	\$	34,073
Basis adjustments included in amortized cost ¹	\$	(1,800)	\$	(1,628)
Deposits				
Carrying amount currently or previously hedged	\$	10,278	\$	3,735
Basis adjustments included in carrying amount ¹	\$	(88)	\$	(119)
Borrowings				
Carrying amount currently or previously hedged	\$	147,076	\$	146,025
Basis adjustments included in carrying amount—Outstanding hedges	\$	(15,567)	\$	(12,748)
Basis adjustments included in carrying amount—Terminated hedges	\$	(677)	\$	(715)

^{1.} Hedge accounting basis adjustments are primarily related to outstanding hedges.

Gains (Losses) on Economic Hedges of Loans

		ee Month Septemb	is Ended er 30,	Nine Months I September						
\$ in millions	2	023	2022	2023	2022					
Recognized in Other revenues										
Credit contracts ¹	\$	(104) \$	(44) \$	(330) \$	160					

^{1.} Amounts related to hedges of certain held-for-investment and held-for-sale loans.

Net Derivative Liabilities and Collateral Posted

\$ in millions	Sep	At tember 30, 2023	De	At ecember 31, 2022
Net derivative liabilities with credit risk-related contingent features	\$	19,204	\$	20,287
Collateral posted		13,338		12,268

The previous table presents the aggregate fair value of certain derivative contracts that contain credit risk-related contingent features that are in a net liability position for which the Firm has posted collateral in the normal course of business.

Incremental Collateral and Termination Payments upon Potential Future Ratings Downgrade

\$ in millions	At September 30, 2023			
One-notch downgrade	\$	562		
Two-notch downgrade		375		
Bilateral downgrade agreements included in the amounts above 1	\$	811		

Amount represents arrangements between the Firm and other parties where upon the downgrade of one party, the downgraded party must deliver collateral to the other party. These bilateral downgrade arrangements are used by the Firm to manage the risk of counterparty downgrades.

The additional collateral or termination payments that may be called in the event of a future credit rating downgrade vary by contract and can be based on ratings by either or both of Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and S&P Global Ratings. The previous table shows the future potential collateral amounts and termination payments that could be called or required by counterparties or exchange and clearing organizations in the

event of one-notch or two-notch downgrade scenarios based on the relevant contractual downgrade triggers.

Maximum Potential Payout/Notional of Credit Protection Sold¹

	Years to Maturity at September 30, 2023									023	
\$ in billions	<	< 1		1-3		3-5		er 5	٦	otal	
Single-name CDS											
Investment grade	\$	16	\$	30	\$	39	\$	14	\$	99	
Non-investment grade		7		13		20		6		46	
Total	\$	23	\$	43	\$	59	\$	20	\$	145	
Index and basket CDS											
Investment grade	\$	3	\$	18	\$	51	\$	21	\$	93	
Non-investment grade		8		11		85		35		139	
Total	\$	11	\$	29	\$	136	\$	56	\$	232	
Total CDS sold	\$	34	\$	72	\$	195	\$	76	\$	377	
Other credit contracts		_		_		_		3		3	
Total credit protection sold	\$	34	\$	72	\$	195	\$	79	\$	380	
CDS protection sold with identic	cal pro	otectio	on p	urcha	sed				\$	312	
		Years	to I	Maturi	tv a	t Dec	emb	or 31	20	22	
\$ in billions											
		< 1		1-3		3-5	O۱	er 5	_	otal	
Single-name CDS		< 1				3-5	O		_		
Single-name CDS Investment grade	\$	< 1 12	\$		\$	3-5 29	O\ \$		_	otal	
· ·	\$			1-3				er 5	1	otal 79	
Investment grade	\$	12		1-3 29		29		/er 5 9	1	otal 79 36	
Investment grade Non-investment grade		12	\$	1-3 29 13	\$	29 16	\$	yer 5 9 2	\$	otal 79 36	
Investment grade Non-investment grade Total		12	\$	1-3 29 13	\$	29 16	\$	yer 5 9 2	\$	79 36	
Investment grade Non-investment grade Total Index and basket CDS	\$	12 5 17	\$	29 13 42	\$	29 16 45	\$	9 2 11	\$ \$	79 36 115	
Investment grade Non-investment grade Total Index and basket CDS Investment grade	\$	12 5 17	\$	29 13 42	\$	29 16 45	\$	yer 5 9 2 11	\$ \$	79 36 115 56 152	
Investment grade Non-investment grade Total Index and basket CDS Investment grade Non-investment grade	\$	12 5 17 3 8	\$	1-3 29 13 42 13 17	\$	29 16 45 37 108	\$	9 2 11 3 19	\$ \$		

Fair Value Asset (Liability) of Credit Protection Sold¹

CDS protection sold with identical protection purchased

Total credit protection sold

\$ in millions	Sep	At tember 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022		
Single-name CDS					
Investment grade	\$	1,472	\$	762	
Non-investment grade		(228)		(808)	
Total	\$	1,244	\$	(46)	
Index and basket CDS					
Investment grade	\$	1,295	\$	859	
Non-investment grade		(1,855)		(1,812)	
Total	\$	(560)	\$	(953)	
Total CDS sold	\$	684	\$	(999)	
Other credit contracts		178		(1)	
Total credit protection sold	\$	862	\$	(1,000)	

28

72 \$

190 \$

33 \$ 323

\$ 262

Morgan Stanley

Protection Purchased with CDS

	Notional								
\$ in billions	Septer	At nber 30, 023	Dec	At ember 31, 2022					
Single name	\$	172	\$	140					
Index and basket		197		173					
Tranched index and basket		32		26					
Total	\$	401	\$	339					

	Fair Value Asset (Liability)								
\$ in millions	Se	At ptember 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022						
Single name	\$	(1,553)	\$ (33)						
Index and basket		1,023	1,248						
Tranched index and basket		(481)	(217)						
Total	\$	(1,011)	\$ 998						

The Firm enters into credit derivatives, principally CDS, under which it receives or provides protection against the risk of default on a set of debt obligations issued by a specified reference entity or entities. A majority of the Firm's counterparties for these derivatives are banks, broker-dealers, and insurance and other financial institutions.

The fair value amounts as shown in the previous tables are prior to cash collateral or counterparty netting. For further information on credit derivatives and other credit contracts, see Note 7 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

7. Investment Securities

AFS and HTM Securities

	At September 30, 2023						
\$ in millions	Amortized Cost ¹	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value			
AFS securities							
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 47,939	\$ 27	\$ 1,394	\$ 46,572			
U.S. agency securities ²	26,221	_	3,436	22,785			
Agency CMBS	5,741	_	504	5,237			
State and municipal securities	817	32	20	829			
FFELP student loan ABS ³	855	_	17	838			
Other ABS	_	_	_	_			
Total AFS securities	81,573	59	5,371	76,261			
HTM securities							
U.S. Treasury securities	26,208	_	1,885	24,323			
U.S. agency securities ²	41,612	_	10,136	31,476			
Agency CMBS	1,656	_	168	1,488			
Non-agency CMBS	1,229	_	192	1,037			
Total HTM securities	70,705	_	12,381	58,324			
Total investment securities	\$ 152,278	\$ 59	\$ 17,752	\$134,585			

^{1.} Investment grade/non-investment grade determination is based on the internal credit rating of the reference obligation. Internal credit ratings serve as the CRM's assessment of credit risk and the basis for a comprehensive credit limits framework used to control credit risk. The Firm uses quantitative models and judgment to estimate the various risk parameters related to each obligor.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

	At December 31, 2022							
\$ in millions	Amor		Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross Unrealized Losses			Fair Value
AFS securities								
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 56	,103	\$	17	\$	2,254	\$	53,866
U.S. agency securities ²	23	,926		1		2,753		21,174
Agency CMBS	5	,998		_		470		5,528
State and municipal securities	2	,598		71		42		2,627
FFELP student loan ABS ³	1	,147		_		45		1,102
Total AFS securities	89	,772		89		5,564		84,297
HTM securities								
U.S. Treasury securities	28	,599		_		1,845		26,754
U.S. agency securities ²	44	,038		_		8,487		35,551
Agency CMBS	1	,819		_		152		1,667
Non-agency CMBS	1	,178		_		144		1,034
Total HTM securities	75	,634		_		10,628		65,006
Total investment securities	\$ 165	,406	\$	89	\$	16,192	\$	149,303

- 1. Amounts are net of any ACL.
- U.S. agency securities consist mainly of agency mortgage pass-through pool securities, CMOs and agency-issued debt.
- Underlying loans are backed by a guarantee, ultimately from the U.S. Department of Education, of at least 95% of the principal balance and interest outstanding.

AFS Securities in an Unrealized Loss Position

	At September 30, 2023				At December 31, 2022			
\$ in millions		Fair Value	Unr	Pross Pealized Posses	Fair Value		Gross nrealized Losses	
U.S. Treasury securities								
Less than 12 months	\$	6,932	\$	214	\$ 42,144	\$	1,711	
12 months or longer		31,798		1,180	11,454		543	
Total		38,730		1,394	53,598		2,254	
U.S. agency securities								
Less than 12 months		4,716		91	13,662		1,271	
12 months or longer		17,968		3,345	7,060		1,482	
Total		22,684		3,436	20,722		2,753	
Agency CMBS								
Less than 12 months		2,111		201	5,343		448	
12 months or longer		3,053		303	185		22	
Total		5,164		504	5,528		470	
State and municipal securities								
Less than 12 months		288		1	2,106		40	
12 months or longer		253		19	65		2	
Total		541		20	2,171		42	
FFELP student loan ABS								
Less than 12 months		68		1	627		23	
12 months or longer		693		16	476		22	
Total		761		17	1,103		45	
Total AFS securities in an un	rea	lized los	s po	sition				
Less than 12 months		14,115		508	63,882		3,493	
12 months or longer		53,765		4,863	19,240		2,071	
Total	\$	67,880	\$	5,371	\$ 83,122	\$	5,564	

For AFS securities, the Firm believes there are no securities in an unrealized loss position that have credit losses after performing the analysis described in Note 2 in the 2022 Form 10-K and the Firm expects to recover the amortized cost basis of these securities. Additionally, the Firm does not intend to sell these securities and is not likely to be required to sell these securities prior to recovery of the amortized cost basis.

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the securities in an unrealized loss position are predominantly investment grade.

The HTM securities net carrying amounts at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 reflect an ACL of \$45 million and \$34 million, respectively, predominantly related to Nonagency CMBS. See Note 2 in the 2022 Form 10-K for a description of the ACL methodology used for HTM Securities. As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, Non-Agency CMBS HTM securities were predominantly on accrual status and investment grade.

See Note 14 for additional information on securities issued by VIEs, including U.S. agency mortgage-backed securities, non-agency CMBS, and FFELP student loan ABS.

Investment Securities by Contractual Maturity

	At S	At September 30, 2023					
\$ in millions	Amortized Cost ¹	Fair Value	Annualized Average Yield ^{2,3}				
AFS securities							
U.S. Treasury securities:							
Due within 1 year	\$ 15,009	\$ 14,680	1.1 %				
After 1 year through 5 years	32,224	31,187	1.8 %				
After 5 years through 10 years	706	705	3.9 %				
Total	47,939	46,572					
U.S. agency securities:							
Due within 1 year	24	23	(0.6)%				
After 1 year through 5 years	431	397	1.6 %				
After 5 years through 10 years	572	510	1.8 %				
After 10 years	25,194	21,855	3.6 %				
Total	26,221	22,785					
Agency CMBS:							
Due within 1 year	1	1	(2.2)%				
After 1 year through 5 years	2,068	1,973	1.8 %				
After 5 years through 10 years	2,459	2,309	2.1 %				
After 10 years	1,213	954	1.4 %				
Total	5,741	5,237					
State and municipal securities:							
Due within 1 year	24	24	5.2 %				
After 1 year through 5 years	172	172	4.8 %				
After 5 years through 10 years	17	20	4.7 %				
After 10 Years	604	613	4.3 %				
Total	817	829					
FFELP student loan ABS:							
After 1 year through 5 years	101	98	5.8 %				
After 5 years through 10 years	104	100	6.0 %				
After 10 years	650	640	6.3 %				
Total	855	838					
Total AFS securities	81,573	76,261	2.3 %				

	At September 30, 2023					
\$ in millions	Amortized Cost ¹	Fair Value	Annualized Average Yield ²			
HTM securities						
U.S. Treasury securities:						
Due within 1 year	8,102	7,982	1.9 %			
After 1 year through 5 years	12,683	11,863	1.8 %			
After 5 years through 10 years	3,864	3,445	2.4 %			
After 10 years	1,559	1,033	2.3 %			
Total	26,208	24,323				
U.S. agency securities:						
After 1 year through 5 years	7	6	1.8 %			
After 5 years through 10 years	311	276	2.1 %			
After 10 years	41,294	31,194	1.8 %			
Total	41,612	31,476				
Agency CMBS:						
Due within 1 year	482	469	1.4 %			
After 1 year through 5 years	928	828	1.2 %			
After 5 years through 10 years	118	95	1.4 %			
After 10 years	128	96	1.6 %			
Total	1,656	1,488				
Non-agency CMBS:						
Due within 1 year	195	177	4.2 %			
After 1 year through 5 years	353	315	4.4 %			
After 5 years through 10 years	630	500	3.7 %			
After 10 years	51	45	4.6 %			
Total	1,229	1,037				
Total HTM securities	70,705	58,324	1.9 %			
Total investment securities	152,278	134,585	2.1 %			

- 1. Amounts are net of any ACL.
- Annualized average yield is computed using the effective yield, weighted based on the amortized cost of each security. The effective yield is shown pre-tax and excludes the effect of related hedging derivatives.
- At September 30, 2023, the annualized average yield, including the interest rate swap accrual of related hedges, was 1.2% for AFS securities contractually maturing within 1 year and 3.3% for all AFS securities.

Gross Realized Gains (Losses) on Sales of AFS Securities

	_	Septer		September 30,			
\$ in millions		2023	2022		2023		2022
Gross realized gains	\$	15	\$	13	\$ 66	\$	163
Gross realized (losses)		(1)		(4)	(21)		(92)
Total ¹	\$	14	\$	9	\$ 45	\$	71

Realized gains and losses are recognized in Other revenues in the income statement.

