UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2021

Commission File Number 1-11758

Morgan Stanley

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	1585 Broadway	36-3145972	(212) 761-4000
(State or other jurisdiction of	New York, NY 10036	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No	.) (Registrant's telephone number,
incorporation or organization)	(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)		including area code)
Securities registered pursual	nt to Section 12(b) of the Act:		
Title of each class		Trading Symbol(s	
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value		MS	New York Stock Exchange
Depositary Shares, each representing Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, So	1/1,000th interest in a share of Floating eries A, \$0.01 par value	g Rate MS/PA	New York Stock Exchange
Depositary Shares, each representing Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, So	1/1,000th interest in a share of Fixed-to eries E, \$0.01 par value	o-Floating Rate MS/PE	New York Stock Exchange
Depositary Shares, each representing Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, So	1/1,000th interest in a share of Fixed-to eries F, \$0.01 par value	o-Floating Rate MS/PF	New York Stock Exchange
Depositary Shares, each representing Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, So	1/1,000th interest in a share of Fixed-to eries I, \$0.01 par value	o-Floating Rate MS/PI	New York Stock Exchange
Depositary Shares, each representing Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, So	1/1,000th interest in a share of Fixed-to eries K, \$0.01 par value	o-Floating Rate MS/PK	New York Stock Exchange
Depository Shares, each representing	1/1000th interest in a share of 4.875%		
Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, S	eries L, \$0.01 par value	MS/PL	New York Stock Exchange
Global Medium-Term Notes, Series A	, Fixed Rate Step-Up Senior Notes Du	e 2026	
of Morgan Stanley Finance LLC (ar	nd Registrant's guarantee with respect t	thereto) MS/26C	New York Stock Exchange
Exchange Act of 1934 during reports), and (2) has been subjeted Indicate by check mark wheth	the preceding 12 months (or ect to such filing requirements f er the Registrant has submitte ation S-T (§ 232.405 of this cha	for such shorter period that the for the past 90 days. Yes d electronically every Interactivapter) during the preceding 12 r	y Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities e Registrant was required to file such No □ we Data File required to be submitted months (or for such shorter period that
reporting company, or an eme	rging growth company. See the		filer, a non-accelerated filer, smalle ted filer," "accelerated filer," "smalle heck one):
Large accelerated filer X Acce	elerated filer Non-accelerated	filer Smaller reporting compan	Emerging growth company
	• •	he Registrant has elected not to ards provided pursuant to Section	use the extended transition period for n 13(a) of the Exchange Act.
Indicate by check mark whether	r the Registrant is a shell comp	any (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of	f the Exchange Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗷
As of July 30, 2021, there were	1,824,561,070 shares of the Ro	egistrant's Common Stock, par	value \$0.01 per share, outstanding.

QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q For the quarter ended June 30, 2021

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Available Information

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. The SEC maintains a website, www.sec.gov, that contains annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy and information statements and other information that issuers file electronically with the SEC. Our electronic SEC filings are available to the public at the SEC's website.

Our website is www.morganstanley.com. You can access our Investor Relations webpage at www.morganstanley.com/about-us-ir. We make available free of charge, on or through our Investor Relations webpage, our proxy statements, annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and any amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act"), as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is electronically filed with, or furnished to, the SEC. We also make available, through our Investor Relations webpage, via a link to the SEC's website, statements of beneficial ownership of our equity securities filed by our directors, officers, 10% or greater shareholders and others under Section 16 of the Exchange Act.

You can access information about our corporate governance at www.morganstanley.com/about-us-governance, our sustainability initiatives at www.morganstanley.com/about-us/sustainability-at-morgan-stanley and our commitment to diversity and inclusion at www.morganstanley.com/about-us/diversity. Our webpages include:

- Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation;
- · Amended and Restated Bylaws:
- Charters for our Audit Committee, Compensation, Management Development and Succession Committee, Nominating and Governance Committee, Operations and Technology Committee, and Risk Committee;
- · Corporate Governance Policies;
- Policy Regarding Corporate Political Activities;
- Policy Regarding Shareholder Rights Plan;
- Equity Ownership Commitment;
- · Code of Ethics and Business Conduct;
- Code of Conduct;
- Integrity Hotline Information;
- Environmental and Social Policies:
- Sustainability Report;
- Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures Report; and
- Diversity and Inclusion Report.

Our Code of Ethics and Business Conduct applies to all directors, officers and employees, including our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Deputy Chief Financial Officer. We will post any amendments to the Code of Ethics and Business Conduct and any waivers that are required to be disclosed by the rules of either the SEC or the New York Stock Exchange LLC ("NYSE") on our website. You can request a copy of these documents, excluding exhibits, at no cost, by contacting Investor Relations, 1585 Broadway, New York, NY 10036 (212-761-4000). The information on our website is not incorporated by reference into this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Introduction

Morgan Stanley is a global financial services firm that maintains significant market positions in each of its business segments-Institutional Securities, Wealth Management and Investment Management. Morgan Stanley, through its subsidiaries and affiliates, provides a wide variety of products and services to a large and diversified group of clients and customers, including corporations, governments, financial institutions and individuals. Unless the context otherwise requires, the terms "Morgan Stanley," "Firm," "us," "we" or "our" mean Morgan Stanley (the "Parent Company") together with its consolidated subsidiaries. Disclosures reflect the effects of the acquisitions of E*TRADE Financial Corporation ("E*TRADE") and Eaton Vance Corp. ("Eaton Vance") prospectively from the acquisition dates, October 2, 2020 and March 1, 2021, respectively. See the "Glossary of Common Terms and Acronyms" for the definition of certain terms and acronyms used throughout this Form 10-Q.

A description of the clients and principal products and services of each of our business segments is as follows:

Institutional Securities provides a variety of products and services to corporations, governments, financial institutions and ultra-high net worth clients. Investment banking services consist of capital raising and financial advisory services, including services relating to the underwriting of debt, equity and other securities, as well as advice on mergers and acquisitions, restructurings and project finance. Our Equity and Fixed Income businesses include sales, financing, prime brokerage, market-making, Asia wealth management services and certain business-related investments. Lending activities include originating corporate loans and commercial real estate loans, providing secured lending facilities, and extending securities-based and other financing to customers. Other activities include research.

Wealth Management provides a comprehensive array of financial services and solutions to individual investors and small to medium-sized businesses and institutions covering: financial advisor-led brokerage and investment advisory services; self-directed brokerage services; financial and wealth planning services; workplace services including stock plan administration; annuity and insurance products; securities-based lending, residential real estate loans and other lending products; banking; and retirement plan services.

1

Investment Management provides a broad range of investment strategies and products that span geographies, asset classes, and public and private markets to a diverse group of clients across institutional and intermediary channels. Strategies and products, which are offered through a variety of investment vehicles, include equity, fixed income, alternatives and solutions, and liquidity and overlay services. Institutional clients include defined benefit/defined contribution plans, foundations, endowments, government entities, sovereign wealth funds, insurance companies, third-party fund sponsors and corporations. Individual clients are generally served through intermediaries, including affiliated and non-affiliated distributors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis includes certain metrics that we believe to be useful to us, investors, analysts and other stakeholders by providing further transparency about, or an additional means of assessing, our financial condition and operating results. Such metrics, when used, are defined and may be different from or inconsistent with metrics used by other companies.

The results of operations in the past have been, and in the future may continue to be, materially affected by: competition; risk factors; legislative, legal and regulatory developments; and other factors. These factors also may have an adverse impact on our ability to achieve our strategic objectives. Additionally, the discussion of our results of operations herein may contain forward-looking statements. These statements, which reflect management's beliefs and expectations, are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially. For a discussion of the risks and uncertainties that may affect our future results. "Forward-Looking Statements," "Business-Competition," "Business-Supervision and Regulation," and "Risk Factors" in the 2020 Form 10-K, and "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements" herein.

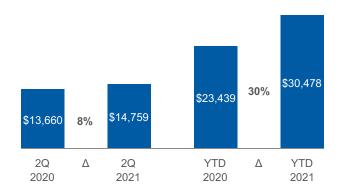
Executive Summary

Overview of Financial Results

Consolidated Results—Three Months Ended June 30, 2021

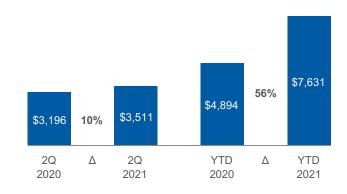
- Firm Net revenues were up 8% and Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley was up 10%, with strong contributions from each of our three business segments, and resulting in an annualized ROTCE of 18.6%, or 19.0% excluding integration-related expenses (see "Selected Non-GAAP Financial Information" herein).
- The Firm expense efficiency ratio was 69%, or 68% excluding the impact of integration-related expenses (see "Selected Non-GAAP Financial Information" herein).
- At June 30, 2021, our standardized Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio was 16.6%.
- The Firm doubled its quarterly common stock dividend to \$0.70 per share and increased its share repurchase authorization of outstanding common stock up to \$12 billion over the next 12 months.
- Institutional Securities Net revenues of \$7.1 billion reflect strong results as clients remained active across Investment banking and Equity.
- Wealth Management delivered a pre-tax margin of 26.8%, or 27.8% excluding integration-related expenses (see "Selected Non-GAAP Financial Information" herein).
 Results reflect higher asset management fees, growth in bank lending, as well as net new assets of \$71 billion and fee-based flows of \$34 billion.
- Investment Management results reflect strong asset management fees on AUM of \$1.5 trillion, which includes \$13.5 billion of positive long-term net flows across all asset classes.

Net Revenues¹
(\$ in millions)



Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. See "Business Segments" herein and Note 1 to the financial statements for more information.

Net Income Applicable to Morgan Stanley (\$ in millions)



Earnings per Diluted Common Share¹



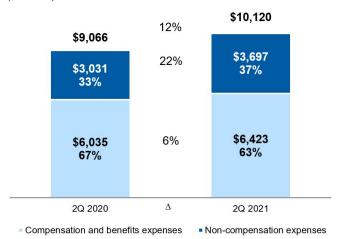
 Adjusted Diluted EPS for the current quarter and the current year period were \$1.89 and \$4.11, respectively (see "Selected Non-GAAP Financial Information" herein).

We reported net revenues of \$14.8 billion in the quarter ended June 30, 2021 ("current quarter," or "2Q 2021"), compared with \$13.7 billion in the quarter ended June 30, 2020 ("prior year quarter," or "2Q 2020"). For the current quarter, net income applicable to Morgan Stanley was \$3.5 billion, or \$1.85 per diluted common share, compared with \$3.2 billion or \$1.96 per diluted common share, in the prior year quarter.

We reported net revenues of \$30.5 billion in the six months ended June 30, 2021 ("current year period," or "YTD 2021"), compared with \$23.4 billion in the period ended June 30, 2020 ("prior year period," or "YTD 2020"). For the current period, net income applicable to Morgan Stanley was \$7.6 billion, or \$4.04 per diluted common share, compared with \$4.9 billion or \$2.96 per diluted common share, in the prior year period.

Management's Discussion and Analysis







 The percentages on the bars in the chart represent the contribution of compensation and benefits expenses and non-compensation expenses to the total.

Non-compensation expenses

Compensation and benefits expenses

- Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. See "Business Segments" herein and Note 1 to the financial statements for more information.
- Compensation and benefits expenses of \$6,423 million in the current quarter increased 6% from the prior year quarter, primarily as a result of increases in the formulaic payout to Wealth Management representatives driven by higher compensable revenues and incremental compensation as a result of the E*TRADE and Eaton Vance acquisitions, partially offset by a decrease in discretionary incentive compensation driven by lower net revenues in the Institutional Securities business segment.

Compensation and benefits expenses of \$13,221 million in the current year period increased 28% from the prior year period, primarily as a result of an increase in the formulaic payout to Wealth Management representatives driven by higher compensable revenues, incremental compensation as a result of the E*TRADE and Eaton Vance acquisitions, higher discretionary incentive compensation driven by revenues, and higher expenses related to certain deferred compensation plans linked to investment performance and the Firm's share price.

• Non-compensation expenses of \$3,697 million in the current quarter increased 22% from the prior year quarter,

primarily due to incremental expenses as a result of the E*TRADE and Eaton Vance acquisitions, as well as higher professional services expenses and higher investments in technology.

Non-compensation expenses of \$7,372 million in the current year period increased 23% from the prior year period, primarily driven by incremental expenses as a result of the E*TRADE and Eaton Vance acquisitions, higher volume-related expenses, higher investments in technology, as well as higher professional services expenses.

Provision for Credit Losses

The Provision for credit losses on loans and lending commitments in the current quarter was \$73 million, primarily driven by one secured lending facility. The Provision for credit losses on loans and lending commitments of \$239 million in the prior year quarter was primarily driven by deterioration in the expected macroeconomic environment at that time.

The Provision for credit losses on loans and lending commitments in the current year period was a net release of \$25 million, primarily as a result of improvements in the outlook for macroeconomic conditions and the impact of paydowns on corporate loans, including by lower-rated borrowers, partially offset by the provision for one secured lending facility in the current quarter. The Provision for credit losses on loans and lending commitments of \$646 million in the prior year period was primarily driven by deterioration in the expected macroeconomic environment at that time.

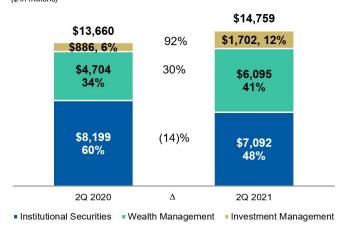
For further information on the Provision for credit losses, see "Credit Risk" herein.

Income Taxes

The Firm's effective tax rate of 23.1% is lower in the current quarter compared with the prior year quarter primarily due to the remeasurement of reserves and interest related to a foreign tax matter in the prior year quarter.

Business Segment Results

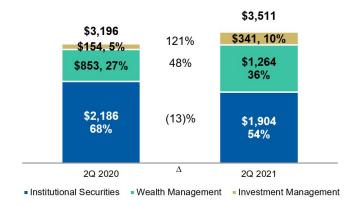
Net Revenues by Segment^{1, 2} (\$ in millions)

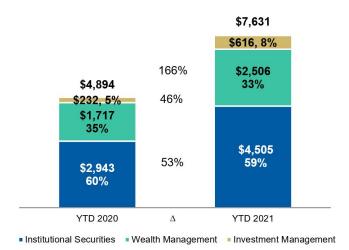




Institutional Securities
 Wealth Management
 Investment Management

Net Income Applicable to Morgan Stanley by Segment¹ (\$ in millions)





- 1. The percentages on the bars in the charts represent the contribution of each business segment to the total of the applicable financial category and may not sum to 100% due to intersegment eliminations. See Note 20 to the financial statements for details of intersegment eliminations.
- Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. See "Business Segments" herein and Note 1 to the financial statements for more information.
- Institutional Securities net revenues of \$7,092 million in the current quarter decreased 14% from the prior year quarter, primarily reflecting lower Fixed income revenues as markets normalized compared to the prior year quarter. Net revenues of \$15,669 million in the current year period increased 17% from the prior year period, primarily reflecting higher underwriting and Equity business revenues.
- Wealth Management net revenues of \$6,095 million in the current quarter increased 30% from the prior year quarter and net revenues of \$12,054 million in the current year period increased 38% from the prior year period, both primarily due to higher Asset management revenues and incremental revenues as a result of the E*TRADE acquisition.
- Investment Management net revenues of \$1,702 million in the current quarter increased 92% from the prior year

\$

51.13

41.95

68

17.4 %

19.4 %

17.7 %

19.8 %

8.4 %

54.04

40.12

72

16.6 %

18.3 %

17.7 %

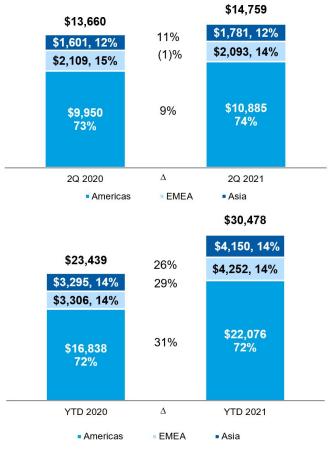
19.5 %

7.5 %

Management's Discussion and Analysis

quarter and net revenues of \$3,016 million in the current year period increased 91% from the prior year period, both primarily due to higher Asset management and related fees, including incremental revenues related to the Eaton Vance acquisition, as well as higher Performance-based income and other revenues.

Net Revenues by Region^{1, 2, 3} (\$ in millions)



- 1. The percentages on the bars in the charts represent the contribution of each region
- 2. For a discussion of how the geographic breakdown of net revenues is determined, see Note 20 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.
- Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. See "Business Segments" herein and Note 1 to the financial statements for more information.

Americas net revenues in the current quarter increased 9% from the prior year quarter, primarily driven by the Wealth Management business segment. Asia net revenues increased 11% from the prior year quarter, primarily driven by the Equity business within the Institutional Securities business segment.

Americas net revenues in the current year period increased 31% from the prior year period, primarily driven by the Wealth Management business segment and the Investment banking business within the Institutional Securities business segment. EMEA net revenues increased 29% and Asia net revenues increased 26% from the prior year period, both primarily driven by the Equity and Investment banking businesses within the Institutional Securities business segment.

Selected Financial Informatio	n and Oth	ner Statis	tical Da	ta						
	Three Months Ended June 30,									
\$ in millions	2021	2020	2021	2020						
Consolidated results										
Net revenues ¹	\$14,759	\$13,660	\$30,478	\$23,439						
Earnings applicable to Morgan Stanley common shareholders	\$ 3,408	\$ 3,047	\$7,390	\$4,637						
Earnings per diluted common share	\$ 1.85	\$ 1.96	\$ 4.04	\$2.96						
Consolidated financial measures										
Expense efficiency ratio ^{1, 2}	69 %	66 %	68 %	70 %						
Adjusted expense efficiency ratio ^{1,2,4}	68 %	66 %	67 %	70 %						
ROE ³	13.8 %	15.7 %	15.3 %	12.2 %						
Adjusted ROE ^{3, 4}	14.1 %	15.7 %	15.6 %	12.2 %						
ROTCE ^{3, 4}	18.6 %	17.8 %	19.8 %	13.9 %						
Adjusted ROTCE ^{3, 4}	19.0 %	17.8 %	20.1 %	13.9 %						
Pre-tax margin ^{1, 5}	31 %	32 %	33 %	28 %						
Effective tax rate	23.1 %	25.7 %	22.5 %	22.8 %						
Pre-tax margin by segment⁵										
Institutional Securities ¹	35 %	37 %	37 %	29 %						
Wealth Management ¹	27 %	24 %	27 %	25 %						
Wealth Management, adjusted 1, 4	28 %	24 %	28 %	25 %						
Investment Management	25 %	24 %	27 %	23 %						
Investment Management, adjusted ⁴	27 %	24 %	28 %	23 %						
in millions, except per share and employee	data	At June 30, 2021		At mber 31, 2020						
Liquidity resources ⁶	\$	343,776	\$ 3	338,623						
Loans ⁷	\$	166,059	\$ 1	150,597						
Total assets	\$	1,161,805	\$ 1,1	115,862						
Deposits	\$	320,358	\$ 3	310,782						
Borrowings	\$	224,142	\$ 2	217,079						
Common shares outstanding		1,834		1,810						
Common shareholders' equity	\$	99,120	\$	92,531						
Tangible common shareholders' equit	y ⁴ \$	73,593	\$	75,916						

SLR¹¹ 7.4 % 5.9 % Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. See "Business Segments" herein and Note 1 to the financial statements for more information.

Book value per common share8

Tier 1 capital—Standardized

Tier 1 capital—Advanced

Capital Ratios¹⁰

Tier 1 leverage

Tangible book value per common share 4,8

Common Equity Tier 1 capital—Standardized

Common Equity Tier 1 capital—Advanced

Worldwide employees9 (in thousands)

- The expense efficiency ratio represents total non-interest expenses as a percentage of net revenues.
- ROE and ROTCE represent earnings applicable to Morgan Stanley common shareholders as a percentage of average common equity and average tangible common equity, respectively.
- Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. See "Selected Non-GAAP Financial Information" herein
- Pre-tax margin represents income before income taxes as a percentage of net revenues.
- For a discussion of Liquidity resources, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources-Liquidity Risk Management Framework—Liquidity Resources" herein
- Amounts include loans held for investment, net of ACL, and loans held for sale but exclude loans at fair value, which are included in Trading assets in the balance sheets (see Note 10 to the financial statements)
- Book value per common share and tangible book value per common share equal common shareholders' equity and tangible common shareholders' equity, respectively, divided by common shares outstanding.
- As of June 30, 2021, the number of employees includes Eaton Vance.
- 10. For a discussion of our capital ratios, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources-Regulatory Requirements" herein.
- 11. At December 31, 2020, our SLR reflects the impact of a Federal Reserve interim final rule that was in effect until March 31, 2021. For further information, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources-Regulatory Requirements-Regulatory Developments and Other Matters" herein.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Coronavirus Disease ("COVID-19") Pandemic

Since its onset, the COVID-19 pandemic has had a significant impact on global economic conditions and the environment in which we operate our businesses and it may continue to do so in the future. Though many of our employees have been working from home for some time, we are preparing for our employees to return to work in our offices on a more regular basis, and an increasing number of employees are returning to our offices in certain locations. The Firm continues to be fully operational, with the majority of employees in both the Americas and globally working from home during the current quarter. Recognizing that local conditions vary for our offices around the world and that the trajectory of the virus continues to be uncertain, we may adjust our plans for employees returning to our offices as deemed necessary.

Refer to "Risk Factors" and "Forward-Looking Statements" in the 2020 Form 10-K for more information on the potential effects of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic on our future operating results.

Selected Non-GAAP Financial Information

We prepare our financial statements using U.S. GAAP. From time to time, we may disclose certain "non-GAAP financial measures" in this document or in the course of our earnings releases, earnings and other conference calls, financial presentations, definitive proxy statement and otherwise. A "non-GAAP financial measure" excludes, or includes, amounts from the most directly comparable measure calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. We consider the non-GAAP financial measures we disclose to be useful to us, investors, analysts and other stakeholders by providing further transparency about, or an alternate means of assessing or comparing our financial condition, operating results and capital adequacy.

These measures are not in accordance with, or a substitute for, U.S. GAAP and may be different from or inconsistent with non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies. Whenever we refer to a non-GAAP financial measure, we will also generally define it or present the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP, along with a reconciliation of the differences between the U.S. GAAP financial measure and the non-GAAP financial measure.

The principal non-GAAP financial measures presented in this document are set forth in the following tables.

Reconciliations from U.S. GAAP to Non-GAAP Consolidated Financial Measures

Financial Measures								
	1		/lontl une	ns Ended 30,	: t	Six Mor Jur	nths ne 3	
\$ in millions, except per share data		2021		2020		2021		2020
Earnings applicable to Morgan Stanley common shareholders	\$	3,408	9	3,047	\$	7,390	\$	4,637
Impact of adjustments:								
Integration-related expenses		90				165		
Related tax benefit		(21))			(38)		
Adjusted earnings applicable to Morgan Stanley common shareholders—non-GAAP ¹	\$	3,477	9	3,047	\$	7,517	\$	4,637
Earnings per diluted common share	\$	1.85	9	1.96	\$	4.04	\$	2.96
Impact of adjustments		0.04		_		0.07		
Adjusted earnings per diluted common share—non-GAAP ¹	\$	1.89	9	1.96	\$	4.11	\$	2.96
Expense efficiency ratio ²		69	%	66 %	6	68 %	%	70 %
Impact of adjustments		(1)	%	<u> </u>	6	(1)%	%	— %
Adjusted expense efficiency ratio —non-GAAP ^{1, 2}		68	%	66 %	6	67 %	%	70 %
Wealth Management Pre-tax margin ²		27		24 %		27 %	%	25 %
Impact of adjustments		1	%	<u> </u>	6	1 %	%	<u> </u>
Adjusted Wealth Management pre- tax margin—non-GAAP ^{1, 2}		28	%	24 %	6	28 %	%	25 %
Investment Management Pre-tax margin		25	%	24 %	6	27 %	%	23 %
Impact of adjustments		2	%	<u> </u>	6	1 %	%	— %
Adjusted Investment Management pre-tax margin—non-GAAP ¹		27	%	24 %	6	28 %	%	23 %
\$ in millions Tangible equity Common shareholders' equity			\$	9:	9,12	20 \$		92,531
Less: Goodwill and net intangible a	100							
3	100	ets		(2	5,52	27)		(16,615)
Tangible common shareholders' non-GAAP			\$		5,52 3,59			(16,615) 75,916
Tangible common shareholders'					3,59	3 \$	ce	
Tangible common shareholders'	ec	juity —	Ave	73 rage Mo	3, 5 9	y Balan Six Mon		75,916 Ended
Tangible common shareholders'	ec	juity —	Ave	73 rage Mo	3, 5 9	y Balan Six Mon	ths	75,916 Ended
Tangible common shareholders' non-GAAP \$ in millions Tangible equity	T	hree M Ju 2021	Ave onth ne 3	rage Mo s Ended 0, 2020	nthl	y Balan Six Mon Jur 2021	iths ne 3	75,916 Ended 0, 2020
Tangible common shareholders' non-GAAP	T	hree M	Ave onth ne 3	7: erage Mo s Ended 0, 2020	3,59 nthl	y Balan Six Mon Jur 2021 96,309	iths ne 3	75,916 Ended 0, 2020 75,992
Tangible common shareholders' non-GAAP \$ in millions Tangible equity Common shareholders' equity Less: Goodwill and net intangible assets Tangible common shareholders' equity—non-	*	nuity— hree M Ju 2021 98,82	Aveonth ne 3	7: erage Mo s Ended 0, 2020 77,598 (9,268)	\$	y Balan Six Mon Jur 2021 96,309 (21,738	iths ne 3	75,916 Ended 0, 2020 75,992 (9,246)
Tangible common shareholders' non-GAAP \$ in millions Tangible equity Common shareholders' equity Less: Goodwill and net intangible assets Tangible common	*	nuity— hree M Ju 2021 98,82	Aveonth ne 3	7: erage Mo s Ended 0, 2020	\$	y Balan Six Mon Jur 2021 96,309 (21,738	iths ne 3	75,916 Ended 0, 2020 75,992 (9,246)
Tangible common shareholders' non-GAAP \$ in millions Tangible equity Common shareholders' equity Less: Goodwill and net intangible assets Tangible common shareholders' equity—non-	* *	2021 98,82 (25,61 73,21	Aveonth ne 3	73 rrage Mo s Ended 0, 2020 77,598 (9,268) 68,330 s Ended	3,59 nthl	y Balan Six Mon Jur 2021 96,309 (21,738 74,571	orths ne 3	75,916 Ended 0, 2020 75,992 (9,246) 66,746 Ended
Tangible common shareholders' non-GAAP \$ in millions Tangible equity Common shareholders' equity Less: Goodwill and net intangible assets Tangible common shareholders' equity—non-	* *	2021 98,82 (25,61 73,21	Aveonth ne 3	73 rrage Mo s Ended 0, 2020 77,598 (9,268) 68,330 s Ended	3,59 nthl	y Balan Six Mon Jur 2021 96,309 (21,738 74,571	oths ne 3	75,916 Ended 0, 2020 75,992 (9,246) 66,746 Ended
Tangible common shareholders' non-GAAP \$ in millions Tangible equity Common shareholders' equity Less: Goodwill and net intangible assets Tangible common shareholders' equity—non-GAAP \$ in billions Average common equity	\$ TI	98,82- (25,61 73,21: hree M Ju	Aveonth ne 3	73 rage Mo s Ended 0, 2020 77,598 (9,268) 68,330 s Ended 0, 2020	\$ \$	y Balan Six Mon Jur 2021 96,309 (21,738 74,571 Six Mon Jur 2021	ths are 3	75,916 Ended 0, 2020 75,992 (9,246) 66,746 Ended 0, 2020
Tangible common shareholders' non-GAAP \$ in millions Tangible equity Common shareholders' equity Less: Goodwill and net intangible assets Tangible common shareholders' equity—non-GAAP \$ in billions Average common equity Unadjusted—GAAP	* *	98,82 (25,61 73,21 hree M Ju 2021	Aveonth ne 3	73 rage Mo s Ended 0, 2020 77,598 (9,268) 68,330 s Ended 0, 2020 77.6	3,59 nthl	y Balan Six Mon Jur 2021 96,309 (21,738 74,571 Six Mon Jur 2021 96.3	oths ne 3	75,916 Ended 0, 2020 75,992 (9,246) 66,746 Ended 0, 2020 76.0
Tangible common shareholders' non-GAAP \$ in millions Tangible equity Common shareholders' equity Less: Goodwill and net intangible assets Tangible common shareholders' equity—non-GAAP \$ in billions Average common equity Unadjusted—GAAP Adjusted¹—Non-GAAP	\$ TI	98,82- (25,61 73,21: hree M Ju	Aveonth ne 3	73 rage Mo s Ended 0, 2020 77,598 (9,268) 68,330 s Ended 0, 2020	\$ \$	y Balan Six Mon Jur 2021 96,309 (21,738 74,571 Six Mon Jur 2021	ths are 3	75,916 Ended 0, 2020 75,992 (9,246) 66,746 Ended 0, 2020
Tangible common shareholders' non-GAAP \$ in millions Tangible equity Common shareholders' equity Less: Goodwill and net intangible assets Tangible common shareholders' equity—non-GAAP \$ in billions Average common equity Unadjusted—GAAP Adjusted¹—Non-GAAP ROE³	\$ TI	98,82 (25,61 73,21 hree M 2021 98.8 98.8	Aveconth ne 3 4 \$ 11) sonth ne 3	73 rage Mo s Ended 0, 2020 77,598 (9,268) 68,330 s Ended 0, 2020 77.6 77.6	\$) \$	y Balan Six Mon Jur 2021 96,309 (21,738 74,571 Six Mon Jur 2021 96.3 96.4	sths se 3	75,916 Ended 0, 2020 75,992 (9,246) 66,746 Ended 0, 2020 76.0 76.0
Tangible common shareholders' non-GAAP \$ in millions Tangible equity Common shareholders' equity Less: Goodwill and net intangible assets Tangible common shareholders' equity—non-GAAP \$ in billions Average common equity Unadjusted—GAAP Adjusted¹—Non-GAAP ROE³ Unadjusted—GAAP	\$ TI	98,82 (25,61 73,21 hree M 2021 98.8 98.8	Aveonth ne 3 4 \$ 11) onth ne 3	73 rage Mo s Ended 0, 2020 77,598 (9,268) 68,330 s Ended 0, 2020 77.6 77.6	\$ (\$	y Balan Six Mon Jur 2021 96,309 (21,738 74,571 Six Mon Jur 2021 96.3 96.4	ths ne 3	75,916 Ended 0, 2020 75,992 (9,246) 66,746 Ended 0, 2020 76.0 76.0 12.2 %
Tangible common shareholders' non-GAAP \$ in millions Tangible equity Common shareholders' equity Less: Goodwill and net intangible assets Tangible common shareholders' equity—non-GAAP \$ in billions Average common equity Unadjusted—GAAP Adjusted¹—Non-GAAP ROE³	\$ T	98,82 (25,61 73,21 98.8 98.8 13.8	Aveconth ne 3 4 \$ 1) 3 \$ \$ %	73 rage Mo s Ended 0, 2020 77,598 (9,268) 68,330 s Ended 0, 2020 77.6 77.6 15.7 %	\$ (\$	y Balan Six Mon Jur 2021 96,309 (21,738 74,571 Six Mon Jur 2021 96.3 96.4	ths ne 3	75,916 Ended 0, 2020 75,992 (9,246) 66,746 Ended 0, 2020 76.0 76.0 12.2 %
Tangible common shareholders' non-GAAP \$ in millions Tangible equity Common shareholders' equity Less: Goodwill and net intangible assets Tangible common shareholders' equity—non-GAAP \$ in billions Average common equity Unadjusted—GAAP Adjusted¹—Non-GAAP ROE³ Unadjusted—GAAP Adjusted¹—Non-GAAP	\$ T	98,82 (25,61 73,21 98.8 98.8 13.8	Aveconth ne 3 4 \$ 1) 3 \$ \$ %	73 rage Mo s Ended 0, 2020 77,598 (9,268) 68,330 s Ended 0, 2020 77.6 15.7 % 15.7 %	\$ (\$	y Balan Six Mon Jur 2021 96,309 (21,738 74,571 Six Mon Jur 2021 96.3 96.4	ths ne 3	75,916 Ended 0, 2020 75,992 (9,246) 66,746 Ended 0, 2020 76.0 76.0 12.2 %
\$ in millions Tangible equity Common shareholders' equity Less: Goodwill and net intangible assets Tangible common shareholders' equity—non-gaap \$ in billions Average common equity Unadjusted—GAAP Adjusted¹—Non-GAAP ROE³ Unadjusted—GAAP Adjusted¹—Non-GAAP Adjusted¹—Non-GAAP Adjusted¹—Non-GAAP	\$ \$ TI	98,82 (25,61 73,21 hree M 2021 98.8 98.8 13.8	Aveconthne 3 4 \$ 11) 3 \$ onthne 3 \$ % % %AAF	73 rage Mo s Ended 0, 2020 77,598 (9,268) 68,330 s Ended 0, 2020 77.6 15.7 % 15.7 %	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	96,309 (21,738 74,571 Six Mon Jur 2021 96.3 96.3 96.4 15.3 %	sths se 3 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	75,916 Ended 0, 2020 75,992 (9,246) 66,746 Ended 0, 2020 76.0 76.0 12.2 %
Tangible common shareholders' non-GAAP \$ in millions Tangible equity Common shareholders' equity Less: Goodwill and net intangible assets Tangible common shareholders' equity—non-GAAP \$ in billions Average common equity Unadjusted—GAAP Adjusted¹—Non-GAAP ROE³ Unadjusted—GAAP Adjusted¹—Non-GAAP Adjusted¹—Non-GAAP Average tangible common equity Unadjusted Unadjusted	\$ \$ TI	2021 98,82 (25,61 73,21 hree M Ju 2021 98.8 98.8 13.8 13.8 14.1	Aveconthne 3 4 \$ 11) 3 \$ onthne 3 \$ % % %AAF	73 rage Mo s Ended 0, 2020 77,598 (9,268) 68,330 s Ended 0, 2020 77.6 77.6 15.7 % 68.3	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	y Balan Six Mon Jur 2021 96,309 (21,738 74,571 Six Mon Jur 2021 96.3 96.4 15.3 % 15.6 %	sths se 3 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	75,916 Ended 0, 2020 75,992 (9,246) 66,746 Ended 0, 2020 76.0 76.0 12.2 % 66.7
Tangible common shareholders' non-GAAP \$ in millions Tangible equity Common shareholders' equity Less: Goodwill and net intangible assets Tangible common shareholders' equity—non-GAAP \$ in billions Average common equity Unadjusted—GAAP Adjusted¹—Non-GAAP ROE³ Unadjusted—GAAP Adjusted¹—Non-GAAP Adjusted¹—Non-GAAP Average tangible common equity Unadjusted Adjusted¹ Average tangible common equity	\$ \$ TI	2021 98,82 (25,61 73,21 hree M Ju 2021 98.8 98.8 13.8 13.8 14.1	Aveconth ne 3 4 \$ 11) 3 \$ \$ \$ % % AAAF \$ \$	73 rage Mo s Ended 0, 2020 77,598 (9,268) 68,330 s Ended 0, 2020 77.6 77.6 15.7 % 68.3	\$) \$ \$	y Balan Six Mon Jur 2021 96,309 (21,738 74,571 Six Mon Jur 2021 96.3 96.4 15.3 % 15.6 %	sths 3 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	75,916 Ended 0, 2020 75,992 (9,246) 66,746 Ended 0, 2020 76.0 76.0 12.2 % 66.7

Non-GAAP Financial Measures by Business Segment

	TI		ths 30	Ended),		Six Months Ended June 30,					t	
\$ in billions		2021	2021		2020			2021			2020	
Average common equity ⁴												
Institutional Securities	\$	43.5		\$	42.8	\$	5	43.5		\$	42.8	
Wealth Management		28.6			18.2			28.6			18.2	
Investment Management		10.7			2.6			7.1			2.6	
ROE ⁵												
Institutional Securities		17	%		19 %	6		20	%		13	%
Wealth Management		17	%		18 %	6		17	%		18	%
Investment Management		13	%		23 %	6		17	%		18	%
Average tangible common equit	y ⁴											
Institutional Securities	\$	42.9		\$	42.3	\$	5	42.9		\$	42.3	
Wealth Management		13.4			10.4			13.4			10.4	
Investment Management		1.0			1.7			1.0			1.7	
ROTCE ⁵												
Institutional Securities		17	%		20 %	6		20	%		13	%
Wealth Management		37	%		32 %	6		36	%		32	%
Investment Management		172	%		36 %	6		117	%		27	%

- 1. Adjusted amounts exclude the effect of costs related to the integrations of E*TRADE and Eaton Vance, net of tax as appropriate. The pre-tax adjustments in the current quarter were as follows: Wealth Management—Compensation expenses of \$9 million and Non-compensation expenses of \$1 million; Investment Management—Compensation expenses of \$16 million and Non-compensation expenses of \$14 million. The pre-tax adjustments in the current year period were as follows: Wealth Management—Compensation expenses of \$39 million and Noncompensation expenses of \$19 million and Non-compensation expenses of \$22 million.
- Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. See "Business Segments" herein and Note 1 to the financial statements for more information.
- ROE and ROTCE represent earnings applicable to Morgan Stanley common shareholders as a percentage of average common equity and average tangible common equity, respectively. When excluding integration-related costs, both the numerator and average denominator are adjusted.
- 4. Average common equity and average tangible common equity for each business segment is determined using our Required Capital framework (see "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Attribution of Average Common Equity According to the Required Capital Framework" herein). The sums of the segments' Average common equity and Average tangible common equity do not equal the Consolidated measures due to Parent equity.
- 5. The calculation of ROE and ROTCE by segment uses net income applicable to Morgan Stanley by segment less preferred dividends allocated to each segment as a percentage of average common equity and average tangible common equity, respectively, allocated to each segment.

Return on Tangible Common Equity Target

In January 2021, we established a 2-year ROTCE Target of 14% to 16%, excluding integration-related expenses.