8. Collateralized Transactions

Offsetting of Certain Collateralized Transactions

		At Sep	tember 30	2023		
\$ in millions	Gross Amounts	Amounts Offset	Balance Sheet Net Amounts	Amounts Not Offset ¹	ıA	Net nounts
Assets						
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	\$244,528	\$ (142,959)	\$ 101,569	\$ (98,203)	\$	3,366
Securities borrowed	133,184	(12,268)	120,916	(116,818)		4,098
Liabilities						
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$219,620	\$ (142,959)	\$ 76,661	\$ (70,871)	\$	5,790
Securities loaned	25,332	(12,268)	13,064	(13,049)		15
Net amounts for whi may not be legally			ements are	e not in plac	е	or
Securities purchased	under agre	ements to res	sell		\$	2,160
Securities borrowed						380
Securities sold under	agreements	s to repurcha	se			4,311
Securities loaned						4
		At De	cember 31,	2022		
\$ in millions	Gross Amounts	Amounts Offset	Balance Sheet Net Amounts	Amounts Not Offset ¹	ıA	Net nounts
Assets						
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	\$240,355	\$(126,448)	\$ 113,907	\$(109,902)	\$	4,005
Securities borrowed	145,340	(11,966)	133,374	(128,073)		5,301
Liabilities						
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$188.982	\$(126,448)	\$ 62.534	\$ (57,395)	\$	5.139
Securities loaned	27,645	(11,966)	15,679	(15,199)	•	480
Net amounts for whi	ch master	netting agre		_ , ,	е	or
Securities purchased	under agre	ements to res	sell		\$	1,696
Securities borrowed						624
Securities sold under	agreements	s to repurcha	se			3,861

Amounts relate to master netting agreements that have been determined by the Firm to be legally enforceable in the event of default but where certain other criteria are not met in accordance with applicable offsetting accounting guidance.

For further discussion of the Firm's collateralized transactions, see Notes 2 and 9 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K. For information related to offsetting of derivatives, see Note 6.

Gross Secured Financing Balances by Remaining Contractual Maturity

	At September 30, 2023							
\$ in millions	Overnight and Open	Less than 30 Days	30-90 Days	Over 90 Days	Total			
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$ 93,944	\$ 68,289	\$23,622	\$33,765	\$219,620			
Securities loaned	13,266	_	900	11,166	25,332			
Total included in the offsetting disclosure	\$107,210	\$ 68,289	\$24,522	\$44,931	\$244,952			
Trading liabilities— Obligation to return securities received as collateral	16,548	_	_	_	16,548			
Total	\$123,758	\$ 68,289	\$24,522	\$44,931	\$261,500			

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

	At December 31, 2022							
\$ in millions	vernight nd Open		ess than 0 Days	30-90 Days	Over 90 Days	Total		
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$ 54,551	\$	77,359	\$20,586	\$36,486	\$188,982		
Securities loaned	15,150		882	1,984	9,629	27,645		
Total included in the offsetting disclosure	\$ 69,701	\$	78,241	\$22,570	\$46,115	\$216,627		
Trading liabilities— Obligation to return securities received as collateral	22,880		_	_	_	22,880		
Total	\$ 92,581	\$	78,241	\$22,570	\$46,115	\$239,507		

Gross Secured Financing Balances by Class of Collateral Pledged

\$ in millions	At September 30, 2023		De	At ecember 31, 2022
Securities sold under agreements to repur	chase			
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	\$	83,594	\$	57,761
Other sovereign government obligations		102,679		98,839
Corporate equities		17,976		19,340
Other		15,371		13,042
Total	\$	219,620	\$	188,982
Securities loaned				
Other sovereign government obligations	\$	714	\$	862
Corporate equities		23,939		26,289
Other		679		494
Total	\$	25,332	\$	27,645
Total included in the offsetting disclosure	\$	244,952	\$	216,627
Trading liabilities—Obligation to return see	curitie	s received a	s c	ollateral
Corporate equities	\$	16,523	\$	22,833
Other		25		47
Total	\$	16,548	\$	22,880
Total	\$	261,500	\$	239,507

Carrying Value of Assets Loaned or Pledged without Counterparty Right to Sell or Repledge

\$ in millions	At ember 30, 2023	De	At cember 31, 2022
Trading assets	\$ 38,682	\$	34,524

The Firm pledges certain of its trading assets to collateralize securities sold under agreements to repurchase, securities loaned, other secured financings and derivatives and to cover customer short sales. Counterparties may or may not have the right to sell or repledge the collateral.

Pledged financial instruments that can be sold or repledged by the secured party are identified as Trading assets (pledged to various parties) in the balance sheet.

Fair Value of Collateral Received with Right to Sell or Repledge

\$ in millions	Sep	At tember 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022			
Collateral received with right to sell or repledge	\$	656,290	\$	637,941		
Collateral that was sold or repledged ¹		499,905		486,820		

Does not include securities used to meet federal regulations for the Firm's U.S. broker-dealers.

The Firm receives collateral in the form of securities in connection with securities purchased under agreements to resell, securities borrowed, securities-for-securities transactions, derivative transactions, customer margin loans and securities-based lending. In many cases, the Firm is permitted to sell or repledge this collateral to secure securities sold under agreements to repurchase, to enter into securities lending and derivative transactions or to deliver to counterparties to cover short positions.

Securities Segregated for Regulatory Purposes

\$ in millions	At September 3 2023		De	At ecember 31, 2022
Segregated securities ¹	\$	21,936	\$	32,254

Securities segregated under federal regulations for the Firm's U.S. broker-dealers are sourced from Securities purchased under agreements to resell and Trading assets in the balance sheet.

Customer Margin and Other Lending

\$ in millions	At mber 30, 2023	De	At ecember 31, 2022
Margin and other lending	\$ 42,699	\$	38,524

The Firm provides margin lending arrangements that allow customers to borrow against the value of qualifying securities. Receivables from these arrangements are included within Customer and other receivables in the balance sheet. Under these arrangements, the Firm receives collateral, which includes U.S. government and agency securities, other sovereign government obligations, corporate and other debt, and corporate equities. Margin loans are collateralized by customer-owned securities held by the Firm. The Firm monitors required margin levels and established credit terms daily and, pursuant to such guidelines, requires customers to deposit additional collateral, or reduce positions, when necessary.

For a further discussion of the Firm's margin lending activities, see Note 9 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Also included in the amounts in the previous table is non-purpose securities-based lending on non-bank entities in the Wealth Management business segment.

Other Secured Financings

The Firm has additional secured liabilities. For a further discussion of other secured financings, see Note 12.

9. Loans, Lending Commitments and Related Allowance for Credit Losses

Loans by Type

	At September 30, 2023										
\$ in millions		HFI Loans		HFS Loans	-	Total Loans					
Corporate	\$	7,181	\$	11,086	\$	18,267					
Secured lending facilities		39,119		2,861		41,980					
Commercial real estate		8,389		259		8,648					
Residential real estate		59,002		23		59,025					
Securities-based lending and Other loans		90,208		1		90,209					
Total loans		203,899		14,230		218,129					
ACL		(1,157)				(1,157)					
Total loans, net	\$	202,742	\$	14,230	\$	216,972					
Loans to non-U.S. borrowers, r	net				\$	26,246					

	At December 31, 2022									
\$ in millions		HFI Loans		HFS Loans	Total Loans					
Corporate	\$	6,589	\$	10,634	\$	17,223				
Secured lending facilities		35,606		3,176		38,782				
Commercial real estate		8,515		926		9,441				
Residential real estate		54,460		4		54,464				
Securities-based lending and Other loans		94,666		48		94,714				
Total loans		199,836		14,788		214,624				
ACL		(839)				(839)				
Total loans, net	\$	198,997	\$	14,788	\$	213,785				
Loans to non-U.S. borrowers, n	et				\$	23,651				

For additional information on the Firm's held-for-investment and held-for-sale loan portfolios, see Note 10 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Loans by Interest Rate Type

	At Septem	ber 30, 2023	per 31, 2022			
\$ in millions	Fixed Rate	Floating or Adjustable Rate	Fixed Rate	Floating or Adjustable Rate		
Corporate	\$ —	\$ 18,267	\$ —	\$ 17,223		
Secured lending facilities	_	41,980	_	38,782		
Commercial real estate	198	8,450	204	9,237		
Residential real estate	28,282	30,743	24,903	29,561		
Securities-based lending and Other loans	22,525	67,684	24,077	70,637		

See Note 4 for further information regarding Loans and lending commitments held at fair value. See Note 13 for details of current commitments to lend in the future.

Total loans, before ACL \$ 51,005 \$ 167,124 \$ 49,184 \$ 165,440

Loans Held for Investment before Allowance by Origination Year

	At September 30, 2023 At December 31, 2022												
	Corporate												
\$ in millions	IG		NIG		Total		IG		NIG		Total		
Revolving	\$ 2,349	\$	4,189	\$	6,538	\$	2,554	\$	3,456	\$	6,010		
2023	134		20		154								
2022	_		166		166		6		107		113		
2021	15		101		116		_		139		139		
2020	33		25		58		_		58		58		
2019	_		149		149		_		154		154		
Prior	_		_		_		115		_		115		
Total	\$ 2,531	\$	4,650	\$	7,181	\$	2,675	\$	3,914	\$	6,589		

	At Se	otember 30	At De	ecember 31, 2022				
		Se	ecured Len	ding Facilit	ies			
\$ in millions	IG	NIG	NIG Total IG NIG					
Revolving	\$ 11,329	\$ 19,873	\$ 31,202	\$ 9,445	\$ 21,243	\$ 30,688		
2023	2,324	750	3,074					
2022	667	2,150	2,817	1,135	1,336	2,471		
2021	254	151	405	254	208	462		
2020	_	85	85	_	98	98		
2019	60	345	405	60	486	546		
Prior	302	829	1,131	215	1,126	1,341		
Total	\$ 14,936	\$ 24,183	\$ 39,119	\$ 11,109	\$ 24,497	\$ 35,606		

	At Sep	nber 31	31, 2022										
	Commercial Real Estate												
\$ in millions	IG		NIG		Total		IG		NIG		Total		
Revolving	\$ _	\$	168	\$	168	\$	_	\$	204	\$	204		
2023	10		805		815								
2022	382		1,791		2,173		379		2,201		2,580		
2021	286		1,574		1,860		239		1,609		1,848		
2020	_		739		739		_		728		728		
2019	325		1,242		1,567		659		1,152		1,811		
Prior	85		982		1,067		211		1,133		1,344		
Total	\$ 1,088	\$	7,301	\$	8,389	\$	1,488	\$	7,027	\$	8,515		

		23												
		Residential Real Estate by FICO Scores by LTV Ratio												
	by													
\$ in millions	≥ 740	680-739	≤ 679	≤ 80%	> 80%	Total								
Revolving	\$ 98	\$ 32	\$ 8	\$ 137	\$ 1	\$ 138								
2023	5,735	1,180	178	6,304	789	7,093								
2022	11,039	2,445	390	12,771	1,103	13,874								
2021	11,210	2,392	245	12,911	936	13,847								
2020	7,006	1,443	105	8,118	436	8,554								
2019	4,012	901	132	4,739	306	5,045								
Prior	7,845	2,292	314	9,632	819	10,451								
Total	\$ 46,945	\$ 10,685	\$ 1,372	\$ 54,612	\$ 4,390	\$ 59,002								

		At December 31, 2022													
\$ in millions	≥ 7	7 40	68	0-739	:	≤ 679	≤	80%	>	80%		Total			
Revolving	\$	90	\$	29	\$	5	\$	124	\$	_	\$	124			
2022	11	,481		2,533		411	1	3,276		1,149		14,425			
2021	11	,604		2,492		257	1	3,378		975		14,353			
2020	7	,292		1,501		115		8,452		456		8,908			
2019	4	,208		946		137		4,968		323		5,291			
2018	1	,635		447		52		1,965		169		2,134			
Prior	6,853 2,072					300	300 8,492 7			733	9,225				
Total	\$ 43	,163	\$ 1	10,020	\$	1,277	\$ 5	0,655	\$	3,805	\$	54,460			

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

	At September 30, 2023								
	Secu	rities-based		Oth	ner ²				
\$ in millions	L	ending ¹		IG		NIG		Total	
Revolving	\$	71,389	\$	6,096	\$	1,220	\$	78,705	
2023		1,369		543		238		2,150	
2022		1,474		820		792		3,086	
2021		375		417		341		1,133	
2020		_		464		425		889	
2019		14		903		522		1,439	
Prior		202		1,466		1,138		2,806	
Total	\$	74,823	\$	10,709	\$	4,676	\$	90,208	

	December 31, 2022								
	Sec	urities-based		Oth	ner ²	!			
\$ in millions		Lending ¹		IG		NIG		Total	
Revolving	\$	77,115	\$	5,760	\$	1,480	\$	84,355	
2022		1,425		1,572		269		3,266	
2021		725		525		223		1,473	
2020		_		580		418		998	
2019		16		913		644		1,573	
2018		202		268		304		774	
Prior		_		1,581		646		2,227	
Total	\$	79,483	\$	11,199	\$	3,984	\$	94,666	

IG-Investment Grade

NIG-Non-investment Grade

- Securities-based loans are subject to collateral maintenance provisions, and at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, these loans are predominantly overcollateralized. For more information on the ACL methodology related to securitiesbased loans, see Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.
- 2. Other loans primarily include certain loans originated in the tailored lending business within the Wealth Management business segment, which typically consist of bespoke lending arrangements provided to ultra-high worth net clients. These facilities are generally secured by eligible collateral.

Past Due Loans Held for Investment before Allowance¹

\$ in millions	At Sept	ember 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022		
Corporate	\$	42	\$ 112		
Secured lending facilities		_	85		
Commercial real estate		21	_		
Residential real estate		153	158		
Securities-based lending and Other loans		_	1		
Total	\$	216	\$ 356		

As of September 30, 2023, the majority of the amounts are past due for a period of less than 90 days. As of December 31, 2022, the majority of the amounts are 90 days or more past due.

Nonaccrual Loans Held for Investment before Allowance¹

\$ in millions	At Se	ptember 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022		
Corporate	\$	115	\$	71	
Secured lending facilities		92		94	
Commercial real estate		153	2	09	
Residential real estate		101	1	18	
Securities-based lending and Other loans		120		10	
Total	\$	581	\$ 5	02	
Nonaccrual loans without					
an ACL	\$	133	\$ 1	17	

There were no loans held for investment that were 90 days or more past due and still accruing as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. For further information on the Firm's nonaccrual policy, see Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

See Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K for a description of the ACL calculated under the CECL

methodology, including credit quality indicators, used for HFI loans.

The Firm may modify the terms of certain loans for economic or legal reasons related to a borrower's financial difficulties, and these modifications include interest rate reductions, principal forgiveness, term extensions and other-than-insignificant payment delays or a combination of these aforementioned modifications. Modified loans are typically evaluated individually for allowance for credit losses. As of September 30, 2023, there were no loans held for investment modified in the current year period with subsequent default.