Our ROTCE Target is a forward-looking statement that was based on a normal market environment and may be materially affected by many factors, including, among other things: macroeconomic and market conditions, which may be impacted by the future course of COVID-19; legislative, accounting, tax and regulatory developments; industry trading and investment banking volumes; equity market levels; interest rate environment; outsized legal expenses or penalties; the ability to control expenses; capital levels; and mergers and acquisitions.

See "Risk Factors" in the 2020 Form 10-K for further information on market and economic conditions and their potential effects on our future operating results.

For further information on non-GAAP measures (ROTCE excluding integration-related expenses), see "Selected Non-GAAP Financial Information" herein.

Business Segments

Substantially all of our operating revenues and operating expenses are directly attributable to our business segments. Certain revenues and expenses have been allocated to each business segment, generally in proportion to its respective net revenues, non-interest expenses or other relevant measures. See Note 20 to the financial statements for segment net revenues by income statement line item and information on intersegment transactions.

For an overview of the components of our business segments, net revenues, compensation expense and income taxes, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Business Segments" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

As part of our effort to continually improve the transparency and comparability of our external financial reporting, several updates to our financial presentation were implemented in the first quarter of 2021. Prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

Provision for credit losses

The Provision for credit losses for loans and lending commitments is presented as a separate line in the income statements. Previously, the provision for credit losses for loans was included in Other revenues and the provision for credit losses for lending commitments was included in Other expense.

Other revenues

Gains and losses on economic derivative hedges associated with certain held-for-sale and held-for-investment corporate loans, which were previously reported in Trading revenues, are reported within Other revenues in the income statements. This presentation better aligns with the recognition of mark-to-market gains and losses on held-for-sale loans which continue to be reported in Other revenues.

Institutional Securities

Equity—Financing, Equity—Execution services and Fixed income include certain Investments and Other revenues to the extent directly attributable to those businesses. The remaining Investments and Other revenues not included in those businesses' results are reported in Other. Other also includes revenues previously reported as Other Sales and Trading.

Investment Management

We have renamed the previously disclosed revenue line Asset management to Asset management and related fees and have combined the remaining revenue lines into a new category named Performance-based income and other.

Institutional Securities

Income Statement Information

	Th	ree Mor June		
\$ in millions		2021	2020	% Change
Revenues				
Advisory	\$	664	\$ 462	44 %
Equity		1,072	882	22 %
Fixed income		640	707	(9)%
Total Underwriting		1,712	1,589	8 %
Total Investment banking		2,376	2,051	16 %
Equity ¹		2,827	2,627	8 %
Fixed income ¹		1,682	3,041	(45)%
Other ¹		207	480	(57)%
Net revenues	\$	7,092	\$ 8,199	(14)%
Provision for credit losses ¹		70	217	(68)%
Compensation and benefits		2,433	2,952	(18)%
Non-compensation expenses ¹		2,091	2,037	3 %
Total non-interest expenses ¹		4,524	4,989	(9)%
Income before provision for income taxes		2,498	2,993	(17)%
Provision for income taxes		574	790	(27)%
Net income		1,924	2,203	(13)%
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests		20	17	18 %
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$	1,904	\$ 2,186	(13)%
		Six Mont Jun		_
\$ in millions		2021	2020	% Change
Revenues				
Advisory	\$	1,144	\$ 824	39 %
Equity		2,574	1,218	111 %
Fixed income		1,271	1,153	10 %
Total Underwriting		3,845	2,371	62 %
Total Investment banking		4,989	3,195	56 %
Equity ¹		5,702	5,076	12 %
Fixed income ¹		4,648	5,103	(9)%
Other ¹		330	3	NI/M

	Juli				
\$ in millions	2021	2020	% Change		
Revenues					
Advisory	\$ 1,144	\$ 824	39 %		
Equity	2,574	1,218	111 %		
Fixed income	1,271	1,153	10 %		
Total Underwriting	3,845	2,371	62 %		
Total Investment banking	4,989	3,195	56 %		
Equity ¹	5,702	5,076	12 %		
Fixed income ¹	4,648	5,103	(9)%		
Other ¹	330	3	N/M		
Net revenues ¹	\$ 15,669	\$ 13,377	17 %		
Provision for credit losses ¹	(23)	605	(104)%		
Compensation and benefits	5,547	4,766	16 %		
Non-compensation expenses ¹	4,276	4,063	5 %		
Total non-interest expenses ¹	9,823	8,829	11 %		
Income before provision for income taxes	5,869	3,943	49 %		
Provision for income taxes	1,310	941	39 %		
Net income	4,559	3,002	52 %		
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests	54	59	(8)%		
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$ 4,505	\$ 2,943	53 %		

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. See "Business Segments" herein and Note 1 to the financial statements for additional information.

Investment Banking

Investment Banking Volumes

	Th	ree Mor Jun	 s Ended 0,	S	ix Mon Jun		s Ended 30,	
\$ in billions	2	2021	2020	2	2021		2020	
Completed mergers and acquisitions ¹	\$	141	\$ 433	\$ 370		\$ 552		
Equity and equity-related offerings ^{2, 3}		31	36		68		49	
Fixed income offerings ^{2, 4}		100	121		204	214		

Source: Refinitiv data as of July 1, 2021. Transaction volumes may not be indicative of net revenues in a given period. In addition, transaction volumes for prior periods may vary from amounts previously reported due to the subsequent withdrawal, change in value or change in timing of certain transactions.

- Includes transactions of \$100 million or more. Based on full credit to each of the advisors in a transaction.
- Based on full credit for single book managers and equal credit for joint book managers.
- Includes Rule 144A issuances and registered public offerings of common stock, convertible securities and rights offerings.
- Includes Rule 144A and publicly registered issuances, non-convertible preferred stock, mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, and taxable municipal debt. Excludes leveraged loans and self-led issuances.

Investment Banking Revenues

Revenues of \$2,376 million in the current quarter increased 16% compared with the prior year quarter, primarily reflecting an increase in advisory and equity underwriting revenues.

- Advisory revenues increased primarily due to an increase in the number of completed transactions.
- Equity underwriting revenues increased primarily in initial public offerings on higher volumes, partially offset by lower revenues from convertible issuances and follow-on offerings.
- Fixed income underwriting revenues decreased primarily due to lower investment grade and non-investment grade bond issuances, partially offset by increases in noninvestment grade loans and securitized products.

Revenues of \$4,989 million in the current year period increased 56% compared with the prior year period, primarily reflecting an increase in equity underwriting revenues.

- Advisory revenues increased primarily due to an increase in the number of completed transactions.
- Equity underwriting revenues increased on higher volumes, primarily in initial public offerings and secondary block share trades.
- Fixed income underwriting revenues increased primarily due to increased non-investment grade loan and securitized products activity, partially offset by a decrease in investment grade bond issuances.

See "Investment Banking Volumes" herein.

8

Equity, Fixed Income and Other Net Revenues

Equity and Fixed Income Net Revenues

Three Months Ended June 30, 2021

		oune 30, 2021									
						Net		All			
\$ in millions	Т	rading	F	ees ¹	lr	iterest ²	(Other ³	Total		
Financing	\$	1,138	\$	121	\$	117	\$	3	\$ 1,379		
Execution services		818		636		(45)		39	1,448		
Total Equity	\$	1,956	\$	757	\$	72	\$	42	\$ 2,827		
Total Fixed Income	\$	1,148	\$	72	\$	417	\$	45	\$ 1,682		

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020⁴

\$ in millions	Т	rading	F	ees1	In	Net nterest ²	0	All ther ³	Total
Financing	\$	884	\$	115	\$	94	\$	1	\$1,094
Execution services		948		651		(73)		7	1,533
Total Equity	\$	1,832	\$	766	\$	21	\$	8	\$ 2,627
Total Fixed Income	\$	2,468	\$	67	\$	504	\$	2	\$3,041

Six Months Ended June 30, 2021

		5 4115 5 5, 2 52 .									
\$ in millions	Т	rading	F	ees ¹	Ir	Net nterest ²	(All Other ³	Total		
Financing	\$	1,783	\$	251	\$	299	\$	6	\$ 2,339		
Execution services		1,932		1,436		(107)		102	3,363		
Total Equity	\$	3,715	\$	1,687	\$	192	\$	108	\$ 5,702		
Total Fixed Income	\$	3,461	\$	153	\$	856	\$	178	\$ 4,648		

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020⁴

\$ in millions	Т	rading	F	ees1	lr	Net nterest ²	C	All Other ³	Total
Financing	\$	1,919	\$	217	\$	57	\$	4	\$2,197
Execution services		1,527		1,434		(113)		31	2,879
Total Equity	\$	3,446	\$	1,651	\$	(56)	\$	35	\$5,076
Total Fixed Income	\$	4,241	\$	169	\$	832	\$	(139)	\$5,103

- 1. Includes Commissions and fees and Asset management revenues.
- Includes funding costs, which are allocated to the businesses based on funding usage.
- 3. Includes Investments and Other revenues.
- Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. See "Business Segments" herein and Note 1 to the financial statements for additional information.

Equity, Fixed Income and Other Net Revenues—Current Quarter

Equity

Net revenues of \$2,827 million in the current quarter increased 8% compared with the prior year quarter, reflecting an increase in financing revenues partially offset by execution services.

- Financing revenues increased, primarily driven by higher average client balances and higher client activity.
- Execution services revenues decreased, primarily due to the impact of market conditions on inventory held to facilitate client activity in derivatives and cash equities, partially offset by higher client activity in derivatives.

Fixed Income

Net revenues of \$1,682 million in the current quarter decreased 45% compared with the prior year quarter reflecting lower results across products.

- Global macro products revenues decreased in rates and foreign exchange products primarily due to the effect of tighter bid-offer spreads and lower market volatility compared with the prior year quarter.
- Credit products revenues decreased primarily due to the impact of market conditions on inventory held to facilitate client activity in securitized products compared to particularly strong results in the prior year quarter, as well as the effect of tighter bid-offer spreads and lower client activity in corporate credit products.
- Commodities products and other fixed income revenues decreased, primarily driven by the impact of market conditions on inventory held to facilitate client activity.

Other Net Revenues

Net revenues of \$207 million in the current quarter decreased 57% compared with the prior year quarter primarily due to losses, net of related economic hedges, on corporate loans held for sale compared with gains in the prior year quarter.

Net Interest

Net interest revenues of \$610 million in the current quarter are included within Equity, Fixed Income, and Other, and increased 7% compared with the prior year quarter primarily driven by lower net costs associated with maintaining liquidity as well as higher revenues from secured lending facilities.

Equity, Fixed Income and Other Net Revenues—Current Year Period

Equity

Net revenues of \$5,702 million in the current year period increased 12% compared with the prior year period, primarily reflecting an increase in execution services.

- Financing revenues increased, primarily driven by higher average client balances and higher client activity, partially offset by a credit loss related to a single client in the first quarter of 2021.
- Execution services revenues increased, primarily due to higher client activity and the impact of market conditions on inventory held to facilitate client activity in derivatives, partially offset by trading losses related to the aforementioned credit event.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Fixed Income

Net revenues of \$4,648 million in the current year period decreased 9% compared with the prior year period, primarily driven by global macro products, partially offset by credit products.

- Global macro products revenues decreased in rates and foreign exchange products, primarily due to the effect of tighter bid-offer spreads and lower market volatility compared with the prior year period, partially offset by the impact of market conditions on inventory held to facilitate client activity.
- Credit products revenues increased, primarily due to the impact of market conditions on inventory held to facilitate client activity across all credit products, partially offset by the effect of tighter bid-offer spreads and lower client activity in corporate credit products compared with the prior year period.
- Commodities products and other fixed income revenues decreased, primarily driven by the impact of market conditions on inventory held to facilitate client activity and lower client activity in Commodities, partially offset by higher counterparty credit risk management results.

Other Net Revenues

Net revenues of \$330 million in the current year period increased from the prior year period primarily due to gains from investments associated with certain employee deferred compensation plans compared with losses in the prior year period and lower mark-to-market losses on corporate loans held for sale, net of related economic hedges.

Net Interest

Net interest revenues of \$1,248 million in the current year period are included within Equity, Fixed Income, and Other, and increased 21% compared with the prior year period primarily driven by lower net costs associated with maintaining liquidity as well as higher revenues in secured lending facilities and corporate lending.

Provision for Credit Losses

In the current quarter, the Provision for credit losses on loans and lending commitments was \$70 million, primarily driven by one secured lending facility. The Provision for credit losses on loans and lending commitments of \$217 million in the prior year quarter was primarily driven by deterioration in the expected macroeconomic environment at that time.

In the current year period, the Provision for credit losses on loans and lending commitments was a net release of \$23 million, primarily as a result of improvements in the outlook for macroeconomic conditions and the impact of paydowns on corporate loans, including by lower-rated borrowers, partially offset by the provision for one secured lending facility in the current quarter. The Provision for credit losses

on loans and lending commitments of \$605 million in the prior year period was primarily driven by deterioration in the expected macroeconomic environment at that time.

For further information on the Provision for credit losses, see "Credit Risk" herein.

Non-interest Expenses

Non-interest expenses of \$4,524 million in the current quarter decreased 9% compared with the prior year quarter, primarily reflecting an 18% decrease in Compensation and benefits expenses.

- Compensation and benefits expenses decreased in the current quarter, primarily due to a decrease in discretionary incentive compensation driven by lower revenues.
- Non-compensation expenses increased in the current quarter, primarily due to investments in technology, professional services and volume-related expenses, partially offset by a decrease in litigation expenses.

Non-interest expenses of \$9,823 million in the current year period increased 11% compared with the prior year period, primarily reflecting a 16% increase in Compensation and benefits expenses.

- Compensation and benefits expenses increased in the current year period, primarily due to higher expenses related to certain deferred compensation plans linked to the Firm's share price and investment performance, and an increase in discretionary incentive compensation driven by higher revenues.
- Non-compensation expenses increased in the current year period, primarily due to investments in technology, volumerelated expenses and professional services, partially offset by a decrease in litigation expenses.

Income Tax Items

The effective tax rate of 23.0% is lower in the current quarter compared with the prior year quarter primarily due to the remeasurement of reserves and interest related to a foreign tax matter in the prior year quarter.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Wealth Management

Income Statement Information

	Th	ree Mor June			
\$ in millions		2021	2020	% Change	
Revenues					
Asset management	\$	3,447	\$ 2,507	37 %	
Transactional ¹		1,172	1,075	9 %	
Net interest		1,255	1,030	22 %	
Other ^{1,2}		221	92	140 %	
Net revenues		6,095	4,704	30 %	
Provision for credit losses ²		3	22	(86)%	
Compensation and benefits		3,275	2,729	20 %	
Non-compensation expenses		1,181	811	46 %	
Total non-interest expenses		4,456	3,540	26 %	
Income before provision for income taxes	\$	1,636	\$ 1,142	43 %	
Provision for income taxes		372	289	29 %	
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$	1,264	\$ 853	48 %	

	;	Six Montl June		
\$ in millions	-	2021	2020	% Change
Revenues				
Asset management	\$	6,638	\$ 5,187	28 %
Transactional ¹		2,400	1,474	63 %
Net interest		2,640	1,926	37 %
Other ^{1,2}		376	173	117 %
Net revenues		12,054	8,760	38 %
Provision for credit losses ²		(2)	41	(105)%
Compensation and benefits		6,445	4,941	30 %
Non-compensation expenses		2,375	1,581	50 %
Total non-interest expenses		8,820	6,522	35 %
Income before provision for income taxes	\$	3,236	\$ 2,197	47 %
Provision for income taxes		730	480	52 %
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$	2,506	\$ 1,717	46 %

- Transactional includes Investment banking, Trading, and Commissions and fees revenues. Other includes Investments and Other revenues.
- Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. See "Business Segments" herein and Note 1 to the financial statements for additional information.

Acquisition of E*TRADE

The comparisons of current year results to prior periods are impacted by the acquisition of E*TRADE in the fourth quarter of 2020. For additional information on the acquisition of E*TRADE, see Note 3 to the financial statements in the Form 2020 10-K.

Wealth Management Metrics

\$ in billions	At	June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020		
Total client assets	\$	4,546	\$	3,999	
U.S. Bank Subsidiary loans	\$	115	\$	98	
Margin and other lending ¹	\$	27	\$	23	
Deposits ²	\$	319	\$	306	
Weighted average cost of deposits ³		0.16%		0.24%	

	Three Mor	nths E e 30,	Ended	Six Months Ended June 30,				
•	2021		2020		2021		2020	
Net new assets ⁴	\$ 71.2	\$	20.4	\$	176.1	\$	57.5	

- Margin and other lending represents margin lending arrangements, which allow customers to borrow against the value of qualifying securities and other lending which includes non-purpose securities-based lending on non-bank entities.
- Deposits are sourced from Wealth Management clients and other sources of funding on the U.S. Bank Subsidiaries. Deposits include sweep deposit programs, savings and other, and time deposits. Excludes approximately \$8 billion and \$25 billion of off-balance sheet deposits as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.
- 3. Weighted average cost of deposits represents the annualized weighted average.
- Net new assets represent client inflows, including dividends and interest, less client outflows, and exclude activity from business combinations/divestitures and the impact of fees and commissions.

Advisor-led channel

\$ in billions	At	June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020		
Advisor-led client assets ¹	\$	3,553	\$	3,167	
Fee-based client assets ²	\$	1,680	\$	1,472	
Fee-based client assets as a percentage of advisor-led client assets		47%		46%	

	Three Mo Jur	nths ie 30			Ended),		
	2021		2020		2021		2020
Fee-based asset flows ³	\$ 33.7	\$	11.1	\$	70.9	\$	29.5

- Advisor-led client assets represent client assets in accounts that have a Wealth Management representative assigned.
- Fee-based client assets represent the amount of assets in client accounts where the basis of payment for services is a fee calculated on those assets.
- 3. Fee-based asset flows include net new fee-based assets, net account transfers, dividends, interest and client fees, and exclude institutional cash management related activity. For a description of the Inflows and Outflows included in Fee-based asset flows, see Fee-based client assets in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Self-directed channel

\$ in billions	June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020		
Self-directed assets ¹	\$ 993	\$	832	
Self-directed households (in millions) ²	7.4		6.7	

	Three Mon June		Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Daily average revenue trades ("DARTs") (in thousands) ³	1,042	6	1,324	6		

- Self-directed assets represent active accounts which are not advisor led. Active
 accounts are defined as having at least \$25 in assets.
- Self-directed households represent the total number of households that include at least one account with self-directed assets. Individual households or participants that are engaged in one or more of our Wealth Management channels will be included in each of the respective channel counts.
- DARTs represent the total self-directed trades in a period divided by the number of trading days during that period.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Workplace channel¹

\$ in billions	At .	June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020		
Workplace unvested assets ²	\$	480	\$	435	
Number of participants (in millions) ³		5.2		4.9	

- The workplace channel includes equity compensation solutions for companies, their executives and employees.
- Workplace unvested assets represent the market value of public company securities at the end of the period.
- Workplace participants represent total accounts with vested and/or unvested assets in the workplace channel. Individuals with accounts in multiple plans are counted as participants in each plan.

Net Revenues

Asset Management

Asset management revenues of \$3,447 million in the current quarter and \$6,638 million in the current year period increased 37% and 28% from the prior year quarter and the prior year period, respectively, primarily due to higher feebased asset levels in the current year periods as a result of market appreciation and positive fee-based flows.

See "Fee-Based Client Assets—Rollforwards" herein.

Transactional Revenues

Transactional revenues of \$1,172 million in the current quarter increased 9% compared with the prior year quarter, primarily due to incremental revenues as a result of the E*TRADE acquisition and higher revenues from structured product and closed-end fund issuances, partially offset by lower gains from investments associated with certain employee deferred compensation plans.

In the current year period, Transactional revenues increased 63% to \$2,400 million compared with the prior year period, primarily due to incremental revenues as a result of the E*TRADE acquisition, gains from investments associated with certain employee deferred compensation plans, and higher revenues from structured product and closed-end fund issuances.

Net Interest

Net interest of \$1,255 million increased 22% compared with the prior year quarter, primarily due to incremental net interest as a result of the E*TRADE acquisition and continued growth in bank lending, partially offset by the net effect of lower interest rates and an increase in prepayment amortization related to mortgage-backed securities.

In the current year period, Net interest increased 37% to \$2,640 million compared with the prior year period, primarily due to incremental net interest as a result of the E*TRADE acquisition, continued growth in bank lending, and a decrease in prepayment amortization related to mortgage-backed securities. These increases were partially offset by the net effect of lower interest rates.

Other

Other revenues of \$221 million in the current quarter and \$376 million in the current year period increased 140% and 117% from the prior year quarter and the prior year period, respectively, primarily due to incremental revenues as a result of the E*TRADE acquisition and higher realized gains from the AFS securities portfolio.

Non-interest Expenses

Non-interest expenses of \$4,456 million in the current quarter increased 26% compared with the prior year quarter, as a result of both higher Compensation and benefits expenses and Non-compensation expenses.

- Compensation and benefits expenses increased primarily due to an increase in the formulaic payout to Wealth Management representatives driven by higher compensable revenues and incremental compensation as a result of the E*TRADE acquisition, partially offset by lower expenses related to certain deferred compensation plans linked to investment performance.
- Non-compensation expenses increased primarily due to incremental expenses as a result of the E*TRADE acquisition.

In the current year period, Non-interest expenses increased 35% to \$8,820 million compared with the prior year period, as a result of both higher Compensation and benefits expenses and Non-compensation expenses.

- Compensation and benefits expenses increased primarily due to an increase in the formulaic payout to Wealth Management representatives driven by higher compensable revenues, incremental compensation as a result of the E*TRADE acquisition, and higher expenses related to certain deferred compensation plans linked to investment performance.
- Non-compensation expenses increased primarily due to incremental expenses as a result of the E*TRADE acquisition.

Fee-Based Client Assets Rollforwards

\$ in billions	Ν	At larch 31, 2021	In	flows	0	utflows	 arket npact	At June 30, 2021
Separately managed ¹	\$	385	\$	13	\$	(4)	\$ 13	\$ 407
Unified managed		405		25		(14)	20	436
Advisor		188		10		(8)	11	201
Portfolio manager		549		29		(17)	29	590
Subtotal	\$	1,527	\$	77	\$	(43)	\$ 73	\$ 1,634
Cash management		47		8		(9)	_	46
Total fee-based client assets	\$	1,574	\$	85	\$	(52)	\$ 73	\$ 1,680

\$ in billions	M	At arch 31, 2020	Int	flows	0	utflows	rket pact	At June 30, 2020
Separately managed ¹	\$	329	\$	7	\$	(4)	\$ (19)	\$ 313
Unified managed		263		13		(10)	39	305
Advisor		131		8		(8)	18	149
Portfolio manager		379		20		(15)	47	431
Subtotal	\$	1,102	\$	48	\$	(37)	\$ 85	\$ 1,198
Cash management		32		10		(4)	_	38
Total fee-based client assets	\$	1,134	\$	58	\$	(41)	\$ 85	\$ 1,236

\$ in billions	De	At cember 31, 2020	In	flows	Oı	utflows	arket ipact	At June 30, 2021
Separately managed ¹	\$	359	\$	26	\$	(11)	\$ 33	\$ 407
Unified managed		379		51		(27)	33	436
Advisor		177		22		(17)	19	201
Portfolio manager		509		59		(32)	54	590
Subtotal	\$	1,424	\$	158	\$	(87)	\$ 139	\$ 1,634
Cash management		48		15		(17)	_	46
Total fee-based client assets	\$	1,472	\$	173	\$	(104)	\$ 139	\$ 1,680

\$ in billions	At ember 31, 2019	In	flows	Oı	utflows	 arket ipact	At June 30, 2020
Separately managed ¹	\$ 322	\$	19	\$	(10)	\$ (18) \$	313
Unified managed	313		29		(22)	(15)	305
Advisor	155		16		(15)	(7)	149
Portfolio manager	435		44		(31)	(17)	431
Subtotal	\$ 1,225	\$	108	\$	(78)	\$ (57) \$	1,198
Cash management	42		9		(13)	_	38
Total fee-based client assets	\$ 1,267	\$	117	\$	(91)	\$ (57) \$	1,236

Includes non-custody account values reflecting prior quarter-end balances due to a lag in the reporting of asset values by third-party custodians.

Average Fee Rates

	Three Mont June		Six Months Ended June 30,			
Fee rate in bps	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Separately managed	14	14	14	14		
Unified managed	95	99	96	99		
Advisor	82	86	82	85		
Portfolio manager	93	94	93	94		
Subtotal	72	72	73	72		
Cash management	5	6	5	5		
Total fee-based client assets	71	70	71	70		

For a description of fee-based client assets and rollforward items in the previous tables, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Business Segments—Wealth Management Fee-Based Client Assets" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Investment Management

Income Statement Information

	Three Mo Jun			_
\$ in millions	2021		2020	% Change
Revenues				
Asset management and related fees	\$ 1,418	\$	684	107 %
Performance-based income and other ¹	284		202	41 %
Net revenues	1,702		886	92 %
Compensation and benefits	715		354	102 %
Non-compensation expenses	557		316	76 %
Total non-interest expenses	1,272		670	90 %
Income before provision for income taxes	430		216	99 %
Provision for income taxes	108		39	177 %
Net income	322		177	82 %
Net income (loss) applicable to noncontrolling interests	(19)	23	(183)%
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$ 341	\$	154	121 %
	Six Mon Jun			
\$ in millions	2021			
	2021		2020	% Change
Revenues	2021		2020	% Change
Revenues Asset management and related fees	\$ 2,521	\$	1,349	% Change 87 %
Asset management and related				
Asset management and related fees Performance-based income and	\$ 2,521		1,349	87 %
Asset management and related fees Performance-based income and other ¹	\$ 2,521 495		1,349 229	87 % 116 %
Asset management and related fees Performance-based income and other ¹ Net revenues	\$ 2,521 495 3,016		1,349 229 1,578	87 % 116 % 91 %
Asset management and related fees Performance-based income and other¹ Net revenues Compensation and benefits	\$ 2,521 495 3,016 1,229		1,349 229 1,578 611	87 % 116 % 91 % 101 %
Asset management and related fees Performance-based income and other¹ Net revenues Compensation and benefits Non-compensation expenses	\$ 2,521 495 3,016 1,229 987		1,349 229 1,578 611 608	87 % 116 % 91 % 101 % 62 %
Asset management and related fees Performance-based income and other¹ Net revenues Compensation and benefits Non-compensation expenses Total non-interest expenses Income before provision for	\$ 2,521 495 3,016 1,229 987 2,216		1,349 229 1,578 611 608 1,219	87 % 116 % 91 % 101 % 62 % 82 %

(5)

616 \$

63

232

(108)%

Acquisition of Eaton Vance

Net income (loss) applicable to

noncontrolling interests

Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley

The comparisons of current year results to prior periods are impacted by the acquisition of Eaton Vance in the first quarter of 2021. For additional information on the acquisition of Eaton Vance, see Note 3 to the financial statements.

Net Revenues

Asset Management and related fees

Asset management and related fees of \$1,418 million in the current quarter and \$2,521 million in the current year period increased 107% and 87% from the prior year quarter and prior year period, respectively, primarily due to incremental revenues as a result of the Eaton Vance acquisition, and higher average AUM driven by strong investment performance and positive net flows.

See "Assets Under Management or Supervision" herein.

Performance-based income and other

Performance-based income and other revenues of \$284 million in the current quarter and \$495 million in the current year period increased 41% and 116% from the prior year quarter and prior year period, respectively, primarily due to higher accrued carried interest across strategies, partially offset by the reversal of accrued carried interest and investment losses in an Asia private equity fund.

Non-interest Expenses

Non-interest expenses of \$1,272 million in the current quarter increased 90% from the prior year quarter and Non-interest expenses of \$2,216 million in the current year period increased 82% from the prior year period, both as a result of higher Compensation and benefits expenses and Non-compensation expenses.

- Compensation and benefits expenses increased primarily due to incremental compensation as a result of the Eaton Vance acquisition, higher compensation associated with carried interest, and an increase in discretionary incentive compensation driven by higher asset management revenues.
- Non-compensation expenses increased primarily due to incremental expenses as a result of the Eaton Vance acquisition and higher fee sharing paid to intermediaries on higher average AUM.

Includes Investments, Trading, Commissions and fees, Net interest, and Other revenues.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Assets Under Management or Supervision

Rollforwards

\$ in billions	Equity	 ixed come	 ternatives and Solutions	Long- rm AUM Subtotal	С	quidity and verlay ervices	Total
March 31, 2021	\$ 371	\$ 201	\$ 418	\$ 990	\$	429	\$1,419
Inflows	24	19	29	72		454	526
Outflows	(21)	(15)	(20)	(56)		(419)	(475)
Market Impact	31	3	19	53		4	57
Other	(1)	(1)	(1)	(3)		_	(3)
June 30, 2021	\$ 404	\$ 207	\$ 445	\$ 1,056	\$	468	\$1,524

\$ in billions	Equity	Fixed income		ernatives and olutions	ter	Long- m AUM ubtotal	0	quidity and verlay rvices	Total
March 31, 2020	\$ 121	\$ 75	\$	141	\$	337	\$	247	\$ 584
Inflows	18	11		7		36		409	445
Outflows	(9)	(6)	(4)		(19)		(388)	(407)
Market Impact	37	4		2		43		_	43
Other	1	_		(1)		_		_	_
June 30, 2020	\$ 168	\$ 84	\$	145	\$	397	\$	268	\$ 665

\$ in billions	Equity	Fixed		Alternatives and Solutions	Long term A Subto	йUМ	ov Ov	uidity ind erlay vices	Total
December 31, 2020	\$ 242	\$ 9	8	\$ 153	\$	493	\$	288	\$ 781
Inflows	55	3	2	44		131		913	1,044
Outflows	(44)	(2	24)	(30)		(98)		(852)	(950)
Market Impact	35		1	29		65		4	69
Acquired ¹	119	10	3	251		473		116	589
Other	(3)		(3)	(2)		(8)		(1)	(9)
June 30, 2021	\$ 404	\$ 20	7	\$ 445	\$ 1,	056	\$	468	\$1,524

^{1.} Related to the Eaton Vance acquisition.

\$ in billions	Equity	Fixed income	Alternatives and Solutions	Long- term AUM Subtotal	and Overlay Services	Total
December 31, 2019	\$ 138	\$ 79	\$ 139	\$ 356	\$ 196	\$ 552
Inflows	32	21	15	68	855	923
Outflows	(21)	(15)	(8)	(44)	(783)	(827)
Market Impact	19	_	(5)	14	1	15
Other	_	(1)	4	3	(1)	2
June 30, 2020	\$ 168	\$ 84	\$ 145	\$ 397	\$ 268	\$ 665

Liquidity

Average AUM

	Three Months Ended Six Month June 30, June								
\$ in billions		2021		2020		2021		2020	
Equity	\$	389	\$	146	\$	329	\$	142	
Fixed income		205		80		159		80	
Alternatives and Solutions		434		143		314		141	
Long-term AUM subtotal		1028		369		802		363	
Liquidity and Overlay Services		449		266		384		235	
Total AUM	\$	1,477	\$	635	\$	1,186	\$	598	

Average Fee Rates

	Three Mont June		Six Months Ended June 30,			
Fee rate in bps	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Equity	72	76	77	75		
Fixed income	38	29	38	30		
Alternatives and Solutions	33	58	40	59		
Long-term AUM	49	59	55	59		
Liquidity and Overlay Services	5	16	6	16		
Total AUM	35	41	39	42		

While Asset management and related fees arising from the acquisition are incremental to our revenues, certain Eaton Vance products may have higher or lower average fee rates than similar products prior to the acquisition, with the overall impact yielding a lower average fee rate.

For a description of the asset classes and rollforward items in the previous tables, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Business Segments—Investment Management—Assets Under Management or Supervision" in the 2020 Form 10-K, except for the following updates to the definitions, which reflect the inclusion of certain Eaton Vance products.

- Alternatives and Solutions—includes products in fund of funds, real estate, infrastructure, private equity and credit strategies, multi-asset portfolios as well as custom separate account portfolios.
- Liquidity and Overlay Services—includes liquidity fund products as well as overlay services, which represent investment strategies that use passive exposure instruments to obtain, offset or substitute specific portfolio exposures, beyond those provided by the underlying holdings of the fund.

Supplemental Financial Information

U.S. Bank Subsidiaries

Our U.S. bank subsidiaries, Morgan Stanley Bank N.A. ("MSBNA"), Morgan Stanley Private Bank, National Association ("MSPBNA"), E*TRADE Bank ("ETB"), and E*TRADE Savings Bank ("ETSB") (collectively, "U.S. Bank Subsidiaries") accept deposits, provide loans to a variety of customers, including large corporate and institutional clients as well as high to ultra-high net worth individuals, and invest in securities. Lending activity recorded in the U.S. Bank Subsidiaries from the Institutional Securities business segment primarily includes Secured lending facilities and Commercial real estate loans. Lending activity recorded in the U.S. Bank Subsidiaries from the Wealth Management business segment primarily includes Securities-based lending, which allows clients to borrow money against the value of qualifying securities, and Residential real estate loans.

For a further discussion of our credit risks, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Credit Risk." For a further discussion about loans and lending commitments, see Notes 10 and 14 to the financial statements.

U.S. Bank Subsidiaries' Supplemental Financial Information¹

\$ in billions	At June 30, 2021	De	At ecember 31, 2020
Investment securities portfolio:			
Investment securities—AFS	\$ 73.4	\$	90.3
Investment securities—HTM	62.8		52.6
Total investment securities	\$ 136.2	\$	142.9
Wealth Management Loans ²			
Residential real estate	\$ 38.9	\$	35.2
Securities-based lending and Other ³	75.8		62.9
Total, net of ACL	\$ 114.7	\$	98.1
Institutional Securities Loans ²			
Corporate	\$ 5.5	\$	7.9
Secured lending facilities	30.5		27.4
Commercial and Residential real estate	9.8		10.1
Securities-based lending and Other	7.1		5.4
Total, net of ACL	\$ 52.9	\$	50.8
Total Assets	\$ 357.5	\$	346.5
Deposits ⁴	\$ 318.7	\$	309.7

- Amounts exclude transactions between the bank subsidiaries, as well as deposits from the Parent Company and affiliates.
- For a further discussion of loans in the Wealth Management and Institutional Securities business segments, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Credit Risk" herein.
- 3. Other loans primarily include tailored lending.
- For further information on deposits, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Funding Management—Unsecured Financing" herein.

Accounting Development Updates

The Financial Accounting Standards Board has issued certain accounting updates, which we have either determined are not applicable or are not expected to have a significant impact on our financial statements.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, which requires us to make estimates and assumptions (see Note 1 to the financial statements). We believe that of our significant accounting policies (see Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K and Note 2 to the financial statements), the fair value, goodwill and intangible assets, legal and regulatory contingencies and income taxes policies involve a higher degree of judgment and complexity. For a further discussion about our critical accounting policies, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Policies" in the 2020 Form 10-K. As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, our acquisition of Eaton Vance on March 1, 2021 included indefinite lived intangible assets. The initial valuation of an intangible asset, including indefinite lived intangible assets, as part of the acquisition method of accounting and the subsequent valuation of intangible assets as part of impairment assessments are subjective and based, in part, on inputs that are unobservable. These inputs include, but are not limited to, forecasted cash flows, revenue growth rates, attrition rates and discount rates.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Senior management, with oversight by the Asset/Liability Management Committee and the Board of Directors ("Board"), establishes and maintains our liquidity and capital policies. Through various risk and control committees, senior management reviews business performance relative to these policies, monitors the availability of alternative sources of financing, and oversees the liquidity, interest rate and currency sensitivity of our asset and liability position. Our Treasury department, Firm Risk Committee, Asset/Liability Management Committee, and other committees and control groups assist in evaluating, monitoring and controlling the impact that our business activities have on our balance sheet, liquidity and capital structure. Liquidity and capital matters are reported regularly to the Board and the Risk Committee of the Board.

Balance Sheet

We monitor and evaluate the composition and size of our balance sheet on a regular basis. Our balance sheet management process includes quarterly planning, business-specific thresholds, monitoring of business-specific usage versus key performance metrics and new business impact assessments.

We establish balance sheet thresholds at the consolidated and business segment levels. We monitor balance sheet utilization and review variances resulting from business activity and market fluctuations. On a regular basis, we review current performance versus established thresholds and assess the need to re-allocate our balance sheet based on business unit needs. We also monitor key metrics, including asset and liability size and capital usage.

Total Assets by Business Segment

	At June 30, 2021									
\$ in millions		IS		WM		IM		Total		
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	88,778	\$	37,124	\$	578	\$	126,480		
Trading assets at fair value		314,961		1,180		5,004		321,145		
Investment securities		40,310		135,032		_		175,342		
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		79,414		16,516		_		95,930		
Securities borrowed		125,358		1,345		_		126,703		
Customer and other receivables		66,965		32,714		1,242		100,921		
Loans ¹		51,329		114,708		22		166,059		
Other assets ²		15,142		22,517	1	1,566		49,225		
Total assets	\$	782,257	\$	361,136	\$	18,412	\$	1,161,805		

	At December 31, 2020								
\$ in millions		IS WM IM				Total			
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	74,281	\$	31,275	\$	98	\$	105,654	
Trading assets at fair value		308,413		280	4	4,045		312,738	
Investment securities		41,630		140,524		_		182,154	
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		84,998		31,236		_		116,234	
Securities borrowed		110,480		1,911		_		112,391	
Customer and other receivables		67,085		29,781		871		97,737	
Loans ¹		52,449		98,130		18		150,597	
Other assets ²		13,986		22,458		1,913		38,357	
Total assets	\$	753,322	\$	355,595	\$ (6,945	\$ 1	1,115,862	

- Amounts include loans held for investment, net of ACL, and loans held for sale but exclude loans at fair value, which are included in Trading assets in the balance sheets (see Note 10 to the financial statements).
- Other assets primarily includes Goodwill and Intangible assets, premises, equipment and software, ROU assets related to leases, other investments, and deferred tay assets

A substantial portion of total assets consists of liquid marketable securities and short-term receivables. In the Institutional Securities business segment, these arise from market-making, financing and prime brokerage activities, and in the Wealth Management business segment, these arise from banking activities, including management of the investment portfolio, comprising Investment securities, Cash and cash equivalents and Securities purchased under agreements to resell. Total assets increased slightly to \$1,162 billion at June 30, 2021 from \$1,116 billion at December 31, 2020.