Modified Loans Held for Investment

Modified during the three months ended September 30, 2023¹

	At September 30, 2023						
\$ in millions		Amortized Cost	% of Total Loans ²				
		Term Exte	nsion				
Corporate	\$	8	32 1.1 %				
Commercial real estate		19	98 2.4 %				
Securities-based lending and Other loans		10	0.1 %				
Total	\$	38	35				

Modified during the nine months ended September 30, 2023¹

At	September	30,	2023	

\$ in millions		% of Total Loans ²				
	Term Extension					
Corporate	\$	11	4 1.6 %			
Commercial real estate		21	9 2.6 %			
Residential real estate			1 — %			
Securities-based lending and Other loans		12	9 0.1 %			
Total	\$	46	3			
		Combination - Multiple Modifications ³				
Commercial real estate	\$	4	0.5 %			

- Lending commitments to borrowers for which the Firm has modified terms of the receivable are \$424 million and \$877 million during the current quarter and current year period, respectively as of September 30, 2023.
- Percentage of total loans represents the percentage of modified loans to total loans held for investment by loan type.
- Combination Multiple Modifications includes loans with Term extension and Otherthan-insignificant payment delay.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Financial Impact on Modified Loans Held for Investment

Modified during the three months ended September 30, 2023¹

	At September 30, 2023					
	Term Extension ²					
Corporate	Added 1 year, 11 months to the life of the modified loan(s)					
Commercial real estate	Added 3 months to the life of the modified loan(s)					
Securities-based lending and Other loans	Added 4 months to the life of the modified loan(s)					

Modified during the nine months ended September 30, 2023¹

	At September 30, 2023					
	Term Extension ²					
Corporate	Added 1 year, 9 months to the life of the modified loan(s)					
Commercial real estate	Added 3 months to the life of the modified loan(s)					
Residential real estate	Added 4 months to the life of the modified loan(s)					
Securities-based lending and Other loans	Added 8 months to the life of the modified loan(s)					
	Combination - Multiple Modification					
Commercial real estate	Added 7 months of Term extension and 6 months of Other-than-insignificant payment delay to the life of the modified loan(s)					

- Percentage of total loans represents the percentage of modified loans to total loans held for investment by loan type.
- In instances where more than one loan was modified, modification impact is presented on a weighted-average basis.

Past Due Status for Loans Held for Investment Modified in the Last 12 months

	At September 30, 2023							
\$ in millions	30-8 Pa	39 Days st Due		90+ days Past Due		Total		
Commercial real estate	\$	21	\$	_	\$		21	
Residential real estate		_		1			1	
Total	\$	21	\$	1	\$		22	

Troubled Debt Restructurings

\$ in millions	At Decembe	31, 2022
Loans, before ACL	\$	29
Lending commitments		_

TDRs included modifications of interest rates, collateral requirements, other loan covenants and payment extensions. See Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K for further information on TDRs guidance. The accounting guidance for TDRs was eliminated for the Firm, beginning on January 1, 2023. See Note 2 for further information herein.

Gross Charge-offs by Origination Year

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023								3	
\$ in millions	Corporat		Secured Lending Facilities	CRE		sidential Real Estate	a	BL nd ther		Total
Revolving	\$ -	_ \$	-	\$ —	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
2020	_	_	_	_		_		(1)		(1)
2019	_	_	_	(39)		_		_		(39)
Total	\$ -	- \$	—	\$ (39)	\$	_	\$	(1)	\$	(40)

		1	Nine Mon	ths End	led Sep	tembe	er 3	80, 20	023	
			Secured Lending		Reside Re		_	BL		
\$ in millions	Corp	orate		CRE	Esta		_	ther		Total
Revolving	\$	(30)	\$ —	\$ —	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(30)
2020		_	_	_		_		(2)		(2)
2019		_	_	(68)		_		(1)		(69)
Prior		_	_	(40)		_		_		(40)
Total	\$	(30)	\$ —	\$(108)	\$	_	\$	(3)	\$	(141)

Provision for Credit Losses

	Th	ree Mor Septen	s Ended r 30,		Ended r 30,			
\$ in millions	2023 2022				2023		2022	
Loans	\$	123	\$	6	\$	462	\$	137
Lending commitments		11		29		67		56

Allowance for Credit Losses Rollforward and Allocation— Loans

\$ in millions	Со	rporate	Ĺ	ecured ending acilities	CRE	R	esidential Real Estate	SBL and Other	Total
December 31, 2022	\$	235	\$	153	\$275	\$	87	\$89	\$839
Gross charge-offs		(30)		_	(108)		_	(3)	(141)
Recoveries		_		_	_		1	_	1
Net (charge-offs) recoveries		(30)		_	(108)		1	(3)	(140)
Provision (release)		44		2	261		22	133	462
Other		(1)		(1)	(2)		_	_	(4)
September 30, 2023	\$	248	\$	154	\$426	\$	110	\$219	\$1,157
Percent of loans to total loans ¹		4 %		19 %	4 %		29 %	44 %	100 %

\$ in millions	Co	rporate	Ĺ	ecured ending acilities	CRE	R	esidential Real Estate	SBL and Other	Total
December 31, 2021	\$	165	\$	163	\$206	\$	60	\$60	\$654
Gross charge-offs		_		(3)	(7)		_	(21)	(31)
Recoveries		6		_	_		1	_	7
Net recoveries (charge-offs)		6		(3)	(7)		1	(21)	(24)
Provision (release)		46		(2)	35		26	32	137
Other		(6)		(2)	(10)		_	_	(18)
September 30, 2022	\$	211	\$	156	\$224	\$	87	\$71	\$749
Percent of loans to total loans ¹		3 %		17 %	4 %		26 %	50 %	100 %

CRE—Commercial real estate

SBL—Securities-based lending

Percent of loans to total loans represents loans held for investment by loan type to total loans held for investment.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Allowance for Credit Losses Rollforward—Lending Commitments

\$ in millions	Сс	rporate	Ĺ	ecured ending acilities	С	RE	R	esidential Real Estate	a	BL ind ther	To	otal
December 31, 2022	\$	411	\$	51	\$	15	\$	4	\$	23	\$	504
Provision (release)		29		24		12		_		2		67
Other		(1)		_		(1)		_		_		(2)
September 30, 2023	\$	439	\$	75	\$	26	\$	4	\$	25	\$	569

\$ in millions	Co	orporate	Ĺ	ecured ending acilities	С	RE	R	esidential Real Estate	á	SBL and ther	Total
December 31, 2021	\$	356	\$	41	\$	20	\$	1	\$	26	\$ 444
Provision (release)		64		7		(6)		1		(10)	56
Other		(12)		(1)		_		_		_	(13)
September 30, 2022	\$	408	\$	47	\$	14	\$	2	\$	16	\$ 487

The allowance for credit losses for loans and lending commitments increased for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, primarily due to deteriorating conditions in the commercial real estate sector, including provisions for certain specific loans, mainly in the office portfolio, and modest growth in certain other loan portfolios. Charge-offs for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 were primarily related to commercial real estate and corporate loans. The base scenario used in our ACL models as of September 30, 2023 was generated using a combination of consensus economic forecasts, forward rates, and internally developed and validated models, and assumes weak economic growth in 2023 and 2024. Given the nature of our lending portfolio, the most sensitive model input is U.S. gross domestic product ("GDP"). For a further discussion of the Firm's loans as well as the Firm's allowance methodology, refer to Notes 2 and 10 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Selected Credit Ratios

	At September 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022
ACL for loans to total HFI loans	0.6 %	0.4 %
Nonaccrual HFI loans to total HFI loans	0.3 %	0.3 %
ACL for loans to nonaccrual HFI loans	199.1 %	167.1 %

Employee Loans

\$ in millions	Sep	At tember 30, 2023	De	At ecember 31, 2022
Currently employed by the Firm ¹	\$	4,262	\$	4,023
No longer employed by the Firm ²		98		97
Employee loans	\$	4,360	\$	4,120
ACL		(130)		(139)
Employee loans, net of ACL	\$	4,230	\$	3,981
Remaining repayment term, weighted average in years		5.8		5.8

- 1. These loans are predominantly current.
- 2. These loans are predominantly past due for a period of 90 days or more.

Employee loans are granted in conjunction with a program established primarily to recruit certain Wealth Management financial advisors, are full recourse and generally require periodic repayments, and are due in full upon termination of employment with the Firm. These loans are recorded in

Customer and other receivables in the balance sheet. See Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K for a description of the CECL allowance methodology, including credit quality indicators, for employee loans.

10. Other Assets—Equity Method Investments

Equity Method Investments

\$ in millions			Septem 20:	ber 3	0 , D		At mber 31, 2022
Investments			\$	1,77	75 \$		1,927
	Th	ree Mor Septen	 		ne Mo Septe		Ended er 30,
\$ in millions	2	2023	2022	2	023		2022
Income (loss)	\$	19	\$ 21	\$	105	5 \$	44

Equity method investments, other than investments in certain fund interests, are summarized above and are included in Other assets in the balance sheet with related income or loss included in Other revenues in the income statement. See "Net Asset Value Measurements—Fund Interests" in Note 4 for the carrying value of certain of the Firm's fund interests, which are composed of general and limited partnership interests, as well as any related carried interest.

Japanese Securities Joint Venture

		ree Moi Septen	 Ended r 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
\$ in millions	2	023	2022	2023			2022	
Income (loss) from investment in MUMSS	\$	10	\$ 17	\$	102	\$	35	

For more information on MUMSS and other relationships with MUFG, see Note 12 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

11. Deposits

Deposits

		At		At
	Sep	tember 30,	De	ecember 31,
\$ in millions		2023		2022
Savings and demand deposits	\$	280,008	\$	319,948
Time deposits		65,450		36,698
Total	\$	345,458	\$	356,646
Deposits subject to FDIC insurance	\$	272,015	\$	260,420
Deposits not subject to FDIC insurance	\$	73,443	\$	96,226

Time Deposit Maturities

\$ in millions	Sept	At ember 30, 2023
2023	\$	13,058
2024		29,378
2025		11,302
2026		4,716
2027		3,372
Thereafter		3,624
Total	\$	65,450

12. Borrowings and Other Secured Financings

Borrowings

\$ in millions	At September 30, 2023		De	At ecember 31, 2022
Original maturities of one year or less	\$	4,350	\$	4,191
Original maturities greater than one year				
Senior	\$	231,047	\$	221,667
Subordinated		11,796		12,200
Total greater than one year	\$	242,843	\$	233,867
Total	\$	247,193	\$	238,058
Weighted average stated maturity, in years ¹		6.5		6.7

^{1.} Only includes borrowings with original maturities greater than one year.

Other Secured Financings

\$ in millions	At ember 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022			
Original maturities:					
One year or less	\$ 2,391	\$	944		
Greater than one year	7,277		7,214		
Total	\$ 9,668	\$	8,158		
Transfers of assets accounted for as secured financings	\$ 3,092	\$	1,119		

Other secured financings include the liabilities related to collateralized notes, transfers of financial assets that are accounted for as financings rather than sales and consolidated VIEs where the Firm is deemed to be the primary beneficiary. These liabilities are generally payable from the cash flows of the related assets accounted for as Trading assets. See Note 14 for further information on other secured financings related to VIEs and securitization activities.

For transfers of assets that fail to meet accounting criteria for a sale, the Firm continues to record the assets and recognizes the associated liabilities in the balance sheet.

13. Commitments, Guarantees and Contingencies

Commitments

	а	23	_		
\$ in millions	Less than 1	1-3	3-5	Over 5	Total
Lending:					
Corporate	\$16,247	\$ 36,269	\$ 53,156	\$ 2,356	\$108,028
Secured lending facilities	7,773	5,032	3,662	2,140	18,607
Commercial and Residential real estate	309	112	14	352	787
Securities-based lending and Other	16,229	3,360	395	394	20,378
Forward-starting secured financing receivables ¹	73,474	_	_	_	73,474
Central counterparty	300	_	_	14,966	15,266
Underwriting	645	_	_	_	645
Investment activities	1,777	314	110	284	2,485
Letters of credit and other financial guarantees	145	_	_	6	151
Total	\$116,899	\$45,087	\$ 57,337	\$20,498	\$239,821
Lending commitments partic	cipated to t	hird partie	s		\$ 7,408

Forward-starting secured financing receivables are generally settled within three business days.

Since commitments associated with these instruments may expire unused, the amounts shown do not necessarily reflect the actual future cash funding requirements.

For a further description of these commitments, refer to Note 15 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Guarantees

	At September 30, 2023											
	Maximur Oblig	Carrying Amount										
\$ in millions	Less than 1	1-3	3-5	Over 5	Asset (Liability)							
Non-credit derivatives ¹	\$1,303,613	\$1,337,393	\$295,171	\$713,579	\$ (67,659)							
Standby letters of credit and other financial guarantees issued ²	1,545	1,054	1,100	2,801	(15)							
Market value guarantees	1	_	_	_	_							
Liquidity facilities	2,035	_	_	_	(9)							
Whole loan sales guarantees	_	69	17	23,076	_							
Securitization representations and warranties ³	_	_	_	80,081	(3)							
General partner guarantees	381	32	130	33	(87)							
Client clearing guarantees	77	_	_	_	_							

The carrying amounts of derivative contracts that meet the accounting definition of a guarantee are shown on a gross basis. For further information on derivatives contracts, see Note 6.

The Firm has obligations under certain guarantee arrangements, including contracts and indemnification agreements, that contingently require the Firm to make

^{2.} These amounts include certain issued standby letters of credit participated to third parties, totaling \$0.8 billion of notional and collateral/recourse, due to the nature of the Firm's obligations under these arrangements. As of September 30, 2023, the carrying amount of standby letters of credit and other financial guarantees issued includes an allowance for credit losses of \$76 million.

^{3.} Related to commercial and residential mortgage securitizations.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

payments to the guaranteed party based on changes in an underlying measure (such as an interest or foreign exchange rate, security or commodity price, an index, or the occurrence or non-occurrence of a specified event) related to an asset, liability or equity security of a guaranteed party. Also included as guarantees are contracts that contingently require the Firm to make payments to the guaranteed party based on another entity's failure to perform under an agreement, as well as indirect guarantees of the indebtedness of others.

For more information on the nature of the obligations and related business activities for our guarantees, see Note 15 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Other Guarantees and Indemnities

In the normal course of business, the Firm provides guarantees and indemnifications in a variety of transactions. These provisions generally are standard contractual terms. Certain of these guarantees and indemnifications related to indemnities, exchange and clearinghouse member guarantees and merger and acquisition guarantees are described in Note 15 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

In addition, in the ordinary course of business, the Firm guarantees the debt and/or certain trading obligations (including obligations associated with derivatives, foreign exchange contracts and the settlement of physical commodities) of certain subsidiaries. These guarantees generally are entity or product specific and are required by investors or trading counterparties. The activities of the Firm's subsidiaries covered by these guarantees (including any related debt or trading obligations) are included in the financial statements.

Finance Subsidiary

The Parent Company fully and unconditionally guarantees the securities issued by Morgan Stanley Finance LLC, a wholly owned finance subsidiary. No other subsidiary of the Parent Company guarantees these securities.

Contingencies

Legal

In addition to the matters described below, in the normal course of business, the Firm has been named, from time to time, as a defendant in various legal actions, including arbitrations, class actions and other litigation, arising in connection with its activities as a global diversified financial services institution. Certain of the actual or threatened legal actions include claims for substantial compensatory and/or punitive damages or claims for indeterminate amounts of damages. In some cases, the entities that would otherwise be the primary defendants in such cases are bankrupt or are in financial distress. These actions have included, but are not limited to, antitrust claims, claims under various false claims

act statutes, and matters arising from our sales and trading businesses, and our activities in the capital markets.

The Firm is also involved, from time to time, in other reviews, investigations and proceedings (both formal and informal) by governmental and self-regulatory agencies regarding the Firm's business, and involving, among other matters, sales, trading, financing, prime brokerage, market-making activities, investment banking advisory services, capital market activities, financial products or offerings sponsored, underwritten or sold by the Firm, wealth and investment management services, and accounting and operational matters, certain of which may result in adverse judgments, settlements, fines, penalties, injunctions, limitations on our ability to conduct certain business, or other relief.

While the Firm has identified below any individual proceedings or investigations where the Firm believes a material loss to be reasonably possible and, in some cases, reasonably estimable, there can be no assurance that material losses will not be incurred from claims that have not yet been asserted or those where potential losses have not yet been determined to be probable or possible and reasonably estimable

In many proceedings and investigations, however, it is inherently difficult to determine whether any loss is probable or even possible, or to estimate the amount of any loss. In addition, even where a loss is possible or an exposure to loss exists in excess of the liability already accrued with respect to a previously recognized loss contingency, it is not always possible to reasonably estimate the size of the possible loss or range of loss, particularly for proceedings and investigations where the factual record is being developed or contested or where plaintiffs or government entities seek substantial or indeterminate damages, restitution, disgorgement or penalties. Numerous issues may need to be resolved before a loss or additional loss, or range of loss or additional range of loss, can be reasonably estimated for a proceeding or investigation, including through potentially lengthy discovery and determination of important factual matters, determination of issues related to class certification and the calculation of damages or other relief, and consideration of novel or unsettled legal questions relevant to the proceedings or investigations in question.

The Firm contests liability and/or the amount of damages as appropriate in each pending matter. Where available information indicates that it is probable a liability had been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the Firm can reasonably estimate the amount of that loss, the Firm accrues the estimated loss by a charge to income.

		ree Mor Septen		٨	Ended r 30,		
\$ in millions	2	023	2022		2023	2022	
Legal expenses	\$	18	\$ 41	\$	214	\$	387

The Firm's legal expenses can, and may in the future, fluctuate from period to period, given the current environment regarding government investigations and private litigation affecting global financial services firms, including the Firm.

For certain other legal proceedings and investigations, the Firm can, in some instances, estimate reasonably possible losses, additional losses, ranges of loss or ranges of additional loss in excess of amounts accrued (if any) but does not believe, based on current knowledge and after consultation with counsel, that such losses could have a material adverse effect on the Firm's financial condition, other than the matter referred to in the following paragraph.

Tax

In matters styled Case number 15/3637 and Case number 15/4353, the Dutch Tax Authority ("Dutch Authority") is challenging in the Dutch courts the prior set-off by the Firm of approximately €124 million (approximately \$131 million) plus accrued interest of withholding tax credits against the Firm's corporation tax liabilities for the tax years 2007 to 2012. The Dutch Authority alleges that the Firm was not entitled to receive the withholding tax credits on the basis, inter alia, that a Firm subsidiary did not hold legal title to certain securities subject to withholding tax on the relevant dates. The Dutch Authority has also alleged that the Firm failed to provide certain information to the Dutch Authority and to keep adequate books and records. On April 26, 2018, the District Court in Amsterdam issued a decision dismissing the Dutch Authority's claims with respect to certain of the tax years in dispute. On May 12, 2020, the Court of Appeal in Amsterdam granted the Dutch Authority's appeal in matters re-styled Case number 18/00318 and Case number 18/00319. On June 22, 2020, the Firm filed an appeal against the decision of the Court of Appeal in Amsterdam before the Dutch High Court. On January 29, 2021, the Advocate General of the Dutch High Court issued an advisory opinion on the Firm's appeal, which rejected the Firm's principal grounds of appeal. On February 11, 2021, the Firm and the Dutch Authority each responded to this opinion. On June 22, 2021, Dutch criminal authorities sought various documents in connection with an investigation of the Firm related to the civil claims asserted by the Dutch Authority concerning the accuracy of the Firm subsidiary's tax returns and the maintenance of its books and records for 2007 to 2012. The Dutch criminal authorities have requested additional information, and the Firm is continuing to respond to them in connection with their ongoing investigation.

For certain other legal proceedings and investigations, though the Firm believes a loss is probable, the Firm cannot reasonably estimate such losses, additional losses, ranges of loss or ranges of additional loss in excess of amounts accrued (if any), but does not believe, based on current knowledge and after consultation with counsel, that such losses could have a material adverse effect on the Firm's financial condition, other than the matter referred to in the following paragraph.

Block Trading Matter

The Firm has been responding to requests for information from the Enforcement Division of the SEC and the United States Attorney's Office for the Southern District of New York in connection with their investigations into various aspects of the Firm's blocks business, certain related sales and applicable practices. and controls "Investigations"). The Investigations are focused on whether the Firm and/or its employees shared and/or used information regarding impending block transactions in violation of federal securities laws and regulations. The Firm continues to cooperate with, and has continued to engage in ongoing discussions regarding potential resolution of, the Investigations. There can be no assurance that these discussions and continuing engagement will lead to resolution of either matter. The Firm also faces potential civil liability arising from claims that have been or may be asserted by, among others, block transaction participants who contend they were harmed or disadvantaged including, among other things, as a result of a share price decline allegedly caused by the activities of the Firm and/or its employees, or as a result of the Firm's and/or its employees' failure to adhere to applicable laws and regulations. In addition, the Firm has responded to demands from shareholders under Section 220 of the Delaware General Corporation Law for books and records concerning the Investigations.

For certain other legal proceedings and investigations including the following matter, the Firm can estimate probable losses but does not believe, based on current knowledge and after consultation with counsel, that additional loss in excess of amounts accrued could have a material adverse effect on the Firm's financial condition.

Antitrust Related Matter

In August of 2017, the Firm was named as a defendant in a purported antitrust class action in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York styled Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System et al. v. Bank of America Corporation et al. Plaintiffs allege, inter alia, that the Firm, together with a number of other financial institution defendants, violated U.S. antitrust laws and New York state law in connection with their alleged efforts to prevent the development of electronic exchange-based platforms for securities lending. The class action complaint was filed on behalf of a purported class of borrowers and lenders who entered into stock loan transactions with the defendants. The class action complaint seeks, among other relief, certification of the class of plaintiffs and treble damages. On September 27, 2018, the court denied the defendants' motion to dismiss the class action complaint. Plaintiffs' motion for class certification was referred by the District Court to a magistrate judge who, on June 30, 2022, issued a report and recommendation that the District Court certify a class. On May 20, 2023, the Firm reached an agreement in principle to

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

settle the litigation. On September 1, 2023, the court granted preliminary approval of the settlement.

14. Variable Interest Entities and Securitization Activities

Consolidated VIE Assets and Liabilities by Type of Activity

	Α	t Septem	ıbe	r 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022						
\$ in millions	VII	E Assets	VIE Liabilities			IE Assets	VIE Liabilities				
MABS ¹	\$	526	\$	156	\$	1,153	\$	520			
Investment vehicles ²		856		508		638		272			
MTOB		406		402		371		322			
Other		508		202		519		199			
Total	\$	2,296	\$	1,268	\$	2,681	\$	1,313			

MTOB—Municipal tender option bonds

2. Amounts include investment funds and CLOs.

Consolidated VIE Assets and Liabilities by Balance Sheet Caption

\$ in millions	Sep	At otember 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022			
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	220	\$	142		
Trading assets at fair value		1,542		2,066		
Investment securities		319		255		
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		200		200		
Customer and other receivables		13		16		
Other assets		2		2		
Total	\$	2,296	\$	2,681		
Liabilities						
Other secured financings	\$	1,133	\$	1,185		
Other liabilities and accrued expenses		131		124		
Borrowings		4		4		
Total	\$	1,268	\$	1,313		
Noncontrolling interests	\$	77	\$	71		

Consolidated VIE assets and liabilities are presented in the previous tables after intercompany eliminations. Generally, most assets owned by consolidated VIEs cannot be removed unilaterally by the Firm and are not available to the Firm while the related liabilities issued by consolidated VIEs are non-recourse to the Firm. However, in certain consolidated VIEs, the Firm either has the unilateral right to remove assets or provides additional recourse through derivatives such as total return swaps, guarantees or other forms of involvement.

In general, the Firm's exposure to loss in consolidated VIEs is limited to losses that would be absorbed on the VIE net assets recognized in its financial statements, net of amounts absorbed by third-party variable interest holders.

Non-consolidated VIEs

		At S	Sept	emb	er 3	0, 20	23				
\$ in millions	MABS ¹	CD	00	М٦	ОВ	08	SF	Ot	ther ²		
VIE assets (UPB)	\$139,804	\$2,2	216	\$2,	931	\$2,	751	\$47	7,136		
Maximum exposure to loss ³											
Debt and equity interests	\$ 20,141	\$	81	\$	_	\$1,	357	\$ 8	3,692		
Derivative and other contracts	_		_	2,	035		_	4	1,471		
Commitments, guarantees and other	2,519		_		_		_		74		
Total	\$ 22,660	\$	81	\$2,	035	\$1,	357	\$13	3,237		
Carrying value of variable into	erests—As	sets									
Debt and equity interests	\$ 20,141	\$	81	\$	_	\$1,	640	\$ 8	3,692		
Derivative and other contracts	_		_		2		_	•	1,641		
Total	\$ 20,141	\$	81	\$	2	\$1,	640	\$10	0,333		
Additional VIE assets owned ⁴								\$1	5,204		
Carrying value of variable interests—Liabilities											
Derivative and other contracts	\$ <u></u>	\$	_	\$	11	\$	_	\$	371		
		At I	Dec	emb	er 31	. 202	22				
\$ in millions	MABS ¹	CD			ОВ	08		Of	ther ²		
VIE assets (UPB)	\$123,601	\$3,1	3,162		632	\$2,403		\$50	0,178		
Maximum exposure to loss ³											
Debt and equity interests	\$ 13,104	\$ 2	274	\$	_	\$1,0	694	\$1 ⁻	1,596		
Derivative and other contracts	_		_	3,	200		_	ţ	5,211		
Commitments, guarantees and other	674		_		_		_	,	1,410		
Total	\$ 13,778	\$ 2	274	\$3,	200	\$1,0	694	\$18	3,217		
Carrying value of variable into	erests-Ass	ets									
Debt and equity interests	\$ 13,104	\$ 2	274	\$	_	\$1,	577	\$1	1,596		
Derivative and other contracts	_		_		3		_	•	1,564		
Total	\$ 13,104	\$ 2	274	\$	3	\$1,	577	\$13	3,160		
Additional VIE assets owned ⁴								\$13	3,708		
Carrying value of variable interests—Liabilities											
Carrying value of variable inte	erests—Lia	biliti	es								

- Amounts include transactions backed by residential mortgage loans, commercial mortgage loans and other types of assets, including consumer or commercial assets, and may be in loan or security form.
- Other primarily includes exposures to commercial real estate property and investment funds.
- Where notional amounts are utilized in quantifying the maximum exposure related to derivatives, such amounts do not reflect changes in fair value recorded by the Firm.
- 4. Additional VIE assets owned represents the carrying value of total exposure to non-consolidated VIEs for which the maximum exposure to loss is less than specific thresholds, primarily interests issued by securitization SPEs. The Firm's maximum exposure to loss generally equals the fair value of the assets owned. These assets are primarily included in Trading assets and Investment securities and are measured at fair value (see Note 4). The Firm does not provide additional support in these transactions through contractual facilities, guarantees or similar derivatives.

The previous tables include VIEs sponsored by unrelated parties, as well as VIEs sponsored by the Firm; examples of the Firm's involvement with these VIEs include its secondary market-making activities and the securities held in its Investment securities portfolio (see Note 7).

The Firm's maximum exposure to loss is dependent on the nature of the Firm's variable interest in the VIE and is limited to the notional amounts of certain liquidity facilities and other credit support, total return swaps and written put options, as well as the fair value of certain other derivatives and investments the Firm has made in the VIE.

The Firm's maximum exposure to loss in the previous tables does not include the offsetting benefit of hedges or any reductions associated with the amount of collateral held as

^{1.} Amounts include transactions backed by residential mortgage loans, commercial mortgage loans and other types of assets, including consumer or commercial assets and may be in loan or security form. The value of assets is determined based on the fair value of the liabilities and the interests owned by the Firm in such VIEs as the fair values for the liabilities and interests owned are more observable.

part of a transaction with the VIE or any party to the VIE directly against a specific exposure to loss.

Liabilities issued by VIEs generally are non-recourse to the Firm.

Detail of Mortgage- and Asset-Backed Securitization Assets

	Αt	Septem	t Decem	nber 31, 2022			
\$ in millions		UPB	Debt and Equity Interests		Debt and Equity Interests		
Residential mortgages	\$	15,852	\$ 3,231	\$	20,428	\$	2,570
Commercial mortgages		75,060	8,112		67,540		4,236
U.S. agency collateralized mortgage obligations		40,147	6,296		32,567		4,729
Other consumer or commercial loans		8,745	2,502		3,066		1,569
Total	\$	139,804	\$ 20,141	\$ '	123,601	\$	13,104

Transferred Assets with Continuing Involvement

	At September 30, 2023								
\$ in millions	RML CML			U.S. Agency CMO			LN and Other ¹		
SPE assets (UPB) ^{2,3}	\$	3,868	\$	73,138	\$	10,274	\$	11,388	
Retained interests									
Investment grade	\$	148	\$	658	\$	360	\$	_	
Non-investment grade		64		769		_		47	
Total	\$	212	\$	1,427	\$	360	\$	47	
Interests purchased in the	secon	dary n	nar	ket ³					
Investment grade	\$	12	\$	24	\$	11	\$	_	
Non-investment grade		_		16		_		_	
Total	\$	12	\$	40	\$	11	\$	_	
Derivative assets	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,088	
Derivative liabilities		_		_		_		347	

		At December 31, 2022								
\$ in millions		RML CML			U.S. Agency CMO			LN and Other ¹		
SPE assets (UPB) ^{2,3}	\$	3,732	\$	73,069	\$	6,448	\$	10,928		
Retained interests										
Investment grade	\$	137	\$	927	\$	367	\$	_		
Non-investment grade		26		465		11		44		
Total	\$	163	\$	1,392	\$	378	\$	44		
Interests purchased in the	secor	dary n	nar	ket³						
Investment grade	\$	82	\$	51	\$	10	\$	_		
Non-investment grade		35		23		_		_		
Total	\$	117	\$	74	\$	10	\$	_		
Derivative assets	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,114		
Derivative liabilities		_		_		_		201		

	Fair Value At September 30, 2023									
\$ in millions	L	evel 2	Level 3		Total					
Retained interests										
Investment grade	\$	475	\$	_	\$	475				
Non-investment grade		5		59		64				
Total	\$	480	\$	59	\$	539				
Interests purchased in the secon	dary ma	rket ³								
Investment grade	\$	46	\$	1	\$	47				
Non-investment grade		12		4		16				
Total	\$	58	\$	5	\$	63				
Derivative assets	\$	1,088	\$	_	\$	1,088				
Derivative liabilities		347		_		347				

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	Fair Value at December 31, 2022					
\$ in millions		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Retained interests						
Investment grade	\$	489	\$	_	\$	489
Non-investment grade		25		16		41
Total	\$	514	\$	16	\$	530
Interests purchased in the secondary	y m	arket ³				
Investment grade	\$	140	\$	3	\$	143
Non-investment grade		42		16		58
Total	\$	182	\$	19	\$	201
Derivative assets	\$	1,114	\$	_	\$	1,114
Derivative liabilities		153		48		201

RML—Residential mortgage loans

CML—Commercial mortgage loans

- 1. Amounts include CLO transactions managed by unrelated third parties.
- 2. Amounts include assets transferred by unrelated transferors.
- Amounts are only included for transactions where the Firm also holds retained interests as part of the transfer.