Liquidity Risk Management Framework

The core components of our Liquidity Risk Management Framework are the Required Liquidity Framework, Liquidity Stress Tests and Liquidity Resources, which support our target liquidity profile. For a further discussion about the Firm's Required Liquidity Framework and Liquidity Stress Tests, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Liquidity Risk Management Framework" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, we maintained sufficient liquidity to meet current and contingent funding obligations as modeled in our Liquidity Stress Tests.

Liquidity Resources

We maintain sufficient liquidity resources, which consist of HQLA and cash deposits with banks ("Liquidity Resources") to cover daily funding needs and to meet strategic liquidity targets sized by the Required Liquidity Framework and Liquidity Stress Tests. The total amount of Liquidity Resources is actively managed by us considering the following components: unsecured debt maturity profile; balance sheet size and composition; funding needs in a stressed environment, inclusive of contingent cash outflows; legal entity, regional and segment liquidity requirements; regulatory requirements; and collateral requirements.

The amount of Liquidity Resources we hold is based on our risk tolerance and is subject to change depending on market and Firm-specific events. The Liquidity Resources are primarily held within the Parent Company and its major operating subsidiaries. The Total HQLA values in the tables immediately following are different from Eligible HQLA, which, in accordance with the LCR rule, also takes into account certain regulatory weightings and other operational considerations.

Liquidity Resources by Type of Investment

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	De	At ecember 31, 2020
Cash deposits with central banks	\$ 67,662	\$	49,669
Unencumbered HQLA Securities ¹ :			
U.S. government obligations	127,603		136,555
U.S. agency and agency mortgage- backed securities	109,294		99,659
Non-U.S. sovereign obligations ²	29,204		39,745
Other investment grade securities	793		2,053
Total HQLA ¹	\$ 334,556	\$	327,681
Cash deposits with banks (non-HQLA)	9,220		10,942
Total Liquidity Resources	\$ 343,776	\$	338,623

- HQLA is presented prior to applying weightings and includes all HQLA held in subsidiaries.
- 2. Primarily composed of unencumbered Japanese, U.K., German, French and Italian government obligations.

Liquidity Resources by Bank and Non-Bank Legal Entities

\$ in millions		At June 30, 2021	D	At ecember 31, 2020	erage Daily Balance hree Months Ended June 30, 2021
Bank legal entities					
U.S.	\$	172,944	\$	178,033	\$ 176,625
Non-U.S.		9,845		7,670	8,473
Total Bank legal entities		182,789		185,703	185,098
Non-Bank legal enti	ties	;			
U.S.:					
Parent Company		67,997		59,468	63,911
Non-Parent Company		41,037		33,368	43,511
Total U.S.		109,034		92,836	107,422
Non-U.S.		51,953		60,084	59,394
Total Non-Bank legal entities		160,987		152,920	166,816
Total Liquidity Resources	\$	343,776	\$	338,623	\$ 351,914

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Liquidity Resources may fluctuate from period to period based on the overall size and composition of our balance sheet, the maturity profile of our unsecured debt and estimates of funding needs in a stressed environment, among other factors.

Regulatory Liquidity Framework

Liquidity Coverage Ratio

The Firm, MSBNA and MSPBNA are required to maintain a minimum LCR of 100% and ETB is subject to this requirement beginning in July 2021. The LCR requirements are designed to ensure that banking organizations have sufficient Eligible HQLA to cover net cash outflows arising from significant stress over 30 calendar days, thus promoting the short-term resilience of the liquidity risk profile of banking organizations. In determining Eligible HQLA for LCR purposes, weightings (or asset haircuts) are applied to HQLA, and certain HQLA held in subsidiaries is excluded.

As of June 30, 2021, the Firm, MSBNA and MSPBNA are compliant with the minimum required LCR of 100%.

Liquidity Coverage Ratio

		Average Daily Balance Three Months Ended				
\$ in millions	J	une 30, 2021	Ма	arch 31, 2021		
Eligible HQLA ¹						
Cash deposits with central banks	\$	56,430	\$	50,815		
Securities ²		171,729		166,060		
Total Eligible HQLA ¹	\$	228,159	\$	216,875		
LCR		126 %)	125 %		

- Under the LCR rule, Eligible HQLA is calculated using weightings and excluding certain HQLA held in subsidiaries.
- Primarily includes U.S. Treasuries, U.S. agency mortgage-backed securities, sovereign bonds and investment grade corporate bonds.

Net Stable Funding Ratio

The U.S. banking agencies have finalized a rule to implement the NSFR, which requires large banking organizations to maintain sufficiently stable sources of funding over a one-year time horizon, and applies to the Firm, MSBNA, MSPBNA and ETB. The Firm and each of these individual entities are compliant with the 100% minimum NSFR as of July 1, 2021, the effective date of the requirements.

Funding Management

We manage our funding in a manner that reduces the risk of disruption to our operations. We pursue a strategy of diversification of secured and unsecured funding sources (by product, investor and region) and attempt to ensure that the tenor of our liabilities equals or exceeds the expected holding period of the assets being financed.

We fund our balance sheet on a global basis through diverse sources. These sources include our equity capital, borrowings, securities sold under agreements to repurchase, securities lending, deposits, letters of credit and lines of credit. We have active financing programs for both standard and structured products targeting global investors and currencies.

Secured Financing

For a discussion of our secured financing activities, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Funding Management—Secured Financing" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Collateralized Financing Transactions

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	De	At ecember 31, 2020
Securities purchased under agreements to resell and Securities borrowed	\$ 222,633	\$	228,625
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase and Securities loaned	\$ 67,219	\$	58,318
Securities received as collateral ¹	\$ 7,166	\$	4,277

	Average Daily Balance Three Months Ended			
\$ in millions	June 30, 2021			
Securities purchased under agreements to resell and Securities borrowed	\$ 225,988	\$	195,376	
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase and Securities loaned	\$ 67,568	\$	54,528	

1. Included within Trading assets in the balance sheets.

See "Total Assets by Business Segment" herein for additional information on the assets shown in the previous table and Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K and Note 9 to the financial statements for additional information on collateralized financing transactions.

In addition to the collateralized financing transactions shown in the previous table, we engage in financing transactions collateralized by customer-owned securities, which are segregated in accordance with regulatory requirements. Receivables under these financing transactions, primarily margin loans, are included in Customer and other receivables in the balance sheets, and payables under these financing transactions, primarily to prime brokerage customers, are included in Customer and other payables in the balance sheets. Our risk exposure on these transactions is mitigated by collateral maintenance policies and the elements of our Liquidity Risk Management Framework.

Unsecured Financing

For a discussion of our unsecured financing activities, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Funding Management—Unsecured Financing" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Deposits

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	D	At ecember 31, 2020
Savings and demand deposits:			
Brokerage sweep deposits ¹	\$ 256,730	\$	232,071
Savings and other	42,951		47,150
Total Savings and demand deposits	299,681		279,221
Time deposits	20,677		31,561
Total ²	\$ 320,358	\$	310,782

- 1. Amounts represent balances swept from client brokerage accounts.
- Excludes approximately \$8 billion and \$25 billion of off-balance sheet deposits at unaffiliated financial institutions as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. This client cash held by third parties is not reflected in our balance sheets and is not immediately available for liquidity purposes.

Deposits are primarily sourced from our Wealth Management clients and are considered to have stable, low-cost funding characteristics. The increase in total deposits in the current year period was primarily due to the onboarding in the first quarter of 2021 of approximately \$20 billion of E*TRADE Brokerage sweep deposits previously held off-balance sheet at unaffiliated financial institutions, partially offset by maturities of time deposits.

Borrowings by Remaining Maturity at June 30, 2021¹

\$ in millions		Parent ompany	Sı	ubsidiaries	Total
Original maturities of one year or less	\$	_	\$	5,538	\$ 5,538
Original maturities greater than one	year				
2021	\$	7,320	\$	2,600	\$ 9,920
2022		11,181		6,853	18,034
2023		17,043		5,484	22,527
2024		20,839		8,194	29,033
2025		14,839		6,802	21,641
Thereafter		91,456		25,993	117,449
Total	\$	162,678	\$	55,926	\$ 218,604
Total Borrowings	\$	162,678	\$	61,464	\$ 224,142
Maturities over next 12 months ²					\$ 16,891

- Original maturity in the table is generally based on contractual final maturity. For borrowings with put options, remaining maturity represents the earliest put date.
- 2. Includes only borrowings with original maturities greater than one year.

Borrowings of \$224 billion as of June 30, 2021 increased slightly when compared with \$217 billion at December 31, 2020.

We believe that accessing debt investors through multiple distribution channels helps provide consistent access to the unsecured markets. In addition, the issuance of borrowings with original maturities greater than one year allows us to reduce reliance on short-term credit sensitive instruments. Borrowings with original maturities greater than one year are generally managed to achieve staggered maturities, thereby mitigating refinancing risk, and to maximize investor diversification through sales to global institutional and retail clients across regions, currencies and product types.

The availability and cost of financing to us can vary depending on market conditions, the volume of certain trading and lending activities, our credit ratings and the overall availability of credit. We also engage in, and may continue to engage in, repurchases of our borrowings in the ordinary course of business.

For further information on Borrowings, see Note 13 to the financial statements.

Credit Ratings

We rely on external sources to finance a significant portion of our daily operations. Our credit ratings are one of the factors in the cost and availability of financing and can have an impact on certain trading revenues, particularly in those businesses where longer-term counterparty performance is a key consideration, such as certain OTC derivative transactions. When determining credit ratings, rating agencies consider both company-specific and industry-wide factors. These include regulatory or legislative changes, the macroeconomic environment and perceived levels of support, among other things. See also "Risk Factors— Liquidity Risk" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Parent Company, MSBNA and MSPBNA Issuer Ratings at July 30, 2021

	Parent Company				
	Short-Term Debt	Long-Term Debt	Rating Outlook		
DBRS, Inc.	R-1 (middle)	A (high)	Stable		
Fitch Ratings, Inc.	F1	Α	Stable		
Moody's Investors Service, Inc.	P-1	A 1	Stable		
Rating and Investment Information, Inc.	a-1	Α	Stable		
S&P Global Ratings	A-2	BBB+	Positive		
		MSBNA			
	Short-Term Debt	Long-Term Debt	Rating Outlook		
Fitch Ratings, Inc.	F1	A+	Stable		
Moody's Investors Service, Inc.	P-1	Aa3	Stable		
S&P Global Ratings	A-1	A+	Stable		
		MSPBNA			
	Short-Term Debt	Long-Term Debt	Rating Outlook		
Moody's Investors Service, Inc.	P-1	Aa3	Stable		
S&P Global Ratings	A-1	A+	Stable		

On May 24, 2021, S&P Global Ratings revised the Parent Company outlook from stable to positive.

Incremental Collateral or Terminating Payments

In connection with certain OTC derivatives and certain other agreements where we are a liquidity provider to certain financing vehicles associated with the Institutional Securities business segment, we may be required to provide additional collateral, immediately settle any outstanding liability balances with certain counterparties or pledge additional collateral to certain clearing organizations in the event of a future credit rating downgrade irrespective of whether we are in a net asset or net liability position. See Note 7 to the financial statements for additional information on OTC derivatives that contain such contingent features.

While certain aspects of a credit rating downgrade are quantifiable pursuant to contractual provisions, the impact it would have on our business and results of operations in future periods is inherently uncertain and would depend on a number of interrelated factors, including, among other things, the magnitude of the downgrade, the rating relative to peers, the rating assigned by the relevant agency pre-downgrade, individual client behavior and future mitigating actions we might take. The liquidity impact of additional collateral requirements is included in our Liquidity Stress Tests.

Capital Management

We view capital as an important source of financial strength and actively manage our consolidated capital position based upon, among other things, business opportunities, risks, capital availability and rates of return together with internal capital policies, regulatory requirements and rating agency guidelines. In the future, we may expand or contract our capital base to address the changing needs of our businesses.

Common Stock Repurchases

	Th				onths Ended une 30,			
in millions, except for per share data		2021		2020		2021		2020
Number of shares		34		_		62		29
Average price per share	\$	86.21	\$	_	\$	82.31	\$	46.01
Total	\$	2,939	\$	_	\$	5,074	\$	1,347

For additional information on our common stock repurchases, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Capital Action Supervisory Restrictions" herein and Note 17 to the financial statements.

For a description of our capital plan, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Capital Plans, Stress Tests and the Stress Capital Buffer" herein.

Common Stock Dividend Announcement

Announcement date	July 15, 2021
Amount per share	\$0.70
Date to be paid	August 13, 2021
Shareholders of record as of	July 30, 2021

For additional information on our common stock dividends, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Capital Action Supervisory Restrictions" herein.

For additional information on our common stock and information on our preferred stock, see Note 17 to the financial statements.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements and Contractual Obligations

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We enter into various off-balance sheet arrangements, including through unconsolidated SPEs and lending-related

financial instruments (*e.g.*, guarantees and commitments), primarily in connection with the Institutional Securities and Investment Management business segments.

We utilize SPEs primarily in connection with securitization activities. For information on our securitization activities, see Note 16 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

For information on our commitments, obligations under certain guarantee arrangements and indemnities, see Note 14 to the financial statements. For a further discussion of our lending commitments, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Credit Risk—Loans and Lending Commitments" herein.

Contractual Obligations

For a discussion about our contractual obligations, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Contractual Obligations" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Regulatory Requirements

Regulatory Capital Framework

We are an FHC under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended ("BHC Act"), and are subject to the regulation and oversight of the Federal Reserve. The Federal Reserve establishes capital requirements for us, including "well-capitalized" standards, and evaluates our compliance with such capital requirements. Regulatory capital requirements established by the Federal Reserve are largely based on the Basel III capital standards established by the Basel Committee and also implement certain provisions of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act ("Dodd-Frank Act"). The OCC establishes similar capital requirements and standards for our U.S. Bank Subsidiaries. For us to remain an FHC, we must remain well-capitalized in accordance with standards established by the Federal Reserve, and our U.S. Bank Subsidiaries must remain well-capitalized in accordance with standards established by the OCC. For additional information on regulatory capital requirements for our U.S. Bank Subsidiaries, see Note 16 to the financial statements.

Regulatory Capital Requirements

We are required to maintain minimum risk-based and leverage-based capital and TLAC ratios. For more information, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Capital Requirements" in the 2020 Form 10-K. For additional information on TLAC, see "Total Loss-Absorbing Capacity, Long-Term Debt and Clean Holding Company Requirements" herein.

Risk-Based Regulatory Capital. Minimum risk-based capital ratio requirements apply to Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Tier 1 capital and Total capital (which includes Tier 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis

capital). Capital standards require certain adjustments to, and deductions from, capital for purposes of determining these ratios.

Risk-Based Regulatory Capital Ratio Reguirements

tion Basea regulatory Capi		•			
		At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020			
		Standardized	Advanced		
Capital buffers					
Capital conservation buffer		_	2.5%		
SCB ¹		5.7%	N/A		
G-SIB capital surcharge ²		3.0%	3.0%		
CCyB ³		0%	0%		
Capital buffer requirement ⁴		8.7%	5.5%		
		At June 30 December			
	Regulatory Minimum	Standardized	Advanced		
Required ratios ⁵					
Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	4.5%	13.2%	10.0%		
Tier 1 capital ratio	6.0%	14.7%	11.5%		
Total capital ratio	8.0%	16.7%	13.5%		

- For additional information on the SCB, see "Capital Plans, Stress Tests and the Stress Capital Buffer" herein and in the 2020 Form 10-K.
- For a further discussion of the G-SIB capital surcharge, see "Management's
 Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—
 Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—G-SIB Capital
 Surcharge" in the 2020 Form 10-K.
- 3. The CCyB can be set up to 2.5%, but is currently set by the U.S. banking agencies
- 4. The capital buffer requirement represents the amount of Common Equity Tier 1 capital we must maintain above the minimum risk-based capital requirements in order to avoid restrictions on our ability to make capital distributions, including the payment of dividends and the repurchase of stock, and to pay discretionary bonuses to executive officers. Our Standardized Approach capital buffer requirement is equal to the sum of our SCB, G-SIB capital surcharge and CCyB, and our Advanced Approach capital buffer requirement is equal to our 2.5% capital conservation buffer, G-SIB capital surcharge and CCyB.
- Required ratios represent the regulatory minimum plus the capital buffer requirement.

Our risk-based capital ratios are computed under both (i) the standardized approaches for calculating credit risk and market risk RWA ("Standardized Approach") and (ii) the applicable advanced approaches for calculating credit risk, market risk and operational risk RWA ("Advanced Approach"). The credit risk RWA calculations between the two approaches differ in that the Standardized Approach requires calculation of RWA using prescribed risk weights, whereas the Advanced Approach utilizes models to calculate exposure amounts and risk weights. At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the differences between the actual and required ratios were lower under the Standardized Approach.

Leverage-Based Regulatory Capital. Minimum leverage-based capital requirements include a Tier 1 leverage ratio and an SLR. We are required to maintain an SLR of 5%, inclusive of an enhanced SLR capital buffer of at least 2%.

As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, our risk-based and leverage-based capital amounts and ratios, as well as RWA, adjusted average assets and supplementary leverage exposure are calculated excluding the effect of the adoption of CECL based on our election to defer this effect over a five-year transition period which began on January 1, 2020. For further information, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources—

Regulatory Requirements—Regulatory Developments" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Regulatory Capital Ratios

\$ in millions	Required Ratio ¹	At Jun 202		At De	ecember 31, 2020
Risk-based capital— Standardized					
Common Equity Tier 1 capital		\$ 7	6,815	\$	78,650
Tier 1 capital		8	4,612		88,079
Total capital		9	2,782		97,213
Total RWA		46	2,808		453,106
Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	13.2%		16.6%		17.4%
Tier 1 capital ratio	14.7%		18.3%		19.4%
Total capital ratio	16.7%		20.0%		21.5%
\$ in millions Risk-based capital— Advanced	Required Ratio ¹	At Jun 202		At De	ecember 31, 2020
Risk-based capital—	Ratio ¹	202		At De	
Risk-based capital— Advanced	Ratio ¹	202 \$ 7	21		2020
Risk-based capital— Advanced Common Equity Tier 1 capital	Ratio ¹	\$ 7 8	6,815		78,650
Risk-based capital— Advanced Common Equity Tier 1 capital Tier 1 capital	Ratio ¹	\$ 7 8 9	6,815 4,612		78,650 88,079
Risk-based capital— Advanced Common Equity Tier 1 capital Tier 1 capital Total capital	Ratio ¹	\$ 7 8 9	6,815 4,612 2,550		78,650 88,079 96,994 445,151
Risk-based capital— Advanced Common Equity Tier 1 capital Tier 1 capital Total capital Total RWA Common Equity Tier 1	Ratio ¹	\$ 7 8 9	6,815 4,612 2,550 4,741		78,650 88,079 96,994

\$ in millions	Required Ratio ¹	,	At June 30, 2021	At l	December 31, 2020
Leverage-based capital					
Adjusted average assets ²		\$	1,135,262	\$	1,053,510
Tier 1 leverage ratio	4.0%		7.5%		8.4%
Supplementary leverage exposu	re ^{3,4}	\$	1,439,971	\$	1,192,506
SLR ⁴	5.0%		5.9%		7.4%

- Required ratios are inclusive of any buffers applicable as of the date presented.
 Failure to maintain the buffers would result in restrictions on our ability to make
 capital distributions, including the payment of dividends and the repurchase of
 stock, and to pay discretionary bonuses to executive officers.
- 2. Adjusted average assets represents the denominator of the Tier 1 leverage ratio and is composed of the average daily balance of consolidated on-balance sheet assets for the quarters ending on the respective balance sheet dates, reduced by disallowed goodwill, intangible assets, investments in covered funds, defined benefit pension plan assets, after-tax gain on sale from assets sold into securitizations, investments in our own capital instruments, certain deferred tax assets and other capital deductions.
- 3. Supplementary leverage exposure is the sum of Adjusted average assets used in the Tier 1 leverage ratio and other adjustments, primarily: (i) for derivatives, potential future exposure and the effective notional principal amount of sold credit protection offset by qualifying purchased credit protection; (ii) the counterparty credit risk for repo-style transactions; and (iii) the credit equivalent amount for off-balance sheet exposures.
- 4. Our SLR and Supplementary leverage exposure as of December 31, 2020 reflect the exclusion of U.S. Treasury securities and deposits at Federal Reserve Banks based on a Federal Reserve interim final rule that was in effect until March 31, 2021. As of December 31, 2020, the impact of the interim final rule on our SLR was an increase of 80 bps. For further information, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Regulatory Developments and Other Matters" herein and "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Regulatory Developments" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Regulatory Capital

\$ in millions		At June 30, 2021	D	At ecember 31, 2020	_	hange
Common Equity Tier 1 capital		2021		2020	_	mange
Common stock and surplus	\$	16,852	\$	15,799	\$	1,053
Retained earnings	•	85,043	•	78,978	Ť	6,065
AOCI		(2,523)		(1,962)		(561)
Regulatory adjustments and deduc	tior			() /		(/
Net goodwill		(16,693)		(11,527)		(5,166)
Net intangible assets		(7,032)		(4,165)		(2,867)
Other adjustments and deductions ¹		1,168		1,527		(359)
Total Common Equity Tier 1 capital	\$	76,815	\$	78,650	\$	(1,835)
Additional Tier 1 capital						
Preferred stock	\$	7,750	\$	9,250	\$	(1,500)
Noncontrolling interests		561		619		(58)
Additional Tier 1 capital	\$	8,311	\$	9,869	\$	(1,558)
Deduction for investments in covered funds		(514)		(440)		(74)
Total Tier 1 capital	\$	84,612	\$	88,079	\$	(3,467)
Standardized Tier 2 capital						
Subordinated debt	\$	7,107	\$	7,737	\$	(630)
Eligible ACL		1,168		1,265		(97)
Other adjustments and deductions		(105)		132		(237)
Total Standardized Tier 2 capital	\$	8,170	\$	9,134	\$	(964)
Total Standardized capital	\$	92,782	\$	97,213	\$	(4,431)
Advanced Tier 2 capital						
Subordinated debt	\$	7,107	\$	7,737	\$	(630)
Eligible credit reserves		936		1,046		(110)
Other adjustments and deductions		(105)		132		(237)
Total Advanced Tier 2 capital	\$	7,938	\$	8,915	\$	(977)
Total Advanced capital	\$	92,550	\$	96,994	\$	(4,444)

^{1.} Other adjustments and deductions used in the calculation of Common Equity Tier 1 capital primarily includes net after-tax DVA, the credit spread premium over risk-free rate for derivative liabilities, defined benefit pension plan assets, after-tax gain on sale from assets sold into securitizations, investments in our own capital instruments and certain deferred tax assets.

RWA Rollforward

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2021							
\$ in millions		Standardized	Advanced					
Credit risk RWA								
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	387,066	\$	284,930				
Change related to the following items:								
Derivatives		3,182		(18,766)				
Securities financing transactions		4,750		350				
Investment securities		(2,422)		(257)				
Commitments, guarantees and loans		415		5,862				
Equity investments		1,696		1,754				
Other credit risk ¹		4,992		4,444				
Total change in credit risk RWA	\$	12,613	\$	(6,613)				
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	399,679	\$	278,317				
Market risk RWA								
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	66,040	\$	66,040				
Change related to the following items:								
Regulatory VaR		(6,687)		(6,687)				
Regulatory stressed VaR		768		768				
Incremental risk charge		(720)		(720)				
Comprehensive risk measure		(303)		(343)				
Specific risk		4,031		4,031				
Total change in market risk RWA	\$	(2,911)	\$	(2,951)				
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	63,129	\$	63,089				
Operational risk RWA				_				
Balance at December 31, 2020		N/A	\$	94,181				
Change in operational risk RWA		N/A		(846)				
Balance at June 30, 2021		N/A	\$	93,335				
Total RWA	\$	462,808	\$	434,741				

Regulatory VaR—VaR for regulatory capital requirements

Credit risk RWA in the current year period increased under the Standardized Approach, while it decreased under the Advanced Approach. Under the Standardized Approach, the increase was primarily from Securities financing transactions and Derivatives driven by increased exposure. Under the Advanced Approach, the decrease was primarily driven by a reduction in CVA due to lower credit spread volatility, partially offset by increased exposure in event lending within Institutional Securities business segment.

Market risk RWA decreased in the current year period under both the Standardized and Advanced Approaches primarily due to a decrease in Regulatory VaR mainly as a result of reduced volatility as the peak COVID-19 market stress in 2020 is no longer included in VaR. This was partially offset by an increase in non-securitization charges due to increased exposure.

Total Loss-Absorbing Capacity, Long-Term Debt and Clean Holding Company Requirements

The Federal Reserve has established external TLAC, long-term debt ("LTD") and clean holding company requirements for top-tier BHCs of U.S. G-SIBs ("covered BHCs"), including the Parent Company. These requirements are designed to ensure that covered BHCs will have enough loss-absorbing resources at the point of failure to be recapitalized

Amounts reflect assets not in a defined category, non-material portfolios of exposures and unsettled transactions.

through the conversion of eligible LTD to equity or otherwise by imposing losses on eligible LTD or other forms of TLAC where an SPOE resolution strategy is used.

Required and Actual TLAC and Eligible LTD Ratios

			Actual Amount/Ratio				
\$ in millions	Regulatory Minimum	Required Ratio ¹		At June 30, 2021	De	At ecember 31, 2020	
External TLAC ²			\$	225,830	\$	216,129	
External TLAC as a % of RWA	18.0%	21.5%		49.0%		47.7%	
External TLAC as a % of leverage exposure	7.5%	9.5%		15.7%		18.1%	
Eligible LTD ³			\$	131,951	\$	120,561	
Eligible LTD as a % of RWA	9.0%	9.0%		28.5%		26.6%	
Eligible LTD as a % of leverage exposure	4.5%	4.5%		9.2%		10.1%	

- 1. Required ratios are inclusive of applicable buffers. The final rule imposes TLAC buffer requirements on top of both the risk-based and leverage exposure-based external TLAC minimum requirements. The risk-based TLAC buffer is equal to the sum of 2.5%, our Method 1 G-SIB surcharge and the CCyB, if any, as a percentage of total RWA. The leverage exposure-based TLAC buffer is equal to 2% of our total leverage exposure. Failure to maintain the buffers would result in restrictions on our ability to make capital distributions, including the payment of dividends and the repurchase of stock, and to pay discretionary bonuses to executive officers.
- External TLAC consists of Common Equity Tier 1 capital and Additional Tier 1 capital (each excluding any noncontrolling minority interests), as well as eligible LTD.
- Consists of TLAC-eligible LTD reduced by 50% for amounts of unpaid principal due to be paid in more than one year but less than two years from each respective balance sheet date.

We are in compliance with all TLAC requirements as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020. For a further discussion of TLAC and related requirements, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Regulatory Capital Requirements—Total Loss-Absorbing Capacity, Long-Term Debt and Clean Holding Company Requirements" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Capital Plans, Stress Tests and the Stress Capital Buffer

Pursuant to the Dodd-Frank Act, the Federal Reserve has adopted capital planning and stress test requirements for large BHCs, which form part of the Federal Reserve's annual CCAR framework.

We must submit, on at least an annual basis, a capital plan to the Federal Reserve, taking into account the results of separate annual stress tests designed by us and the Federal Reserve, so that the Federal Reserve may assess our systems and processes that incorporate forward-looking projections of revenues and losses to monitor and maintain our internal capital adequacy. As banks with less than \$250 billion of total assets, our U.S. Bank Subsidiaries are not subject to company-run stress test regulatory requirements.

For the 2021 capital planning and stress test cycle, we submitted our capital plan and company-run stress test results to the Federal Reserve on April 5, 2021. On June 24, 2021, the Federal Reserve published summary results of its supervisory stress tests of each large BHC, and following the

publication of the supervisory stress test results, we announced that our SCB will remain at 5.7% from October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022. Together with other features of the regulatory capital framework, this SCB results in an aggregate Standardized Approach Common Equity Tier 1 required ratio of 13.2%. Generally, our SCB is determined annually based on the results of the supervisory stress test.

We also disclosed a summary of the results of our companyrun stress tests on our Investor Relations website, and announced that our Board of Directors authorized the increase of our quarterly common stock dividend to \$0.70 per share from \$0.35 per share beginning with the common stock dividend announced on July 15, 2021, and authorized the repurchase of up to \$12 billion of outstanding common stock from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022, from time to time as conditions warrant, which supersedes the previous common stock repurchase authorization.

For additional information on our capital planning and stress tests, including the SCB, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Capital Plans, Stress Tests and the Stress Capital Buffer" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Capital Action Supervisory Restrictions

Under the modified capital action restrictions announced previously by the Federal Reserve, in the first two quarters of 2021 large BHCs were permitted to pay common stock dividends, provided they did not increase the amount of common stock dividends to be larger than the level paid in the second quarter of 2020, and make share repurchases that, in the aggregate, did not exceed an amount equal to the average of the firm's net income for the four preceding calendar quarters; make share repurchases that equal the amount of share issuances related to expensed employee compensation; and redeem and make scheduled payments on additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital instruments.

The Federal Reserve subsequently announced that the restrictions described above would end on June 30, 2021 for all firms whose capital levels are above minimum risk-based requirements in the Federal Reserve's annual supervisory stress test. Based on the results of the 2021 supervisory stress tests, the temporary capital action supervisory restrictions previously applicable to us ended on June 30, 2021. As of July 1, 2021, the Firm is permitted, in its discretion, to adjust its capital distributions without seeking prior approval from the Federal Reserve, provided that it remains in compliance with all applicable regulatory capital requirements, including the SCB.

For additional information, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Capital Action Supervisory Restrictions" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Attribution of Average Common Equity According to the Required Capital Framework

Our required capital ("Required Capital") estimation is based on the Required Capital framework, an internal capital adequacy measure. Common equity attribution to the business segments is based on capital usage calculated under the Required Capital framework, as well as each business segment's relative contribution to our total Required Capital.

The Required Capital framework is a risk-based and leverage-based capital measure, which is compared with our regulatory capital to ensure that we maintain an amount of going concern capital after absorbing potential losses from stress events, where applicable, at a point in time. The amount of capital allocated to the business segments is generally set at the beginning of each year and remains fixed throughout the year until the next annual reset unless a significant business change occurs (e.g., acquisition or disposition). We define the difference between our total average common equity and the sum of the average common equity amounts allocated to our business segments as Parent common equity. We generally hold Parent common equity for prospective regulatory requirements, organic growth, potential future acquisitions and other capital needs.

Average Common Equity Attribution under the Required Capital Framework¹

	Th	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Montl June		
\$ in billions		2021		2020		2021	2020	
Institutional Securities	\$	43.5	\$	42.8	\$	43.5	\$	42.8
Wealth Management ²		28.6		18.2		28.6		18.2
Investment Management ³		10.7		2.6		7.1		2.6
Parent		16.0		14.0		17.1		12.4
Total	\$	98.8	\$	77.6	\$	96.3	\$	76.0

- 1. The attribution of average common equity to the business segments is a non-GAAP financial measure. See "Selected Non-GAAP Financial Information" herein.
- The total average common equity and the allocation to the Wealth Management business segment in 2021 reflect the E*TRADE acquisition on October 2, 2020.
- The total average common equity and the allocation to the Investment Management business segment in 2021 reflect the Eaton Vance acquisition on March 1, 2021.

The Firm has made updates to its Required Capital framework for 2021 and continues to evaluate the impact of evolving regulatory requirements, as appropriate.

Resolution and Recovery Planning

Pursuant to the Dodd-Frank Act, we are required to periodically submit to the Federal Reserve and the FDIC a resolution plan that describes our strategy for a rapid and orderly resolution under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code in the event of our material financial distress or failure. We submitted our 2021 targeted resolution plan on June 30, 2021.

As described in our most recent resolution plan, our preferred resolution strategy is an SPOE strategy. In line with our SPOE strategy, the Parent Company has transferred, and has agreed to transfer on an ongoing basis, certain assets to its wholly owned, direct subsidiary Morgan Stanley Holdings LLC (the "Funding IHC"). In addition, the Parent Company

has entered into an amended and restated support agreement with its material entities (including the Funding IHC) and certain other subsidiaries. In the event of a resolution scenario, the Parent Company would be obligated to contribute all of its Contributable Assets to our material entities and/or the Funding IHC. The Funding IHC would be obligated to provide capital and liquidity, as applicable, to our material entities. The combined implication of the SPOE resolution strategy and the requirement to maintain certain levels of TLAC is that losses in resolution would be imposed on the holders of eligible long-term debt and other forms of eligible TLAC issued by the Parent Company before any losses are imposed on creditors of our material entities and without requiring taxpayer or government financial support.

For more information about resolution and recovery planning requirements and our activities in these areas, including the implications of such activities in a resolution scenario, see "Business—Supervision and Regulation—Financial Holding Company—Resolution and Recovery Planning," "Risk Factors—Legal, Regulatory and Compliance Risk" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Resolution and Recovery Planning" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Regulatory Developments and Other Matters

Expiration of the Supplementary Leverage Ratio Interim Final Rule

On March 19, 2021, the Federal Reserve announced that the temporary change to the SLR for bank holding companies, which allowed for the exclusion of U.S. Treasury securities and deposits at Federal Reserve Banks, would expire as scheduled on March 31, 2021. As a result, this exclusion was eliminated beginning in the second quarter of 2021. For a summary of the impact of this interim final rule, see "Regulatory Capital Requirements" herein.

Planned Replacement of London Interbank Offered Rate and Replacement or Reform of Other Interest Rates

Central banks around the world, including the Federal Reserve, have commissioned committees and working groups of market participants and official sector representatives to replace LIBOR and replace or reform other interest rate benchmarks (collectively, the "IBORs"). On March 5, 2021, ICE Benchmark Administration, which administers LIBOR publication, announced that it will cease the publication of most LIBOR rates as of the end of December 2021, except for the publication until June 30, 2023 of the most widely used U.S. dollar LIBOR tenors, and the U.K. Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA"), which regulates LIBOR publication, announced that it would not compel panel banks to submit to LIBOR beyond those dates.

Subsequently, the International Swaps and Derivatives Association ("ISDA") confirmed that the FCA's

announcement constituted an "Index Cessation Event" as defined in the IBOR Fallbacks Supplement, which amended ISDA's interest rate definitions to include robust fallbacks for derivatives linked to LIBOR and certain other interest rate benchmarks, and the ISDA 2020 IBOR Fallbacks Protocol, which incorporates the fallbacks into legacy non-cleared derivatives entered into between Protocol adherents. The FCA's announcement therefore triggered a fixing of the ISDA fallback spread adjustments for all LIBOR benchmarks, to be effective when the contractual fallbacks are implemented. The Alternative Reference Rates Committee ("ARRC") also confirmed that the ICE Benchmark Administration and FCA announcements also constituted a "Benchmark Transition Event" with respect to all U.S. dollar LIBOR settings pursuant to the ARRC's fallback recommendations for new issuances or originations of certain cash products.

Separately, the U.S. banking agencies and the FCA have encouraged banks to cease entering into new contracts referencing LIBOR as soon as practicable, and no later than December 31, 2021.

Further, New York State has enacted legislation that is intended to minimize legal and economic uncertainty following U.S. dollar LIBOR's cessation by replacing LIBOR references in certain contracts governed by New York law with a benchmark based on the Secured Overnight Financing Rate, including any spread adjustment, recommended by the Federal Reserve, the Federal Reserve Bank of New York or the ARRC.

We remain a party to a significant number of LIBOR-linked contracts, many of which extend beyond 2021 and, in the case of U.S. dollar LIBOR, June 30, 2023, composed of derivatives, securitizations, floating rate notes, loans and mortgages and we continue to execute against our Firm-wide IBOR transition plan to promote the transition to alternative reference rates in accordance with industry transition timelines. Our IBOR transition plan is overseen by a global steering committee, with senior management oversight. Firm entities engaged in derivative activities have adhered to the ISDA 2020 IBOR Fallbacks Protocol. As noted above, the Protocol is designed to facilitate the transition of covered derivatives contracts to alternative reference rates. The New York State legislation also provides safeguards that help facilitate the transition to alternative reference rates for certain U.S. dollar LIBOR contracts, although additional regulatory clarity may be needed in some instances.

See also "Risk Factors—Risk Management" in the 2020 Form 10-K for a further discussion of risks related to the planned replacement of the IBORs and/or reform of interest rate benchmarks.

For a further discussion of regulatory developments and other matters, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Regulatory Developments" and "Management's Discussion

and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Other Matters," respectively, in the 2020 Form 10-K

Three Months Ended

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk

Management believes effective risk management is vital to the success of our business activities. For a discussion of our Enterprise Risk Management framework and risk management functions, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Risk Management" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Market Risk

Market risk refers to the risk that a change in the level of one or more market prices, rates, spreads, indices, volatilities, correlations or other market factors, such as market liquidity, will result in losses for a position or portfolio. Generally, we incur market risk as a result of trading, investing and client facilitation activities, principally within the Institutional Securities business segment where the substantial majority of our VaR for market risk exposures is generated. In addition, we incur non-trading market risk, principally within the Wealth Management and Investment Management business segments. The Wealth Management business segment primarily incurs non-trading market risk (including interest rate risk) from lending and deposit-taking activities. The Investment Management business segment primarily incurs non-trading market risk from capital investments in alternative and other funds. For a further discussion of market risk, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk —Market Risk" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Trading Risks

We are exposed to a wide range of risks related to interest rates and credit spreads, equity prices, foreign exchange rates and commodity prices, and the associated implied volatilities and spreads, related to the global markets in which we conduct our trading activities.

The statistical technique known as VaR is one of the tools we use to measure, monitor and review the market risk exposures of our trading portfolios.