The previous tables include transactions with SPEs in which the Firm, acting as principal, transferred financial assets with continuing involvement and received sales treatment. The transferred assets are carried at fair value prior to securitization, and any changes in fair value are recognized in the income statement. The Firm may act as underwriter of the beneficial interests issued by these securitization vehicles, for which Investment banking revenues are recognized. The Firm may retain interests in the securitized financial assets as one or more tranches of the securitization. Certain retained interests are carried at fair value in the balance sheet with changes in fair value recognized in the income statement. Fair value for these interests is measured using techniques that are consistent with the valuation techniques applied to the Firm's major categories of assets and liabilities as described in Note 2 in the 2022 Form 10-K and Note 4 herein. Further, as permitted by applicable guidance, certain transfers of assets where the Firm's only continuing involvement is a derivative are only reported in the following Assets Sold with Retained Exposure table.

Proceeds from New Securitization Transactions and Sales of Loans

		hree Mor Septen		Nine Months Ended September 30,				
\$ in millions		2023		2022		2023		2022
New transactions ¹	\$	9,132	\$	5,332	\$	15,257	\$	19,809
Retained interests		115		500		2,767		3,553
Sales of corporate loans to CLO SPEs ^{1, 2}		_		37		_		53

- Net gains on new transactions and sales of corporate loans to CLO entities at the time of the sale were not material for all periods presented.
- Sponsored by non-affiliates.

The Firm has provided, or otherwise agreed to be responsible for, representations and warranties regarding certain assets transferred in securitization transactions sponsored by the Firm (see Note 13).

Assets Sold with Retained Exposure

\$ in millions	Sep	At tember 30, 2023	Dec	At cember 31, 2022
Gross cash proceeds from sale of assets ¹	\$	49,472	\$	49,059
Fair value				
Assets sold	\$	49,642	\$	47,281
Derivative assets recognized in the balance sheet		529		116
Derivative liabilities recognized in the balance sheet		359		1,893

The carrying value of assets derecognized at the time of sale approximates gross cash proceeds.

The Firm enters into transactions in which it sells securities, primarily equities, and contemporaneously enters into bilateral OTC derivatives with the purchasers of the securities, through which it retains exposure to the sold securities.

For a discussion of the Firm's VIEs, the determination and structure of VIEs and securitization activities, see Note 16 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

15. Regulatory Requirements

Regulatory Capital Framework and Requirements

For a discussion of the Firm's regulatory capital framework, see Note 17 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

The Firm is required to maintain minimum risk-based and leverage-based capital ratios under regulatory capital requirements. A summary of the calculations of regulatory capital and RWA follows.

Risk-Based Regulatory Capital. Risk-based capital ratio requirements apply to Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Tier 1 capital and Total capital (which includes Tier 2 capital), each as a percentage of RWA, and consist of regulatory minimum required ratios plus the Firm's capital buffer requirement. Capital requirements require certain adjustments to, and deductions from, capital for purposes of determining these ratios. At September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the differences between the actual and required ratios were lower under the Standardized Approach.

CECL Deferral. Beginning on January 1, 2020, the Firm elected to defer the effect of the adoption of CECL on its risk-based and leverage-based capital amounts and ratios, as well as RWA, adjusted average assets and supplementary leverage exposure calculations, over a five-year transition period. The deferral impacts began to phase in at 25% per year from January 1, 2022 and are phased-in at 50% from January 1, 2023. The deferral impacts will become fully phased-in beginning on January 1, 2025.

Capital Buffer Requirements

	At September December	At September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022				
	Standardized					
Capital buffers						
Capital conservation buffer	_	2.5%				
SCB	5.8%	N/A				
G-SIB capital surcharge	3.0%	3.0%				
CCyB ¹	0%	0%				
Capital buffer requirement	8.8%	5.5%				

The CCyB can be set up to 2.5%, but is currently set by the Federal Reserve at zero.

The capital buffer requirement represents the amount of Common Equity Tier 1 capital the Firm must maintain above the minimum risk-based capital requirements in order to avoid restrictions on the Firm's ability to make capital distributions, including the payment of dividends and the repurchase of stock, and to pay discretionary bonuses to executive officers. The Firm's capital buffer requirement computed under the standardized approaches for calculating credit risk and market risk RWA ("Standardized Approach") is equal to the sum of the SCB, G-SIB capital surcharge and CCyB, and the capital buffer requirement computed under the applicable advanced approaches for calculating credit risk, market risk and operational risk RWA ("Advanced Approach") is equal to the 2.5% capital conservation buffer, G-SIB capital surcharge and CCyB.

Risk-Based Regulatory Capital Ratio Requirements

	Regulatory	At September December	
	Minimum	Standardized	Advanced
Required ratios ¹			
Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	4.5%	13.3%	10.0%
Tier 1 capital ratio	6.0%	14.8%	11.5%
Total capital ratio	8.0%	16.8%	13.5%

Required ratios represent the regulatory minimum plus the capital buffer requirement.

The Firm's Regulatory Capital and Capital Ratios

\$ in millions	Required Ratio ¹	At September 30, 2023		At	December 31, 2022
Risk-based capital					
Common Equity Tier 1 capital		\$	69,148	\$	68,670
Tier 1 capital			77,891		77,191
Total capital			88,573		86,575
Total RWA			443,816		447,849
Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	13.3%		15.6%		15.3%
Tier 1 capital ratio	14.8%		17.6%		17.2%
Total capital ratio	16.8%		20.0%		19.3%
\$ in millions	Required Ratio ¹	At S	September 30, 2023	At	December 31, 2022
Leverage-based capital					
Adjusted average assets ²		\$	1,152,379	\$	1,150,772
Tier 1 leverage ratio	4.0%		6.8%		6.7%
Supplementary leverage expos	sure ³	\$	1,416,310	\$	1,399,403
SLR	5.0%		5.5%		5.5%

- 1. Required ratios are inclusive of any buffers applicable as of the date presented.
- 2. Adjusted average assets represents the denominator of the Tier 1 leverage ratio and is composed of the average daily balance of consolidated on-balance sheet assets for the quarters ending on the respective balance sheet dates, reduced by disallowed goodwill, intangible assets, investments in covered funds, defined benefit pension plan assets, after-tax gain on sale from assets sold into securitizations, investments in the Firm's own capital instruments, certain defined tax assets and other capital deductions.
- 3. Supplementary leverage exposure is the sum of Adjusted average assets used in the Tier 1 leverage ratio and other adjustments, primarily: (i) for derivatives, potential future exposure and the effective notional principal amount of sold credit protection, offset by qualifying purchased credit protection; (ii) the counterparty credit risk for repo-style transactions; and (iii) the credit equivalent amount for offbalance sheet exposures.

U.S. Bank Subsidiaries' Regulatory Capital and Capital Ratios

The OCC establishes capital requirements for the U.S. Bank Subsidiaries, and evaluates their compliance with such capital requirements. Regulatory capital requirements for the U.S. Bank Subsidiaries are calculated in a similar manner to the Firm's regulatory capital requirements, although G-SIB capital surcharge and SCB requirements do not apply to the U.S. Bank Subsidiaries.

The OCC's regulatory capital framework includes Prompt Corrective Action ("PCA") standards, including "well-capitalized" PCA standards that are based on specified regulatory capital ratio minimums. For the Firm to remain an FHC, its U.S. Bank Subsidiaries must remain well-capitalized in accordance with the OCC's PCA standards. In addition, failure by the U.S. Bank Subsidiaries to meet minimum capital requirements may result in certain mandatory and discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the U.S. Bank Subsidiaries' and the Firm's financial statements.

At September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, MSBNA and MSPBNA risk-based capital ratios are based on the Standardized Approach rules. Beginning on January 1, 2020, MSBNA and MSPBNA elected to defer the effect of the adoption of CECL on risk-based capital amounts and ratios, as well as RWA, adjusted average assets and supplementary leverage exposure calculations, over a five-year transition period. The deferral impacts began to phase in at 25% per

year from January 1, 2022 and are phased-in at 50% from January 1, 2023. The deferral impacts will become fully phased-in beginning on January 1, 2025.

MSBNA's Regulatory Capital

	Well- Capitalized	Required	At September 30, 2023		At Dece 31, 20		
\$ in millions	Requirement	Ratio ¹	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	
Risk-based capit	tal						
Common Equity Tier 1 capital	6.5 %	7.0 %	\$ 21,250	20.9 %	\$20,043	20.5 %	
Tier 1 capital	8.0 %	8.5 %	21,250	20.9 %	20,043	20.5 %	
Total capital	10.0 %	10.5 %	22,129	21.7 %	20,694	21.1 %	
Leverage-based	capital						
Tier 1 leverage	5.0 %	4.0 %	\$ 21,250	10.2 %	\$20,043	10.1 %	
SLR	6.0 %	3.0 %	21,250	7.9 %	20,043	8.1 %	

MSPBNA's Regulatory Capital

	Well- Capitalized	Required	At September 30, 2023		At Dece 31, 20	
\$ in millions	Requirement	Ratio ¹	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Risk-based capit	al					
Common Equity Tier 1 capital	6.5 %	7.0 %	\$ 16,012	26.9 %	\$ 15,546	27.5 %
Tier 1 capital	8.0 %	8.5 %	16,012	26.9 %	15,546	27.5 %
Total capital	10.0 %	10.5 %	16,315	27.4 %	15,695	27.8 %
Leverage-based	capital					
Tier 1 leverage	5.0 %	4.0 %	\$ 16,012	8.0 %	\$ 15,546	7.6 %
SLR	6.0 %	3.0 %	16,012	7.7 %	15,546	7.4 %

Required ratios are inclusive of any buffers applicable as of the date presented.
 Failure to maintain the buffers would result in restrictions on the ability to make capital distributions, including the payment of dividends.

Additionally, MSBNA is conditionally registered with the SEC as a security-based swap dealer and is registered with the CFTC as a swap dealer. However, as MSBNA is prudentially regulated as a bank, its capital requirements continue to be determined by the OCC.

Other Regulatory Capital Requirements

MS&Co. Regulatory Capital

\$ in millions	otember 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022		
Net capital	\$ 18,947	\$	17,224	
Excess net capital	14,683		12,861	

MS&Co. is registered as a broker-dealer and a futures commission merchant with the SEC and the CFTC, respectively, and is registered as a swap dealer with the CFTC.

As an Alternative Net Capital broker-dealer, and in accordance with Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act") Rule 15c3-1, Appendix E, MS&Co. is subject to minimum net capital and tentative net capital requirements and operates with capital in excess of its regulatory capital requirements. As a futures commission merchant and registered swap dealer, MS&Co. is subject to CFTC capital requirements. In addition, MS&Co. must notify the SEC if its tentative net capital falls below certain levels. At September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, MS&Co. exceeded its net

capital requirement and had tentative net capital in excess of the minimum and notification requirements.

Other Regulated Subsidiaries

Certain subsidiaries are also subject to various regulatory capital requirements. Such subsidiaries include the following, each of which operated with capital in excess of their respective regulatory capital requirements as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, as applicable:

- MSSB,
- MSIP,
- MSESE.
- MSMS,
- MSCS,
- · MSCG, and
- E*TRADE Securities LLC.

MSESE is subject to stand-alone capital requirements beginning on January 1, 2023. Previously, requirements were met at the consolidated level of the MSEHSE Group.

See Note 17 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K for further information.

16. Total Equity

Preferred Stock

	Shares Outstanding		Carrying Value					
\$ in millions, except per share data	At September 30, 2023	Liquidation Preference per Share	At September 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022				
Series								
Α	44,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 1,100	\$ 1,100				
C ¹	519,882	1,000	408	408				
E	34,500	25,000	862	862				
F	34,000	25,000	850	850				
I	40,000	25,000	1,000	1,000				
K	40,000	25,000	1,000	1,000				
L	20,000	25,000	500	500				
М	400,000	1,000	430	430				
N	3,000	100,000	300	300				
0	52,000	25,000	1,300	1,300				
Р	40,000	25,000	1,000	1,000				
Total	·	·	\$ 8,750	\$ 8,750				
Shares authorize	d			30,000,000				

^{1.} Series C preferred stock is held by MUFG.

For a description of Series A through Series P preferred stock, see Note 18 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K. The Firm's preferred stock has a preference over its common stock upon liquidation. The Firm's preferred stock qualifies as and is included in Tier 1 capital in accordance with regulatory capital requirements (see Note 15).

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Share Repurchases

	Three Months Ended Nine Month September 30, Septemb					
\$ in millions		2023		2022	2023	2022
Repurchases of common stock under the Firm's Share Repurchase Authorization	\$	1,500	\$	2,555	\$ 4,000	\$ 8,165

On June 30, 2023, the Firm announced that its Board of Directors reauthorized a multi-year repurchase program of up to \$20 billion of outstanding common stock, without a set expiration date, beginning in the third quarter of 2023, which will be exercised from time to time as conditions warrant. For more information on share repurchases, see Note 18 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Common Shares Outstanding for Basic and Diluted EPS

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Montl Septeml	
in millions	2023	2022	2023	2022
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic	1,624	1,674	1,635	1,704
Effect of dilutive RSUs and PSUs	19	23	18	21
Weighted average common shares outstanding and common stock equivalents, diluted	1,643	1,697	1,653	1,725
Weighted average antidilutive common stock equivalents (excluded from the computation of diluted EPS)	_	1	3	5

Dividends

Common stock

C in millions avenue and		ree Mor eptembe		Three Months Ende September 30, 2022				
\$ in millions, except per share data	Pei	r Share ¹	Total	Per	Share ¹	Total		
Preferred stock series								
A	\$	396	\$ 17	\$	261	\$	11	
С		25	13		25		13	
E		445	15		445		15	
F		430	15		430		15	
I		398	16		398		16	
K		366	15		366		15	
L		305	6		305		6	
M^2		29	12		29		12	
N^3		2,226	7		2,650		8	
0		266	14		266		14	
P		406	16		330		13	
Total Preferred stock			\$ 146			\$	138	
Common stock	\$	0.850	\$ 1,404	\$	0.775	\$	1,329	
O in any William and a second		ine Mon		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022				
\$ in millions, except per share data	Pei	r Share ¹	Total	Per Share ¹			Total	
Preferred stock series								
Α	\$	1,116	\$ 49	\$	756	\$	33	
С		75	39		75		39	
E		1,336	46		1,336		45	
F		1,289	44		1,289		44	
1		1,195	48		1,195		48	
K		1,097	44		1,097		45	
L		914	18		914		18	
M^2		59	24		59		24	
N^3		6,928	21		5,300		16	
0		797	41		797		41	
P		1,219	49		330		13	
Total Preferred stock			\$ 423			\$	366	

2.40 \$ 1. Common and Preferred Stock dividends are payable quarterly unless otherwise

4,001 \$

- 2. Series M is payable semiannually until September 15, 2026 and thereafter will be
- 3. Series N was payable semiannually until March 15, 2023 and thereafter is payable

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)¹

\$ in millions	СТА	S	AFS ecurities	ension and Other	DVA	Ē	Cash Flow edges	Total
June 30, 2023	\$(1,199)	\$	(3,701)	\$ (510)	\$ (873)	\$	(17)	\$(6,300)
OCI during the period	(120)		(366)	(1)	(412)		(3)	(902)
September 30, 2023	\$(1,319)	\$	(4,067)	\$ (511)	\$ (1,285)	\$	(20)	\$(7,202)
June 30, 2022	\$(1,226)	\$	(3,226)	\$ (543)	\$ (26)	\$	_	\$(5,021)
OCI during the period	(207)		(1,307)	5	772		_	(737)
September 30, 2022	\$(1,433)	\$	(4,533)	\$ (538)	\$ 746	\$	_	\$(5,758)
December 31, 2022	\$(1,204)	\$	(4,192)	\$ (508)	\$ (345)	\$	(4)	\$(6,253)
OCI during the period	(115)		125	(3)	(940)		(16)	(949)
September 30, 2023	\$(1,319)	\$	(4,067)	\$ (511)	\$ (1,285)	\$	(20)	\$(7,202)
December 31, 2021	\$(1,002)	\$	245	\$ (551)	\$ (1,794)	\$	_	\$(3,102)
OCI during the period	(431)		(4,778)	13	2,540		_	(2,656)
September 30, 2022	\$(1,433)	\$	(4,533)	\$ (538)	\$ 746	\$	_	\$(5,758)

^{1.} Amounts are net of tax and noncontrolling interests.