For information regarding our primary risk exposures and market risk management, VaR methodology, assumptions and limitations, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Market Risk—Trading Risks" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

95%/One-Day Management VaR for the Trading Portfolio

	June 30, 2021								
\$ in millions		eriod Ind	Ave	erage	Н	igh ²	L	.ow ²	
Interest rate and credit spread	\$	29	\$	31	\$	39	\$	28	
Equity price		21		24		32		19	
Foreign exchange rate		8		8		15		5	
Commodity price		10		11		16		8	
Less: Diversification benefit ¹		(28)		(29)		N/A		N/A	
Primary Risk Categories	\$	40	\$	45	\$	58	\$	37	
Credit Portfolio		12		13		17		11	
Less: Diversification benefit ¹		(9)		(10)		N/A		N/A	
Total Management VaR	\$	43	\$	48	\$	60	\$	41	

Three Months Ended
March 31, 2021

\$ in millions	eriod End	Α١	/erage	ŀ	High ²	ı	_ow²
Interest rate and credit spread	\$ 31	\$	33	\$	41	\$	29
Equity price	30		31		170		19
Foreign exchange rate	11		14		24		8
Commodity price	14		18		27		13
Less: Diversification benefit ¹	(36)		(38)		N/A		N/A
Primary Risk Categories	\$ 50	\$	58	\$	171	\$	44
Credit Portfolio	17		24		31		17
Less: Diversification benefit ¹	(15)		(13)		N/A		N/A
Total Management VaR	\$ 52	\$	69	\$	175	\$	50

 Diversification benefit equals the difference between the total VaR and the sum of the component VaRs. This benefit arises because the simulated one-day losses for each of the components occur on different days; similar diversification benefits also are taken into account within each component.

The high and low VaR values for the total Management VaR and each of the component VaRs might have occurred on different days during the quarter, and therefore, the diversification benefit is not an applicable measure.

Average total Management VaR and average Management VaR for the Primary Risk Categories decreased in the current quarter from the three months ended March 31, 2021 primarily as a result of reduced volatility as the peak COVID-19 market stress in 2020 is no longer included in VaR. Additionally, the high for the current quarter was reduced from the peak day in the three months ended March 31, 2021, as increased equity exposure in the first quarter of 2021 resulted from the aforementioned credit event for a single client.

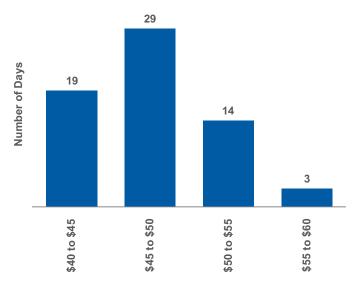
Distribution of VaR Statistics and Net Revenues

We evaluate the reasonableness of our VaR model by comparing the potential declines in portfolio values generated by the model with corresponding actual trading results for the Firm, as well as individual business units. For days where losses exceed the VaR statistic, we examine the drivers of trading losses to evaluate the VaR model's accuracy relative to realized trading results. There was one loss day in the current quarter, which did not exceed the Firm's VaR.

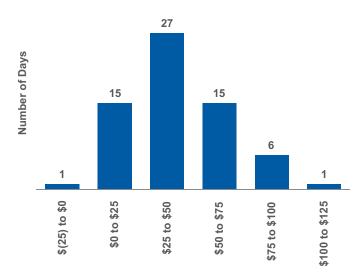
Risk Disclosures

Daily 95%/One-Day Total Management VaR for the Current Quarter

(\$ in millions)



Daily Net Trading Revenues for the Current Quarter (\$ in millions)



The previous histogram shows the distribution of daily net trading revenues for the current quarter. Daily net trading revenues include profits and losses from Interest rate and credit spread, Equity price, Foreign exchange rate, Commodity price, and Credit Portfolio positions and intraday trading activities for our trading businesses. Certain items such as fees, commissions, net interest income, and counterparty default risk are excluded from daily net trading revenues and the VaR model. Revenues required for Regulatory VaR backtesting further exclude intraday trading.

Non-Trading Risks

We believe that sensitivity analysis is an appropriate representation of our non-trading risks. The following sensitivity analyses cover substantially all of the non-trading risk in our portfolio.

Credit Spread Risk Sensitivity¹

\$ in millions	Jun		At June 30, 2021				
Derivatives	\$	7	\$	7			
Borrowings carried at fair value		48		47			

1. Amounts represent the potential gain for each 1 bps widening of our credit spread.

U.S. Bank Subsidiaries' Net Interest Income Sensitivity Analysis

\$ in millions	At une 30, 2021	At March 31, 2021
Basis point change		
+100	\$ 1,463	\$ 1,671
-100	(498)	(560)
-		

The previous table presents an analysis of selected instantaneous upward and downward parallel interest rate shocks (subject to a floor of zero percent in the downward scenario) on net interest income over the next 12 months for our U.S. Bank Subsidiaries. These shocks are applied to our 12-month forecast for our U.S. Bank Subsidiaries, which incorporates market expectations of interest rates and our forecasted business activity.

We do not manage to any single rate scenario but rather manage net interest income in our U.S. Bank Subsidiaries to optimize across a range of possible outcomes, including non-parallel rate change scenarios. The sensitivity analysis assumes that we take no action in response to these scenarios, assumes there are no changes in other macroeconomic variables normally correlated with changes in interest rates, and includes subjective assumptions regarding customer and market re-pricing behavior and other factors. The change in sensitivity to interest rates between June 30, 2021 and March 31, 2021 was primarily driven by the effects of changes in the mix of our assets and liabilities and lower market rates.

Investments Sensitivity, Including Related Carried Interest

		Loss from 1	10% Decline			
\$ in millions		At June 30, 2021		At March 31, 2021		
Investments related to Investment Management activities	\$	477	\$	472		
Other investments:						
MUMSS		172		174		
Other Firm investments		232		223		

We have exposure to public and private companies through direct investments, as well as through funds that invest in these assets. These investments are predominantly equity positions with long investment horizons, a portion of which is for business facilitation purposes. The market risk related to these investments is measured by estimating the potential reduction in net revenues associated with a 10% decline in investment values and related impact on performance-based income, as applicable.

\$289,600

Risk Disclosures

Asset Management Revenue Sensitivity

Certain asset management revenues in the Wealth Management and Investment Management business segments are derived from management fees, which are based on feebased client assets in Wealth Management or AUM in Investment Management (together, "client holdings"). The assets underlying client holdings are primarily composed of equity, fixed income and alternative investments, and are sensitive to changes in related markets. The overall level of these revenues depends on multiple factors that include, but are not limited to, the level and duration of a market increase or decline, price volatility, the geographic and industry mix of client assets, and client behavior such as the rate and magnitude of client investments and redemptions. Therefore, overall revenues do not correlate completely with changes in the related markets.

Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of loss arising when a borrower, counterparty or issuer does not meet its financial obligations to us. We are primarily exposed to credit risk from institutions and individuals through our Institutional Securities and Wealth Management business segments. For a further discussion of our credit risks, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Credit Risk" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Loans and Lending Commitments

	At June 30, 2021							
\$ in millions	HFI	HFS	FVO	Total				
Institutional Securities:								
Corporate	\$ 4,724	\$ 7,098	\$ 13	\$ 11,835				
Secured lending facilities	28,217	3,951	666	32,834				
Commercial and Residential real estate	6,707	620	4,270	11,597				
Securities-based lending and Other	586	5	9,353	9,944				
Total Institutional Securities	40,234	11,674	14,302	66,210				
Wealth Management:								
Residential real estate	38,917	10	_	38,927				
Securities-based lending and Other	75,877	12	_	75,889				
Total Wealth Management	114,794	22	_	114,816				
Total Investment Management ¹	5	17	843	865				
Total loans ²	155,033	11,713	15,145	181,891				
ACL	(687)			(687)				
Total loans, net of ACL	\$154,346	\$ 11,713	\$15,145	\$181,204				
Lending commitments ³				\$139,257				
Total exposure				\$320,461				

	At December 31, 2020									
\$ in millions		HFI		HFS	FVO	Total				
Institutional Securities:										
Corporate	\$	6,046	\$	8,580	\$ 13	\$ 14,639				
Secured lending facilities		25,727		3,296	648	29,671				
Commercial and Residential real estate		7,346		859	3,061	11,266				
Securities-based lending and Other		1,279		55	7,001	8,335				
Total Institutional Securities		40,398		12,790	10,723	63,911				
Wealth Management:										
Residential real estate		35,268		11	_	35,279				
Securities-based lending and Other		62,947		_	_	62,947				
Total Wealth Management		98,215		11	_	98,226				
Total Investment Management ¹		6		12	425	443				
Total loans ²		138,619		12,813	11,148	162,580				
ACL		(835)				(835)				
Total loans, net of ACL	\$	137,784	\$	12,813	\$11,148	\$161,745				
Lending commitments ³						\$127,855				

HFI—Held for investment; HFS—Held for sale; FVO—Fair value option Total exposure—consists of Total loans, net of ACL, and Lending commitments

Total exposure

- Investment Management business segment loans are related to certain of our activities as an investment advisor and manager. At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, loans held at fair value are predominantly the result of the consolidation of CLO vehicles, managed by Investment Management, composed primarily of senior secured loans to corporations.
- 2. FVO also includes the fair value of certain unfunded lending commitments.
- 3. Lending commitments represent the notional amount of legally binding obligations to provide funding to clients for lending transactions. Since commitments associated with these business activities may expire unused or may not be utilized to full capacity, they do not necessarily reflect the actual future cash funding requirements.

We provide loans and lending commitments to a variety of customers, including large corporate and institutional clients, as well as high to ultra-high net worth individuals. In addition, we purchase loans in the secondary market. Loans and lending commitments are either held for investment, held for sale or carried at fair value. For more information on these loan classifications, see Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Total loans and lending commitments increased by approximately \$31 billion since December 31, 2020, primarily due to growth in Securities-based loans and Residential real estate loans within the Wealth Management business segment, as well as increases in Secured lending facilities and event-driven lending commitments within the Institutional Securities business segment.

See Notes 5, 6, 10 and 14 to the financial statements for further information.

Beginning late in the first quarter of 2020 and following in part from the U.S. government's enactment of the CARES Act, we have granted requests from certain clients for modifications of their credit agreements with us, which in some cases include deferral of their loan payments. In addition to these principal and interest deferrals, we continue to work with certain clients regarding modifications of other terms under their original loan agreements that do not impact contractual loan payments. We do not believe these

Risk Disclosures

modifications have had a material impact on the risk profile of our loan portfolio.

Requests for deferrals and other modifications could continue in future periods. See "Executive Summary—Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) Pandemic" herein and "Risk Factors" and "Forward Looking Statements" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

For additional information on regulatory guidance which permits certain loan modifications for borrowers impacted by COVID-19 to not be accounted for and reported as TDRs as well as the Firm's accounting policies for such modifications, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Regulatory Developments" and Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K, respectively. For information on HFI loans on nonaccrual status and HFI loans modified and reported as TDRs, see "Status of Loans Held for Investment" herein and Note 10 to the financial statements, and for a discussion of the related accounting policies see Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Allowance for Credit Losses—Loans and Lending Commitments

\$ in millions	
ACL—Loans	\$ 835
ACL—Lending Commitments	396
Total at December 31, 2020	1,231
Gross charge-offs	(102)
Provision for credit losses	(25)
Other	(5)
Total at June 30, 2021	\$ 1,099
ACL—Loans	\$ 687
ACL—Lending commitments	412

Provision for Credit Losses by Business Segment

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2021 Six Months Ended June 30, 2021											
\$ in millions		IS	٧	٧M	T	otal		IS	٧	VM	٦	Total
Loans	\$	12	\$	4	\$	16	\$	(41)	\$	(1)	\$	(42)
Lending commitments		58		(1)		57		18		(1)		17
Total	\$	70	\$	3	\$	73	\$	(23)	\$	(2)	\$	(25)

Credit exposure arising from our loans and lending commitments is measured in accordance with our internal risk management standards. Risk factors considered in determining the aggregate allowance for loan and commitment losses include the borrower's financial strength, industry, facility structure, LTV ratio, debt service ratio, collateral and covenants. Qualitative and environmental factors such as economic and business conditions, nature and volume of the portfolio and lending terms, and volume and severity of past due loans may also be considered.

The aggregate allowance for loans and lending commitments decreased in the current year period, primarily reflecting charge-offs and a release in the allowance for credit losses within the Institutional Securities business segment. The allowance release was primarily a result of improvements in the outlook for macroeconomic conditions and the impact of paydowns on Corporate loans, including by lower-rated

borrowers, partially offset by the provision for one Secured lending facility. The base scenario used in our ACL models as of June 30, 2021 was generated using a combination of industry consensus economic forecasts, forward rates, and internally developed and validated models. Given the nature of our lending portfolio, the most sensitive model input is U.S. gross domestic product. The base scenario, among other things, assumes continued growth over the forecast period with U.S. GDP reaching a year-over-year growth rate of approximately 6% by the fourth quarter of 2021, supported by fiscal stimulus and accommodative monetary policy. See Notes 10 and 14 to the financial statements for further information. See Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K for a discussion of the Firm's ACL methodology under CECL.

Status of Loans Held for Investment

	At June 3	0, 2021	At December	r 31, 2020
	IS	WM	IS	WM
Accrual	98.8%	99.3%	99.2%	99.7%
Nonaccrual ¹	1.2%	0.7%	0.8%	0.3%

These loans are on nonaccrual status because the loans were past due for a period of 90 days or more or payment of principal or interest was in doubt.

Institutional Securities Loans and Lending Commitments¹

				At J	une	e 30, 202	21			
		Cont	rac	tual Yea	rs t	o Maturit	ty			
\$ in millions	Les	ss than 1		1-3		3-5	Over 5		Total	
Loans										
AA	\$	38	\$	9	\$	_	\$	69	\$	116
Α		824		707		408		370		2,309
BBB		6,297		5,113		2,287		578		14,275
ВВ		11,581		9,095		4,234		1,285		26,195
Other NIG		5,370		6,134		4,161		3,223		18,888
Unrated ²		194		587		485		2,582		3,848
Total loans, net of ACL		24,304		21,645		11,575		8,107		65,631
Lending commitme	nts									
AAA		_		50		_		_		50
AA		3,173		1,118		2,240		_		6,531
Α		4,822		6,600		10,180		584		22,186
BBB		10,168		19,803		18,561		659		49,191
ВВ		3,017		12,323		7,837		152		23,329
Other NIG		1,649		6,663		8,292		6,915		23,519
Unrated ²		_		14		66		2		82
Total lending commitments		22,829		46,571		47,176		8,312		124,888
Total exposure	\$	47,133	\$	68,216	\$	58,751	\$1	6,419	\$	190,519

Risk Disclosures

	At December 31, 2020										
		Cont	rac	tual Yea	rs t	o Maturit	ty				
\$ in millions	Les	s than 1		1-3		3-5	Over 5		Total		
Loans											
AA	\$	279	\$	10	\$	_	\$ —	\$	289		
Α		759		798		36	391		1,984		
BBB		5,043		5,726		2,746	469		13,984		
BB		10,963		7,749		5,324	503		24,539		
Other NIG		5,214		6,956		4,002	3,269		19,441		
Unrated ²		141		142		330	2,322		2,935		
Total loans, net of ACL		22,399		21,381		12,438	6,954		63,172		
Lending commitme	nts										
AAA		_		50		_	_		50		
AA		4,047		1,038		2,135	_		7,220		
Α		6,025		8,359		9,808	425		24,617		
BBB		6,783		17,782		15,500	460		40,525		
BB		4,357		8,958		7,958	3,103		24,376		
Other NIG		664		7,275		6,077	2,652		16,668		
Unrated ²		4		_		_	_		4		
Total lending commitments		21,880		43,462		41,478	6,640		113,460		
Total exposure	\$	44,279	\$	64,843	\$	53,916	\$13,594	\$	176,632		

NIG-Non-investment grade

- 1. Counterparty credit ratings are internally determined by the CRM.
- Unrated loans and lending commitments are primarily trading positions that are measured at fair value and risk-managed as a component of market risk. For a further discussion of our market risk, see "Market Risk" herein.

Institutional Securities Loans and Lending Commitments by Industry

\$ in millions	,	At June 30, 2021	At ember 31, 2020
Industry			
Financials	\$	50,318	\$ 44,358
Real estate		30,622	25,484
Healthcare		17,471	12,650
Industrials		17,069	15,861
Communications services		12,481	12,600
Information technology		11,704	11,358
Consumer discretionary		10,626	11,177
Utilities		10,355	9,504
Energy		8,603	10,064
Consumer staples		8,464	9,088
Materials		5,808	6,084
Insurance		4,583	3,889
Other		2,415	4,515
Total exposure	\$	190,519	\$ 176,632

Sectors Currently in Focus due to COVID-19

The economic effects of COVID-19 have impacted borrowers in many sectors and industries, though certain sectors remain more sensitive to the current economic environment and are continuing to receive heightened focus. The sectors currently in focus are: air travel, retail, lodging and leisure, upstream energy, and healthcare services and systems. As of June 30, 2021, exposures to these sectors are included across the Industrials, Financials, Real estate, Consumer discretionary, Energy and Healthcare industries in the previous table, and in aggregate represent approximately 10% of total Institutional Securities business segment lending exposure. Further, as of

June 30, 2021, approximately 90% of these exposures are either investment grade and/or secured by collateral. The future developments of COVID-19 and its effect on the economic environment remain uncertain; therefore, the sectors impacted may change over time. Refer to "Risk Factors" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Institutional Securities Lending Activities

The Institutional Securities business segment lending activities include Corporate, Secured lending facilities, Commercial real estate and Securities-based lending and Other. As of June 30, 2021, over 90% of our total lending exposure, which consists of loans and lending commitments, is investment grade and/or secured by collateral. For a description of Institutional Securities' lending activities, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Credit Risk" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Institutional Securities Event-Driven Loans and Lending Commitments

		At June 30, 2021										
		Contractual Years to Maturity										
\$ in millions	Les	s than 1	1	-3	3	s-5	Over 5	Total				
Loans, net of ACL	\$	1,415	\$	382	\$	498	\$ 2,217	\$ 4,512				
Lending commitments		4,865	6	,254	3	,359	6,844	21,322				
Total exposure	\$	6,280	\$ 6	,636	\$ 3	,857	\$ 9,061	\$25,834				

	At December 31, 2020									
	Contractual Years to Maturity									
\$ in millions	Less	s than 1		1-3	3-5		Over 5	Total		
Loans, net of ACL	\$	1,241	\$	907	\$	873	\$ 2,090	\$ 5,111		
Lending commitments		2,810	4	1,649	649 2,		4,650	14,787		
Total exposure	\$	4,051	\$ 5,556		\$:	3,551	\$ 6,740	\$19,898		

Event-driven loans and lending commitments are associated with a particular event or transaction, such as to support client merger, acquisition, recapitalization or project finance activities. Balances may fluctuate as such lending is related to transactions that vary in timing and size from period to period.

Risk Disclosures

Institutional Securities Loans and Lending Commitments Held for Investment

		At	June 30, 20	21	
\$ in millions	Loans	Co	Lending ommitments		Total
Corporate	\$ 4,724	\$	72,175	\$	76,899
Secured lending facilities	28,217		11,387		39,604
Commercial real estate	6,707		308		7,015
Other	586		661		1,247
Total, before ACL	\$ 40,234	\$	84,531	\$	124,765
ACL	\$ (579)	\$	(397)	\$	(976)

	At December 31, 2020									
\$ in millions		Loans	С	Lending ommitments		Total				
Corporate	\$	6,046	\$	69,488	\$	75,534				
Secured lending facilities		25,727		8,312		34,039				
Commercial real estate		7,346		334		7,680				
Other		1,279		1,135		2,414				
Total, before ACL	\$	40,398	\$	79,269	\$	119,667				
ACL	\$	(739)	\$	(391)	\$	(1,130)				

Institutional Securities Allowance for Credit Losses—Loans and Lending Commitments

\$ in millions	Corp	oorate	lei	cured nding cilities	Comme real es		0	ther	Т	- otal
ACL—Loans	\$	309	\$	198	\$	211	\$	21	\$	739
ACL—Lending commitments		323		38		11		19		391
Total at December 31, 2020	\$	632	\$	236	\$	222	\$	40	\$1	1,130
Gross charge-offs		(14)		(67)		(21)		_		(102)
Gross charge-offs Provision for credit losses		(14) (77)		(67) 49		(21) 5		_		(102) (23)
		. ,		. ,		. ,		_ _ (24)		` ,
Provision for credit losses	\$	(77)	\$	49	\$	5	\$	_ _ (24) 16	\$	(23)
Provision for credit losses Other ¹	\$	(77) (2)	\$	49 (1)	\$	5 (2)	\$. ,	\$	(23) (29)

Other primarily reflects the allowance for credit losses associated with the Community Development Fund loans portfolio that was transferred to the Wealth Management business segment from the Institutional Securities business segment in the second quarter of 2021.

Institutional Securities HFI Loans—Ratios of Allowance for Credit Losses to Balance Before Allowance

	At June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020
Corporate	4.2%	5.1%
Secured lending facilities	0.6%	0.8%
Commercial real estate	2.9%	2.9%
Other	1.5%	1.7%
Total Institutional Securities loans	1.4%	1.8%

Wealth Management Loans and Lending Commitments

		Contra	ctual Year	s to Matu	ırity	
\$ in millions	Les	ss than 1	1-3	3-5	Over 5	Total
Securities-based lending and Other	\$	65,156	\$ 6,641	\$2,236	\$ 1,804	\$ 75,837
Residential real estate		7	_	6	38,858	38,871
Total loans, net of ACL	\$	65,163	\$ 6,641	\$2,242	\$40,662	\$114,708
Lending commitments		11,104	2,771	170	324	14,369
Total exposure	\$	76,267	\$ 9,412	\$2,412	\$40,986	\$129,077

		At December 31, 2020								
		Contra	ctual Year	s to Matu	ırity					
\$ in millions	Les	ss than 1	1-3	3-5	Over 5	Total				
Securities-based lending and Other	\$	54,483	\$ 4,587	\$2,167	\$ 1,672	\$ 62,909				
Residential real estate		9	1	1	35,210	35,221				
Total loans, net of ACL	\$	54,492	\$ 4,588	\$2,168	\$36,882	\$ 98,130				
Lending commitments		11,666	2,356	120	253	14,395				
Total exposure	\$	66,158	\$ 6,944	\$2,288	\$37,135	\$112,525				

The principal Wealth Management business segment lending activities include Securities-based lending and Residential real estate loans.

Securities-based lending allows clients to borrow money against the value of qualifying securities, generally for any purpose other than purchasing, trading or carrying securities, or refinancing margin debt. For more information about our Securities-based lending and Residential real estate loans, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Credit Risk" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Risk Disclosures

Wealth Management Allowance for Credit Losses—Loans and Lending Commitments

\$ in millions	
ACL—Loans	\$ 96
ACL—Lending commitments	5
Total at December 31, 2020	101
Provision for credit losses	(2)
Other ¹	24
Total at June 30, 2021	\$ 123
ACL—Loans	\$ 108
ACL—Lending commitments	15

Other primarily reflects the allowance for credit losses associated with the Community Development Fund loans portfolio that was transferred to the Wealth Management business segment from the Institutional Securities business segment in the second quarter of 2021.

At June 30, 2021, more than 75% of Wealth Management Residential real estate loans were to borrowers with "Exceptional" or "Very Good" FICO scores (*i.e.*, exceeding 740). Additionally, Wealth Management's Securities-based lending portfolio remains well-collateralized and subject to daily client margining, which includes requiring customers to deposit additional collateral, or reduce debt positions, when necessary.

Customer and Other Receivables

Margin Loans and Other lending

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	De	At ecember 31, 2020
Institutional Securities	\$ 46,020	\$	51,570
Wealth Management	26,922		23,144
Total	\$ 72,942	\$	74,714

The Institutional Securities and Wealth Management business segments provide margin lending arrangements that allow customers to borrow against the value of qualifying securities, primarily for the purpose of purchasing additional securities, as well as to collateralize short positions. Institutional Securities primarily includes margin loans in the Equity Financing business. Wealth Management includes margin loans as well as non-purpose securities-based lending on non-bank entities.

Margin lending activities generally have lower credit risk due to the value of collateral held and their short-term nature. Amounts may fluctuate from period to period as overall client balances change as a result of market levels, client positioning and leverage.

Employee Loans

For information on employee loans and related ACL, see Note 10 to the financial statements.

Derivatives

Fair Value of OTC Derivative Assets

	Counterparty Credit Rating ¹										
\$ in millions	AAA		AA		Α		BBB		NIG		Total
At June 30, 2021											
Less than 1 year	\$ 1,344	\$	12,729	\$	36,065	\$	20,945	\$	11,900	\$	82,983
1-3 years	633		4,916		14,962		12,941		8,197		41,649
3-5 years	471		4,702		8,440		8,095		3,690		25,398
Over 5 years	4,237		26,890		66,977		48,258		10,438		156,800
Total, gross	\$ 6,685	\$	49,237	\$	126,444	\$	90,239	\$	34,225	\$	306,830
Counterparty netting	(3,141)		(36,880)		(98,646)		(66,879)		(16,635)	(222,181)
Cash and securities collateral	(3,064)		(8,779)		(22,973)		(17,233)		(8,166)		(60,215)
Total, net	\$ 480	\$	3,578	\$	4,825	\$	6,127	\$	9,424	\$	24,434

	Counterparty Credit Rating ¹									
\$ in millions	AAA		AA		Α		BBB		NIG	Total
At December 31, 2020										
Less than 1 year	\$ 1,179	\$	16,166	\$	52,164	\$	26,088	\$	12,175	\$107,772
1-3 years	572		5,225		17,560		13,750		8,134	45,241
3-5 years	359		4,326		11,328		8,363		4,488	28,864
Over 5 years	4,545		32,049		84,845		63,084		13,680	198,203
Total, gross	\$ 6,655	\$	57,766	\$	165,897	\$	111,285	\$	38,477	\$380,080
Counterparty netting	(3,269)		(44,306)	(134,310)		(84,171)		(22,227)	(288,283)
Cash and securities collateral	(3,124)		(10,973)		(26,712)		(20,708)		(8,979)	(70,496)
Total, net	\$ 262	\$	2,487	\$	4,875	\$	6,406	\$	7,271	\$ 21,301

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020		
Industry				
Financials	\$ 7,613	\$ 6,195		
Utilities	4,750	3,954		
Consumer discretionary	2,314	1,866		
Energy	2,040	965		
Healthcare	1,011	1,494		
Industrials	953	1,291		
Information technology	929	1,104		
Regional governments	843	806		
Not-for-profit organizations	661	701		
Real estate	600	378		
Communications services	496	529		
Insurance	451	518		
Sovereign governments	373	650		
Materials	329	430		
Consumer staples	291	339		
Other	780	81		
Total	\$ 24,434	\$ 21,301		

^{1.} Counterparty credit ratings are determined internally by the CRM.

We are exposed to credit risk as a dealer in OTC derivatives. Credit risk with respect to derivative instruments arises from the possibility that a counterparty may fail to perform according to the terms of the contract. For more information on derivatives, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Credit Risk—Derivatives" in the 2020 Form 10-K and Note 7 to the financial statements.

Risk Disclosures

Country Risk

Country risk exposure is the risk that events in, or that affect, a foreign country (any country other than the U.S.) might adversely affect us. We actively manage country risk exposure through a comprehensive risk management framework that combines credit and market fundamentals and allows us to effectively identify, monitor and limit country risk. For a further discussion of our country risk exposure see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Country and Other Risks" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Top 10 Non-U.S. Country Exposures at June 30, 2021

\$ in millions	United ingdom	Japan	G	ermany	F	rance	Spain
Sovereign							
Net inventory ¹	\$ (43)	\$ 5,101	\$	54	\$	(471) \$	(197)
Net counterparty exposure ²	1	45		85		6	29
Exposure before hedges	(42)	5,146		139		(465)	(168)
Hedges ³	(310)	(79)		(287)		(6)	_
Net exposure	\$ (352)	\$ 5,067	\$	(148)	\$	(471) \$	(168)
Non-sovereign							
Net inventory ¹	\$ 1,084	\$ 615	\$	7	\$	(338) \$	72
Net counterparty exposure ²	11,117	4,257		2,788		3,068	391
Loans	3,648	381		1,725		513	3,351
Lending commitments	6,165	180		5,979		6,118	1,313
Exposure before hedges	22,014	5,433		10,499		9,361	5,127
Hedges ³	(1,388)	(162)		(1,015)		(734)	(266)
Net exposure	\$ 20,626	\$ 5,271	\$	9,484	\$	8,627 \$	4,861
Total net exposure	\$ 20,274	\$ 10,338	\$	9,336	\$	8,156 \$	4,693

\$ in millions	(China	India	Α	ustralia	С	anada	Brazil
Sovereign								
Net inventory ¹	\$	(89) \$	1,178	\$	570	\$	(447) \$	2,115
Net counterparty exposure ²		102	2		45		21	_
Exposure before hedges		13	1,180		615		(426)	2,115
Hedges ³		(82)	_		_		_	(12)
Net exposure	\$	(69) \$	1,180	\$	615	\$	(426) \$	2,103
Non-sovereign								
Net inventory ¹	\$	1,548 \$	850	\$	228	\$	228 \$	233
Net counterparty exposure ²		780	891		1,061		1,713	320
Loans		744	235		489		141	188
Lending commitments		1,489	_		905		1,483	183
Exposure before hedges		4,561	1,976		2,683		3,565	924
Hedges ³		(131)	_		(185)		(85)	(25)
Net exposure	\$	4,430 \$	1,976	\$	2,498	\$	3,480 \$	899
Total net exposure	\$	4,361 \$	3,156	\$	3,113	\$	3,054 \$	3,002

- Net inventory represents exposure to both long and short single-name and index positions (i.e., bonds and equities at fair value and CDS based on a notional amount assuming zero recovery adjusted for the fair value of any receivable or payable).
- 2. Net counterparty exposure (e.g., repurchase transactions, securities lending and OTC derivatives) is net of the benefit of collateral received and also is net by counterparty when legally enforceable master netting agreements are in place. For more information, see "Additional Information—Top 10 Non-U.S. Country Exposures" herein.
- 3. Amounts represent net CDS hedges (purchased and sold) on net counterparty exposure and lending executed by trading desks responsible for hedging counterparty and lending credit risk exposures. Amounts are based on the CDS notional amount assuming zero recovery adjusted for any fair value receivable or payable. For further description of the contractual terms for purchased credit protection and whether they may limit the effectiveness of our hedges, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Credit Risk—Derivatives" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Additional Information—Top 10 Non-U.S. Country Exposures

Collateral Held against Net Counterparty Exposure¹

\$ in millions		J	At une 30, 2021
Country of Risk	Collateral ²		
Germany	Italy, Croatia and Spain	\$	11,765
United Kingdom	U.K., U.S. and Spain		10,434
Other	Japan, Italy, and France		17,737

The benefit of collateral received is reflected in the Top 10 Non-U.S. Country Exposures at June 30, 2021.

Country Risk Exposures Related to the U.K.

At June 30, 2021, our country risk exposures in the U.K. included net exposures of \$20,274 million (as shown in the Top 10 Non-U.S. Country Exposures table) and overnight deposits of \$9,017 million. The \$20,626 million of exposures to non-sovereigns were diversified across both names and sectors and include \$9,253 million to U.K.-focused counterparties that generate more than one-third of their revenues in the U.K., \$4,131 million to geographically diversified counterparties, and \$6,212 million to exchanges and clearinghouses.

^{2.} Primarily consists of cash, as well as government obligations of the countries listed.

Morgan Stanley

Risk Disclosures

Operational Risk

Operational risk refers to the risk of loss, or of damage to our reputation, resulting from inadequate or failed processes or systems, from human factors or from external events (e.g., fraud, theft, legal and compliance risks, cyber attacks or damage to physical assets). We may incur operational risk across the full scope of our business activities, including revenue-generating activities and support and control groups (e.g., information technology and trade processing). For a further discussion about our operational risk, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk-Operational Risk" in the 2020 Form 10-K. In addition, for further information on market and economic conditions and their effects on risk in general, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Executive Summary—Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) Pandemic" herein and "Risk Factors" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Model Risk

Model risk refers to the potential for adverse consequences from decisions based on incorrect or misused model outputs. Model risk can lead to financial loss, poor business and strategic decision making or damage to our reputation. The risk inherent in a model is a function of the materiality, complexity and uncertainty around inputs and assumptions. Model risk is generated from the use of models impacting financial statements, regulatory filings, capital adequacy assessments and the formulation of strategy. For a further discussion about our model risk, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Model Risk" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that we will be unable to finance our operations due to a loss of access to the capital markets or difficulty in liquidating our assets. Liquidity risk also encompasses our ability (or perceived ability) to meet our financial obligations without experiencing significant business disruption or reputational damage that may threaten our viability as a going concern. For a further discussion about our liquidity risk, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Liquidity Risk" in the 2020 Form 10-K and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources" herein. In addition, for further information on market and economic conditions and their effects on risk in general, see "Risk Factors" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Legal and Compliance Risk

Legal and compliance risk includes the risk of legal or regulatory sanctions, material financial loss, including fines, penalties, judgments, damages and/or settlements, or loss to reputation that we may suffer as a result of failure to comply with laws, regulations, rules, related self-regulatory organization standards and codes of conduct applicable to our business activities. This risk also includes contractual and commercial risk, such as the risk that a counterparty's performance obligations will be unenforceable. It also includes compliance with AML, terrorist financing, and anti-corruption rules and regulations. For a further discussion about our legal and compliance risk, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Risk—Legal and Compliance Risk" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and the Board of Directors of Morgan Stanley:

Results of Review of Interim Financial Information

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet of Morgan Stanley and subsidiaries (the "Firm") as of June 30, 2021, and the related condensed consolidated income statements, comprehensive income statements and statements of changes in total equity for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the cash flow statements for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "interim financial information"). Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying interim financial information for it to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheet of the Firm as of December 31, 2020, and the related consolidated income statement, comprehensive income statement, cash flow statement and statement of changes in total equity for the year then ended (not presented herein) included in the Firm's Annual Report on Form 10-K; and in our report dated February 26, 2021, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2020 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP New York, New York August 2, 2021

Basis for Review Results

This interim financial information is the responsibility of the Firm's management. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Firm in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Consolidated Income Statements (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Mon Jun			
in millions, except per share data		2021	2020	2021		2020
Revenues						
Investment banking	\$	2,560	\$ 2,142	\$ 5,400	\$	3,413
Trading		3,330	4,803	7,555		7,604
Investments		381	275	699		313
Commissions and fees		1,308	1,102	2,934		2,462
Asset management		4,973	3,265	9,371		6,682
Other		342	473	626		9
Total non-interest revenues		12,894	12,060	26,585		20,483
Interest income		2,212	2,358	4,649		5,861
Interest expense		347	758	756		2,905
Net interest		1,865	1,600	3,893		2,956
Net revenues		14,759	13,660	30,478		23,439
Provision for credit losses		73	239	(25)	646
Non-interest expenses						
Compensation and benefits		6,423	6,035	13,221		10,318
Brokerage, clearing and exchange fees		795	716	1,705		1,456
Information processing and communications		765	589	1,498		1,152
Professional services		746	535	1,370		984
Occupancy and equipment		414	365	819		730
Marketing and business development		146	63	292		195
Other		831	763	1,688		1,457
Total non-interest expenses		10,120	9,066	20,593		16,292
Income before provision for income taxes		4,566	4,355	9,910		6,501
Provision for income taxes		1,054	1,119	2,230		1,485
Net income	\$	3,512	\$ 3,236	\$ 7,680	\$	5,016
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests		1	40	49		122
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$	3,511	\$ 3,196	\$ 7,631	\$	4,894
Preferred stock dividends		103	149	241		257
Earnings applicable to Morgan Stanley common shareholders	\$	3,408	\$ 3,047	\$ 7,390	\$	4,637
Earnings per common share						
Basic	\$	1.88	\$ 1.98	\$ 4.10	\$	3.00
Diluted	\$	1.85	\$ 1.96	\$ 4.04	\$	2.96
Average common shares outstanding						
Basic		1,814	1,541	1,804		1,548
Diluted		1,841	1,557	1,829		1,565

Consolidated Comprehensive Income Statements (Unaudited)

		Three Months June 30		Six Months Ended June 30,		
\$ in millions		2021	2020	2021	2020	
Net income	\$	3,512 \$	3,236 \$	7,680 \$	5,016	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:						
Foreign currency translation adjustments		41	21	(178)	(111)	
Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities		(7)	295	(783)	1,620	
Pension and other		12	(1)	17	24	
Change in net debt valuation adjustment		186	(2,496)	323	1,307	
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	\$	232 \$	(2,181) \$	(621) \$	2,840	
Comprehensive income	\$	3,744 \$	1,055 \$	7,059 \$	7,856	
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests		1	40	49	122	
Other comprehensive income (loss) applicable to noncontrolling interests		1	(87)	(60)	51	
Comprehensive income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$	3,742 \$	1,102 \$	7,070 \$	7,683	

Consolidated Balance Sheets

	(L		At December 31,
\$ in millions, except share data		2021	2020
Assets Cook and cook againstants	•	106 100	t 105.654
Cash and cash equivalents Trading posses at fair value (\$409.299 and \$133.579 were pladged to vertice)	\$	126,480	
Trading assets at fair value (\$108,288 and \$132,578 were pledged to various parties)		321,145	312,738
Investment securities (includes \$93,222 and \$110,383 at fair value)		175,342	182,154
Securities purchased under agreements to resell (includes \$10 and \$15 at fair value)		95,930	116,234
Securities borrowed		126,703	112,391
Customer and other receivables		100,921	97,737
Loans:		454040	107.701
Held for investment (net of allowance for credit losses of \$687 and \$835)		154,346	137,784
Held for sale		11,713	12,813
Goodwill		16,838	11,635
Intangible assets (net of accumulated amortization of \$3,518 and \$3,265)		8,690	4,980
Other assets		23,697	21,742
Total assets	\$	1,161,805	\$ 1,115,862
Liabilities			
Deposits (includes \$2,672 and \$3,521 at fair value)	\$	320,358	\$ 310,782
Trading liabilities at fair value		169,074	157,631
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase (includes \$1,028 and \$1,115 at fair value)		57,645	50,587
Securities loaned		9,574	7,731
Other secured financings (includes \$6,574 and \$11,701 at fair value)		11,232	15,863
Customer and other payables		233,810	227,437
Other liabilities and accrued expenses		27,808	25,603
Borrowings (includes \$75,508 and \$73,701 at fair value)		224,142	217,079
Total liabilities		1,053,643	1,012,713
Commitments and contingent liabilities (see Note 14) Equity Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity:			
Preferred stock		7,750	9,250
Common stock, \$0.01 par value:		,	.,
Shares authorized: 3,500,000,000 ; Shares issued: 2,038,893,979 ; Shares outstanding: 1,834,370,291 and 1,809,624,144		20	20
Additional paid-in capital		28,030	25,546
Retained earnings		84,791	78,694
Employee stock trusts		3,768	3,043
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		(2,523)	(1,962)
Common stock held in treasury at cost, \$0.01 par value (204,523,688 and 229,269,835 shares)		(11,198)	(9,767)
Common stock issued to employee stock trusts		(3,768)	(3,043)
Total Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity		106,870	101,781
Noncontrolling interests		1,292	1,368
		,	,
Total equity		108,162	103,149