Components of Perio	od C	Ī							•	
	_	re-tax		ncome		ea Sep fter-tax	otei	Mber 30, Non-	20	123
		Gain	Ta	x Benefit		Gain		ontrolling		
\$ in millions	(Loss)	(P	rovision)	(Loss)	- 11	nterests	_	Net
CTA		(0.0)						(00)		(400)
OCI activity	\$	(38)	\$	(111) \$	(149)	\$	(29)	\$	(120)
Reclassified to earnings									_	
Net OCI	\$	(38)	_	(111	, .	(149)	_	(29)	\$	(120)
Change in net unrealized	d gai	•		s) on AF	Ss	ecurit	ies			
OCI activity	\$	(464)	\$	108	\$	(356)	\$	_	\$	(356)
Reclassified to earnings		(14)	1	4		(10)		_		(10)
Net OCI	\$	(478)	\$	112	\$	(366)	\$	_	\$	(366)
Pension and other										
OCI activity	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Reclassified to earnings		(1)		_		(1)		_		(1)
Net OCI	\$	(1)	\$	_	\$	(1)	\$	_	\$	(1)
Change in net DVA									_	
OCI activity	\$	(549)	\$	130	\$	(419)	\$	(2)	\$	(417)
Reclassified to earnings		6		(1)	5		_		5
Net OCI	\$	(543)	\$	129	\$	(414)	\$	(2)	\$	(412)
Change in fair value of o	ash	flow h	edg	je deriva	ativ	es			_	
OCI activity	\$	(12)	\$	3	\$	(9)	\$	_	\$	(9)
Reclassified to earnings		6		_		6		_		6
Net OCI	\$	(6)	\$	3	\$	(3)	\$	_	\$	(3)
		Three	е Ме	onths Er	nde	d Septe	emb	per 30, 20)22	2
		e-tax		come		er-tax		Non-	_	
\$ in millions				Benefit ovision)		ain oss)		trolling erests	١	Net
CTA			`						_	
OCI activity	\$	(85)	\$	(183)	\$	(268)	\$	(61) \$	5	(207)
Reclassified to earnings		_	•		•		•	_		
Net OCI	\$	(85) \$	\$	(183)	\$	(268)	\$	(61) \$		(207)
Change in net unrealized		` '	_		_	` /	_		_	(201)
OCI activity	-	,698) \$		398		,300)			: (1	1,300)
Reclassified to earnings	Ψ(1	(9)	-	2	+('	(7)	~			(7)
Net OCI	\$(1	,707) \$	\$	400	\$(1	,307)	\$. (1	1,307)
Pension and other	Ψ(1	,. 01)	_	100	Ψ(,501)	-			,501)
OCI activity	\$	1 :	\$	_	\$	1	\$	— \$:	1
	Ψ	' '	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	— Ф	_	

6

\$ 1,082 \$

\$ 1,082 \$

7 \$

(2)

(266) \$

(2) \$

(266) \$ 816 \$

4

816 \$

5 \$

4

5

772

44 \$ 772

44 \$

3,802

Reclassified to earnings

Reclassified to earnings

Change in net DVA

Net OCI

Net OCI

OCI activity

2.175 \$

	Nine Months En			de	ed Sept	20	23			
	Pre-tax Gain			ncome	After-tax Gain		Non- controlling			
\$ in millions		-0SS)		Benefit ovision)		Loss)		nterests		Net
CTA										
OCI activity	\$	(136)	\$	(104)	\$	(240)	\$	(125)	\$	(115)
Reclassified to earnings		_		_		_		_		_
Net OCI	\$	(136)	\$	(104)	\$	(240)	\$	(125)	\$	(115)
Change in net unrealized	ga	ins (lo	sse	s) on Al	FS	securi	tie	s		
OCI activity	\$	208	\$	(49)	\$	159	\$	_	\$	159
Reclassified to earnings		(45)		11		(34)		_		(34)
Net OCI	\$	163	\$	(38)	\$	125	\$	_	\$	125
Pension and other										
OCI activity	\$	(1)	\$	_	\$	(1)	\$	_	\$	(1)
Reclassified to earnings		(2)		_		(2)		_		(2)
Net OCI	\$	(3)	\$	_	\$	(3)	\$	_	\$	(3)
Change in net DVA										
OCI activity	\$(1,283)	\$	311	\$	(972)	\$	(20)	\$	(952)
Reclassified to earnings		15		(3)		12		_		12
Net OCI	\$(1,268)	\$	308	\$	(960)	\$	(20)	\$	(940)
Change in fair value of ca	ash	flow I	ned	ge deriv	ati	ves				
OCI activity	\$	(30)	\$	6	\$	(24)	\$	_	\$	(24)
Reclassified to earnings		9		(1)		8		_		8
Net OCI	\$	(21)	\$	5	\$	(16)	\$	_	\$	(16)
		Nin	е М	onths En	ıde	d Septe	em	ber 30, 2	02	22
		e-tax	-	ncome		fter-tax		Non-		
\$ in millions		Gain ∟oss)		(Benefit ovision)		Gain Loss)		ntrolling nterests		Net
CTA	(-		(01.0.0,		2000)				
OCI activity	\$	(279)	\$	(441)	\$	(720)	\$	(230)	\$	(490)
Reclassified to earnings	Ė		•	59	Ė	59	Ė		Ė	59
Net OCI	\$	(279)	\$	(382)	\$	(661)	\$	(230)	\$	(431)
Change in net unrealized	ga	,	SSE	, ,	s	, ,	_	, ,	Ė	(- /
OCI activity	-	6,169)		1,445		(4,724)		_	\$	(4,724)
D 1 :6 1/		(71)		17		(54)		_		(54)
Reclassified to earnings		. ,	\$	1,462	\$	(4,778)	\$		\$	(4,778)
Reclassified to earnings Net OCI	\$(5.240)					•		÷	(, - ,
	\$(6,240)	Ť							
Net OCI	\$(¢			_	\$	(1)	\$	_	\$	(1)
Net OCI Pension and other		(1) 17		— (3)	\$	(1)	\$	_	\$	(1) 14
Net OCI Pension and other OCI activity		(1)		— (3)		. ,	\$		\$	
Net OCI Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings	\$	(1) 17	\$. ,		14			_	14
Net OCI Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI	\$	(1) 17	\$	(3)	\$	14			_	14
Net OCI Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA	\$	(1) 17 16	\$	(3)	\$	14	\$		\$	14
Net OCI Pension and other				_	\$	(1)	\$	_	\$	ľ

17. Interest Income and Interest Expense

	Three Months Ended September 30,				٨	Ended r 30,		
\$ in millions		2023		2022	2023			2022
Interest income								
Investment securities	\$	1,019	\$	743	\$	2,886	\$	2,261
Loans		3,236		1,910		9,105		4,469
Securities purchased under agreements to resell ¹		1,977		664		5,282		870
Securities borrowed ²		1,307		385		3,848		97
Trading assets, net of Trading liabilities		1,334		635		3,171		1,722
Customer receivables and Other ³		4,432		1,764		11,931		2,944
Total interest income	\$	13,305	\$	6,101	\$	36,223	\$	12,363
Interest expense								
Deposits	\$	2,271	\$	476	\$	5,793	\$	684
Borrowings		2,992		1,370		8,267		2,990
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase ⁴		1,897		501		4,567		725
Securities loaned ⁵		208		135		575		340
Customer payables and Other ⁶		3,960		1,109		10,688		616
Total interest expense	\$	11,328	\$	3,591	\$	29,890	\$	5,355
Net interest	\$	1,977	\$	2,510	\$	6,333	\$	7,008

- 1. Includes interest paid on Securities purchased under agreements to resell.
- 2. Includes fees paid on Securities borrowed.
- 3. Includes interest from Cash and cash equivalents.
- 4. Includes interest received on Securities sold under agreements to repurchase.
- 5. Includes fees received on Securities loaned.
- Includes fees received from Equity Financing customers related to their short transactions, which can be under either margin or securities lending arrangements.

Interest income and Interest expense are classified in the income statement based on the nature of the instrument and related market conventions. When included as a component of the instrument's fair value, interest is included within Trading revenues or Investments revenues. Otherwise, it is included within Interest income or Interest expense.

Accrued Interest

\$ in millions	At Se	ptember 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022				
Customer and other receivables	\$	4,705	\$	4,139			
Customer and other payables		4,718		4,273			

18. Income Taxes

The Firm is routinely under examination by the IRS and other tax authorities in certain countries, such as Japan and the U.K., and in states and localities in which it has significant business operations, such as New York.

The Firm believes that the resolution of these tax examinations will not have a material effect on the annual financial statements, although a resolution could have a material impact in the income statement and on the effective tax rate for any period in which such resolutions occur.

It is reasonably possible that significant changes in the balance of unrecognized tax benefits may occur within the next 12 months. At this time, however, it is not possible to reasonably estimate the expected change to the total amount

Investment banking

Trading

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

of unrecognized tax benefits and the impact on the Firm's effective tax rate over the next 12 months.

19. Segment, Geographic and Revenue Information

Three Months Ended September 30, 2023

\$ 938 \$ 126 \$ — \$ (16) \$ 1,048

IM

24

I/E

5

Total

3,679

WM

(10)

Selected Financial Information by Business Segment

IS

3,660

rrading		3,000		(10)	24		э	3,079
Investments		100		22	22		_	144
Commissions and fees ¹		606		562	_		(70)	1,098
Asset management ^{1,2}		150		3,629	1,312		(60)	5,031
Other		164		123	10		(1)	296
Total non-interest revenues		5,618		4,452	1,368		(142)	11,296
Interest income		9,790		3,797	37		(319)	13,305
Interest expense		9,739		1,845	69		(325)	11,328
Net interest		51		1,952	(32)	6	1,977
Net revenues	\$	5,669	\$	6,404	\$1,336	_	(136)	\$13,273
Provision for credit losses	\$	93	\$	41	\$ –	\$, ,	\$ 134
Compensation and benefits		2,057	Ė	3,352	526	•		5,935
Non-compensation expenses		2,320		1,302	569		(132)	4,059
Total non-interest								
expenses	\$	4,377	\$	4,654	\$1,095	\$	(132)	\$ 9,994
Income before provision for income taxes	\$	1,199	\$	1,709	\$ 241	\$	(4)	\$ 3,145
Provision for income taxes		263		389	59		(1)	710
Net income		936		1,320	182		(3)	2,435
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests		24		_	3		_	27
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$	912	\$	1,320	\$ 179	\$	(3)	\$ 2,408
	_		1or		ded Sep	ter		
\$ in millions		IS		WM	IM		I/E	Total
Investment banking	\$	1,277	\$	114	\$ —	\$	(18)	\$ 1,373
Trading		3,330		(41)	32		10	3,331
Investments		(73)		18	(113)	_	(168)
Commissions and fees ¹		648		543	_		(58)	1,133
Asset management ^{1,2}		140		3,389	1,269		(54)	4,744
Other		(25)		93	(1)	(4)	63
Total non-interest revenues		5,297		4,116	1,187		(124)	10,476
Interest income		3,889		2,626	18		(432)	6,101
Interest expense		3,369						
		5,505		622	37		(437)	3,591
Net interest		520		622 2,004	37 (19)	(437) 5	3,591 2,510
Net interest Net revenues	\$		\$				` '	
	\$	520	\$	2,004	(19		5 (119)	2,510
Net revenues Provision for credit		520 5,817		2,004 6,120	(19 \$1,168	\$ \$	5 (119)	2,510 \$12,986
Net revenues Provision for credit losses		520 5,817 24		2,004 6,120 11	(19 \$1,168 \$ —	\$ \$	5 (119)	2,510 \$12,986 \$ 35
Net revenues Provision for credit losses Compensation and benefits Non-compensation	\$	520 5,817 24 1,948	\$	2,004 6,120 11 3,171	\$1,168 \$ — 495	\$	5 (119) ———————————————————————————————————	2,510 \$12,986 \$ 35 5,614
Net revenues Provision for credit losses Compensation and benefits Non-compensation expenses Total non-interest	\$	520 5,817 24 1,948 2,219	\$	2,004 6,120 11 3,171 1,289	\$1,168 \$ 495 557	\$	5 (119) — — (116) (116)	2,510 \$12,986 \$ 35 5,614 3,949
Net revenues Provision for credit losses Compensation and benefits Non-compensation expenses Total non-interest expenses Income before provision for	\$	520 5,817 24 1,948 2,219 4,167	\$	2,004 6,120 11 3,171 1,289 4,460	(19 \$1,168 \$ — 495 557 \$1,052	\$	5 (119) — — (116) (116)	2,510 \$12,986 \$ 35 5,614 3,949 \$ 9,563
Net revenues Provision for credit losses Compensation and benefits Non-compensation expenses Total non-interest expenses Income before provision for income taxes	\$	520 5,817 24 1,948 2,219 4,167 1,626	\$	2,004 6,120 11 3,171 1,289 4,460	(19 \$1,168 \$ — 495 557 \$1,052 \$ 116	\$	5 (119) — (116) (116) (3)	2,510 \$12,986 \$ 35 5,614 3,949 \$ 9,563 \$ 3,388
Net revenues Provision for credit losses Compensation and benefits Non-compensation expenses Total non-interest expenses Income before provision for income taxes Provision for income taxes	\$	520 5,817 24 1,948 2,219 4,167 1,626 305	\$	2,004 6,120 11 3,171 1,289 4,460 1,649 396	(19 \$1,168 \$ — 495 557 \$1,052 \$ 116 26	\$	5 (119) — — (116) (116) (3) (1)	2,510 \$12,986 \$ 35 5,614 3,949 \$ 9,563 \$ 3,388 726

ivior	gan	Sta	nıey

	Nine Mo	onths End	ded Sept	ember 3	0, 2023
\$ in millions	IS	WM	IM	I/E	Total
Investment banking	\$ 3,260	\$ 339	\$ —	\$ (66)	\$ 3,533
Trading	11,511	425	(2)	24	11,958
Investments	151	60	173	_	384
Commissions and fees ¹	1,925	1,704	_	(202)	3,427
Asset management ^{1,2}	448	10,463	3,828	(163)	14,576
Other	669	366	9	(8)	1,036
Total non-interest revenues	17,964	13,357	4,008	(415)	34,914
Interest income	26,364	11,124	95	(1,360)	36,223
Interest expense	26,208	4,858	197	(1,373)	29,890
Net interest	156	6,266	(102)	13	6,333
Net revenues	\$18,120	\$19,623	\$3,906	\$ (402)	\$41,247
Provision for credit losses	\$ 379	\$ 150	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 529
Compensation and benefits	6,637	10,332	1,638	_	18,607
Non-compensation expenses	7,036	4,039	1,691	(372)	12,394
Total non-interest expenses	\$13,673	\$14,371	\$3,329		\$31,001
Income before provision for income taxes	\$ 4,068	\$ 5,102	\$ 577		\$ 9,717
Provision for income taxes	802	1,098	135	(7)	2,028
Net income	3,266	4,004	442	(23)	7,689
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests	117	_	2	_	119
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$ 3,149	\$ 4,004	\$ 440	\$ (23)	\$ 7,570
	Nine M	onths End	led Sente	ember 30	2022
\$ in millions	IS	WM	IM	I/E	Total
Investment banking	\$ 3,983	\$ 354	\$ —		\$ 4,281
Trading	11,511	(681)	38	43	10,911
Investments	(69)	45	(46)	_	(70)
Commissions and fees ¹	2,110	1,869		(210)	3,769
Asset management ^{1,2}	442	10,525	3,961	(153)	14,775
Other	(131)	388	(2)	(10)	245
Total non-interest revenues	17,846	12,500	3,951	(386)	33,911
Interest income	6,797	6,208	34	(676)	12,363
Interest expense	5,050	917	71	(683)	5,355
Net interest	1.747	5,291	(37)	7	7,008
Net revenues	\$19,593	\$17,791	\$3.914		\$40,919
Provision for credit losses	\$ 150	\$ 43	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 193
	Ψ 100	Ψ0	Ψ	Ψ —	·
	6 602	9 101	1 6/15		1/24×
Compensation and benefits	6,602	9,191	1,645		17,438
	6,602 6,874	9,191 3,814	1,645 1,676	(371)	11,993
Compensation and benefits Non-compensation					
Compensation and benefits Non-compensation expenses Total non-interest	6,874	3,814	1,676	\$ (371)	11,993 \$29,431
Compensation and benefits Non-compensation expenses Total non-interest expenses Income before provision for	6,874 \$13,476	3,814	1,676	\$ (371)	11,993 \$29,431
Compensation and benefits Non-compensation expenses Total non-interest expenses Income before provision for income taxes	6,874 \$13,476 \$ 5,967	3,814 \$13,005 \$ 4,743	1,676 \$3,321 \$ 593	\$ (371)	11,993 \$29,431 \$11,295
Compensation and benefits Non-compensation expenses Total non-interest expenses Income before provision for income taxes Provision for income taxes	6,874 \$13,476 \$ 5,967 1,235	3,814 \$13,005 \$ 4,743 1,028	1,676 \$3,321 \$ 593 121	\$ (371) \$ (8) (2)	11,993 \$29,431 \$11,295 2,382

^{2.} Includes certain fees that may relate to services performed in prior periods.

For a discussion about the Firm's business segments, see Note 23 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Morgan Stanley

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Detail of Investment Banking Revenues

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Ν	iths Ended nber 30,	
\$ in millions	2023 2022			2023	2022		
Institutional Securities Advisory	\$	449	\$	693	\$	1,542	\$ 2,235
Institutional Securities Underwriting		489		584		1,718	1,748
Firm Investment banking revenues from contracts with customers		94 %	6	89 %)	91 %	89 %

Trading Revenues by Product Type

	Т	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
\$ in millions		2023		2022		2023	2022		
Interest rate	\$	1,124	\$	1,070	\$	3,701	\$	1,930	
Foreign exchange		284		31		672		1,154	
Equity ¹		2,167		1,872		6,782		5,869	
Commodity and other		447		279		1,321		1,288	
Credit		(343)		79	(518)			670	
Total	\$	3,679	\$	3,331	\$	11,958	\$	10,911	

^{1.} Dividend income is included within equity contracts.

The previous table summarizes realized and unrealized gains and losses primarily related to the Firm's Trading assets and liabilities, from derivative and non-derivative financial instruments, included in Trading revenues in the income statement. The Firm generally utilizes financial instruments across a variety of product types in connection with its market-making and related risk management strategies. The trading revenues presented in the table are not representative of the manner in which the Firm manages its business activities and are prepared in a manner similar to the presentation of trading revenues for regulatory reporting purposes.

Investment Management Investments Revenues—Net Cumulative Unrealized Carried Interest

\$ in millions	At September 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022
Net cumulative unrealized performance- based fees at risk of reversing	\$ 782	\$ 819

The Firm's portion of net cumulative performance-based fees in the form of unrealized carried interest, for which the Firm is not obligated to pay compensation, is at risk of reversing when the return in certain funds fall below specified performance targets. See Note 13 for information regarding general partner guarantees, which include potential obligations to return performance fee distributions previously received.

Investment Management Asset Management Revenues— Reduction of Fees Due to Fee Waivers

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
\$ in millions	2023			2022		2023		2022
Fee waivers	\$	27	\$	28	\$	73	\$	193

The Firm waives a portion of its fees in the Investment Management business segment from certain registered money market funds that comply with the requirements of Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Certain Other Fee Waivers

Separately, the Firm's employees, including its senior officers, may participate on the same terms and conditions as other investors in certain funds that the Firm sponsors primarily for client investment, and the Firm may waive or lower applicable fees and charges for its employees.

Other Expenses—Transaction Taxes

		Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
\$ in millions	2	2023	2022		2023		2022		
Transaction taxes	\$	222	\$	215	\$	683	\$	701	

Transaction taxes are composed of securities transaction taxes and stamp duties, which are levied on the sale or purchase of securities listed on recognized stock exchanges in certain markets. These taxes are imposed mainly on trades of equity securities in Asia and EMEA. Similar transaction taxes are levied on trades of listed derivative instruments in certain countries.

Net Revenues by Region

	Three Months Ended September 30,				1	Ended r 30,		
\$ in millions		2023 2022			2023		2022	
Americas	\$	10,268	\$	10,094	\$	31,453	\$	30,220
EMEA		1,479		1,392		4,716		5,381
Asia		1,526		1,500		5,078		5,318
Total	\$	13,273	\$	12,986	\$	41,247	\$	40,919

For a discussion about the Firm's geographic net revenues, see Note 23 to the financial statements in the 2022 Form 10-K.

Revenues Recognized from Prior Services

	Three Months Ended September 30,				١	Ended r 30,		
\$ in millions	2023		2022		2023		2022	
Non-interest revenues	\$	468	\$	788	\$	1,350	\$	2,036

The previous table includes revenues from contracts with customers recognized where some or all services were performed in prior periods. These revenues primarily include investment banking advisory fees.

Receivables from Contracts with Customers

		At	At			
	Sept	September 30,		nber 31,		
\$ in millions		2023	2	022		
Customer and other receivables	\$	2,334	\$	2,577		

Morgan Stanley

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Receivables from contracts with customers, which are included within Customer and other receivables in the balance sheet, arise when the Firm has both recorded revenues and the right per the contract to bill the customer.

Assets by Business Segment

\$ in millions	Sej	At otember 30, 2023	At December 31, 2022		
Institutional Securities	\$	790,180	\$	789,837	
Wealth Management		361,490		373,305	
Investment Management		17,343		17,089	
Total ¹	\$	1,169,013	\$	1,180,231	

^{1.} Parent assets have been fully allocated to the business segments.

Morgan Stanley

Nine Months Ended September 30

Financial Data Supplement (Unaudited)

Average Balances and Interest Rates and Net Interest Income

	Three Months Ended September 30,					
•		2023		•	2022	
\$ in millions	Average Daily Balance	Interest	Annualized Average Rate	Average Daily Balance	Interest	Annualized Average Rate
Interest earning as	ssets					
Investment securities ¹	\$149,855	\$ 1,019	2.7 %	\$164,889	\$ 743	1.8 %
Loans ¹	215,797	3,236	5.9 %	209,551	1,910	3.6 %
Securities purchase	ed under ag	reements	to resell2:			
U.S.	39,154	1,152	11.7 %	56,111	513	3.6 %
Non-U.S.	56,439	825	5.8 %	61,118	151	1.0 %
Securities borrowed	d ³ :					
U.S.	109,269	1,204	4.4 %	126,061	373	1.2 %
Non-U.S.	17,641	103	2.3 %	17,966	12	0.3 %
Trading assets, net	of Trading	liabilities ⁴ :				
U.S.	99,865	1,105	4.4 %	74,651	535	2.8 %
Non-U.S.	17,237	229	5.3 %	12,976	100	3.1 %
Customer receivable	les and Oth	er ⁵ :				
U.S.	103,860	3,240	12.4 %	105,345	1,378	5.2 %
Non-U.S.	59,641	1,192	7.9 %	76,056	386	2.0 %
Total	\$868,758	\$13,305	6.1 %	\$904,724	\$6,101	2.7 %
Interest bearing liabilities						
Deposits ¹	\$341,475	\$ 2,271	2.6 %	\$337,288	\$ 476	0.6 %
Borrowings ^{1,6}	250,440	2,992	4.7 %	229,821	1,370	2.4 %
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase ^{7,9} :						
U.S.	26,790	1,047	15.5 %	19,344	324	6.6 %
Non-U.S.	48,171	850	7.0 %	40,110	177	1.8 %
Securities loaned ^{8,9}	:					
U.S.	3,422	20	2.3 %	7,103	20	1.1 %
Non-U.S.	9,732	188	7.7 %	6,930	115	6.6 %
Customer payables and Other ¹⁰ :						
U.S.	130,722	2,704	8.2 %	145,061	738	2.0 %
Non-U.S.	62,004	1,256	8.0 %	72,328	371	2.0 %
Total	\$872,756	\$11,328	5.1 %	\$857,985	\$ 3,591	1.7 %
Net interest incominterest rate spre		\$ 1,977	1.0 %		\$ 2,510	1.0 %

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
		2023			2022	
\$ in millions	Average Daily Balance	Interest	Annualized Average Rate	Average Daily Balance	Interest	Annualized Average Rate
Interest earning a	ssets					
Investment securities ¹	\$154,304	\$ 2,886	2.5 %	\$169,926	\$ 2,261	1.8 %
Loans ¹	215,071	9,105	5.7 %	201,655	4,469	3.0 %
Securities purchas	ed under ag	reements	to resell2:			
U.S.	46,670	3,216	9.2 %	56,451	719	1.7 %
Non-U.S.	61,648	2,066	4.5 %	62,273	151	0.3 %
Securities borrowe	d ³ :					
U.S.	118,788	3,568	4.0 %	124,628	167	0.2 %
Non-U.S.	18,496	280	2.0 %	19,819	(70)	(0.5)%
Trading assets, ne	t of Trading	liabilities4	:			
U.S.	91,621	2,662	3.9 %	74,993	1,418	2.5 %
Non-U.S.	11,548	509	5.9 %	14,668	304	2.8 %
Customer receivab	les and Oth	er ⁵ :				
U.S.	103,145	8,634	11.2 %	116,515	2,396	2.7 %
Non-U.S.	65,014	3,297	6.8 %	76,649	548	1.0 %
Total	\$886,305	\$36,223	5.5 %	\$917,577	\$12,363	1.8 %
Interest bearing li	abilities					
Deposits ¹	\$342,628	\$ 5,793	2.3 %	\$340,166	\$ 684	0.3 %
Borrowings ^{1,6}	248,534	8,267	4.4 %	228,589	2,990	1.7 %
Securities sold und	ler agreeme	nts to rep	urchase ^{7,9} :			
U.S.	22,851	2,467	14.4 %	20,957	487	3.1 %
Non-U.S.	44,373	2,100	6.3 %	39,694	238	0.8 %
Securities loaned ^{8,9} :						
U.S.	4,097	50	1.6 %	6,354	21	0.4 %
Non-U.S.	10,000	525	7.0 %	7,308	319	5.8 %
Customer payables and Other ¹⁰ :						
U.S.	135,061	7,281	7.2 %	144,691	311	0.3 %
Non-U.S.	64,771	3,407	7.0 %	75,510	305	0.5 %

1. Amounts include primarily U.S. balances.

Net interest income and net interest rate spread

\$872,315 \$29,890

Total

2. Includes interest paid on Securities purchased under agreements to resell.

\$ 6,333

- Includes fees paid on Securities borrowed.
- Excludes non-interest earning assets and non-interest bearing liabilities, such as equity securities.

4.6 % \$863,269 \$5,355

\$7,008

0.9 %

0.8 %

1.0 %

- 5. Includes Cash and cash equivalents.
- Average daily balance includes borrowings carried at fair value, but for certain borrowings, interest expense is considered part of fair value and is recorded in Trading revenues.
- 7. Includes interest received on Securities sold under agreements to repurchase.
- 8. Includes fees received on Securities loaned.
- 9. The annualized average rate was calculated using (a) interest expense incurred on all securities sold under agreements to repurchase and securities loaned transactions, whether or not such transactions were reported in the balance sheet and (b) net average on-balance sheet balances, which exclude certain securitiesfor-securities transactions.
- Includes fees received from Equity Financing customers related to their short transactions, which can be under either margin or securities lending arrangements.