Morgan Stanley

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Total Equity (Unaudited)

Freferred Stock Beginning balance 7,750 Redemption of Series J preferred stock — Ending balance 7,750 Common Stock — Beginning and ending balance 20 Additional Paid-in Capital 27,406 Share-based award activity 624 Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 28,030 Retained Earnings 82,034 Cumulative adjustment related to the adoption of financial instruments-credit losses accounting update. — Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley 3,511 Preferred stock dividends. (651) Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 84,791 Employee Stock Trusts 8 Beginning balance 3,861 Share-based award activity (93) Ending balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 231 Ending balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated other c	20 23,428 354 — 23,782 71,518	\$ 9,250 \$ (1,500) 7,750 20 25,546 292 2,185 7 28,030 78,694 — 7,631	2020 8,520 8,520 20 23,935 (153) 23,782 70,589 (100)
Beginning balance 7,750 Redemption of Series J preferred stock — Ending balance 7,750 Common Stock 20 Beginning and ending balance 20 Additional Paid-in Capital 27,406 Beginning balance 27,406 Share-based award activity 624 Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 28,030 Retained Earnings 82,034 Cumulative adjustment related to the adoption of financial instruments-credit losses accounting update ¹ — Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley 3,511 Preferred stock dividends ² (103) Common stock dividends ² (65) Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 3,861 Share-based award activity 93 Ending balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 231 Ending balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) <t< th=""><th>20 23,428 354 — 23,782 71,518</th><th>(1,500) 7,750 20 25,546 292 2,185 7 28,030</th><th>20 23,935 (153) — — 23,782 70,589</th></t<>	20 23,428 354 — 23,782 71,518	(1,500) 7,750 20 25,546 292 2,185 7 28,030	20 23,935 (153) — — 23,782 70,589
Redemption of Series J preferred stock — Ending balance 7,750 Common Stock 20 Beginning and ending balance 27,406 Share-based award activity 624 Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 28,030 Retained Earnings 82,034 Beginning balance 82,034 Cumulative adjustment related to the adoption of financial instruments-credit losses accounting update 82,034 Cumulative adjustment related to Morgan Stanley 3,511 Preferred stock dividends ² (103) Common stock dividends ² (651) Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 3,861 Share-based oward activity (93) Ending balance 3,861 Share-based award activity (93) Ending balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated Other Comprehensive income (loss) 231 Ending balance (8,197) Share-based award activity (2,754) </td <td>20 23,428 354 — 23,782 71,518</td> <td>(1,500) 7,750 20 25,546 292 2,185 7 28,030</td> <td>20 23,935 (153) — — 23,782 70,589</td>	20 23,428 354 — 23,782 71,518	(1,500) 7,750 20 25,546 292 2,185 7 28,030	20 23,935 (153) — — 23,782 70,589
Ending balance 7,750 Common Stock 8eginning and ending balance 20 Additional Paid-in Capital 27,406 Share-based award activity 624 Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 28,030 Retained Earnings 82,034 Beginning balance 82,034 Cumulative adjustment related to the adoption of financial instruments-credit losses accounting update accounting	23,428 354 — — 23,782 71,518	7,750 20 25,546 292 2,185 7 28,030 78,694	23,935 (153) — — 23,782 70,589
Common Stock Beginning and ending balance 20 Additional Paid-in Capital 27,406 Share-based award activity 624 Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 28,030 Retained Earnings 82,034 Beginning balance 82,034 Cumulative adjustment related to the adoption of financial instruments-credit losses accounting update in a	23,428 354 — — 23,782 71,518	20 25,546 292 2,185 7 28,030	23,935 (153) — — 23,782 70,589
Beginning and ending balance 20 Additional Paid-in Capital 27,406 Share-based award activity 624 Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 28,030 Retained Earnings 82,034 Beginning balance 82,034 Cumulative adjustment related to the adoption of financial instruments-credit losses accounting update in the adoption of financial instruments-credit losses accounting update in the adoption of financial instruments accounting update in the accounting update in th	23,428 354 — — 23,782 71,518	25,546 292 2,185 7 28,030	23,935 (153) — — 23,782 70,589
Additional Paid-in Capital 27,406 Share-based award activity 624 Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 28,030 Retained Earnings 82,034 Beginning balance 82,034 Cumulative adjustment related to the adoption of financial instruments-credit losses accounting update ¹ — Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley 3,511 Preferred stock dividends ² (651) Common stock dividends ² (651) Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 84,791 Employee Stock Trusts 8 Beginning balance 3,861 Share-based award activity (93) Beginning balance (2,754) Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) 231 Beginning balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 231 Ending balance (8,197) Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost 8 Beginning balance (8,	23,428 354 — — 23,782 71,518	25,546 292 2,185 7 28,030	23,935 (153) — — 23,782 70,589
Additional Paid-in Capital 27,406 Share-based award activity 624 Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 28,030 Retained Earnings 82,034 Beginning balance 82,034 Cumulative adjustment related to the adoption of financial instruments-credit losses accounting update ¹ — Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley 3,511 Preferred stock dividends ² (651) Common stock dividends ² (651) Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 84,791 Employee Stock Trusts 8 Beginning balance 3,861 Share-based award activity (93) Beginning balance (2,754) Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) 231 Beginning balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 231 Ending balance (8,197) Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost 8 Beginning balance (8,	23,428 354 — — 23,782 71,518	25,546 292 2,185 7 28,030	23,935 (153) — — 23,782 70,589
Beginning balance 27,406 Share-based award activity 624 Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 28,030 Retained Earnings 82,034 Beginning balance 82,034 Cumulative adjustment related to the adoption of financial instruments-credit losses accounting update ¹ — Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley 3,511 Preferred stock dividends ² (103) Common stock dividends ² (651) Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 84,791 Employee Stock Trusts 8 Beginning balance 3,861 Share-based award activity (93) Ending balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 231 Ending balance (8,197) Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost 8 Beginning balance (8,197) Share-based award activity 17 Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings	354 — — 23,782 71,518	292 2,185 7 28,030 78,694	(153) — — — — 23,782 70,589
Share-based award activity Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance Other net increases (decreases) Ending balance Retained Earnings Beginning balance Cumulative adjustment related to the adoption of financial instruments-credit losses accounting update accounting update (103) Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley Net increases (decreases) Common stock dividends (651) Other net increases (decreases) Ending balance Seginning balance Seginning balance Seginning balance Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Beginning balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) Ending balance Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost Beginning balance (8,197) Share-based award activity 17 Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance Ending balance (11,198) Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	354 — — 23,782 71,518	292 2,185 7 28,030 78,694	(153) — — — 23,782 70,589
Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance	71,518	7 28,030 78,694	23,782 70,589
Other net increases (decreases) 28,030 Retained Earnings 82,034 Beginning balance 82,034 Cumulative adjustment related to the adoption of financial instruments-credit losses accounting update — Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley 3,511 Preferred stock dividends² (103) Common stock dividends² (651) Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 84,791 Employee Stock Trusts 8 Beginning balance 3,861 Share-based award activity (93) Ending balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) 231 Ending balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 231 Ending balance (8,197) Share-based award activity 17 Reguining balance (8,197) Share-based award activity 17 Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings (3,018) Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Ending	71,518	7 28,030 78,694	70,589
Ending balance 28,030 Retained Earnings 82,034 Cumulative adjustment related to the adoption of financial instruments-credit losses accounting update¹ — Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley 3,511 Preferred stock dividends² (103) Common stock dividends² (651) Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 84,791 Employee Stock Trusts 8 Beginning balance 3,861 Share-based award activity (93) Ending balance 3,768 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) 231 Ending balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 231 Ending balance (2,523) Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost (8,197) Share-based award activity 17 Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings (3,018) Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Ending balance (11,198) Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	71,518	28,030 78,694 —	70,589
Retained Earnings Beginning balance 82,034 Cumulative adjustment related to the adoption of financial instruments-credit losses accounting update¹ — Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley 3,511 Preferred stock dividends² (103) Common stock dividends² (651) Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 84,791 Employee Stock Trusts 8 Beginning balance 3,861 Share-based award activity (93) Ending balance 3,768 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) 231 Beginning balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 231 Ending balance (2,523) Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost 8 Beginning balance (8,197) Share-based award activity 17 Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings (3,018) Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Ending balance (11,198) Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	71,518	78,694 —	70,589
Beginning balance Cumulative adjustment related to the adoption of financial instruments-credit losses accounting update¹ Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley Preferred stock dividends² (103) Common stock dividends² (651) Other net increases (decreases) Ending balance 84,791 Employee Stock Trusts Beginning balance 3,861 Share-based award activity (93) Ending balance 3,768 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Beginning balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) Ending balance (2,523) Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost Beginning balance (8,197) Share-based award activity 17 Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance Ending balance (11,198) Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	_	_	
Cumulative adjustment related to the adoption of financial instruments-credit losses accounting update 1	_	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley 3,511 Preferred stock dividends² (103) Common stock dividends² (651) Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 84,791 Employee Stock Trusts 8 Beginning balance 3,861 Share-based award activity (93) Ending balance 3,768 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) 2 Beginning balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 231 Ending balance (2,523) Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost 8,197) Share-based award activity 17 Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings (3,018) Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Ending balance (11,198) Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	0.400	7 631	(/
Preferred stock dividends² (103) Common stock dividends² (651) Other net increases (decreases) — Ending balance 84,791 Employee Stock Trusts Seginning balance Beginning balance 3,861 Share-based award activity (93) Ending balance 3,768 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) 231 Beginning balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 231 Ending balance (8,197) Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost 8 Beginning balance (8,197) Share-based award activity 17 Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings (3,018) Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Ending balance (11,198) Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	3,196		4,894
Common stock dividends2(651)Other net increases (decreases)—Ending balance84,791Employee Stock TrustsSeginning balanceBeginning balance3,861Share-based award activity(93)Ending balance3,768Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)Beginning balance(2,754)Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)231Ending balance(2,523)Common Stock Held in Treasury at CostSeginning balanceBeginning balance(8,197)Share-based award activity17Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings(3,018)Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance—Ending balance(11,198)Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	(149)	(241)	(257)
Other net increases (decreases)—Ending balance84,791Employee Stock Trusts3,861Beginning balance3,861Share-based award activity(93)Ending balance3,768Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)8Beginning balance(2,754)Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)231Ending balance(2,523)Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost8Beginning balance(8,197)Share-based award activity17Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings(3,018)Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance—Ending balance(11,198)Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	(550)	(1,286)	(1,111)
Ending balance84,791Employee Stock Trusts3,861Beginning balance3,861Share-based award activity(93)Ending balance3,768Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)Beginning balance(2,754)Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)231Ending balance(2,523)Common Stock Held in Treasury at CostBeginning balance(8,197)Share-based award activity17Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings(3,018)Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance—Ending balance(11,198)Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	_	(7)	
Employee Stock TrustsBeginning balance3,861Share-based award activity(93)Ending balance3,768Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)(2,754)Beginning balance(2,754)Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)231Ending balance(2,523)Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost8eginning balanceBeginning balance(8,197)Share-based award activity17Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings(3,018)Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance—Ending balance(11,198)Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	74,015	84,791	74,015
Beginning balance 3,861 Share-based award activity (93) Ending balance 3,768 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Beginning balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 231 Ending balance (2,523) Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost Beginning balance (8,197) Share-based award activity 17 Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings (3,018) Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Ending balance (11,198) Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	,	- , ·	
Share-based award activity Ending balance 3,768 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Beginning balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 231 Ending balance (2,523) Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost Beginning balance (8,197) Share-based award activity 17 Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings (3,018) Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance Ending balance (11,198) Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	3,088	3,043	2,918
Ending balance 3,768 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Beginning balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 231 Ending balance (2,523) Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost Beginning balance (8,197) Share-based award activity 17 Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings (3,018) Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Ending balance (11,198) Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	(70)	725	100
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Beginning balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 231 Ending balance (2,523) Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost Beginning balance (8,197) Share-based award activity 17 Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings (3,018) Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Ending balance (11,198) Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	3,018	3,768	3,018
Beginning balance (2,754) Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) 231 Ending balance (2,523) Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost Beginning balance (8,197) Share-based award activity 17 Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings (3,018) Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Ending balance (11,198) Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	,	,	
Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) Ending balance (2,523) Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost Beginning balance (8,197) Share-based award activity 17 Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance Ending balance (11,198) Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	2,095	(1,962)	(2,788)
Ending balance (2,523) Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost Beginning balance (8,197) Share-based award activity 17 Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings (3,018) Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Ending balance (11,198) Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	(2,094)	(561)	2,789
Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost Beginning balance (8,197) Share-based award activity 17 Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings (3,018) Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Ending balance (11,198) Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	1	(2,523)	1
Share-based award activity Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance Ending balance Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts		<u> </u>	
Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance Ending balance Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts (3,018) (11,198)	(19,721)	(9,767)	(18,727)
Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance Ending balance Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts (3,018) (11,198)	56	1,037	844
Issuance of common stock for the acquisition of Eaton Vance — Ending balance (11,198) Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	(28)	(5,600)	(1,810)
Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts		3,132	
Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts	(19,693)	(11,198)	(19,693)
Beginning balance (3.861)	, ,	•	
		(3,043)	(2,918)
Share-based award activity 93	(3,088)	(725)	(100)
Ending balance (3,768)	(3,088)		(3,018)
Noncontrolling Interests		(3,768)	
Beginning balance 1,329	70	(3,768)	
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests 1	70	1,368	1,148
Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) applicable to noncontrolling interests 1	70 (3,018)		1,148
Other net increases (decreases) (39)	70 (3,018) 1,368	1,368	
Ending balance 1,292	70 (3,018) 1,368 40	1,368 49	122
Total Equity \$ 108,162	70 (3,018) 1,368 40 (87)	1,368 49 (60)	122 51

See Notes 2 and 18 in the 2020 Form 10-K for further information regarding cumulative adjustments for accounting changes.
 See Note 17 for information regarding dividends per share for each class of stock.

Consolidated Cash Flow Statements (Unaudited)

Morgan Stanley

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
\$ in millions	2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 7,680 \$	5,016
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Stock-based compensation expense	1,136	548
Depreciation and amortization	1,944	1,510
Provision for credit losses	(25)	646
Other operating adjustments	(165)	599
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Trading assets, net of Trading liabilities	(1,526)	17,539
Securities borrowed	(14,312)	(285
Securities loaned	1,843	1,987
Customer and other receivables and other assets	(2,360)	(7,789
Customer and other payables and other liabilities	9,917	(1,005
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	20,304	(8,388
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	7,058	(3,352)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	31,494	7,026
	,	-,
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from (payments for):		
Other assets—Premises, equipment and software, net	(1,039)	(782
Changes in loans, net	(17,426)	(8,700
Investment securities:		
Purchases	(40,125)	(33,195
Proceeds from sales	17,546	3,581
Proceeds from paydowns and maturities	24,479	5,616
Cash paid as part of the Eaton Vance acquisition, net of cash acquired	(2,648)	_
Other investing activities	(231)	(138
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	(19,444)	(33,618
	,	, .
Cash flows from financing activities		
Net proceeds from (payments for):		
Other secured financings	(1,107)	332
Deposits	9,643	46,287
Proceeds from issuance of Borrowings	49,100	32,914
Payments for:		
Borrowings	(40,300)	(24,632
Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings	(5,600)	(1,810
Cash dividends	(1,501)	(1,328
Other financing activities	(186)	(164
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities	10,049	51,599
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(1,273)	(902
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	20,826	24,105
Cash and cash equivalents, at beginning of period	105,654	82,171
Cash and cash equivalents, at end of period	\$ 126,480 \$	106,276
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information		
Cash payments for:		
Interest	\$ 881 \$	2,742
Income taxes, net of refunds	2,033	679

1. Introduction and Basis of Presentation

The Firm

Morgan Stanley is a global financial services firm that maintains significant market positions in each of its business segments—Institutional Securities, Wealth Management and Investment Management. Morgan Stanley, through its subsidiaries and affiliates, provides a wide variety of products and services to a large and diversified group of clients and customers, including corporations, governments, financial institutions and individuals. Unless the context otherwise requires, the terms "Morgan Stanley" or the "Firm" mean Morgan Stanley (the "Parent Company") together with its consolidated subsidiaries. See the "Glossary of Common Terms and Acronyms" for the definition of certain terms and acronyms used throughout this Form 10-Q.

A description of the clients and principal products and services of each of the Firm's business segments is as follows:

Institutional Securities provides a variety of products and services to corporations, governments, financial institutions and ultra-high net worth clients. Investment banking services consist of capital raising and financial advisory services, including services relating to the underwriting of debt, equity and other securities, as well as advice on mergers and acquisitions, restructurings and project finance. Our Equity and Fixed Income businesses include sales, financing, prime brokerage, market-making, Asia wealth management services and certain business-related investments. Lending activities include originating corporate loans and commercial real estate loans, providing secured lending facilities, and extending securities-based and other financing to customers. Other activities include research.

Wealth Management provides a comprehensive array of financial services and solutions to individual investors and small to medium-sized businesses and institutions covering: financial advisor-led brokerage and investment advisory services; self-directed brokerage services; financial and wealth planning services; workplace services including stock plan administration; annuity and insurance products; securities-based lending, residential real estate loans and other lending products; banking; and retirement plan services.

Investment Management provides a broad range of investment strategies and products that span geographies, asset classes, and public and private markets to a diverse group of clients across institutional and intermediary channels. Strategies and products, which are offered through a variety of investment vehicles, include equity, fixed income, alternatives and solutions, and liquidity and overlay services. Institutional clients include defined benefit/defined contribution plans, foundations,

Morgan Stanley

endowments, government entities, sovereign wealth funds, insurance companies, third-party fund sponsors and corporations. Individual clients are generally served through intermediaries, including affiliated and non-affiliated distributors.

Basis of Financial Information

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, which requires the Firm to make estimates and assumptions regarding the valuations of certain financial instruments, the valuations of goodwill and intangible assets, the outcome of legal and tax matters, deferred tax assets, ACL, and other matters that affect its financial statements and related disclosures. The Firm believes that the estimates utilized in the preparation of its financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates.

The financial statements reflect the effects of the following reclassifications to prior period amounts. The Provision for credit losses for loans and lending commitments is presented as a separate line in the income statements. Previously, the provision for credit losses for loans was included in Other revenues, and the provision for credit losses for lending commitments was included in Other expenses. In addition, economic hedges of certain held-for-sale and held-for-investment loans, which were previously reported in Trading revenues, are reported in Other revenues.

The Notes are an integral part of the Firm's financial statements. The Firm has evaluated subsequent events for adjustment to or disclosure in these financial statements through the date of this report and has not identified any recordable or disclosable events not otherwise reported in these financial statements or the notes thereto.

The accompanying financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Firm's financial statements and notes thereto included in the 2020 Form 10-K. Certain footnote disclosures included in the 2020 Form 10-K have been condensed or omitted from these financial statements as they are not required for interim reporting under U.S. GAAP. The financial statements reflect all adjustments of a normal, recurring nature that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for the fair presentation of the results for the interim period. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the entire year.

Consolidation

The financial statements include the accounts of the Firm, its wholly owned subsidiaries and other entities in which the Firm has a controlling financial interest, including certain VIEs (see Note 15). Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. For consolidated subsidiaries that are not wholly owned, the third-party holdings of equity interests are referred to as Noncontrolling interests. The net income attributable to Noncontrolling interests for such subsidiaries is

presented as Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests in the income statements. The portion of shareholders' equity that is attributable to noncontrolling interests for such subsidiaries is presented as noncontrolling interests, a component of Total equity, in the balance sheets.

For a discussion of the Firm's significant regulated U.S. and international subsidiaries and its involvement with VIEs, see Note 1 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

For a detailed discussion about the Firm's significant accounting policies and for further information on accounting updates adopted in the prior year, see Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

During the six months ended June 30, 2021 ("current year period"), there were no significant updates to the Firm's significant accounting policies, other than as described below and in Note 1 to the financial statements.

The Firm's acquisition of Eaton Vance Corp. ("Eaton Vance") on March 1, 2021 added indefinite lived intangible assets to the Firm's balance sheet. Indefinite lived intangible assets are not amortized but are tested for impairment on an annual basis and on an interim basis when certain events or circumstances exist. For both the annual and interim tests, the Firm has the option to either (i) perform a quantitative impairment test or (ii) first perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that the asset is impaired, in which case the quantitative test would be performed.

3. Acquisitions

Acquisition of Eaton Vance

On March 1, 2021, the Firm completed the acquisition of 100% of Eaton Vance in a stock and cash transaction, which increases the scale and breadth of the Investment Management business segment. Total consideration for the transaction was approximately \$8.7 billion, which consists of the \$5.3 billion fair value of 69 million common shares issued from Common stock held in treasury and cash of approximately \$3.4 billion.

Upon acquisition, the assets and liabilities of Eaton Vance were adjusted to their respective fair values as of the closing date of the transaction, including the identifiable intangible assets acquired. In addition, the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired has been recorded as goodwill. The fair value estimates used in valuing certain acquired assets and liabilities are based, in part, on inputs that are unobservable. For intangible assets, these include, but are not limited to, forecasted future cash flows, revenue growth rates, attrition rates and discount rates.

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Eaton Vance Purchase Price Allocation

	M	At arch 1,
\$ in millions		2021
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	691
Trading assets at fair value:		
Loans and lending commitments		445
Investments		299
Corporate and other debt		52
Customer and other receivables		331
Goodwill		5,270
Intangible assets		3,956
Other assets		836
Total assets	\$	11,880
Liabilities		
Other secured financings	\$	399
Other liabilities and accrued expenses		2,147
Borrowings		678
Total liabilities	\$	3,224

Acquired Intangible Assets

\$ in millions	Weighted average life (years)	At March 1, 2021	
Non-amortizable			
Management contracts	indefinite	\$ 2,120	
Amortizable			
Customer relationships	16	1,455	
Tradenames	23	221	
Management contracts	16	160	
Total acquired Intangible assets		\$ 3,956	

Eaton Vance Results Included in the Firm's Consolidated Results

\$ in millions	 nths Ended 30, 2021	Six Month June 30	
Net revenues	\$ 535	\$	709
Net income	119		150

^{1.} Reflects Eaton Vance results from March 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021.

Morgan Stanley and Eaton Vance Proforma Combined Financial Information

	Three Months Ended June 30,					hs Ended e 30,
\$ in millions	2021 ¹	2020	2021	2020		
Net revenues	\$ 14,759	\$ 14,076	\$ 30,774	\$ 24,241		
Net income	3,512	3,282	7,780	4,691		

Amounts are the same as those presented in the Consolidated Income Statement for the current quarter.

The proforma financial information presented in the previous table was computed by combining the historical financial information of the Firm and Eaton Vance along with the effects of the acquisition method of accounting for business combinations as though the companies were combined on January 1, 2020.

The proforma information does not reflect the potential benefits of cost and funding synergies, opportunities to earn additional revenues, or other factors, and therefore does not represent what the actual Net revenues and Net income would

have been had the companies actually been combined as of this date.

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of Cash and due from banks and Interest bearing deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments with remaining maturities of three months or less from the acquisition date that are readily convertible to cash and are not held for trading purposes.

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021		At December 31 2020	
Cash and due from banks	\$	8,943	\$	9,792
Interest bearing deposits with banks		117,537		95,862
Total Cash and cash equivalents	\$	126,480	\$	105,654
Restricted cash	\$	41,203	\$	38,202

Cash and cash equivalents also include Restricted cash such as cash segregated in compliance with federal or other regulations, including minimum reserve requirements set by the Federal Reserve Bank and other central banks, and the Firm's initial margin deposited with clearing organizations.

5. Fair Values

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

	At June 30, 2021				
\$ in millions	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting ¹	Total
Assets at fair value					
Trading assets:					
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	\$ 48,097	\$ 28,134	\$ 25	\$ —	\$ 76,256
Other sovereign government obligations	32,496	5,020	78	_	37,594
State and municipal securities	_	2,002	4	_	2,006
MABS	_	1,424	357	_	1,781
Loans and lending commitments ²	_	10,249	4,896	_	15,145
Corporate and other debt	_	31,781	1,801	_	33,582
Corporate equities ³	104,834	508	150	_	105,492
Derivative and other contra	acts:				
Interest rate	1,805	174,122	1,241	_	177,168
Credit	_	7,673	636	_	8,309
Foreign exchange	41	70,710	95	_	70,846
Equity	1,051	68,919	387	_	70,357
Commodity and other	4,932	17,576	2,557	_	25,065
Netting ¹	(6,406)	(250,928)	(975)	(52,481)	(310,790
Total derivative and other contracts	1,423	88,072	3,941	(52,481)	40,955
Investments ⁴	638	571	978	_	2,187
Physical commodities	_	2,106	_	_	2,106
Total trading assets ⁴	187,488	169,867	12,230	(52,481)	317,104
Investment securities—AFS	46,234	46,988	_	_	93,222
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	_	10	_	_	10
Total assets at fair value	\$233,722	\$216,865	\$12,230	\$(52,481)	\$410,336

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		At J	une 30, 2	021	
\$ in millions	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting ¹	Total
Liabilities at fair value					
Deposits	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 2,586	\$ 86	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 2,672
Trading liabilities:					
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	14,504	377	_	_	14,881
Other sovereign government obligations	27,980	2,030	_	_	30,010
Corporate and other debt		12,367	9	_	12,376
Corporate equities ³	73,195	471	50	_	73,716
Derivative and other contra	acts:				
Interest rate	1,855	158,946	573	_	161,374
Credit		8,354	839	_	9,193
Foreign exchange	32	66,144	62	_	66,238
Equity	1,274	79,795	1,224	_	82,293
Commodity and other	4,750	16,103	1,127	_	21,980
Netting ¹	(6,406)	(250,928)	(975)	(44,678)	(302,987)
Total derivative and other contracts	1,505	78,414	2,850	(44,678)	38,091
Total trading liabilities	117,184	93,659	2,909	(44,678)	169,074
Securities sold under		570	440		4 000
agreements to repurchase	_	579	449	_	1,028
Other secured financings	_	6,173	401	_	6,574
Borrowings		73,533	1,975		75,508
Total liabilities at fair value	\$117,184	\$176,530	\$ 5,820	\$(44,678)	\$254,856
		At Dec	ember 31	, 2020	
\$ in millions	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting ¹	Total
Assets at fair value					
Trading assets:					
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	\$ 43,084	\$ 31,524	\$ 9	\$ —	\$ 74,617
Other sovereign government obligations	26,174	5,048	268	_	31,490
State and municipal securities	_	1,135	_	_	1,135
MABS	_	1,070	322	_	1,392
Loans and lending commitments ²	_	5,389	5,759	_	11,148
Corporate and other debt	_	30,093	3.435	_	33,528
Corporate equities ³	111,575	1,142	86	_	112,803
Derivative and other contra		,			,
Interest rate	4,458	227,818	1,210	_	233,486
Credit	,				7,541
	_	6.840	701	_	
Foreign exchange		6,840 93.770	701 260		
Foreign exchange Equity	29 1.132	93,770	260	_ 	94,059
Equity	1,132	93,770 65,943	260 1,369	_ 	94,059 68,444
Equity Commodity and other	1,132 1,818	93,770 65,943 10,108	260 1,369 2,723	— — — — (62,956)	94,059 68,444 14,649
Equity Commodity and other Netting ¹ Total derivative and other	1,132 1,818 (5,488)	93,770 65,943 10,108 (310,534)	260 1,369 2,723 (1,351)	(62,956)	94,059 68,444 14,649 (380,329)
Equity Commodity and other Netting ¹ Total derivative and other contracts	1,132 1,818 (5,488) 1,949	93,770 65,943 10,108 (310,534) 93,945	260 1,369 2,723 (1,351) 4,912	— — — — (62,956)	94,059 68,444 14,649 (380,329) 37,850
Equity Commodity and other Netting ¹ Total derivative and other contracts Investments ⁴	1,132 1,818 (5,488)	93,770 65,943 10,108 (310,534) 93,945 234	260 1,369 2,723 (1,351)		94,059 68,444 14,649 (380,329 37,850 1,686
Equity Commodity and other Netting ¹ Total derivative and other contracts Investments ⁴ Physical commodities	1,132 1,818 (5,488) 1,949 624	93,770 65,943 10,108 (310,534) 93,945 234 3,260	260 1,369 2,723 (1,351) 4,912 828 —	(62,956) — —	94,059 68,444 14,649 (380,329 37,850 1,686 3,260
Equity Commodity and other Netting¹ Total derivative and other contracts Investments⁴ Physical commodities Total trading assets⁴	1,132 1,818 (5,488) 1,949 624 — 183,406	93,770 65,943 10,108 (310,534) 93,945 234 3,260 172,840	260 1,369 2,723 (1,351) 4,912 828 — 15,619		94,059 68,444 14,649 (380,329) 37,850 1,686 3,260 308,909
Equity Commodity and other Netting ¹ Total derivative and other contracts Investments ⁴ Physical commodities Total trading assets ⁴ Investment securities—AFS Securities purchased under	1,132 1,818 (5,488) 1,949 624	93,770 65,943 10,108 (310,534) 93,945 234 3,260 172,840 61,225	260 1,369 2,723 (1,351) 4,912 828 — 15,619 2,804	(62,956) — —	94,059 68,444 14,649 (380,329) 37,850 1,686 3,260 308,909 110,383
Equity Commodity and other Netting¹ Total derivative and other contracts Investments⁴ Physical commodities Total trading assets⁴ Investment securities—AFS	1,132 1,818 (5,488) 1,949 624 — 183,406 46,354	93,770 65,943 10,108 (310,534) 93,945 234 3,260 172,840	260 1,369 2,723 (1,351) 4,912 828 — 15,619 2,804	(62,956) — — (62,956) —	94,059 68,444 14,649 (380,329) 37,850 1,686 3,260 308,909

	At December 31, 2020								
\$ in millions	Level 1 Level 2		Level 3 Netting ¹		Total				
Liabilities at fair value									
Deposits	\$ —	\$ 3,395	\$ 126	\$ —	\$ 3,521				
Trading liabilities:									
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	10,204	1	_	_	10,205				
Other sovereign government obligations	24,209	1,738	16	_	25,963				
Corporate and other debt	_	8,468	_	_	8,468				
Corporate equities ³	67,822	172	63	_	68,057				
Derivative and other contra	acts:								
Interest rate	4,789	213,321	528	_	218,638				
Credit	_	7,500	652	_	8,152				
Foreign exchange	11	94,698	199	_	94,908				
Equity	1,245	81,683	3,600	_	86,528				
Commodity and other	1,758	9,418	1,014	_	12,190				
Netting ¹	(5,488)	(310,534)	(1,351)	(58,105)	(375,478)				
Total derivative and other contracts	2,315	96,086	4,642	(58,105)	44,938				
Total trading liabilities	104,550	106,465	4,721	(58,105)	157,631				
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	_	671	444	_	1,115				
Other secured financings	_	11,185	516	_	11,701				
Borrowings	_	69,327	4,374	_	73,701				
Total liabilities at fair value	\$104,550	\$191,043	\$10,181	\$(58,105)	\$247,669				

MABS—Mortgage- and asset-backed securities

- 1. For positions with the same counterparty that cross over the levels of the fair value hierarchy, both counterparty netting and cash collateral netting are included in the column titled "Netting." Positions classified within the same level that are with the same counterparty are netted within that level. For further information on derivative instruments and hedging activities, see Note 7.
- For a further breakdown by type, see the following Detail of Loans and Lending Commitments at Fair Value table.
- For trading purposes, the Firm holds or sells short equity securities issued by entities in diverse industries and of varying sizes.
- 4. Amounts exclude certain investments that are measured based on NAV per share, which are not classified in the fair value hierarchy. For additional disclosure about such investments, see "Net Asset Value Measurements" herein.

Detail of Loans and Lending Commitments at Fair Value

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	D	At ecember 31, 2020
Corporate	\$ 13	\$	13
Secured lending facilities	666		648
Commercial Real Estate	2,441		916
Residential Real Estate	1,829		2,145
Securities-based lending and Other loans	10,196		7,426
Total	\$ 15,145	\$	11,148

Unsettled Fair Value of Futures Contracts¹

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	Dec	At cember 31, 2020
Customer and other receivables, net	\$ 323	\$	434

These contracts are primarily Level 1, actively traded, valued based on quoted prices from the exchange and are excluded from the previous recurring fair value tables.

For a description of the valuation techniques applied to the Firm's major categories of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, see Note 5 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K. During the current quarter, there were no significant revisions made to the Firm's valuation techniques.

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Rollforward of Level 3 Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

	Т	hree Mor June			Six Mont June	
\$ in millions		2021		2020	2021	2020
U.S. Treasury and agency se	cui	rities				
Beginning balance	\$	12	\$	99	\$ 9	\$ 22
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		44		(3)	59	(20)
Purchases		22		81	25	108
Sales		(68)		(38)	(68)	(23)
Net transfers		15		(42)		10
Ending balance	\$	25	\$	97	\$ 25	\$ 97
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	44	\$	(1)	\$ 58	\$ (21)
Other sovereign governmen	t ok	ligations	5			
Beginning balance	\$	17	\$	17	\$ 268	\$ 5
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		_		(1)	_	_
Purchases		75		_	76	9
Sales		(16)		(3)	(260)	(4)
Net transfers		2		(2)	(6)	1
Ending balance	\$	78	\$		\$ 78	\$ 11
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$		\$	(1)	\$ 	\$
State and municipal securiti	es					
Beginning balance	\$	_	\$	1	\$ _	\$ 1
Purchases		4		_	4	_
Net transfers				(1)	_	(1)
Ending balance	\$	4	\$	_	\$ 4	\$ _
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$
MABS						
Beginning balance	\$	374	\$	483	\$ 322	\$ 438
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		8		11	59	(62)
Purchases		21		274	128	384
Sales		(58)		(401)	(123)	(418)
Net transfers		12		12	(29)	37
Ending balance	\$	357	\$	379	\$ 357	\$ 379
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	6	\$	8	\$ 1	\$ (60)
Loans and lending commitm	ent	s				
Beginning balance	\$	5,045	\$	5,980	\$ 5,759	\$ 5,073
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		22		(2)	3	(119)
Purchases and originations		1,527		808	2,673	1,160
Sales		(1,438)		(672)	(2,569)	(755)
Settlements		(712)		(901)	(933)	(1,508)
Net transfers ¹		452		(1,145)	(37)	217
Ending balance	\$	4,896	\$	4,068	\$ 4,896	\$ 4,068
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	38	\$	5	\$ 9	\$ (116)
Corporate and other debt						
Beginning balance	\$	3,319	\$	1,708	\$ 3,435	\$ 1,396
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		207		55	135	(87)
Purchases and originations		883		2,859	1,413	2,522
Sales		(908)		(1,726)	(1,087)	(861)
Settlements		_		(232)	_	(311)
Net transfers ²		(1,700)		22	(2,095)	27
Ending balance	\$	1,801	\$		\$ 1,801	\$ 2,686
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	264	\$	46	\$ 248	\$ (92)

	٦	Γhree Mor June				Six Montl June		
\$ in millions		2021		2020		2021		2020
Corporate equities								
Beginning balance	\$	114	\$	146	\$	86	\$	97
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		12		(12)		26		(100)
Purchases		25		13		50		24
Sales		(36)		(25)		(38)		(127)
Net transfers		35		(39)		26		189
Ending balance	\$	150	\$	83	\$	150	\$	83
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	15	\$	(9)	÷	28	\$	(91)
Investments	_		Ψ	(0)	Ť		<u> </u>	(01)
Beginning balance	\$	924	\$	725	\$	828	\$	858
Realized and unrealized								
gains (losses)		47		(23)		107		(49)
Purchases		28		14		92		17
Sales		(9)		(11)		(24)		(20)
Net transfers		(12)		54		(25)		(47)
Ending balance	\$	978	\$	759	\$	978	\$	759
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	47	\$	(22)	\$	94	\$	(50)
Investment securities —AF	s							
Beginning balance	\$	127	\$	_	\$	2,804	\$	_
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		_		_		(4)		_
Sales		(11)		_		(203)		_
Net transfers ³		(116)				(2,597)		
Ending balance	\$	(1.10)	\$		\$	(2,00.)	\$	
Unrealized gains (losses)	<u> </u>		\$		\$		\$	
Securities purchased unde		reements		resell	Ψ_		Ψ	
Beginning balance	. ug	_	\$	_	\$	3	\$	_
Net transfers	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	(3)	Ψ	
Ending balance	\$		\$		\$	(0)	\$	
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Net derivatives: Interest rat			Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
Beginning balance	\$	691	\$	873	\$	682	\$	777
Realized and unrealized	Ψ	031	Ψ	0/3	Ψ	002	Ψ	- 111
gains (losses)		(43)		(126)		(388)		70
Purchases		41		11		57		129
Issuances		(52)		(24)		(66)		(27)
Settlements		18		(12)		103		(26)
Net transfers		13		38		280		(163)
Ending balance	\$	668	\$	760	\$	668	\$	760
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	(40)	÷	(160)		(370)		27
Net derivatives: Credit	Ψ	(40)	Ψ	(100)	Ψ	(010)	Ψ	
Beginning balance	\$	(82)	Ф	198	\$	49	\$	124
Realized and unrealized	Ψ	(02)	Ψ	130	Ψ	43	Ψ	124
gains (losses)		(88)		(74)		(75)		(60)
Purchases		17		13		25		44
Issuances		(24)		(22)		(38)		(39)
Settlements		36		54		(60)		102
Net transfers		(62)		(38)		(104)		(40)
Ending balance	\$	(203)		131	\$	(203)	\$	131
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$ \$		-				-	
Omeanzed gains (1055es)	Ą	(76)	Φ	(143)	Ψ	(75)	Ψ	(63)

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	Tł	nree Mor June			Six Months Ended June 30,			
\$ in millions		2021		2020	2021	2020	_	
Net derivatives: Foreign exc	han	ge					_	
Beginning balance	\$	(110)	\$	(150) \$	61	\$ (3	1)	
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		96		122	(26)	94	4	
Purchases		2		_	4		3	
Issuances		_		_	(2)	(9	9)	
Settlements		1		2	(67)	(11	1)	
Net transfers		44		43	63	(29	9)	
Ending balance	\$	33	\$	17 \$	33	\$ 17	7	
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	(49)	\$	44 \$	25	\$ 35	5	
Net derivatives: Equity								
Beginning balance	\$	(2,117)	\$	(1,376) \$	(2,231)	\$ (1,684	4)	
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		283		(135)	344	18	1	
Purchases		28		149	71	237	7	
Issuances		(143)		(391)	(461)	(595	5)	
Settlements		105		10	5	(52	2)	
Net transfers ²		1,007		(141)	1,435	29	9	
Ending balance	\$	(837)	\$	(1,884) \$	(837)	\$ (1,884	4)	
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	(36)	\$	(156) \$	(25)	\$ (4	4)	
Net derivatives: Commodity	and	other						
Beginning balance	\$	1,944	\$	1,849 \$	1,709	\$ 1,612	2	
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		122		338	348	448	8	
Purchases		_		3	10	2	1	
Issuances		_		(2)	(13)	(17	7)	
Settlements		(170)		(119)	(222)	7	7	
Net transfers		(466)		18	(402)	16	ô	
Ending balance	\$	1,430	\$	2,087 \$	1,430	\$ 2,087	7	
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$	(63)	\$	182 \$	69	\$ 257	7_	
Deposits								
Beginning balance	\$	177	\$	117 \$	126	\$ 179	9	
Realized and unrealized losses (gains)		4		6	2	3	3	
Settlements		(2)		(4)	(2)	(9	9)	
Net transfers		(93)		(29)	(40)	(83	3)	
Ending balance	\$	86	\$	90 \$	86	\$ 90	J	
Unrealized losses (gains)	\$	4	\$	7 \$	2	\$ 3	3_	
Nonderivative trading liability	ties							
Beginning balance	\$	62	\$	64 \$	79	\$ 37	7	
Realized and unrealized losses (gains)		(4)		5	4	(10	0)	
Purchases		(38)		(42)	(43)	(45	5)	
Sales		16		24	16	22	2	
Settlements				_	_		3	
Net transfers		23		23	3	67	7_	
Ending balance	\$	59	\$	74 \$		\$ 74	4	
Unrealized losses (gains)	\$	(2)		5 \$	4	\$ (10	<u>)</u>	
Securities sold under agree Beginning balance	men \$	ts to rep 441	uro \$	chase — \$	444	\$ –	_	
Realized and unrealized losses (gains)		8		(31)	6	(3.	1)	
Issuances		_		471	_	47	_	
Net transfers		_		_	(1)	_	_	
Ending balance	\$	449	\$	440 \$		\$ 440	— 0	
Unrealized losses (gains)	\$	8	\$	(31) \$		\$ (3	1)	
							_	

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months June 3			
\$ in millions		2021		2020		2021		2020
Other secured financings								
Beginning balance	\$	555	\$	389	\$	516	\$	109
Realized and unrealized losses (gains)		9		_		4		(12)
Issuances		37		5		407		7
Settlements		(176)		(88)		(498)		(203)
Net transfers		(24)		(6)		(28)		399
Ending balance	\$	401	\$	300	\$	401	\$	300
Unrealized losses (gains)	\$	10	\$	_	\$	4	\$	(12)
Borrowings								
Beginning balance	\$	4,262	\$	3,998	\$	4,374	\$	4,088
Realized and unrealized losses (gains)		125		500		36		(202)
Issuances		146		385		276		766
Settlements		(217)		(92)		(326)		(283)
Net transfers ²		(2,341)		(656)		(2,385)		(234)
Ending balance	\$	1,975	\$	4,135	\$	1,975	\$	4,135
Unrealized losses (gains)	\$	121	\$	496	\$	29	\$	(200)
Portion of Unrealized losses (gains) recorded in OCI— Change in net DVA		(4)		281		(8)		(125)

- 1. Net transfers in the prior year periods reflect the largely offsetting impacts of the transfer in of \$857 million of equity margin loans in the first quarter of the prior year and transfers out of \$707 million of equity margin loans in the prior year quarter. The loans were transferred into Level 3 in the first quarter of the prior year as the significance of the margin loan rate input increased as a result of reduced liquidity, and transferred out of Level 3 in the prior year quarter as liquidity conditions improved, reducing the significance of the input.
- Net transfers from Level 3 to Level 2 in the current quarter reflect \$2.0 billion of Corporate and Other Debt, \$1.0 billion of net Equity derivatives, and \$2.2 billion of Borrowings as the unobservable inputs were not significant to the overall fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021.
- Net transfers in the current year period also reflect the transfer in the first quarter of \$2.5 billion of AFS securities from Level 3 to Level 2 due to increased trading activity and observability of pricing inputs.

Level 3 instruments may be hedged with instruments classified in Level 1 and Level 2. The realized and unrealized gains or losses for assets and liabilities within the Level 3 category presented in the previous tables do not reflect the related realized and unrealized gains or losses on hedging instruments that have been classified by the Firm within the Level 1 and/or Level 2 categories.

The unrealized gains (losses) during the period for assets and liabilities within the Level 3 category may include changes in fair value during the period that were attributable to both observable and unobservable inputs. Total realized and unrealized gains (losses) are primarily included in Trading revenues in the income statements.

Additionally, in the previous tables, consolidations of VIEs are included in Purchases, and deconsolidations of VIEs are included in Settlements.

Significant Unobservable Inputs Used in Recurring and Nonrecurring Level 3 Fair Value Measurements

Valuation Techniques and Unobservable Inputs

	Balance / Ran	ge (Average ¹)
\$ in millions, except inputs	At June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020
Assets at Fair Value of	on a Recurring Basis	
Other sovereign government obligations	\$ 78	\$ 268
Comparable pricing:		
Bond price	132 to 153 points (143 points)	106 points
MABS	\$ 357	\$ 322
Comparable pricing:		
Bond price	0 to 81 points (55 points)	0 to 80 points (50 points)
Loans and lending commitments	\$ 4,896	\$ 5,759
Margin loan model:		
Margin loan rate	0% to 4% (2%)	1% to 5% (3%)
Comparable pricing:		
I	75 to 101 points (98	75 to 102 points (93
Loan price	points)	points
Corporate and other debt	\$ 1,801	\$ 3,435
Comparable pricing:		
Bond price	90 to 102 points (98 points)	10 to 133 points (101 points)
Discounted cash flow:	F	F
Recovery rate	40% to 62% (46% / 40%)	40% to 62% (46% / 40%)
Option model:	,	
Equity volatility	37% to 47% (41%)	18% to 21% (19%)
Corporate equities	\$ 150	\$ 86
Comparable pricing:		
Equity price	100%	100%
Investments	\$ 978	\$ 828
Discounted cash flow:		
WACC	10% to 16% (15%)	8% to 18% (15%)
Exit multiple	8 to 17 times (12 times)	7 to 17 times (12 times)
Market approach:		
EBITDA multiple	8 to 40 times (10 times)	8 to 32 times (11 times)
Comparable pricing:		
Equity price	43% to 100% (99%)	45% to 100% (99%)
Investment securities —AFS	s —	\$ 2,804
Comparable pricing:		97 to 107 points (101
Bond price	N/A	97 to 107 points (101 points)
Net derivative and other contracts:		
Interest rate	\$ 668	\$ 682
Option model:		
IR volatility skew	25% to 104% (60% / 59%)	0% to 349% (62% / 59%)
IR curve correlation	69% to 98% (84% / 83%)	54% to 99% (87% / 89%)
Bond volatility	4% to 25% (10% / 6%)	6% to 24% (13% / 13%)
Inflation volatility	25% to 66% (45% / 43%)	25% to 66% (45% / 43%)
IR curve	1% to 2% (2%)	1%

	Balance / Ran	ge (Average ¹)
\$ in millions, except inputs	At June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020
Credit	\$ (203)	\$ 49
Credit default swap mo	del:	
Cash-synthetic basis	7 points	7 points
Bond price	0 to 85 points (46 points)	0 to 85 points (47 points)
Credit spread	14 to 474 bps (90 bps)	20 to 435 bps (74 bps)
Funding spread	21 to 95 bps (62 bps)	65 to 118 bps (86 bps)
Correlation model:		
Credit correlation	26% to 42% (29%)	27% to 44% (32%)
Foreign exchange ²	\$ 33	\$ 61
Option model:		
IR - FX correlation	53% to 57% (55% 55%)	55% to 59% (56% / 56%)
IR volatility skew	25% to 104% (60% / 59%)	0% to 349% (62% / 59%)
IR curve	6% to 7% (7% / 7%)	6% to 8% (7% / 8%)
Foreign exchange volatility skew	-6% to -3% (-5% / -5%)	-22% to 28% (3% / 1%)
Contingency probability	95%	50% to 95% (83% / 93%)
Equity ²	\$ (837)	
Option model:		
Equity volatility	5% to 91% (23%)	16% to 97% (43%)
Equity volatility skew	-3% to 0% (-1%)	-3% to 0% (-1%)
Equity correlation	35% to 98% (68%)	24% to 96% (74%)
FX correlation	-85% to 65% (-35%)	-79% to 60% (-16%)
IR correlation	15% to 40% (38%)	-13% to 47% (21% / 20%)
Commodity and		
other	\$ 1,430	\$ 1,709
Option model:		
Forward power price	\$-1 to \$258 (\$33) per MWh	\$-1 to \$157 (\$28) per MWh
Commodity volatility	8% to 176% (19%)	8% to 183% (19%)
Cross-commodity correlation	43% to 100% (94%)	43% to 99% (92%)
Liabilities Measured a	t Fair Value on a Recurring	Basis
Deposits	\$ 86	\$ 126
Option model:		
Equity volatility	7%	7% to 22% (8%)
Nonderivative trading liabilities —Corporate		
equities	\$ 50	\$ 63
Comparable pricing:		
Equity price	100%	100%
Securities sold		
under agreements to repurchase	\$ 449	\$ 444
Discounted cash flow:		
Funding spread	100 to 116 bps (111 bps)	107 to 127 bps (115 bps)
Other secured financings	\$ 401	\$ 516
Discounted cash flow:		
Funding spread	N/A	111 bps (111 bps)
Comparable pricing:	30 to 101 nainta /02	30 to 101 points /FC
Loan price	30 to 101 points (82 points)	30 to 101 points (56 points)

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	Balance / Range (Average ¹)						
\$ in millions, except inputs	At June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020					
Borrowings	\$ 1,975	\$ 4,374					
Option model:							
Equity volatility	7% to 61% (17%)	6% to 66% (23%)					
Equity volatility skew	-1% to 0% (0%)	-2% to 0% (0%)					
Equity correlation	39% to 95% (81%)	37% to 95% (78%)					
Equity - FX correlation	-32% to 10% (-23%)	-72% to 13% (-24%)					
IR FX Correlation	-28% to 7% (-5% / -5%)	-28% to 6% (-6% / -6%)					
Discounted cash flow:							
Recovery rate	40% to 62% (46% / 40%)	N/M					
Nonrecurring Fair Val	ue Measurement						
Loans	\$ 1,202	\$ 3,134					
Corporate loan model:							
Credit spread	45 to 526 bps (237 bps)	36 to 636 bps (336 bps)					
Comparable pricing:							
Loan price	40 to 88 points (76 points)	N/M					
Warehouse model:							
Credit spread	217 to 309 bps (291 bps)	200 to 413 bps (368 bps)					
Comparable pricing:							
Bond Price	N/A	88 to 99 bps (94 bps)					

Points—Percentage of par IR—Interest rate

FX—Foreign exchange

- A single amount is disclosed for range and average when there is no significant difference between the minimum, maximum and average. Amounts represent weighted averages except where simple averages and the median of the inputs are more relevant.
- 2. Includes derivative contracts with multiple risks (i.e., hybrid products).

The previous tables provide information on the valuation techniques, significant unobservable inputs, and the ranges and averages for each major category of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring and nonrecurring basis with a significant Level 3 balance. The level of aggregation and breadth of products cause the range of inputs to be wide and not evenly distributed across the inventory of financial instruments. Further, the range of unobservable inputs may differ across firms in the financial services industry because of diversity in the types of products included in each firm's inventory. Generally, there are no predictable relationships between multiple significant unobservable inputs attributable to a given valuation technique.

For a description of the Firm's significant unobservable inputs and qualitative information about the effect of hypothetical changes in the values of those inputs, see Note 5 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K. During the current quarter, there were no significant revisions made to the descriptions of the Firm's significant unobservable inputs.

Net Asset Value Measurements

Fund Interests

	At June 30, 2021				At Decemb	er 3	31, 2020
\$ in millions	Carrying Value	Co	ommitment		Carrying Value	Co	ommitment
Private equity	\$ 2,448	\$	576	\$	2,367	\$	644
Real estate	1,518		216		1,403		136
Hedge ¹	75		3		59		_
Total	\$ 4,041	\$	795	\$	3,829	\$	780

 Investments in hedge funds may be subject to initial period lock-up or gate provisions, which restrict an investor from withdrawing from the fund during a certain initial period or restrict the redemption amount on any redemption date, respectively.

Amounts in the previous table represent the Firm's carrying value of general and limited partnership interests in fund investments, as well as any related performance-based income in the form of carried interest. The carrying amounts are measured based on the NAV of the fund taking into account the distribution terms applicable to the interest held. This same measurement applies whether the fund investments are accounted for under the equity method or fair value.

For a description of the Firm's investments in private equity funds, real estate funds and hedge funds, which are measured based on NAV, see Note 5 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

See Note 14 for information regarding general partner guarantees, which include potential obligations to return performance fee distributions previously received. See Note 20 for information regarding unrealized carried interest at risk of reversal.

Nonredeemable Funds by Contractual Maturity

Carrying	Value	at June	30,	2021
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\$ in millions	 Private Equity	Real Estate						
Less than 5 years	\$ 1,148 \$	434						
5-10 years	1,087	401						
Over 10 years	213	683						
Total	\$ 2,448 \$	1,518						

Nonrecurring Fair Value Measurements

Carrying and Fair Values

		At June 30, 2021						
			Fa	ir Value				
\$ in millions	L	evel 2	L	evel 3 ¹		Total		
Assets								
Loans	\$	3,787	\$	1,202	\$	4,989		
Other assets—Other investments		_		79		79		
Total	\$	3,787	\$	1,281	\$	5,068		
Liabilities								
Other liabilities and accrued expenses— Lending commitments	\$	154	\$	69	\$	223		
Total	\$	154	\$	69	\$	223		

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		At December 31, 2020					
			Fa	ir Value			
\$ in millions	L	evel 2	L	evel 3 ¹		Total	
Assets							
Loans	\$	2,566	\$	3,134	\$	5,700	
Other assets—Other investments	\$	_	\$	16	\$	16	
Other assets—ROU assets		21		_		21	
Total	\$	2,587	\$	3,150	\$	5,737	
Liabilities							
Other liabilities and accrued expenses— Lending commitments	\$	193	\$	72	\$	265	
Total	\$	193	\$	72	\$	265	

 For significant Level 3 balances, refer to "Significant Unobservable Inputs Used in Recurring and Nonrecurring Level 3 Fair Value Measurements" section herein for details of the significant unobservable inputs used for nonrecurring fair value measurement.

Gains (Losses) from Fair Value Remeasurements¹

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,			
\$ in millions	2	021		2020	2021		2020		
Assets									
Loans ²	\$	(38)	\$	(13)	\$	(55)	\$	(488)	
Goodwill		_		_		(8)		_	
Intangibles		(1)		_		(3)		_	
Other assets—Other investments ³		(2)		(52)		(53)		(52)	
Other assets—Premises, equipment and software ⁴		(2)		(3)		(4)		(6)	
Total	\$	(43)	\$	(68)	\$	(123)	\$	(546)	
Liabilities									
Other liabilities and accrued expenses—Lending commitments ²	\$	5	\$	130	\$	40	\$	(88)	
Total	\$	5	\$	130	\$	40	\$	(88)	

- Gains and losses for Loans and Other assets—Other investments are classified in Other revenues. For other items, gains and losses are recorded in Other revenues if the item is held for sale; otherwise, they are recorded in Other expenses.
- 2. Nonrecurring changes in the fair value of loans and lending commitments were calculated as follows: for the held-for-investment category, based on the value of the underlying collateral; and for the held-for-sale category, based on recently executed transactions, market price quotations, valuation models that incorporate market observable inputs where possible, such as comparable loan or debt prices and CDS spread levels adjusted for any basis difference between cash and derivative instruments, or default recovery analysis where such transactions and quotations are unobservable.
- Losses related to Other assets—Other investments were determined using techniques that included discounted cash flow models, methodologies that incorporate multiples of certain comparable companies and recently executed transactions.
- Losses related to Other assets—Premises, equipment and software generally include impairments as well as write-offs related to the disposal of certain assets.

Financial Instruments Not Measured at Fair Value

	At June 30, 2021							
		Carrying		Fair \	/alue	ılue		
\$ in millions		Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	126,480	\$126,480	\$ —	\$ —	\$126,480		
Investment securities— HTM		82,120	30,623	51,282	972	82,877		
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		95,920	_	94,399	1,526	95,925		
Securities borrowed		126,703	_	126,703	_	126,703		
Customer and other receivables		97,370	_	94,071	3,218	97,289		
Loans ¹		166,059	_	21,535	145,503	167,038		
Other assets		504	_	504	_	504		
Financial liabilities								
Deposits	\$	317,686	\$ —	\$318,107	\$ —	\$318,107		
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		56,617	_	56,666	_	56,666		
Securities loaned		9,574	_	9,575	_	9,575		
Other secured financings		4,658	_	4,661	_	4,661		
Customer and other payables		233,810	_	233,810	_	233,810		
Borrowings		148,634	_	155,115	5	155,120		
		mmitment Amount						
Lending commitments ²	\$	137,508	\$ —	\$ 680	\$ 406	\$ 1,086		

	At December 31, 2020								
		Carrying Fair Value							
\$ in millions		Value	Level 1	L	evel 2	L	evel 3		Total
Financial assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	105,654	\$105,654	\$	_	\$	_	\$1	05,654
Investment securities— HTM		71,771	31,239		42,281		900		74,420
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		116,219	_	1	14,046		2,173	1	16,219
Securities borrowed		112,391	_	1	12,392		_	1	12,392
Customer and other receivables		92,907	_		89,832		3,041		92,873
Loans ¹		150,597	_		16,635	13	35,277	1	51,912
Other assets		485	_		485		_		485
Financial liabilities									
Deposits	\$	307,261	\$ —	\$:	307,807	\$	_	\$3	07,807
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		49,472	_		49,315		195		49,510
Securities loaned		7,731	_		7,731		_		7,731
Other secured financings		4,162	_		4,162		_		4,162
Customer and other payables		224,951	_	2	24,951		_	2	24,951
Borrowings		143,378	_	1	50,824		5	1	50,829
		mmitment Amount							
Lending commitments ²	\$	125,498	\$ —	\$	709	\$	395	\$	1,104

^{1.} Amounts include loans measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis.

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The previous tables exclude all non-financial assets and liabilities, such as the value of the long-term relationships with the Firm's deposit customers, and certain financial instruments such as equity method investments and certain receivables.

6. Fair Value Option

The Firm has elected the fair value option for certain eligible instruments that are risk managed on a fair value basis to mitigate income statement volatility caused by measurement basis differences between the elected instruments and their associated risk management transactions or to eliminate complexities of applying certain accounting models.

Borrowings Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021		At December 31, 2020	
Business Unit Responsible for Risk M	lanag	jement		
Equity	\$	35,924	\$	33,952
Interest rates		29,684		31,222
Commodities		6,373		5,078
Credit		1,211		1,344
Foreign exchange		2,316		2,105
Total	\$	75,508	\$	73,701

Net Revenues from Borrowings under the Fair Value Option

	Three Months June 30		Six Months E June 30	
\$ in millions	2021	2020 2021		2020
Trading revenues	\$ (2,931) \$	(3,439) \$	(446) \$	8
Interest expense	84	81	157	164
Net revenues ¹	\$ (3,015) \$	(3,520) \$	(603) \$	(156)

^{1.} Amounts do not reflect any gains or losses from related economic hedges.

Gains (losses) from changes in fair value are recorded in Trading revenues and are mainly attributable to movements in the reference price or index, interest rates or foreign exchange rates.

Gains (Losses) Due to Changes in Instrument-Specific Credit Risk

	Three Months Ended June 30,					
		2021				
	Tra	iding		Trading		
\$ in millions	Rev	enues	OCI	Revenues	OCI	
Loans and other debt ¹	\$	95	· —	\$ (40) \$	<u> </u>	
Lending commitments		1	_	(1)	_	
Deposits		_	10	_	(63)	
Borrowings		(10)	237	(1)	(3,237)	

Represents Lending commitments accounted for as Held for Investment and Held for Sale. For a further discussion on lending commitments, see Note 14.

	Six Months Ended June 30,							
		2021	l		2020			
\$ in millions		ading renues	OCI		Trading evenues	OCI		
Loans and other debt1	\$	253	\$ -	- \$	(239) \$	_		
Lending commitments		1	-	_	1	_		
Deposits		_		9	_	9		
Borrowings		(27)	42	2	(6)	1,711		

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020
Cumulative pre-tax DVA gain (loss) recognized in AOCI	\$ (2,926)	\$ (3,357)

Loans and other debt instrument-specific credit gains (losses) were determined by excluding the non-credit components of gains and losses.

Difference Between Contractual Principal and Fair Value¹

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020		
Loans and other debt ²	\$ 13,124	\$	14,042	
Nonaccrual loans ²	10,883		11,551	
Borrowings ³	(2,298)		(3,773)	

- 1. Amounts indicate contractual principal greater than or (less than) fair value.
- The majority of the difference between principal and fair value amounts for loans and other debt relates to distressed debt positions purchased at amounts well below par.
- 3. Excludes borrowings where the repayment of the initial principal amount fluctuates based on changes in a reference price or index.

The previous tables exclude non-recourse debt from consolidated VIEs, liabilities related to transfers of financial assets treated as collateralized financings, pledged commodities and other liabilities that have specified assets attributable to them.

Fair Value Loans on Nonaccrual Status

\$ in millions		At June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020				
Nonaccrual loans	\$	770	\$	1,407			
Nonaccrual loans 90 or more days past due	\$	203	\$	239			

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7. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

Fair Values of Derivative Contracts

	Assets at June 30, 2021								
0: ""	В	Bilateral OTC	Cleared Exchang		change-		Total		
\$ in millions		OIC		OTC Traded			iotai		
Designated as accounting hed	٠.				_		_		
Interest rate	\$	654	\$	11	\$	_	\$	665	
Foreign exchange		219		18				237	
Total		873		29				902	
Not designated as accounting	hed	ges							
Economic loan hedges									
Credit		1		16		_		17	
Other derivatives									
Interest rate	•	168,475	7	,702		326		176,503	
Credit		5,356	2	,936		_		8,292	
Foreign exchange		69,108	1	,425		76		70,609	
Equity		32,308		_		38,049		70,357	
Commodity and other		18,601		_		6,464		25,065	
Total	2	293,849	12	,079		44,915		350,843	
Total gross derivatives	\$2	294,722	\$12	,108	\$	44,915	\$	351,745	
Amounts offset									
Counterparty netting	(2	212,181)	(10	,000)		(41,074)	(263,255)	
Cash collateral netting		(45,922)	(1	,613)		_		(47,535)	
Total in Trading assets	\$	36,619	\$	495	\$	3,841	\$	40,955	
Amounts not offset ¹									
Financial instruments collateral		(12,680)						(12,680)	
Net amounts	\$	23,939	\$	495	\$	3,841	\$	28,275	
Net amounts for which master ne not in place or may not be legal				agre	eme	ents are	\$	4,132	

	Liabilities at June 30, 2021								l
\$ in millions	Е	Bilateral OTC			ared TC		xchange- Traded	Total	
Designated as accounting hed	ges	;							
Interest rate	\$	_	-	\$	5	\$	_	\$	5
Foreign exchange		5	j		15		_		20
Total		5	,		20		_		25
Not designated as accounting	hec	lges							
Economic loan hedges									
Credit		15	į		246		_		261
Other derivatives									
Interest rate		154,804	ŀ	6	3,154		411		161,369
Credit		5,428	į	3	3,504		_		8,932
Foreign exchange		64,788	i	1	,333		97		66,218
Equity		43,053	5		_		39,240		82,293
Commodity and other		15,510)		_		6,470		21,980
Total	:	283,598	3	11	,237		46,218		341,053
Total gross derivatives	\$:	283,603	,	\$11	,257	\$	46,218	\$	341,078
Amounts offset									
Counterparty netting	(2	212,181)	(10	,000)		(41,074)	(263,255
Cash collateral netting		(38,774)		(958)		_		(39,732)
Total in Trading liabilities	\$	32,648	3	\$	299	\$	5,144	\$	38,091
Amounts not offset ¹									
Financial instruments collateral		(6,634)		_		(1,103)		(7,737)
Net amounts	\$	26,014		\$	299	\$	4,041	\$	30,354
Net amounts for which master no not in place or may not be lega					l agre	em	ents are		7,394

	Assets at December 31, 20										
\$ in millions	Bilateral OTC	Cleared OTC	E	xchange- Traded	Total						
Designated as accounting hed		010		Tradou	Total						
Interest rate	\$ 946	\$ 2	\$	_	\$ 948						
Foreign exchange	5	2		_	7						
Total	951	4		_	955						
Not designated as accounting	hedges										
Economic Ioan hedges	-										
Credit ¹	2	51		_	53						
Other derivatives											
Interest rate	221,895	10,343		300	232,538						
Credit ¹	5,341	2,147		_	7,488						
Foreign exchange	92,334	1,639		79	94,052						
Equity	34,278	_		34,166	68,444						
Commodity and other	11,095	_		3,554	14,649						
Total	364,945	14,180		38,099	417,224						
Total gross derivatives	\$365,896	\$14,184	\$	38,099	\$418,179						
Amounts offset											
Counterparty netting	(276.682)	(11,601)		(35,260)	(323,543						
Cash collateral netting	(54,921)			_	(56,786						
Total in Trading assets	\$ 34,293	\$ 718	\$	2.839	\$ 37,850						
Amounts not offset ²	Ψ 0., <u>2</u> 00	Ψ	_	2,000	Ψ 0.,000						
Financial instruments collateral	(13,319)	_		_	(13,319						
Other cash collateral	(391)				(391						
Net amounts	\$ 20,583	\$ 718	\$	2,839	\$ 24,140						
		•	_		Ψ 21,110						
not in place or may not be legal	Net amounts for which master netting or collateral agreements are not in place or may not be legally enforceable \$3,743										
Liabilities at December 31, 2020											
	Liabi	lities at D	ec	ember 31,	2020						
\$ in millions	Bilateral	Cleared		xchange-							
	Bilateral OTC				2020 Total						
\$ in millions Designated as accounting hed Interest rate	Bilateral OTC	Cleared OTC	E	xchange-	Total						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate	Bilateral OTC ges \$ —	Cleared OTC \$ 19		xchange-	Total \$ 19						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange	Bilateral OTC ges \$ — 291	Cleared OTC \$ 19 99	E	xchange-	Total \$ 19						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total	Bilateral OTC ges \$ — 291	Cleared OTC \$ 19	E	xchange-	Total \$ 19						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting	Bilateral OTC ges \$ — 291	Cleared OTC \$ 19 99	E	xchange-	Total \$ 19						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic loan hedges	Bilateral OTC ges \$ — 291 291 hedges	Cleared OTC \$ 19 99 118	E	xchange-	Total \$ 19 390 409						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic loan hedges Credit ¹	Bilateral OTC ges \$ — 291	Cleared OTC \$ 19 99	E	xchange-	Total \$ 19 390 409						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic loan hedges Credit ¹ Other derivatives	Bilateral OTC ges \$ — 291 291 hedges	\$ 19 99 118	E	xchange- Traded — — — — — —	Total \$ 19 390 409						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic loan hedges Credit¹ Other derivatives Interest rate	Bilateral OTC ges \$ — 291 291 hedges	Cleared OTC \$ 19 99 118	E	xchange-	Total \$ 19 390 409 195 218,619						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic loan hedges Credit¹ Other derivatives Interest rate Credit¹	Bilateral OTC ges \$ —	\$ 19 99 118 177 7,965 2,682	E	xchange- Traded — — — — — — — 639 —	Total \$ 19 390 409 195 218,619 7,957						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic loan hedges Credit ¹ Other derivatives Interest rate Credit ¹ Foreign exchange	Bilateral OTC ges	\$ 19 99 118 177 7,965	E	xchange- Traded — — — — — 639 — 43	Total \$ 15 390 405 195 218,615 7,957 94,518						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic loan hedges Credit ¹ Other derivatives Interest rate Credit ¹ Foreign exchange Equity	Bilateral OTC ges	\$ 19 99 118 177 7,965 2,682	E	xchange- Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — 43 — — 43 — 36,585	Total \$ 15 390 405 195 218,615 7,957 94,518 86,526						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic loan hedges Credit ¹ Other derivatives Interest rate Credit ¹ Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other	Bilateral OTC ges \$ —	\$ 19 99 118 177 7,965 2,682 1,500 —	E	xchange- Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Total \$ 19 390 409 195 218,619 7,957 94,518 86,528 12,190						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic loan hedges Credit ¹ Other derivatives Interest rate Credit ¹ Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other	Bilateral OTC ges \$ —	\$ 19 99 118 177 7,965 2,682 1,500 — 12,324	\$	xchange- Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Total \$ 19 390 409 195 218,619 7,957 94,518 86,528 12,190 420,007						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic loan hedges Credit ¹ Other derivatives Interest rate Credit ¹ Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total Total gross derivatives	Bilateral OTC ges \$ —	\$ 19 99 118 177 7,965 2,682 1,500 —	E	xchange- Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Total						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic loan hedges Credit¹ Other derivatives Interest rate Credit¹ Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total Total gross derivatives Amounts offset	Bilateral OTC ges \$ —	\$ 19 99 118 177 7,965 2,682 1,500 — 12,324 \$12,442	\$	ckhange- Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Total \$ 15 390 405 195 218,615 7,957 94,518 86,528 12,190 420,007 \$ 420,416						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic loan hedges Credit¹ Other derivatives Interest rate Credit¹ Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total Total gross derivatives Amounts offset Counterparty netting	Bilateral OTC ges \$ — 291 291 hedges 18 210,015 5,275 92,975 49,943 8,831 367,057 \$ 367,348	\$ 19 99 118 177 7,965 2,682 1,500 — 12,324 \$12,442 (11,601)	\$	xchange- Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Total \$ 15 390 405 195 218,615 7,957 94,518 86,528 12,190 420,007 \$ 420,416						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic loan hedges Credit¹ Other derivatives Interest rate Credit¹ Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total Total gross derivatives Amounts offset Cosh collateral netting	Bilateral OTC ges \$ —	\$ 19 99 118 177 7,965 2,682 1,500 — 12,324 \$12,442 (11,601) (823)	\$	Achange-Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Total \$ 15 390 405 195 218,615 7,957 94,516 86,526 12,190 420,007 \$ 420,416 (323,543 (51,935						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic loan hedges Credit¹ Other derivatives Interest rate Credit¹ Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total Total gross derivatives Amounts offset Counterparty netting Cash collateral netting Total in Trading liabilities	Bilateral OTC ges \$ — 291 291 hedges 18 210,015 5,275 92,975 49,943 8,831 367,057 \$ 367,348	\$ 19 99 118 177 7,965 2,682 1,500 — 12,324 \$12,442 (11,601)	\$	ckhange- Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Total \$ 15 390 405 196 218,615 7,957 94,516 86,526 12,190 420,007 \$ 420,416 (323,543 (51,935						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic loan hedges Credit¹ Other derivatives Interest rate Credit¹ Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total Total gross derivatives Amounts offset Cosh collateral netting Total in Trading liabilities Amounts not offset²	Bilateral OTC ges	Cleared OTC \$ 19 99 118 177 7,965 2,682 1,500 — 12,324 \$12,442 (11,601) (823) \$ 18	\$	ckhange- Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Total \$ 15 390 400 195 218,615 7,957 94,518 86,528 12,190 420,007 \$ 420,416 (323,543 (51,935 \$ 44,938						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic loan hedges Credit¹ Other derivatives Interest rate Credit¹ Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total Total gross derivatives Amounts offset Counterparty netting Cash collateral netting Total in Trading liabilities Amounts not offset² Financial instruments collateral	Bilateral OTC ges \$ —	\$ 19 99 118 177 7,965 2,682 1,500 — 12,324 \$12,442 (11,601) (823) \$ 18	\$	Achange-Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Total \$ 15 390 405 195 218,615 7,957 94,516 86,526 12,190 420,007 \$ 420,416 (323,543 (51,935 \$ 44,936						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic loan hedges Credit¹ Other derivatives Interest rate Credit¹ Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total Total gross derivatives Amounts offset Counterparty netting Cash collateral netting Total in Trading liabilities Amounts not offset² Financial instruments collateral Other cash collateral	Bilateral OTC ges	Cleared OTC \$ 19 99 118 177 7,965 2,682 1,500 — 12,324 \$12,442 (11,601) (823) \$ 18	\$ \$	ckhange- Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Total \$ 15 390 405 195 218,615 7,957 94,518 86,528 12,190 420,007 \$ 420,416 (323,543 (51,938 \$ 44,938 (12,118 (66						
Designated as accounting hed Interest rate Foreign exchange Total Not designated as accounting Economic loan hedges Credit¹ Other derivatives Interest rate Credit¹ Foreign exchange Equity Commodity and other Total Total gross derivatives Amounts offset Cosh collateral netting Total in Trading liabilities Amounts not offset²	Bilateral OTC ges \$ —	\$ 19 99 118 177 7,965 2,682 1,500 — 12,324 \$12,442 (11,601) (823) \$ 18 — (3) \$ 15	\$ \$	xchange- Traded — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Total \$ 15 390 405 195 218,615 7,957 94,516 86,526 12,190 420,007 \$ 420,416 (323,543 (51,935 \$ 44,936						

^{1.} Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

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See Note 5 for information related to the unsettled fair value of futures contracts not designated as accounting hedges, which are excluded from the previous tables.

		P	sse	ts at	Jur	ne 30, 202	1	
		ateral		eared		change-		T.
\$ in billions		OTC		TC		Traded		Total
Designated as accounting	hedges							
Interest rate	\$	4	\$	109	\$		\$	113
Foreign exchange		13		2		_		15
Total		17		111				128
Not designated as account	ing hedg	es						
Economic loan hedges								
Credit		_		_		_		_
Other derivatives								
Interest rate		4,095	7	7,338		576		12,009
Credit		188		107		_		295
Foreign exchange		3,494		97		12		3,603
Equity		483		_		410		893
Commodity and other		128		_		77		205
Total		8,388	7	7,542		1,075		17,005
Total gross derivatives	\$	8,405	\$ 7	7,653	\$	1,075	\$	17,133
		Lia	abili	ties a	tJι	ıne 30, 20	21	
\$ in billions		ateral DTC		eared OTC		change- Traded		Total
Designated as accounting	hedges							
Interest rate	\$	_	\$	90	\$	_	\$	90
Foreign exchange		1		1		_		2
Total		1		91				92

\$ in billions	В	ilateral OTC		leared OTC			Total
Designated as accounting hed	ounting hedges						
Interest rate	\$	_	\$	90	\$	_	\$ 90
Foreign exchange		1		1		_	2
Total		1		91		_	92
Not designated as accounting	hed	ges					
Economic loan hedges							
Credit		_		7		_	7
Other derivatives							
Interest rate		4,084		7,156		523	11,763
Credit		197		113		_	310
Foreign exchange		3,425		90		23	3,538
Equity		535		_		766	1,301
Commodity and other		118		_		76	194
Total		8,359		7,366		1,388	17,113
Total gross derivatives	\$	8,360	\$	7,457	\$	1,388	\$ 17,205

		Assets at December 31, 2020								
\$ in billions	В	ilateral OTC		leared OTC		Exchange- Traded		Total		
Designated as accounting he	edges									
Interest rate	\$	6	\$	123	\$	_	\$	129		
Foreign exchange		2		_		_		2		
Total		8		123				131		
Not designated as accounting	ng hed	ges								
Economic loan hedges										
Credit ¹		_		1		_		1		
Other derivatives										
Interest rate		3,847		6,946		409		11,202		
Credit ¹		140		87		_		227		
Foreign exchange		3,046		103		10		3,159		
Equity		444		_		367		811		
Commodity and other		107		_		68		175		
Total		7,584		7,137		854		15,575		
Total gross derivatives	\$	7,592	\$	7,260	\$	854	\$	15,706		

Amounts relate to master netting agreements and collateral agreements that have been determined by the Firm to be legally enforceable in the event of default but where certain other criteria are not met in accordance with applicable offsetting accounting guidance.

	Liabilities at December 31, 2020									
\$ in billions		ilateral OTC		eared TC	Exchange- Traded			Total		
Designated as accounting hedge	ges									
Interest rate	\$	_	\$	80	\$	_	\$	80		
Foreign exchange		11		3		_		14		
Total		11		83		_		94		
Not designated as accounting hedges										
Economic loan hedges										
Credit ¹		1		5		_		6		
Other derivatives										
Interest rate		4,000	6	5,915		511		11,426		
Credit ¹		142		93		_		235		
Foreign exchange		3,180		102		11		3,293		
Equity		474		_		591		1,065		
Commodity and other		93		_		68		161		
Total		7,890	7	7,115		1,181		16,186		
Total gross derivatives	\$	7,901	\$ 7	7,198	\$	1,181	\$	16,280		

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

The notional amounts of derivative contracts generally overstate the Firm's exposure. In most circumstances, notional amounts are used only as a reference point from which to calculate amounts owed between the parties to the contract. Furthermore, notional amounts do not reflect the benefit of legally enforceable netting arrangements or risk mitigating transactions.