Glossary of Common Terms and Acronyms

2022 Form 10	Annual report on Form 10-K for year ended	IS	Institutional Securities
-K	December 31, 2022 filed with the SEC	LCR	Liquidity coverage ratio, as adopted by the U.S.
ABS	Asset-backed securities	Lek	banking agencies
ACL	Allowance for credit losses	LIBOR	London Interbank Offered Rate
AFS	Available-for-sale	LTV	Loan-to-value
AML	Anti-money laundering	M&A	Merger, acquisition and restructuring transaction
AOCI	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	MSBNA	Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A.
AUM	Assets under management or supervision	MS&Co.	Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC
Balance sheet	Consolidated balance sheet	MSCG	Morgan Stanley Capital Group Inc.
BHC	Bank holding company	MSCS	Morgan Stanley Capital Services LLC
bps	Basis points; one basis point equals 1/100th of 1%	MSEHSE	Morgan Stanley Europe Holdings SE
Cash flow	Consolidated cash flow statement	MSESE	Morgan Stanley Europe SE
statement CCAR	Comprehensive Capital Analysis and Review	MSIP	Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc
CCyB	Countercyclical capital buffer	MSMS	Morgan Stanley MUFG Securities Co., Ltd.
CDO	Collateralized debt obligation(s), including	MSPBNA	Morgan Stanley Private Bank, National
СВО	Collateralized door obligation(s), metading Collateralized loan obligation(s)	MSSB	Association Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC
CDS	Credit default swaps	MUFG	Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.
CECL	Current Expected Credit Losses, as calculated	MUMSS	Mitsubishi UFJ Morgan Stanley Securities Co.,
	under the Financial Instruments—Credit Losses accounting update	WICKISS	Ltd.
CFTC	U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission	MWh	Megawatt hour
CLN	Credit-linked note(s)	N/A	Not Applicable
CLO	Collateralized loan obligation(s)	N/M	Not Meaningful
CMBS	Commercial mortgage-backed securities	NAV	Net asset value
CMO	Collateralized mortgage obligation(s)	Non-GAAP	Non-generally accepted accounting principles
CRE	Commercial real estate	NSFR	Net stable funding ratio, as adopted by the U.S.
CRM	Credit Risk Management Department	OCC	banking agencies Office of the Comptroller of the Currency
CTA	Cumulative foreign currency translation	OCI	Other comprehensive income (loss)
	adjustments	OTC	Over-the-counter
DCP	Certain employee deferred cash-based compensation plans linked to investment	PSU	Performance-based stock unit
	performance	ROE	Return on average common equity
DCP	Investments associated with DCP	ROTCE	Return on average tangible common equity
investments DVA	Debt valuation adjustment	ROU	Right-of-use
EBITDA	Debt valuation adjustment	RSU	Restricted stock unit
EDITUA	Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization	RWA	Risk-weighted assets
EMEA	Europe, Middle East and Africa	SCB	Stress capital buffer
EPS	Earnings per common share	SEC	U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission
FDIC	Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation	SLR	Supplementary leverage ratio
FFELP	Federal Family Education Loan Program	S&P	Standard & Poor's
FHC	Financial holding company	SPE	Special purpose entity
FICO	Fair Isaac Corporation	SPOE	Single point of entry
Financial	Consolidated financial statements	TDR	Troubled debt restructuring
statements FVO	Fair value option	TLAC	Total loss-absorbing capacity
G-SIB	Global systemically important banks	U.K.	United Kingdom
HFI	Held-for-investment	UPB	Unpaid principal balance
HFS	Held-for-sale	U.S.	United States of America
HQLA	High-quality liquid assets	U.S. Bank Subsidiaries	Morgan Stanley Bank N.A. ("MSBNA") and
нтм	Held-to-maturity	Substatiles	Morgan Stanley Private Bank, National Association ("MSPBNA")
I/E	Intersegment eliminations	U.S. GAAP	Accounting principles generally accepted in the
IHC	Intermediate holding company	W-D	United States of America
IM	Investment Management	VaR	Value-at-Risk
Income	Consolidated income statement	VIE	Variable interest entity
statement	Internal Danama Carrier	WACC WM	Implied weighted average cost of capital Wealth Management
IRS	Internal Revenue Service	44 141	vi caran ivianagement

Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of the Firm's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the Firm conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Firm's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")). Based on this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Firm's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

No change in the Firm's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act) occurred during the period covered by this report that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Firm's internal control over financial reporting.

Legal Proceedings

The following developments have occurred since previously reporting certain matters in the Firm's 2022 Form 10-K and the Firm's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2023 (the "First Quarter Form 10-Q") and the quarterly period ended June 30, 2023 (the "Second Quarter Form 10-Q"). See also the disclosures set forth under "Legal Proceedings" in the 2022 Form 10-K, the First Quarter Form 10-Q and the Second Quarter Form 10-Q.

Block Trading Matter

The Firm has been responding to requests for information from the Enforcement Division of the SEC and the United States Attorney's Office for the Southern District of New York in connection with their investigations into various aspects of the Firm's blocks business, certain related sales and applicable trading practices, and controls "Investigations"). The Investigations are focused on whether the Firm and/or its employees shared and/or used information regarding impending block transactions in violation of federal securities laws and regulations. The Firm continues to cooperate with, and has continued to engage in ongoing regarding potential discussions resolution of, Investigations. There can be no assurance that these discussions and continuing engagement will lead to resolution of either matter. The Firm also faces potential civil liability arising from claims that have been or may be asserted by, among others, block transaction participants who contend they were harmed or disadvantaged including, among other things, as a result of a share price decline allegedly caused by the activities of the Firm and/or its employees, or as a result of the Firm's and/or its employees' failure to adhere to applicable laws and regulations. In addition, the Firm has responded to demands from shareholders under Section 220 of the Delaware General Corporation Law for books and records concerning the Investigations.

Antitrust Related Matters

On September 1, 2023, the court in *Iowa Public Employees'* Retirement System et al. v. Bank of America Corporation et al. granted preliminary approval of the settlement.

The Firm is a defendant in three antitrust class action complaints which have been consolidated into one proceeding in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York under the caption City of Philadelphia, et al. v. Bank of America Corporation, et al. Plaintiffs allege, inter alia, that the Firm, along with a number of other financial institution defendants, violated U.S. antitrust laws and relevant state laws in connection with alleged efforts to artificially inflate interest rates for Variable Rate Demand Obligations ("VRDO"). Plaintiffs seek, among other relief, treble damages. The class action complaint was filed on behalf of a class of municipal issuers of VRDO for which defendants served as remarketing agent. On November 2, 2020, the court granted in part and denied in part the defendants' motion to dismiss the consolidated complaint, dismissing state law claims, but denying dismissal of the U.S. antitrust claims. On September 21, 2023, the court granted plaintiffs' motion for class certification. On October 5, 2023, defendants sought leave to appeal this ruling from the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit.

Qui Tam Matter

On August 22, 2023, the Firm reached an agreement in principle to settle the litigation in *State of New Jersey ex. rel. Hayes v. Bank of America Corp.*, et al.

U.K. Gilt Matter

On September 28, 2023, the defendants in *Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System v. Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft, et al.* filed a joint motion to dismiss the complaint.

Risk Factors

For a discussion of the risk factors affecting the Firm, see "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of the 2022 Form 10-K.

Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

\$ in millions, except per share data	Total Number of Shares Purchased ¹	Average Price Paid per Share ²	Total Shares Purchased as Part of Share Repurchase Authorization ^{3,4}	Dollar Value of Remaining Authorized Repurchase
July	2,421,782	\$ 93.85	2,376,848	\$ 19,777
August	8,834,821	\$ 87.14	8,443,489	\$ 19,043
September	6,329,787	\$ 86.04	6,305,725	\$ 18,500
Three Months Ended September 30, 2023	17,586,390	\$ 87.67	17,126,062	

- Includes 460,328 shares acquired by the Firm in satisfaction of the tax withholding obligations on stock-based awards granted under the Firm's stock-based compensation plans during the three months ended September 30, 2023.
- Excludes excise tax of \$14 million levied on share repurchases, net of issuances, payable in April 2024.
- 3. Share purchases under publicly announced authorizations are made pursuant to open-market purchases, Rule 10b5-1 plans or privately negotiated transactions (including with employee benefit plans) as market conditions warrant and at prices the Firm deems appropriate and may be suspended at any time.
- 4. The Firm's Board of Directors has approved the repurchase of the Firm's outstanding common stock under a share repurchase authorization (the "Share Repurchase Authorization") from time to time as conditions warrant and subject to limitations on distributions from the Federal Reserve. The Share Repurchase Authorization is for capital management purposes and considers, among other things, business segment capital needs, as well as equity-based compensation and benefit plan requirements. The Share Repurchase Authorization has no set expiration or termination date.

On June 30, 2023, the Firm announced that its Board of Directors reauthorized a multi-year repurchase authorization of up to \$20 billion of outstanding common stock, without a set expiration date, beginning in the third quarter of 2023, which will be exercised from time to time as conditions warrant. For further information, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Capital Plans, Stress Tests and the Stress Capital Buffer."

Other Information

None.

Exhibits

Exhibit Description No.

10.1	Seventh Amendment to Investor Agreement, dated
	October 13, 2023, between Morgan Stanley and
	Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.

- 15 Letter of awareness from Deloitte & Touche LLP, dated November 3, 2023, concerning unaudited interim financial information.
- 31.1 <u>Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive</u> Officer.
- 31.2 <u>Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial</u> Officer.
- 32.1 <u>Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive</u> Officer.
- 32.2 <u>Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer.</u>
- 101 Interactive Data Files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T formatted in Inline eXtensible Business Reporting Language ("Inline XBRL").
- 104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted in Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

MORGAN STANLEY (Registrant)

By: /s/ Sharon Yeshaya

Sharon Yeshaya Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

By: /s/ Raja J. Akram

Raja J. Akram Deputy Chief Financial Officer, Chief Accounting Officer and Controller

Date: November 3, 2023

Seventh Amendment to Investor Agreement

THIS SEVENTH AMENDMENT TO THE INVESTOR AGREEMENT (this "Amendment"), dated as of October 13, 2023, is made by and between Morgan Stanley, a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc., a joint stock company organized under the laws of Japan (the "Investor").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Company and the Investor are parties to that certain Investor Agreement, dated as of October 13, 2008, and amended by the First Amendment to Investor Agreement, dated as of October 27, 2008, and amended and restated by the Amended and Restated Investor Agreement, dated as of June 30, 2011, and amended by the Third Amendment to Investor Agreement, dated as of October 3, 2013, the Fourth Amendment to Investor Agreement, dated as of April 6, 2016, the Fifth Amendment to Investor Agreement, dated as of April 13, 2021 (the Investor Agreement, as so amended and restated, the "Investor Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, the Company and the Investor have determined to further amend the Investor Agreement as set forth herein.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and of the respective representations, warranties, covenants and conditions contained herein, the parties hereto agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Defined Terms</u>. Capitalized terms used but not defined in this Amendment shall have the respective meanings ascribed to them in the Investor Agreement.
- 2. Amendments. The Investor Agreement is hereby amended as follows:
 - 2.a. The first sentence of Section 3.4 is amended and restated in its entirety as follows: "Standstill Period" shall mean the period from the date hereof until the earlier of (i) April 13, 2026, and (ii) the occurrence of an Investor Rights Termination Event; provided, however, that the parties shall, prior to the expiration of the Standstill Period, discuss in good faith whether to extend the Standstill Period (with no obligation to extend)."
 - 2.b. Section 4.1 is amended and supplemented to add a new Section 4.1(f) as follows: "Nothing in this Section 4.1 shall restrict the Investor from Transferring, and the Investor is hereby permitted to Transfer, any Securities to the Company or to a Subsidiary of the Company."
 - 2.c. Section 5.6 is amended and restated in its entirety as follows: "The preemptive right to purchase Covered Securities granted by this Article V shall not be available for any offering that commences at any time after (i) April 13, 2026 (the "Preemptive Rights Expiration Date") or (ii) the date on which the Investor Transfers any of the Securities that it acquired on the Closing Date or the Common Stock issued upon conversion of any Securities, or Hedges its exposure to the Common Stock, except as contemplated by clause (i) or (ii) of the first sentence of Section 4.1(a), by Section 4.1(e) or by Section 4.1(f); provided, however, that the parties shall, no later than 3 months prior to the Preemptive

Rights Expiration Date, discuss in good faith whether to extend the Preemptive Rights Expiration Date (with no obligation to extend)."

- 3. No Other Amendments. Except as expressly set forth herein, the Investor Agreement remains in full force and effect in accordance with its terms and nothing contained herein shall be deemed to be a waiver, amendment, modification or other change of any term, condition or provision of the Investor Agreement (or a consent to any such waiver, amendment, modification or other change). All references in the Investor Agreement to the Investor Agreement shall be deemed to be references to the Investor Agreement after giving effect to this Amendment.
- 4. <u>Changes</u>. This Amendment may not be modified or amended except pursuant to an instrument in writing signed by the Company and the Investor.
- 5. <u>Headings</u>. The headings of the various sections of this Amendment have been inserted for convenience or reference only and shall not be deemed to be part of this Amendment.
- 6. <u>Applicable Law and Submission to Jurisdiction</u>. This Amendment will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware applicable to contracts made and to be performed within the State of Delaware. The provisions of Sections 9.5 and 9.12 of the Investor Agreement shall apply to this Amendment as if each such provision were set forth herein in their entirety.
- 7. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Amendment may be signed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall constitute an original and all of which together shall constitute one and the same agreement.

Please confirm that the foregoing correctly sets forth the agreement between us by signing in the space provided below for that purpose.

AGREED AND ACCEPTED:

MORGAN STANLEY	MITSUBISHI UFJ FINANCIAL GROUP, INC
By: /s/ Sebastiano Visentini	By: /s/ Iichiro Takahashi
Name: Sebastiano Visentini Title: Managing Director	Name: Iichiro Takahashi Title: Managing Director

To the Shareholders and the Board of Directors of Morgan Stanley:

We are aware that our report dated November 3, 2023, on our review of the interim financial information of Morgan Stanley appearing in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2023, is incorporated by reference in the following Registration Statements of the Firm:

Filed on Form S-3:

Registration Statement No. 333-250103 Registration Statement No. 333-250103-01 Registration Statement No. 333-253728

Filed on Form S-8:

Registration Statement No. 33-63024
Registration Statement No. 33-63026
Registration Statement No. 33-78038
Registration Statement No. 33-79516
Registration Statement No. 33-82240
Registration Statement No. 33-82242
Registration Statement No. 33-82244
Registration Statement No. 333-04212
Registration Statement No. 333-28141
Registration Statement No. 333-28263
Registration Statement No. 333-62869
Registration Statement No. 333-78081
Registration Statement No. 333-95303
Registration Statement No. 333-55972
Registration Statement No. 333-85148

Filed on Form S-8:

Registration Statement No. 333-85150 Registration Statement No. 333-108223 Registration Statement No. 333-142874 Registration Statement No. 333-146954 Registration Statement No. 333-159503 Registration Statement No. 333-159504 Registration Statement No. 333-159505 Registration Statement No. 333-168278 Registration Statement No. 333-172634 Registration Statement No. 333-177454 Registration Statement No. 333-183595 Registration Statement No. 333-188649 Registration Statement No. 333-192448 Registration Statement No. 333-204504 Registration Statement No. 333-211723 Registration Statement No. 333-218377 Registration Statement No. 333-231913 Registration Statement No. 333-256493 Registration Statement No. 333-266612

Certification

I, James P. Gorman, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Morgan Stanley;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material
 fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not
 misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 3, 2023

/s/ JAMES P. GORMAN

James P. Gorman

Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

Certification

- I, Sharon Yeshaya, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Morgan Stanley;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material
 fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not
 misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 3, 2023

/s/ SHARON YESHAYA

Sharon Yeshaya

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Morgan Stanley (the "Firm") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, James P. Gorman, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of the Firm, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Firm.

/s/ JAMES P. GORMAN

James P. Gorman
Chairman of the Board and
Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 3, 2023

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Morgan Stanley (the "Firm") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Sharon Yeshaya, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Firm, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Firm.

/s/ SHARON YESHAYA

Sharon Yeshaya
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

Date: November 3, 2023