For a discussion of the Firm's derivative instruments and hedging activities, see Note 7 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Gains (Losses) on Accounting Hedges

	Th	ree Mont	hs Ended	Six Months Ended						
		June	30,		June),				
\$ in millions		2021	2020		2021		2020			
Fair value hedges—Recognized in Interest income										
Interest rate contracts	\$	(331)	\$ (16)	\$	500	\$	(80)			
Investment Securities—AFS		345	23		(427)		89			
Fair value hedges—Recognized in Interest expense										
Interest rate contracts	\$	1,238	\$ 245	\$	(2,870)	\$	6,912			
Deposits		22	46		58		(215)			
Borrowings		(1,270)	(327)		2,751		(6,759)			
Net investment hedges—Foreig	n ex	change	contracts							
Recognized in OCI	\$	(106)	\$ (96)	\$	299	\$	314			
Forward points excluded from hedge effectiveness testing—Recognized in Interest income		(14)	(8)		(13)		25			

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Fair Value Hedges—Hedged Items

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020				
Investment Securities—AFS	2021		2020			
Amortized cost basis currently or previously hedged	\$ 18,009	\$	16,288			
Basis adjustments included in amortized cost ¹	\$ (371)	\$	(39)			
Deposits						
Carrying amount currently or previously hedged	\$ 6,316	\$	15,059			
Basis adjustments included in carrying amount ¹	\$ 35	\$	93			
Borrowings						
Carrying amount currently or previously hedged	\$ 114,420	\$	114,349			
Basis adjustments included in carrying amount—Outstanding hedges	\$ 3,799	\$	6,575			
Basis adjustments included in carrying amount—Terminated hedges	\$ (757)	\$	(756)			

^{1.} Hedge accounting basis adjustments are primarily related to outstanding hedges.

Gains (Losses) on Economic Loan Hedges

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended				
	June 30,			June 30,),	
\$ in millions	2021 2020		2021			2020		
Recognized in Other revenues								
Credit contracts ¹	\$	(44)	\$	(120)	\$	(149)	\$	135

^{1.} Amounts related to hedges of certain held-for-investment and held-for-sale loans.

Net Derivative Liabilities and Collateral Posted

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020			
Net derivative liabilities with credit risk- related contingent features	\$ 20,227	\$	30,421		
Collateral posted	14,954		23,842		

The previous table presents the aggregate fair value of certain derivative contracts that contain credit risk-related contingent features that are in a net liability position for which the Firm has posted collateral in the normal course of business.

Incremental Collateral and Termination Payments upon Potential Future Ratings Downgrade

\$ in millions	At ne 30, 2021
One-notch downgrade	\$ 227
Two-notch downgrade	328
Bilateral downgrade agreements included in the amounts above 1	\$ 489

Amount represents arrangements between the Firm and other parties where upon the downgrade of one party, the downgraded party must deliver collateral to the other party. These bilateral downgrade arrangements are used by the Firm to manage the risk of counterparty downgrades.

The additional collateral or termination payments that may be called in the event of a future credit rating downgrade vary by contract and can be based on ratings by either or both of Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and S&P Global Ratings. The previous table shows the future potential collateral amounts and termination payments that could be called or required by counterparties or exchange and clearing organizations in the

event of one-notch or two-notch downgrade scenarios based on the relevant contractual downgrade triggers.

Maximum Potential Payout/Notional of Credit Protection Sold¹

	Years to Maturity at June 30, 2021									
\$ in billions	< 1			1-3	3-5		Over 5		Т	otal
Single-name CDS										
Investment grade	\$	9	\$	23	\$	30	\$	9	\$	71
Non-investment grade		6		12		16		2		36
Total	\$	15	\$	35	\$	46	\$	11	\$	107
Index and basket CDS										
Investment grade	\$	2	\$	7	\$	89	\$	16	\$	114
Non-investment grade		6		15		37		15		73
Total	\$	8	\$	22	\$	126	\$	31	\$	187
Total CDS sold	\$	23	\$	57	\$	172	\$	42	\$	294
Other credit contracts		1		_		_		_		1
Total credit protection sold	\$	24	\$	57	\$	172	\$	42	\$	295
CDS protection sold with identic	al pro	otectio	on p	ourcha	sec	l			\$	248
		Years	to	Maturi	ity a	at Dece	emb	er 31,	20	20
\$ in billions		< 1		1-3	3-5 Over 5			Total		
Single-name CDS										
Investment grade	\$	9	\$	19	\$	32	\$	9	\$	69
Non-investment grade		7		10		17		2		36
Total	\$	16	\$	29	\$	49	\$	11	\$	105
Index and basket CDS										
Investment grade	\$	2	\$	5	\$	39	\$	14	\$	60
Non-investment grade		6		9		29		14		
Non-investment grade		U		9						58
Total	\$	8	\$	14	\$	68	\$	28	\$	58 118

Fair Value Asset (Liability) of Credit Protection Sold¹

CDS protection sold with identical protection purchased

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021			At December 31, 2020			
Single-name CDS				_			
Investment grade	\$	1,495	\$	1,230			
Non-investment grade		147		(22)			
Total	\$	1,642	\$	1,208			
Index and basket CDS							
Investment grade	\$	1,331	\$	843			
Non-investment grade		(617)		(824)			
Total	\$	714	\$	19			
Total CDS sold	\$	2,356	\$	1,227			
Other credit contracts		(3)		(4)			
Total credit protection sold	\$	2,353	\$	1,223			

24

43 \$

117 \$

39 \$

223

\$ 196

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Protection Purchased with CDS

	Notional								
\$ in billions		At June 30, 2021		At mber 31, 2020					
Single name	\$	118	\$	116					
Index and basket		185		116					
Tranched index and basket		15		14					
Total	\$	318	\$	246					

		Fair Value Asset (Liability)					
\$ in millions		At December 31, 2020					
Single name	\$	(1,906)	\$ (1,452)				
Index and basket		(999)	(57)				
Tranched index and basket		(335)	(329)				
Total	\$	(3,240)	\$ (1,838)				

The Firm enters into credit derivatives, principally CDS, under which it receives or provides protection against the risk of default on a set of debt obligations issued by a specified reference entity or entities. A majority of the Firm's counterparties for these derivatives are banks, broker-dealers, and insurance and other financial institutions.

The fair value amounts as shown in the previous tables are prior to cash collateral or counterparty netting. For further information on credit derivatives and other contracts, see Note 7 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

8. Investment Securities

AFS and HTM Securities

	At June 30, 2021							
\$ in millions	Α	Gross Gross Amortized Unrealized Unrealized Cost ¹ Gains Losses			Fair Value			
AFS securities								
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	45,594	\$	654	\$	38	\$	46,210
U.S. agency securities ²		28,855		422		136		29,141
Agency CMBS		15,467		424		47		15,844
State and municipal securities		230		31		5		256
FFELP student loan ABS ³		1,769		13		11		1,771
Total AFS securities		91,915		1,544		237		93,222
HTM securities								
U.S. Treasury securities		29,429		1,235		40		30,624
U.S. agency securities ²		49,247		306		760		48,793
Agency CMBS		2,513		_		25		2,488
Non-agency CMBS		931		42		1		972
Total HTM securities		82,120		1,583		826		82,877
Total investment securities	\$	174,035	\$	3,127	\$	1,063	\$	176,099

Other credit contracts

Total credit protection sold

^{1.} Investment grade/non-investment grade determination is based on the internal credit rating of the reference obligation. Internal credit ratings serve as the CRM's assessment of credit risk and the basis for a comprehensive credit limits framework used to control credit risk. The Firm uses quantitative models and judgment to estimate the various risk parameters related to each obligor.

	At December 31, 2020								
\$ in millions	Amortized Cost ¹		U	Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross realized osses		Fair Value	
AFS securities									
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	45,345	\$	1,010	\$	_	\$	46,355	
U.S. agency securities ²		37,389		762		25		38,126	
Agency CMBS		19,982		465		9		20,438	
Corporate bonds		1,694		42		_		1,736	
State and municipal securities		1,461		103		1		1,563	
FFELP student loan ABS ³		1,735		7		26		1,716	
Other ABS		449		_		_		449	
Total AFS securities		108,055		2,389		61		110,383	
HTM securities									
U.S. Treasury securities		29,346		1,893		_		31,239	
U.S. agency securities ²		38,951		704		8		39,647	
Agency CMBS		2,632		4		2		2,634	
Non-agency CMBS		842		58		_		900	
Total HTM securities		71,771		2,659		10		74,420	
Total investment securities	\$	179,826	\$	5,048	\$	71	\$	184,803	

- 1. Amounts are net of any ACL.
- U.S. agency securities consist mainly of agency mortgage pass-through pool securities, CMOs and agency-issued debt.
- Underlying loans are backed by a guarantee, ultimately from the U.S. Department of Education, of at least 95% of the principal balance and interest outstanding.

Investment Securities in an Unrealized Loss Position

	At June 30, 2021			At December 31, 2020			
\$ in millions	,	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Ur	Gross realized osses	
U.S. Treasury securities							
Less than 12 months	\$	13,017	\$ 38	\$ 151	\$	_	
Total		13,017	38	151		_	
U.S. agency securities							
Less than 12 months		9,081	135	5,808		22	
12 months or longer		793	1	1,168		3	
Total		9,874	136	6,976		25	
Agency CMBS							
Less than 12 months		2,983	47	2,779		9	
12 months or longer		28	_	46		_	
Total		3,011	47	2,825		9	
Corporate bonds							
12 months or longer		_	_	31		_	
Total		_	_	31		_	
State and municipal securities							
Less than 12 months		34	5	86		_	
12 months or longer		_	_	36		1	
Total		34	5	122		1	
FFELP student loan ABS							
Less than 12 months		87	_	_		_	
12 months or longer		802	11	1,077		26	
Total		889	11	1,077		26	
Total AFS securities in an ur	nrea	alized lo	ss position	<u> </u>			
Less than 12 months		25,202	225	8,824		31	
12 months or longer		1,623	12	2,358		30	
Total	\$	26,825	\$ 237	\$ 11,182	\$	61	

For AFS securities, the Firm believes there are no securities in an unrealized loss position that have credit losses after

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performing the analysis described in Note 2 in the 2020 Form 10-K and the Firm expects to recover the amortized cost basis of these securities. Additionally, the Firm does not intend to sell these securities and is not likely to be required to sell these securities prior to recovery of the amortized cost basis. As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the securities in an unrealized loss position are predominantly investment grade.

The HTM securities net carrying amounts at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 reflect an ACL of \$28 million and \$26 million, respectively, related to Non-agency CMBS. See Note 2 in the 2020 Form 10-K for a description of the ACL methodology used for HTM Securities. As of June 30, 2021, and December 31, 2020, Non-Agency CMBS HTM securities were predominantly on accrual status and investment grade.

See Note 15 for additional information on securities issued by VIEs, including U.S. agency mortgage-backed securities, non-agency CMBS, FFELP student loan ABS and other ABS.

Investment Securities by Contractual Maturity

	At June 30, 2021								
\$ in millions	Ar	nortized Cost ¹		Fair Value	Annualized Average Yield				
AFS securities									
U.S. Treasury securities:									
Due within 1 year	\$	10,079	\$	10,161	1.4 %				
After 1 year through 5 years		26,632		27,138	1.3 %				
After 5 years through 10 years		8,883		8,911	1.2 %				
Total		45,594		46,210					
U.S. agency securities:									
Due within 1 year		1		1	1.5 %				
After 1 year through 5 years		147		149	1.3 %				
After 5 years through 10 years		1,466		1,504	1.8 %				
After 10 years		27,241		27,487	1.6 %				
Total		28,855		29,141					
Agency CMBS:									
Due within 1 year		240		242	1.8 %				
After 1 year through 5 years		1,503		1,534	1.6 %				
After 5 years through 10 years		10,665		11,030	1.6 %				
After 10 years		3,059		3,038	1.5 %				
Total		15,467		15,844					
State and municipal securities:									
Due within 1 year		4		4	1.9 %				
After 1 year through 5 years		22		22	1.8 %				
After 5 years through 10 years		30		39	2.3 %				
After 10 Years		174		191	3.9 %				
Total		230		256					
FFELP student loan ABS:									
Due within 1 year		32		31	0.8 %				
After 1 year through 5 years		188		184	0.9 %				
After 5 years through 10 years		152		148	0.7 %				
After 10 years		1,397		1,408	1.1 %				
Total		1,769		1,771					
Total AFS securities		91,915		93,222	1.4 %				

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

	At June 30, 2021							
\$ in millions	Aı	mortized Cost ¹		Fair Value	Annualized Average Yield			
HTM securities								
U.S. Treasury securities:								
Due within 1 year		3,673		3,711	1.9 %			
After 1 year through 5 years		19,256		19,880	1.7 %			
After 5 years through 10 years		5,418		5,855	2.4 %			
After 10 years		1,082		1,178	2.5 %			
Total		29,429		30,624				
U.S. agency securities:								
After 5 years through 10 years		546		562	2.0 %			
After 10 years		48,701		48,231	1.6 %			
Total		49,247		48,793				
Agency CMBS:								
Due within 1 year		21		21	2.4 %			
After 1 year through 5 years		1,358		1,349	1.3 %			
After 5 years through 10 years		971		958	1.4 %			
After 10 years		163		160	1.5 %			
Total		2,513		2,488				
Non-agency CMBS:								
Due within 1 year		151		151	4.5 %			
After 1 year through 5 years		65		67	2.7 %			
After 5 years through 10 years		662		698	3.7 %			
After 10 years		53		56	3.8 %			
Total		931		972				
Total HTM securities		82,120		82,877	1.7 %			
Total investment securities	\$	174,035	\$	176,099	1.6 %			

^{1.} Amounts are net of any ACL.

Gross Realized Gains (Losses) on Sales of AFS Securities

		Three Mor June				Six Months Ended June 30,				
\$ in millions	2021			2020		2021	2020			
Gross realized gains	\$	74	\$	16	\$	219	\$	65		
Gross realized (losses)		(16)		(6))	(27)		(14)		
Total ¹	\$	58	\$	10	\$	192	\$	51		

Realized gains and losses are recognized in Other revenues in the income statements.

9. Collateralized Transactions

Offsetting of Certain Collateralized Transactions

	At June 30, 2021										
\$ in millions	Gross Amounts	Amounts Offset	S	Balance heet Net Amounts	Amounts Not Offset ¹	Α	Net mounts				
Assets											
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	\$198,942	\$(103,012)	\$	95,930	\$ (93,720)	\$	2,210				
Securities borrowed	137,720	(11,017)		126,703	(121,432)		5,271				
Liabilities											
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$160,657	\$(103,012)	\$	57,645	\$ (48,791)	\$	8,854				
Securities loaned	20,591	(11,017)		9,574	(9,275)		299				
Net amounts for which not be legally enfor		netting agree	em	nents are	not in place	0	r may				
Securities purchased u	ınder agree	ments to res	ell			\$	1,824				
Securities borrowed							1,120				
Securities sold under a	agreements	to repurchas	se				8,099				
Securities loaned							164				
		At De	се	mber 31,	2020						
\$ in millions	Gross Amounts	Amounts Offset	S	Balance heet Net Amounts	Amounts Not Offset ¹	Α	Net mounts				
Assets											
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	\$264,140	\$(147,906)	\$	116,234	\$(114,108)	\$	2,126				
Securities borrowed	124,921	(12,530)		112,391	(107,434)		4,957				
Liabilities		, ,			, ,						
Securities sold under agreements to		•			•	_					
repurchase	\$198,493	., , ,	\$	50,587	, ,	\$	6,627				
Securities loaned	20,261	(12,530)	_	7,731	(7,430)		301				
Net amounts for which not be legally enfor		etting agre	em	nents are	not in place	0	r may				
Securities purchased u	under agree	ments to res	ell			\$	1,870				
Securities borrowed							596				
Securities sold under a	agreements	to repurchas	se				6,282				
Securities sold under a	agi comicino	р									

Amounts relate to master netting agreements that have been determined by the Firm to be legally enforceable in the event of default but where certain other criteria are not met in accordance with applicable offsetting accounting guidance.

For further discussion of the Firm's collateralized transactions, see Note 2 and Note 9 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K. For information related to offsetting of derivatives, see Note 7.

Gross Secured Financing Balances by Remaining Contractual Maturity

At June 30, 2021											
\$ in millions		vernight nd Open		ess than 0 Days	30-90 Days	Over 90 Days	Total				
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$	53,852	\$	52,208	\$14,459	\$40,138	\$160,657				
Securities loaned		13,432		250	150	6,759	20,591				
Total included in the offsetting disclosure	\$	67,284	\$	52,458	\$14,609	\$46,897	\$181,248				
Trading liabilities— Obligation to return securities received as collateral		22,331		_	_	_	22,331				
Total	\$	89,615	\$	52,458	\$14,609	\$46,897	\$203,579				

	At December 31, 2020										
\$ in millions		Overnight and Open		ess than 80 Days	30-90 Days	Over 90 Days	Total				
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$	84,349	\$	60,853	\$26,221	\$27,070	\$198,493				
Securities loaned		15,267		247	_	4,747	20,261				
Total included in the offsetting disclosure	\$	99,616	\$	61,100	\$26,221	\$31,817	\$218,754				
Trading liabilities— Obligation to return securities received as collateral		16,389		_	_	_	16,389				
Total	\$	116,005	\$	61,100	\$26,221	\$31,817	\$235,143				

Gross Secured Financing Balances by Class of Collateral Pledged

\$ in millions		At June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020		
Securities sold under agreements to reput	chas	е			
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	\$	39,247	\$	94,662	
Other sovereign government obligations		85,282		71,140	
Corporate equities		26,775		24,692	
Other		9,353		7,999	
Total	\$	160,657	\$	198,493	
Securities loaned					
Other sovereign government obligations	\$	1,414	\$	3,430	
Corporate equities		19,079		16,536	
Other		98		295	
Total	\$	20,591	\$	20,261	
Total included in the offsetting disclosure	\$	181,248	\$	218,754	
Trading liabilities—Obligation to return se	curiti	es received a	s c	ollateral	
Corporate equities	\$	22,312	\$	16,365	
Other		19		24	
Total	\$	22,331	\$	16,389	
Total	\$	203,579	\$	235,143	

Carrying Value of Assets Loaned or Pledged without Counterparty Right to Sell or Repledge

\$ in millions	J	June 30, December 3 2021 2020				
Trading assets	\$	35,894	\$	30,954		

The Firm pledges certain of its trading assets to collateralize securities sold under agreements to repurchase, securities loaned, other secured financings and derivatives and to cover customer short sales. Counterparties may or may not have the right to sell or repledge the collateral.

Pledged financial instruments that can be sold or repledged by the secured party are identified as Trading assets (pledged to various parties) in the balance sheets.

Fair Value of Collateral Received with Right to Sell or Repledge

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	D	At ecember 31, 2020
Collateral received with right to sell or repledge	\$ 708,327	\$	724,818
Collateral that was sold or repledged ¹	540,654		523,648

Does not include securities used to meet federal regulations for the Firm's U.S. broker-dealers.

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The Firm receives collateral in the form of securities in connection with securities purchased under agreements to resell, securities borrowed, securities-for-securities transactions, derivative transactions, customer margin loans and securities-based lending. In many cases, the Firm is permitted to sell or repledge this collateral to secure securities sold under agreements to repurchase, to enter into securities lending and derivative transactions or for delivery to counterparties to cover short positions.

Securities Segregated for Regulatory Purposes

\$ in millions	,	At June 30, 2021	De	At ecember 31, 2020
Segregated securities ¹	\$	23,912	\$	34,106

Securities segregated under federal regulations for the Firm's U.S. broker-dealers are sourced from Securities purchased under agreements to resell and Trading assets in the balance sheets.

Customer Margin and Other Lending

	At June 30,				
\$ in millions	2021	December 31, 2020			
Margin and other lending	\$ 72,942	\$	74,714		

The Firm provides margin lending arrangements that allow customers to borrow against the value of qualifying securities. Receivables from these arrangements are included within Customer and other receivables in the balance sheets. Under these arrangements, the Firm receives collateral, which includes U.S. government and agency securities, other sovereign government obligations, corporate and other debt, and corporate equities. Margin loans are collateralized by customer-owned securities held by the Firm. The Firm monitors required margin levels and established credit terms daily and, pursuant to such guidelines, requires customers to deposit additional collateral, or reduce positions, when necessary.

For a further discussion of the Firm's margin lending activities, see Note 9 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Also included in the amounts in the previous table is non-purpose securities-based lending on non-bank entities in the Wealth Management business segment.

Other Secured Financings

The Firm has additional secured liabilities. For a further discussion of other secured financings, see Note 13.

10. Loans, Lending Commitments and Related Allowance for Credit Losses

Loans by Type

		At June 30, 2021											
\$ in millions		oans Held Investment	ı	Loans Held for Sale	7	Total Loans							
Corporate	\$	4,724	\$	7,098	\$	11,822							
Secured lending facilities		28,217		3,951		32,168							
Commercial real estate		6,707		583		7,290							
Residential real estate		38,917		47		38,964							
Securities-based lending and Other loans		76,468		34		76,502							
Total loans		155,033		11,713		166,746							
ACL		(687)				(687)							
Total loans, net	\$	154,346	\$	11,713	\$	166,059							
Fixed rate loans, net					\$	38,968							
Floating or adjustable rate loan	ns, ne	ŧ				127,091							
Loans to non-U.S. borrowers,	net					21,567							

		At D)ec	ember 31, 20	20	
\$ in millions		oans Held Investment	ı	Loans Held for Sale	Т	otal Loans
Corporate	\$	6,046	\$	8,580	\$	14,626
Secured lending facilities		25,727		3,296		29,023
Commercial real estate		7,346		822		8,168
Residential real estate		35,268		48		35,316
Securities-based lending and Other loans		64,232		67		64,299
Total loans		138,619		12,813		151,432
ACL		(835)				(835)
Total loans, net	\$	137,784	\$	12,813	\$	150,597
Fixed rate loans, net					\$	32,796
Floating or adjustable rate load	ns, n	et				117,801
Loans to non-U.S. borrowers,	net					21,081

For additional information on the Firm's held-for-investment and held-for-sale loan portfolios, see Note 10 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Note 5 for further information regarding Loans and lending commitments held at fair value. See Note 14 for details of current commitments to lend in the future.

Loans Held for Investment before Allowance by Origination Year

	At June 30, 2021 At December 31, 2020										
	Corporate										
\$ in millions		IG		NIG		Total	IG	NIG		Total	
Revolving	\$	1,404	\$	2,353	\$	3,757	\$ 1,138	\$	3,231	\$	4,369
2021		_		71		71					
2020		183		25		208	585		80		665
2019		11		187		198	204		202		406
2018		195		_		195	195		_		195
2017		_		62		62	_		64		64
Prior		233		_		233	247		100		347
Total	\$	2,026	\$	2,698	\$	4,724	\$ 2,369	\$	3,677	\$	6,046

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	At	Ju	ne 30, 20)21	At December 31, 2020							
	Secured lending facilities											
\$ in millions	IG		NIG		Total	IG		NIG	Total			
Revolving	\$ 6,932	\$	15,899	\$	22,831	\$ 4,711	\$	14,510	\$19,221			
2021	460		308		768							
2020	84		214		298	162		253	415			
2019	179		1,644		1,823	260		1,904	2,164			
2018	328		824		1,152	614		1,432	2,046			
2017	144		359		503	245		581	826			
Prior	_		842		842	_		1,055	1,055			
Total	\$ 8,127	\$	20,090	\$	28,217	\$ 5,992	\$	19,735	\$25,727			

	At	Ju	ne 30, 20)21	At December 31, 2020							
	Commercial real estate											
\$ in millions	IG N		NIG		Total	IG		NIG			Total	
2021	\$ 82	\$	363	\$	445							
2020	165		820		985	\$	95	\$	943	\$	1,038	
2019	1,031		1,585		2,616		1,074		1,848		2,922	
2018	433		537		970		746		774		1,520	
2017	367		341		708		412		387		799	
Prior	100		883		983		100		967		1,067	
Total	\$ 2,178	\$	4,529	\$	6,707	\$	2,427	\$	4,919	\$	7,346	

	At June 30, 2021											
	Residential real estate											
	by	FICO Score	s	by LT√	/ Ratio							
\$ in millions	≥ 740	680-739	≤ 679	≤ 80%	Total							
Revolving	\$ 69	\$ 30	\$ 5	\$ 104 \$ —		\$ 104						
2021	5,506	1,131	101	6,312	426	6,738						
2020	8,530	1,761	136	9,874	553	10,427						
2019	5,176	1,168	155	6,096	403	6,499						
2018	2,108	547	70	2,505	220	2,725						
2017	2,422	621	78	2,900	221	3,121						
Prior	6,745	2,201	357	8,461 842		9,303						
Total	\$ 30,556	\$ 7,459	\$ 902	\$ 36,252	\$ 2,665	\$ 38,917						

		At December 31, 2020											
		Residential real estate											
	by	FIC	O Score	s				by LTV	Ra	atio			
\$ in millions	≥ 740	6	80-739	≤	679		≤	80%	>	80%		Total	
Revolving	\$ 85	\$	32	\$	5	\$	3	122	\$	_	\$	122	
2020	8,948		1,824		149			10,338		583		10,921	
2019	5,592		1,265		168			6,584		441		7,025	
2018	2,320		604		75			2,756		243		2,999	
2017	2,721		690		89			3,251		249		3,500	
2016	3,324		884		118			4,035		291		4,326	
Prior	4,465		1,626		284			5,684		691		6,375	
Total	\$ 27,455	\$	6,925	\$	888	\$	3	32,770	\$	2,498	\$	35,268	

			At June	e 30), 2021		
	Se	curities-	Ot	her	2		
\$ in millions	- 1	based ending ¹	Investment Grade	ent Total			
Revolving	\$	63,243	\$ 5,383	\$	715	\$	69,341
2021		31	232		49		312
2020		_	817		586		1,403
2019		18	1,121		637		1,776
2018		232	378		421		1,031
2017		_	645		147		792
Prior		16	1,496		301		1,813
Total	\$	63,540	\$ 10,072	\$	2,856	\$	76,468

	Se	ecurities-	Ot	her ²		
\$ in millions		based ending ¹	Investment Grade		estment ade	Total
Revolving	\$	51,667	\$ 4,816	\$	555	\$ 57,038
2020		_	1,073		590	1,663
2019		18	1,156		623	1,797
2018		232	407		403	1,042
2017		_	654		122	776
2016		_	566		111	677
Prior		16	1,066		157	1,239
Total	\$	51,933	\$ 9,738	\$	2,561	\$ 64,232

- Securities-based loans are subject to collateral maintenance provisions, and at June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, these loans are predominantly overcollateralized. For more information on the ACL methodology related to securitiesbased loans, see Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.
- Other loans primarily include certain loans originated in the tailored lending business within the Wealth Management business segment.

Past Due Loans Held for Investment before Allowance¹

\$ in millions	At June 30, 20	21 At December 31, 2020
Residential real estate		194 332
Securities-based lending and Other loans		_ 31
Total	\$	194 \$ 363

1. The majority of the amounts are past due for a period of less than 90 days as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

Nonaccrual Loans Held for Investment before Allowance

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	At December 31, 202	0
Corporate	\$ 98	\$ 16	4
Secured lending facilities	298	_	_
Commercial real estate	71	15	2
Residential real estate	123	9	7
Securities-based lending and Other loans	163	17	'8
Total ¹	\$ 753	\$ 59	1
Nonaccrual loans without an ACL	\$ 124	\$ 9	0

 Includes all HFI loans that are 90 days or more past due as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

See Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K for a description of the ACL calculated under the CECL methodology, including credit quality indicators, used for HFI loans.

Troubled Debt Restructurings

\$ in millions	At Ju	ne 30, 2021	At Decemb	er 31, 2020
Loans, before ACL	\$	62	\$	167
Lending commitments		_		27
ACL on Loans and Lending commitments		10		36

Troubled debt restructurings typically include modifications of interest rates, collateral requirements, other loan covenants and payment extensions. See Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K for further information on TDR guidance issued by Congress in the CARES Act as well as by the U.S. banking agencies.

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Allowance for Credit Losses Rollforward—Loans

\$ in millions	Co	rporate	le	ecured ending cilities	CRE	Resider		а	BL ind ther	Total
December 31, 2020	\$	309	\$	198	\$ 211	\$	59	\$	58	\$ 835
Gross charge-offs		(14)		(67)	(21)		_		_	(102)
Provision for credit losses ¹		(95)		48	5		(2)		2	(42)
Other		(1)		(2)	(1)		_		_	(4)
June 30, 2021	\$	199	\$	177	\$ 194	\$	57	\$	60	\$ 687

\$ in millions	Со	rporate	le	cured nding cilities	CRI		Residentia real estate		a	BL nd ther	Total
December 31, 2019	\$	115	\$	101	\$ 7	'5	\$ 2	5	\$	33	\$ 349
Effect of CECL adoption		(2)		(42)	3	34	2	1		(2)	9
Gross charge-offs		(33)		_	-	_	_	_		_	(33)
Recoveries		_		_	-	_	_	_		2	2
Net recoveries (charge-offs)		(33)		_	_		_	_		2	(31)
Provision for credit losses ¹		298		63	15	55	1	3		9	538
Other		1		_	(3	88)	-	_		38	1
June 30, 2020	\$	379	\$	122	\$ 22	26	\$ 5	9	\$	80	\$ 866

Allowance for Credit Losses Rollforward—Lending Commitments

\$ in millions	Co	rporate	le	ecured nding cilities	С	RE	esidential eal estate	а	BL nd ther	Total
December 31, 2020	\$	323	\$	38	\$	11	\$ 1	\$	23	\$ 396
Provision for credit losses ¹		18		1		_	_		(2)	17
Other		(1)		1		(1)	_		_	(1)
June 30, 2021	\$	340	\$	40	\$	10	\$ 1	\$	21	\$ 412

\$ in millions	Co	orporate	Īe	ecured ending acilities	С	RE	esidential eal estate	a	BL nd ther	Total
December 31, 2019	\$	201	\$	27	\$	7	\$ _	\$	6	\$ 241
Effect of CECL adoption		(41)		(11)		1	2		(1)	(50)
Provision for credit losses ¹		73		26		7	(1)		3	108
Other		(2)		_		(4)	_		4	(2)
June 30, 2020	\$	231	\$	42	\$	11	\$ 1	\$	12	\$ 297

CRE—Commercial real estate SBL—Securities-based lending.

Provision for Credit Losses

		Three Months E June 30,	Ended
\$ in millions	20	021	2020
Loans	\$	16 \$	246
Lending commitments		57	(7)

The aggregate allowance for loans and lending commitments decreased in the current year period, primarily reflecting charge-offs and a release in the allowance for credit losses within the Institutional Securities business segment. The allowance release was primarily a result of improvements in the outlook for macroeconomic conditions and the impact of paydowns on Corporate loans, including by lower-rated borrowers, partially offset by the provision for one Secured lending facility. The base scenario used in our ACL models as

of June 30, 2021 was generated using a combination of industry consensus economic forecasts, forward rates, and internally developed and validated models. Given the nature of our lending portfolio, the most sensitive model input is U.S. gross domestic product. The base scenario, among other things, assumes continued growth over the forecast period with U.S. GDP reaching a year-over-year growth rate of approximately 6% by the fourth quarter of 2021, supported by fiscal stimulus and accommodative monetary policy. For a further discussion of the Firm's loans as well as the Firm's allowance methodology, refer to Notes 2 and 10 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Employee Loans

	At June 30,	De	At cember 31,
\$ in millions	2021		2020
Currently employed by the Firm ¹	\$ 3,329	\$	3,100
No longer employed by the Firm ²	133	\$	140
Employee loans	\$ 3,462	\$	3,240
ACL	(163)		(165)
Employee loans, net of ACL	\$ 3,299	\$	3,075
Remaining repayment term, weighted			
average in years	5.6		5.3

- These loans were predominantly current as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020.
- These loans were predominantly past due for a period of 90 days or more as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

Employee loans are granted in conjunction with a program established primarily to recruit certain Wealth Management representatives, are full recourse and generally require periodic repayments, and are due in full upon termination of employment with the Firm. These loans are recorded in Customer and other receivables in the balance sheets. The ACL as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 was calculated under the CECL methodology. The related provision is recorded in Compensation and benefits expense in the income statements. See Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K for a description of the CECL allowance methodology, including credit quality indicators, for employee loans.

11. Other Assets—Equity Method Investments

Equity Method Investments

\$ in millions				At June 202	30,	Dec	cen	At nber 31, 020
Investments		\$ 2				\$		2,410
	Ti	nree Mor June			Six	Mont Jun		Ended 0,
\$ in millions		2021		2020	202	21		2020
Income (loss)	\$	51	\$	(63)	\$	27	\$	(34)

Equity method investments, other than investments in certain fund interests, are summarized above and are included in Other assets in the balance sheets with related income or loss included in Other revenues in the income statements. See "Net Asset Value Measurements—Fund Interests" in Note 5

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for the carrying value of certain of the Firm's fund interests, which are comprised of general and limited partnership interests, as well as any related carried interest.

Japanese Securities Joint Venture

	Thr	ee Months E June 30,	Ended S	Six Montl June		
\$ in millions	20	021 2	2020 2	2021	:	2020
Income (loss) from investment in MUMSS	\$	52 \$	(1) \$	84	\$	31

For more information on Mitsubishi UFJ Morgan Stanley Securities Co., Ltd. ("MUMSS") and other relationships with Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc., see Note 12 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

12. Deposits

Deposits

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	С	At December 31, 2020
Savings and demand deposits	\$ 299,681	\$	279,221
Time deposits	20,677		31,561
Total	\$ 320,358	\$	310,782
Deposits subject to FDIC insurance	\$ 237,803	\$	234,211
Time deposits that equal or exceed the FDIC insurance limit	\$ 6	\$	16

Time Deposit Maturities

\$ in millions	J	At une 30, 2021
2021	\$	6,804
2022		5,523
2023		4,117
2024		2,821
2025		776
Thereafter		636
Total	\$	20,677

13. Borrowings and Other Secured Financings

Borrowings

\$ in millions		At June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020
Original maturities of one year or less	\$	5,538	\$ 3,691
Original maturities greater than one	/ear		
Senior	\$	207,781	\$ 202,305
Subordinated		10,823	11,083
Total	\$	218,604	\$ 213,388
Total borrowings	\$	224,142	\$ 217,079
Weighted average stated maturity, in years ¹	1	7.6	7.3

^{1.} Only includes borrowings with original maturities greater than one year.

Other Secured Financings

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020		
Original maturities:				
One year or less	\$ 6,767	\$ 10,453		
Greater than one year	4,465	5,410		
Total	\$ 11,232	\$ 15,863		
Transfers of assets accounted for as secured financings	\$ 1,253	\$ 1,529		

Other secured financings include the liabilities related to certain ELNs, transfers of financial assets that are accounted for as financings rather than sales, pledged commodities, consolidated VIEs where the Firm is deemed to be the primary beneficiary and other secured borrowings. These liabilities are generally payable from the cash flows of the related assets accounted for as Trading assets. See Note 15 for further information on other secured financings related to VIEs and securitization activities.

For transfers of assets that fail to meet accounting criteria for a sale, the Firm continues to record the assets and recognizes the associated liabilities in the balance sheets.

14. Commitments, Guarantees and Contingencies

Commitments

	Years to	Maturity	at June 3	30, 2021	_
\$ in millions	Less than 1	1-3	3-5	Over 5	Total
Lending:					
Corporate	\$ 16,396	\$38,716	\$44,932	\$ 7,479	\$107,523
Secured lending facilities	6,007	6,669	2,086	643	15,405
Commercial and Residential real estate	428	233	19	248	928
Securities-based lending and Other	11,103	3,724	308	266	15,401
Forward-starting secured financing receivables	69,886	_	_	_	69,886
Central counterparty	300			6,237	6,537
Underwriting	_	60			60
Investment activities	1,019	253	56	356	1,684
Letters of credit and other financial guarantees	26	_	_	3	29
Total	\$105,165	\$49,655	\$47,401	\$15,232	\$217,453
Lending commitments	participated	to third pa	arties		\$ 9,223
Forward-starting secure three business days	ed financing	j receivab	es settled	within	\$ 64,159

Since commitments associated with these instruments may expire unused, the amounts shown do not necessarily reflect the actual future cash funding requirements.

For a further description of these commitments, refer to Note 15 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Guarantees

		At J	une 30, 20	21	
		n Potential F ations by Ye			Carrying Amount Asset
\$ in millions	Less than 1	1-3	3-5	Over 5	(Liability)
Non-credit derivatives ¹	\$1,352,865	\$1,029,619	\$445,441	\$955,300	\$ (46,932)
Standby letters of credit and other financial guarantees issued ²	1,537	1,250	517	3,735	89
Market value guarantees	79	22	_	_	_
Liquidity facilities	4,073	_	_	_	5
Whole loan sales guarantees	_	_	58	23,123	_
Securitization representations and warranties ³	_	_	_	69,210	(42)
General partner guarantees	315	12	20	125	(68)
Client clearing guarantees	52	_	_	_	_

- The carrying amounts of derivative contracts that meet the accounting definition of a guarantee are shown on a gross basis. For further information on derivatives contracts, see Note 7.
- 2. These amounts include certain issued standby letters of credit participated to third parties, totaling \$0.6 billion of notional and collateral/recourse, due to the nature of the Firm's obligations under these arrangements. As of June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of standby letters of credit and other financial guarantees issued includes an allowance for credit losses of \$88 million.
- 3. Primarily related to residential mortgage securitizations.

The Firm has obligations under certain guarantee arrangements, including contracts and indemnification agreements, that contingently require the Firm to make payments to the guaranteed party based on changes in an underlying measure (such as an interest or foreign exchange rate, security or commodity price, an index, or the occurrence or non-occurrence of a specified event) related to an asset, liability or equity security of a guaranteed party. Also included as guarantees are contracts that contingently require the Firm to make payments to the guaranteed party based on another entity's failure to perform under an agreement, as well as indirect guarantees of the indebtedness of others.

For more information on the nature of the obligations and related business activities for our guarantees, see Note 15 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Other Guarantees and Indemnities

In the normal course of business, the Firm provides guarantees and indemnifications in a variety of transactions. These provisions generally are standard contractual terms. Certain of these guarantees and indemnifications related to indemnities, exchange and clearinghouse member guarantees and merger and acquisition guarantees are described in Note 15 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

In addition, in the ordinary course of business, the Firm guarantees the debt and/or certain trading obligations (including obligations associated with derivatives, foreign exchange contracts and the settlement of physical commodities) of certain subsidiaries. These guarantees generally are entity or product specific and are required by investors or trading counterparties. The activities of the

Firm's subsidiaries covered by these guarantees (including any related debt or trading obligations) are included in the financial statements.

Finance Subsidiary

The Parent Company fully and unconditionally guarantees the securities issued by Morgan Stanley Finance LLC, a wholly owned finance subsidiary. No other subsidiary of the Parent Company guarantees these securities.

Contingencies

Legal

In addition to the matters described in the following paragraphs, in the normal course of business, the Firm has been named, from time to time, as a defendant in various legal actions, including arbitrations, class actions and other litigation, arising in connection with its activities as a global diversified financial services institution. Certain of the actual or threatened legal actions include claims for substantial compensatory and/or punitive damages or claims for indeterminate amounts of damages. In some cases, the entities that would otherwise be the primary defendants in such cases are bankrupt or are in financial distress. These actions have included, but are not limited to, residential mortgage and credit crisis-related matters.

While the Firm has identified below any individual proceedings where the Firm believes a material loss to be reasonably possible and reasonably estimable, there can be no assurance that material losses will not be incurred from claims that have not yet been asserted or those where potential losses have not yet been determined to be probable or possible, and reasonably estimable.

The Firm contests liability and/or the amount of damages as appropriate in each pending matter. Where available information indicates that it is probable a liability had been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the Firm can reasonably estimate the amount of that loss, the Firm accrues the estimated loss by a charge to income.

In many proceedings and investigations, however, it is inherently difficult to determine whether any loss is probable or even possible or to estimate the amount of any loss. In addition, even where a loss is possible or an exposure to loss exists in excess of the liability already accrued with respect to a previously recognized loss contingency, it is not always possible to reasonably estimate the size of the possible loss or range of loss, particularly for proceedings and investigations where the factual record is being developed or contested or where plaintiffs or government entities seek substantial or indeterminate damages, restitution, disgorgement or penalties. Numerous issues may need to be resolved before a loss or additional loss, or range of loss or additional range of loss, can be reasonably estimated for a proceeding or investigation, including through potentially lengthy discovery and

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determination of important factual matters, determination of issues related to class certification and the calculation of damages or other relief, and by addressing novel or unsettled legal questions relevant to the proceedings or investigations in question.

For certain other legal proceedings and investigations, the Firm can estimate reasonably possible losses, additional losses, ranges of loss or ranges of additional loss in excess of amounts accrued but does not believe, based on current knowledge and after consultation with counsel, that such losses could have a material adverse effect on the Firm's financial statements as a whole, other than the matters referred to in the following paragraphs.

On September 23, 2014, Financial Guaranty Insurance Company ("FGIC") filed a complaint against the Firm in the Supreme Court of the State of New York County ("Supreme Court of NY") styled Financial Guaranty Insurance Company v. Morgan Stanley ABS Capital I Inc. et al. relating to the Morgan Stanley ABS Capital I Inc. Trust 2007-NC4. The complaint asserts claims for breach of contract and fraudulent inducement and alleges, among other things, that the loans in the trust breached various representations and warranties and defendants made untrue statements and material omissions to induce FGIC to issue a financial guaranty policy on certain classes of certificates that had an original balance of approximately \$876 million. The complaint seeks, among other relief, specific performance of the loan breach remedy procedures in the transaction documents, compensatory, consequential and punitive damages, attorneys' fees, interest and costs. On January 23, 2017, the court denied the Firm's motion to dismiss the complaint. On September 13, 2018, the Appellate Division, First Department ("First Department") affirmed in part and reversed in part the lower court's order denying the Firm's motion to dismiss the complaint. On December 20, 2018, the First Department denied plaintiff's motion for leave to appeal to the New York Court of Appeals ("Court of Appeals") or, in the alternative, for re-argument. Based on currently available information, the Firm believes that it could incur a loss in this action of up to approximately \$277 million, the total original unpaid balance of the mortgage loans for which the Firm received repurchase demands from a certificate holder and FGIC that the Firm did not repurchase, plus pre- and postjudgment interest, fees and costs, as well as claim payments that FGIC has made and will make in the future. In addition, plaintiff is seeking to expand the number of loans at issue and the possible range of loss could increase.

On January 23, 2015, Deutsche Bank National Trust Company, in its capacity as trustee, filed a complaint against the Firm styled *Deutsche Bank National Trust Company solely in its capacity as Trustee of the Morgan Stanley ABS Capital I Inc. Trust 2007-NC4 v. Morgan Stanley Mortgage Capital Holdings LLC as Successor-by-Merger to Morgan Stanley Mortgage Capital Inc., and Morgan Stanley ABS Capital I Inc.*, pending in the Supreme Court of NY. The

complaint asserts claims for breach of contract and alleges, among other things, that the loans in the trust, which had an original principal balance of approximately \$1.05 billion, breached various representations and warranties. The complaint seeks, among other relief, specific performance of the loan breach remedy procedures in the transaction documents, compensatory, consequential, rescissory, equitable and punitive damages, attorneys' fees, costs and other related expenses, and interest. On December 11, 2015, the court granted in part and denied in part the Firm's motion to dismiss the complaint. On October 19, 2018, the court granted the Firm's motion for leave to amend its answer and to stay the case pending resolution of Deutsche Bank National Trust Company's appeal to the Court of Appeals in another case, styled Deutsche Bank National Trust Company v. Barclays Bank PLC, regarding the applicable statute of limitations. On January 17, 2019, the First Department reversed the trial court's order to the extent that it had granted in part the Firm's motion to dismiss the complaint. On June 4, 2019, the First Department granted the Firm's motion for leave to appeal its January 17, 2019 decision to the Court of Appeals. On March 19, 2020, the Firm filed a motion for partial summary judgment. Based on currently available information, the Firm believes that it could incur a loss in this action of up to approximately \$277 million, the total original unpaid balance of the mortgage loans for which the Firm received repurchase demands from a certificate holder and a monoline insurer that the Firm did not repurchase, plus preand post-judgment interest, fees and costs, but plaintiff is seeking to expand the number of loans at issue and the possible range of loss could increase.

Tax

In matters styled Case number 15/3637 and Case number 15/4353, the Dutch Tax Authority ("Dutch Authority") is challenging in the Dutch courts, the prior set-off by the Firm of approximately €124 million (approximately \$147 million) plus accrued interest of withholding tax credits against the Firm's corporation tax liabilities for the tax years 2007 to 2013. The Dutch Authority alleges that the Firm was not entitled to receive the withholding tax credits on the basis, inter alia, that a Firm subsidiary did not hold legal title to certain securities subject to withholding tax on the relevant dates. The Dutch Authority has also alleged that the Firm failed to provide certain information to the Dutch Authority and keep adequate books and records. On April 26, 2018, the District Court in Amsterdam issued a decision dismissing the Dutch Authority's claims with respect to certain of the tax years in dispute. On May 12, 2020, the Court of Appeal in Amsterdam granted the Dutch Authority's appeal in matters re-styled Case number 18/00318 and Case number 18/00319. On June 22, 2020, the Firm filed an appeal against the decision of the Court of Appeal in Amsterdam before the Dutch High Court. On January 29, 2021, the Advocate General of the Dutch High Court in matters re-styled Case number 15/3637 and Case number 15/4353 issued an advisory opinion on the Firm's appeal, which rejected the

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Firm's principal grounds of appeal. On February 11, 2021, the Firm and the Dutch Tax Authority each responded to this opinion. On June 22, 2021, Dutch criminal authorities sought various documents in connection with an investigation of the Firm related to the civil claims asserted by the Dutch Tax Authority in matters re-styled *Case number 18/00318* and *Case number 18/00319*, concerning the accuracy of the Dutch subsidiary's tax returns and the maintenance of its books and records for 2007 to 2012.

15. Variable Interest Entities and Securitization Activities

Consolidated VIE Assets and Liabilities by Type of Activity¹

		At June	30,	2021		At Decemb	er 3	31, 2020
\$ in millions	VIE	Assets	VIE	Liabilities	٧	/IE Assets	VI	E Liabilities
CLO	\$	800	\$	705	\$	418	\$	350
MABS ²		388		47		590		17
Other ³		1,497		378		1,110		47
Total	\$	2,685	\$	1,130	\$	2,118	\$	414

- Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation.
- 2. Amounts include transactions backed by residential mortgage loans, commercial mortgage loans and other types of assets, including consumer or commercial assets and may be in loan or security form. The value of assets is determined based on the fair value of the liabilities and the interests owned by the Firm in such VIEs as the fair values for the liabilities and interests owned are more observable.
- 3. Other primarily includes operating entities and investment funds.

Consolidated VIE Assets and Liabilities by Balance Sheet Caption

	At June 30,	De	At ecember 31,
\$ in millions	2021		2020
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 318	\$	269
Trading assets at fair value	1,781		1,445
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	200		_
Customer and other receivables	25		23
Intangible assets	92		98
Other assets	269		283
Total	\$ 2,685	\$	2,118
Liabilities			
Other secured financings	\$ 949	\$	366
Other liabilities and accrued expenses	181		48
Total	\$ 1,130	\$	414
Noncontrolling interests	\$ 143	\$	196

Consolidated VIE assets and liabilities are presented in the previous tables after intercompany eliminations. Generally, most assets owned by consolidated VIEs cannot be removed unilaterally by the Firm and are not available to the Firm while the related liabilities issued by consolidated VIEs are non-recourse to the Firm. However, in certain consolidated VIEs, the Firm either has the unilateral right to remove assets or provides additional recourse through derivatives such as total return swaps, guarantees or other forms of involvement.

In general, the Firm's exposure to loss in consolidated VIEs is limited to losses that would be absorbed on the VIE net assets

recognized in its financial statements, net of amounts absorbed by third-party variable interest holders.

Non-consolidated VIEs

			At J	une :	30, 2	021		
\$ in millions	MABS ¹	С	DO	МТ	ОВ	OSF	Ot	:her²
VIE assets (UPB)	\$155,510	\$1	,918	\$6,	424	\$2,001	\$50),129
Maximum exposure to loss ³								
Debt and equity interests	\$ 20,473	\$	166	\$	4	\$1,245	\$10),741
Derivative and other contracts	_		_	4,	073	_	5	5,997
Commitments, guarantees and other	1,390		_		_	_	1	1,443
Total	\$ 21,863	\$	166	\$4,	077	\$1,245	\$18	3,181
Carrying value of variable int	erests—As	sse	ts					
Debt and equity interests	\$ 20,473	\$	166	\$	4	\$1,245	\$10),741
Derivative and other contracts	_		_		5	_	2	2,208
Total	\$ 20,473	\$	166	\$	9	\$1,245	\$12	2,949
Additional VIE assets owned ⁴							\$17	7,235
Carrying value of variable int	erests—Li	abi	lities					
Derivative and other contracts	\$ —	\$	_	\$	_	\$ —	\$	217
\$ in millions	MABS ¹					0SF	0	ther ²
\$ in millions VIE assets (UPB)	MABS ¹ \$184.153	(CDO	М٦	ГОВ	OSF	_	ther ² 8.241
VIE assets (UPB)	MABS ¹ \$184,153	(CDO	М٦		OSF	_	ther ² 8,241
VIE assets (UPB) Maximum exposure to loss ³	\$184,153	(CDO	М٦	ГОВ	OSF \$2,161	\$4	8,241
VIE assets (UPB)		\$3	CDO 3,527	М7 \$6,	ГОВ ,524 —	OSF	\$4 \$1	1,008
VIE assets (UPB) Maximum exposure to loss³ Debt and equity interests	\$184,153 \$ 26,247 —	\$3	CDO 3,527	М7 \$6,	ГОВ	OSF \$2,161	\$4 \$1	8,241
VIE assets (UPB) Maximum exposure to loss³ Debt and equity interests Derivative and other contracts Commitments, guarantees and	\$184,153 \$ 26,247	\$3	CDO 3,527	\$6, \$4,	ГОВ ,524 —	OSF \$2,161 \$1,187 —	\$4	1,008 5,639
VIE assets (UPB) Maximum exposure to loss³ Debt and equity interests Derivative and other contracts Commitments, guarantees and other	\$184,153 \$ 26,247 — 929 \$ 27,176	\$	257 — 257 — 257	\$6, \$4,	,524 ,425	OSF \$2,161 \$1,187 —	\$4	8,241 1,008 5,639 749
VIE assets (UPB) Maximum exposure to loss³ Debt and equity interests Derivative and other contracts Commitments, guarantees and other Total Carrying value of variable interests	\$184,153 \$ 26,247 — 929 \$ 27,176 erests—As	\$	257 — 257 — 257	\$6, \$4,	,524 ,425	OSF \$2,161 \$1,187 — — \$1,187	\$4 \$1 \$1	8,241 1,008 5,639 749 7,396
VIE assets (UPB) Maximum exposure to loss³ Debt and equity interests Derivative and other contracts Commitments, guarantees and other Total	\$184,153 \$ 26,247 — 929 \$ 27,176	\$; \$	257 — 257 — 257	M7 \$6, \$ 4,	,524 ,425	OSF \$2,161 \$1,187 —	\$4 \$1 \$1	8,241 1,008 5,639 749
VIE assets (UPB) Maximum exposure to loss³ Debt and equity interests Derivative and other contracts Commitments, guarantees and other Total Carrying value of variable int Debt and equity interests	\$184,153 \$ 26,247 — 929 \$ 27,176 erests—As	\$ \$ \$ set	257 — 257 — 257	M7 \$6, \$ 4,		OSF \$2,161 \$1,187 — \$1,187 \$1,187	\$4 \$1 \$1	8,241 1,008 5,639 749 7,396
VIE assets (UPB) Maximum exposure to loss³ Debt and equity interests Derivative and other contracts Commitments, guarantees and other Total Carrying value of variable int Debt and equity interests Derivative and other contracts Total	\$184,153 \$ 26,247 — 929 \$ 27,176 erests—As \$ 26,247 —	\$ \$ \$ set	257 — 257 — 257 s 257	\$6, \$4, \$4,	,524 ,524 ,425 ,425 ,425	OSF \$2,161 \$1,187 — \$1,187 \$1,187	\$4 \$1 \$1 \$1	8,241 1,008 5,639 749 7,396 1,008 851
VIE assets (UPB) Maximum exposure to loss³ Debt and equity interests Derivative and other contracts Commitments, guarantees and other Total Carrying value of variable int Debt and equity interests Derivative and other contracts	\$184,153 \$ 26,247	\$ \$ \$ \$	257 — 257 — 257 s 257 — 257	\$6, \$4, \$4,	,524 ,524 ,425 ,425 ,425	OSF \$2,161 \$1,187 — \$1,187 \$1,187	\$4 \$1 \$1 \$1	8,241 1,008 5,639 749 7,396 1,008 851 1,859

MTOB—Municipal tender option bonds

- Amounts include transactions backed by residential mortgage loans, commercial mortgage loans and other types of assets, including consumer or commercial assets, and may be in loan or security form.
- Other primarily includes exposures to commercial real estate property and investment funds.
- Where notional amounts are utilized in quantifying the maximum exposure related to derivatives, such amounts do not reflect changes in fair value recorded by the Firm.
- 4. Additional VIE assets owned represents the carrying value of total exposure to non-consolidated VIEs for which the maximum exposure to loss is less than specific thresholds, primarily interests issued by securitization SPEs. The Firm's maximum exposure to loss generally equals the fair value of the assets owned. These assets are primarily included in Trading assets and Investment securities and are measured at fair value (see Note 5). The Firm does not provide additional support in these transactions through contractual facilities, guarantees or similar derivatives.

The majority of the VIEs included in the previous tables are sponsored by unrelated parties; examples of the Firm's involvement with these VIEs include its secondary market-making activities and the securities held in its Investment securities portfolio (see Note 8).

The Firm's maximum exposure to loss is dependent on the nature of the Firm's variable interest in the VIE and is limited to the notional amounts of certain liquidity facilities and other credit support, total return swaps and written put options, as

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well as the fair value of certain other derivatives and investments the Firm has made in the VIE.

The Firm's maximum exposure to loss in the previous tables does not include the offsetting benefit of hedges or any reductions associated with the amount of collateral held as part of a transaction with the VIE or any party to the VIE directly against a specific exposure to loss.

Liabilities issued by VIEs generally are non-recourse to the Firm.

Detail of Mortgage- and Asset-Backed Securitization Assets

	At June 30, 2021			At December			31, 2020
\$ in millions	Debt and Equity UPB Interests UPB						Debt and Equity Interests
Residential mortgages	\$ 17,146	\$	2,637	\$	17,775	\$	3,175
Commercial mortgages	62,404		3,705		62,093		4,131
U.S. agency collateralized mortgage obligations	70,091		11,989		99,182		17,224
Other consumer or commercial loans	5,869		2,142		5,103		1,717
Total	\$ 155,510	\$	20,473	\$	184,153	\$	26,247

Transferred Assets with Continuing Involvement

	At June 30, 2021							
\$ in millions		RML CML			.S. Agency CMO		LN and Other ¹	
SPE assets (UPB) ²	\$	7,217	\$	90,355	\$	31,722	\$	15,181
Retained interests								
Investment grade	\$	98	\$	936	\$	605	\$	_
Non-investment grade		21		214		_		80
Total	\$	119	\$	1,150	\$	605	\$	80
Interests purchased in the	secon	dary n	nar	ket				
Investment grade	\$	_	\$	78	\$	20	\$	_
Non-investment grade		46		68		_		1
Total	\$	46	\$	146	\$	20	\$	1
Derivative assets	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	608
Derivative liabilities		_		_				197

At December 31, 2020							
U.S. Agency RML CML CMO			CLN and Other ¹				
\$	7,515	\$	84,674	\$	21,061	\$	12,978
\$	49	\$	822	\$	615	\$	_
	16		195		_		114
\$	65	\$	1,017	\$	615	\$	114
cor	ndary n	nar	ket				
\$	_	\$	96	\$	116	\$	_
	43		80		_		21
\$	43	\$	176	\$	116	\$	21
\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	400
	_		_		_		436
	\$ \$ \$ cor \$	\$ 7,515 \$ 49 16 \$ 65 condary m \$ - 43 \$ 43	\$ 7,515 \$ \$ 49 \$ 16 \$ 65 \$ condary mar \$ \$ 43 \$	\$ 7,515 \$ 84,674 \$ 49 \$ 822 16 195 \$ 65 \$ 1,017 condary market \$ — \$ 96 43 80 \$ 43 \$ 176	RML CML \$ 7,515 \$ 84,674 \$ \$ 49 \$ 822 \$ 16 195 \$ \$ 65 \$ 1,017 \$ condary market \$ 96 \$ 43 80 \$ 43 \$ 176 \$	RML CML CMO \$ 7,515 \$ 84,674 \$ 21,061 \$ 49 \$ 822 \$ 615 16 195 — \$ 65 \$ 1,017 \$ 615 condary market \$ 96 \$ 116 43 80 — \$ 43 \$ 176 \$ 116	RML CML CMO 6 \$ 7,515 \$ 84,674 \$ 21,061 \$ \$ 49 \$ 822 \$ 615 \$ \$ 65 \$ 1,017 \$ 615 \$ condary market \$ 96 \$ 116 \$ 43 80 — \$ 43 \$ 176 \$ 116 \$

		Fair Value At June 30, 2021						
\$ in millions		Level 2 Level 3				Total		
Retained interests								
Investment grade	\$	702	\$	_	\$	702		
Non-investment grade		12		50		62		
Total	\$	714	\$	50	\$	764		
Interests purchased in the sec	ondary m	arket						
Investment grade	\$	97	\$	1	\$	98		
Non-investment grade		76		39		115		
Total	\$	173	\$	40	\$	213		
Derivative assets	\$	607	\$	1	\$	608		
Derivative liabilities		163		34		197		
		Fair Value	e at	Decembe	r 3′	1, 2020		
\$ in millions		Level 2		Level 3		Total		
Retained interests								
Investment grade	\$	663	\$	_	\$	663		
Non-investment grade		6		63		69		
Total	\$	669	\$	63	\$	732		
Interests purchased in the sec	ondary m	arket						
Investment grade	\$	196	\$	16	\$	212		
Non-investment grade		62		82		144		
Total	\$	258	\$	98	\$	356		
1 Otal	Ф	200	Ψ.					
Derivative assets	\$	388	\$	12	\$	400		

RML—Residential mortgage loans

CML—Commercial mortgage loans

1. Amounts include CLO transactions managed by unrelated third parties.

2. Amounts include assets transferred by unrelated transferors

The previous tables include transactions with SPEs in which the Firm, acting as principal, transferred financial assets with continuing involvement and received sales treatment. The transferred assets are carried at fair value prior to securitization, and any changes in fair value are recognized in the income statements. The Firm may act as underwriter of the beneficial interests issued by these securitization vehicles, for which Investment banking revenues are recognized. The Firm may retain interests in the securitized financial assets as one or more tranches of the securitization. These retained interests are generally carried at fair value in the balance sheets with changes in fair value recognized in the income statements. Fair value for these interests is measured using techniques that are consistent with the valuation techniques applied to the Firm's major categories of assets and liabilities as described in Note 2 in the 2020 Form 10-K and Note 5 herein. Further, as permitted by applicable guidance, certain transfers of assets where the Firm's only continuing involvement is a derivative are only reported in the following Assets Sold with Retained Exposure table.

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Proceeds from New Securitization Transactions and Sales of Loans

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months E June 30,				
\$ in millions		2021 2020			2021		2020	
New transactions ¹	\$	16,410	\$	9,189	\$	31,200	\$	17,660
Retained interests		2,985		1,136		5,564		5,224
Sales of corporate loans to CLO SPEs ^{1, 2}		73		73		73		139

^{1.} Net gains on new transactions and sales of corporate loans to CLO entities at the time of the sale were not material for all periods presented.

The Firm has provided, or otherwise agreed to be responsible for, representations and warranties regarding certain assets transferred in securitization transactions sponsored by the Firm (see Note 14).

Assets Sold with Retained Exposure

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	De	At cember 31, 2020
Gross cash proceeds from sale of assets ¹	\$ 61,885	\$	45,051
Fair value			
Assets sold	\$ 63,544	\$	46,609
Derivative assets recognized in the balance sheets	1,972		1,592
Derivative liabilities recognized in the balance sheets	314		64

^{1.} The carrying value of assets derecognized at the time of sale approximates gross cash proceeds.

The Firm enters into transactions in which it sells securities, primarily equities, and contemporaneously enters into bilateral OTC derivatives with the purchasers of the securities, through which it retains exposure to the sold securities.

For a discussion of the Firm's VIEs, the determination and structure of VIEs and securitization activities, see Note 16 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

16. Regulatory Requirements

Regulatory Capital Framework and Requirements

For a discussion of the Firm's regulatory capital framework, see Note 17 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

The Firm is required to maintain minimum risk-based and leverage-based capital ratios under regulatory capital requirements. A summary of the calculations of regulatory capital and RWA follows.

Minimum risk-based capital ratio requirements apply to Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Tier 1 capital and Total capital (which includes Tier 2 capital). Capital standards require certain adjustments to, and deductions from, capital for purposes of determining these ratios. At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the differences between the actual and required ratios were lower under the Standardized Approach.

^{2.} Sponsored by non-affiliates.

Capital buffer requirement²

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

In 2020, the U.S. banking agencies adopted a final rule, consistent with an interim final rule that was effective March 31, 2020, altering, for purposes of the regulatory capital rules, the required adoption time period for CECL. As of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the risk-based and leverage-based capital amounts and ratios, as well as RWA, adjusted average assets and supplementary leverage exposure are calculated excluding the effect of the adoption of CECL based on the Firm's election to defer this effect over a five-year transition period which began on January 1, 2020 in accordance with the final rule.

Risk-Based Regulatory Capital Ratio Requirements

	December	31, 2020
	Standardized	Advanced
Capital buffers		
Capital conservation buffer	_	2.5%
SCB	5.7%	N/A
G-SIB capital surcharge	3.0%	3.0%
CCyB ¹	0%	0%

At June 30, 2021 and

5.5%

8.7%

		At June 30 December	
	Regulatory Minimum	Standardized	Advanced
Required ratios ³			
Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	4.5%	13.2%	10.0%
Tier 1 capital ratio	6.0%	14.7%	11.5%
Total capital ratio	8.0%	16.7%	13.5%

- The CCyB can be set up to 2.5%, but is currently set by the U.S. banking agencies at zero.
- 2. The capital buffer requirement represents the amount of Common Equity Tier 1 capital the Firm must maintain above the minimum risk-based capital requirements in order to avoid restrictions on the Firm's ability to make capital distributions, including the payment of dividends and the repurchase of stock, and to pay discretionary bonuses to executive officers. The Firm's Standardized Approach capital buffer requirement is equal to the sum of the SCB, G-SIB capital surcharge and CCyB, and the Advanced Approach capital buffer requirement is equal to the 2.5% capital conservation buffer, G-SIB capital surcharge and CCyB.
- Required ratios represent the regulatory minimum plus the capital buffer requirement

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The Firm's Regulatory Capital and Capital Ratios

\$ in millions	Required Ratio ¹	At	June 30, 2021	At E	December 31, 2020
Risk-based capital					
Common Equity Tier 1 capital		\$	76,815	\$	78,650
Tier 1 capital			84,612		88,079
Total capital			92,782		97,213
Total RWA			462,808		453,106
Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	13.2%		16.6%		17.4%
Tier 1 capital ratio	14.7%		18.3%		19.4%
Total capital ratio	16.7%		20.0%		21.5%

\$ in millions	Required Ratio ¹	At June 30, 2021	At	December 31, 2020
Leverage-based capital				
Adjusted average assets ²	\$	1,135,262	\$	1,053,510
Tier 1 leverage ratio	4.0%	7.5%)	8.4%
Supplementary leverage expos	sure ^{3,4} \$	1,439,971	\$	1,192,506
SLR⁴	5.0%	5.9%)	7.4%

- Required ratios are inclusive of any buffers applicable as of the date presented.
 Failure to maintain the buffers would result in restrictions on the Firm's ability to
 make capital distributions, including the payment of dividends and the repurchase
 of stock, and to pay discretionary bonuses to executive officers.
- 2. Adjusted average assets represents the denominator of the Tier 1 leverage ratio and is composed of the average daily balance of consolidated on-balance sheet assets for the quarters ending on the respective balance sheet dates, reduced by disallowed goodwill, intangible assets, investments in covered funds, defined benefit pension plan assets, after-tax gain on sale from assets sold into securitizations, investments in the Firm's own capital instruments, certain defined tax assets and other capital deductions.
- 3. Supplementary leverage exposure is the sum of Adjusted average assets used in the Tier 1 leverage ratio and other adjustments, primarily: (i) for derivatives, potential future exposure and the effective notional principal amount of sold credit protection offset by qualifying purchased credit protection; (ii) the counterparty credit risk for repo-style transactions; and (iii) the credit equivalent amount for offbalance sheet exposures.
- 4. The Firm's SLR and Supplementary leverage exposure as of December 31, 2020 reflect the exclusion of U.S. Treasury securities and deposits at Federal Reserve Banks based on a Federal Reserve interim final rule that was in effect until March 31 2021

Certain U.S. Bank Subsidiaries' Regulatory Capital and Capital Ratios

The OCC establishes capital requirements for the Firm's U.S. bank subsidiaries, which as of June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 include, among others, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. ("MSBNA") and Morgan Stanley Private Bank, National Association ("MSPBNA"), and evaluates their compliance with such capital requirements. Regulatory capital requirements for MSBNA and MSPBNA are calculated in a similar manner to the Firm's regulatory capital requirements, although G-SIB capital surcharge and SCB requirements do not apply to the U.S. bank subsidiaries.

The OCC's regulatory capital framework includes Prompt Corrective Action ("PCA") standards, including "well-capitalized" PCA standards that are based on specified regulatory capital ratio minimums. For the Firm to remain an FHC, its U.S. bank subsidiaries must remain well-capitalized in accordance with the OCC's PCA standards. In addition, failure by the U.S. bank subsidiaries to meet minimum capital requirements may result in certain mandatory and discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the U.S. bank subsidiaries' and the Firm's financial statements.

At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, MSBNA and MSPBNA risk-based capital ratios are based on the Standardized Approach rules. At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the risk-based and leverage-based capital amounts and ratios are calculated excluding the effect of the adoption of CECL based on MSBNA's and MSPBNA's election to defer this effect over a five-year transition period, which began on January 1, 2020.

MSBNA's Regulatory Capital

			At June 30, 2021		At Decen 202	
\$ in millions	Well- Capitalized Requirement	Required Ratio ¹	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Risk-based capit	al					
Common Equity Tier 1 capital	6.5 %	7.0 %	\$18,069	19.8 %	\$ 17,238	18.7 %
Tier 1 capital	8.0 %	8.5 %	18,069	19.8 %	17,238	18.7 %
Total capital	10.0 %	10.5 %	18,644	20.5 %	17,882	19.4 %
Leverage-based	capital					
Tier 1 leverage	5.0 %	4.0 %	\$18,069	10.4 %	\$ 17,238	10.1 %
SLR	6.0 %	3.0 %	18,069	8.1 %	17,238	8.0 %

MSPBNA's Regulatory Capital

			At Jun 202		At Decem	
\$ in millions	Well- Capitalized Requirement	Required Ratio ¹	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Risk-based capit	al					
Common Equity Tier 1 capital	6.5 %	7.0 %	\$ 9,629	25.1 %	\$ 8,213	21.3 %
Tier 1 capital	8.0 %	8.5 %	9,629	25.1 %	8,213	21.3 %
Total capital	10.0 %	10.5 %	9,702	25.2 %	8,287	21.5 %
Leverage-based	capital					
Tier 1 leverage	5.0 %	4.0 %	\$ 9,629	7.4 %	\$ 8,213	7.2 %
SLR	6.0 %	3.0 %	9,629	7.1 %	8,213	6.9 %

Required ratios are inclusive of any buffers applicable as of the date presented.
 Failure to maintain the buffers would result in restrictions on the ability to make capital distributions, including the payment of dividends.

U.S. Broker-Dealer Regulatory Capital Requirements

MS&Co. Regulatory Capital

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020
Net capital	\$ 16,739 \$	12,869
Excess net capital	12,837	9,034

MS&Co. is a registered U.S. broker-dealer and registered futures commission merchant and, accordingly, is subject to the minimum net capital requirements of the SEC and the CFTC. MS&Co. has consistently operated with capital in excess of its regulatory capital requirements.

As an Alternative Net Capital broker-dealer, and in accordance with Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act") Rule 15c3-1, Appendix E, MS&Co. is subject to minimum net capital and tentative net capital requirements. In addition, MS&Co. must notify the SEC if its tentative net capital falls below certain levels. At June 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, MS&Co. exceeded its net capital

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requirement and had tentative net capital in excess of the minimum and notification requirements.

Other Regulated Subsidiaries

MSSB, a registered U.S. broker-dealer and introducing broker for the futures business, is subject to the minimum net capital requirements of the SEC. MSIP, a London-based brokerdealer subsidiary, is subject to the capital requirements of the PRA, and the Morgan Stanley Europe Holdings SE Group ("MSEHSE Group") is subject to the capital requirements of the European Central Bank, BaFin and the German Central Bank. MSSB, MSIP and the MSEHSE Group, including MSESE, a Germany-based broker-dealer, have consistently operated with capital in excess of their respective regulatory capital requirements. Additionally, E*TRADE Bank and E*TRADE Savings Bank are subject to the capital requirements of the OCC, and E*TRADE Securities LLC is subject to the minimum net capital requirements of the SEC; each of these entities has consistently operated with capital in excess of their respective regulatory capital requirements.

Certain other U.S. and non-U.S. subsidiaries of the Firm are subject to various securities, commodities and banking regulations, and capital adequacy requirements promulgated by the regulatory and exchange authorities of the countries in which they operate. These subsidiaries have also consistently operated with capital in excess of their local capital adequacy requirements.

17. Total Equity

Preferred Stock

	Shares Outstanding		Carryin	g V	alue
\$ in millions, except per share data	At June 30, 2021	Liquidation Preference per Share	At June 30, 2021	D	At ecember 31, 2020
Series					_
Α	44,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 1,100	\$	1,100
C ¹	519,882	1,000	408		408
E	34,500	25,000	862		862
F	34,000	25,000	850		850
Н	52,000	25,000	1,300		1,300
I	40,000	25,000	1,000		1,000
J	_	_	_		1,500
K	40,000	25,000	1,000		1,000
L	20,000	25,000	500		500
М	400,000	1,000	430		430
N	3,000	100,000	300		300
Total			\$ 7,750	\$	9,250
Shares authorize	d				30,000,000

^{1.} Series C preferred stock is held by MUFG.

For a description of Series A through Series N preferred stock issuances, see Note 18 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K. The Firm's preferred stock has a preference over its common stock upon liquidation. The Firm's preferred stock qualifies as and is included in Tier 1 capital in

accordance with regulatory capital requirements (see Note 16).

On March 15, 2021, the Firm announced the redemption in whole of its outstanding Series J preferred stock. On notice of redemption, the amount due to holders of Series J Preferred Stock was reclassified to Borrowings, and on April 15, 2021 the redemption settled at the carrying value of \$1.5 billion.

Share Repurchases

	Th	ree Mor June	s Ended 0,	5	Six Mont June	
\$ in millions		2021	2020		2021	2020
Repurchases of common stock under the Firm's Share Repurchase Program	\$	2,939	\$ _	\$	5,074	\$ 1,347

Beginning late in the first quarter of 2020, the Firm suspended its share repurchase program, however the Federal Reserve permitted the resumption of share repurchases for the current year period. On June 28, 2021, the Firm announced its Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$12 billion of outstanding common stock from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022, from time to time as conditions warrant, which supersedes the previous common stock repurchase authorization. For more information on share repurchases, see Note 18 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Common Shares Outstanding for Basic and Diluted EPS

	Three Mont June		Six Month June			
in millions	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic	1,814	1,541	1,804	1,548		
Effect of dilutive Stock options, RSUs and PSUs	27	16	25	17		
Weighted average common shares outstanding and common stock equivalents, diluted	1,841	1,557	1,829	1,565		
Weighted average antidilutive common stock equivalents (excluded from the computation of diluted EPS)	_	8	_	10		

Dividends

0: 10:	Th	Three Months Ended June 30, 2021 Three Months End June 30, 2020							
\$ in millions, except per share data	Per Share ¹ Total F			Pe	r Share ¹		Total		
Preferred stock series									
Α	\$	253	\$	11	\$	253	\$	11	
С		25		13		25		13	
E		445		15		445		15	
F		430		15		430		15	
Н		240		12		305		16	
I		398		16		398		16	
J^2		_		_		694		42	
K		366		15		366		15	
L		305		6		305		6	
Total Preferred stock			\$	103		·	\$	149	
Common stock		0.35	\$	651	\$	0.35	\$	550	

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\$ in millions, except per	\$	Ended 2020					
share data	Per Share ¹ Total Per S				er Share ¹	Total	
Preferred stock series							
Α	\$	503	\$	22	\$	506	\$ 22
С		50		26		50	26
E		891		30		891	30
F		859		29		859	29
Н		480		25		649	34
1		797		32		797	32
J^2		253		15		694	42
K		731		30		731	30
L		609		12		609	12
M ³		29		12		_	_
N ⁴		2,650		8		_	_
Total Preferred stock			\$	241			\$ 257
Common stock	\$	0.70	\$	1,286	\$	0.70	\$ 1,111

- Common and Preferred Stock dividends are payable quarterly, unless otherwise noted.
- Series J was payable semiannually until July 15, 2020, after which it was payable quarterly until its redemotion.
- Series M is payable semiannually until September 15, 2026, and thereafter will be payable quarterly.
- Series N is payable semiannually until March 15, 2023, and thereafter will be payable quarterly.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)¹

\$ in millions	СТА	s	AFS ecurities	Pension nd Other	DVA	Total
March 31, 2021	\$ (936)	\$	1,011	\$ (493)	\$ (2,336)	\$ (2,754)
OCI during the period	41		(7)	12	185	231
June 30, 2021	\$ (895)	\$	1,004	\$ (481)	\$ (2,151)	\$ (2,523)
March 31, 2020	\$ (1,038)	\$	1,532	\$ (619)	\$ 2,220	\$ 2,095
OCI during the period	21		295	(1)	(2,409)	(2,094)
June 30, 2020	\$ (1,017)	\$	1,827	\$ (620)	\$ (189)	\$ 1
December 31, 2020	\$ (795)	\$	1,787	\$ (498)	\$ (2,456)	\$ (1,962)
OCI during the period	(100)		(783)	17	305	(561)
June 30, 2021	\$ (895)	\$	1,004	\$ (481)	\$ (2,151)	\$ (2,523)
December 31, 2019	\$ (897)	\$	207	\$ (644)	\$ (1,454)	\$ (2,788)
OCI during the period	(120)		1,620	24	1,265	2,789
June 30, 2020	\$ (1,017)	\$	1,827	\$ (620)	\$ (189)	\$ 1

CTA—Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments

Components of Period Changes in OCI

		TI	hre	e Months	Ε	nded J	une	30, 202	1	
		e-tax Sain		Income Tax Benefit		After-tax Gain		Non- controlling		
\$ in millions		oss)		Provision)		Loss)		terests		Net
СТА										
OCI activity	\$	12	\$	29	\$	41	\$	_	\$	41
Reclassified to earnings		_		_		_		_		_
Net OCI	\$	12	\$	29	\$	41	\$	_	\$	41
Change in net unrealized	d ga	ins (lo	oss	es) on Al	S	securit	ties	3		
OCI activity	\$	47	\$	(10)	\$	37	\$	_	\$	37
Reclassified to earnings		(58)		14		(44)		_		(44)
Net OCI	\$	(11)	\$	4	\$	(7)	\$	_	\$	(7)
Pension and other										
OCI activity	\$	8	\$	_	\$	8	\$	_	\$	8
Reclassified to earnings		7		(3)		4		_		4
Net OCI	\$	15	\$	(3)	\$	12	\$	_	\$	12
Change in net DVA										
OCI activity	\$	237	\$	(59)	\$	178	\$	1	\$	177
Reclassified to earnings		10		(2)		8		_		8
Net OCI	\$	247	\$	(61)	\$	186	\$	1	\$	185

^{1.} Amounts are net of tax and noncontrolling interests

			11116	ee Months			IIIE			
		re-tax Gain		Income ax Benefit	Α	fter-tax Gain	cc	Non- ontrolling		
\$ in millions		Loss)		Provision)	((Loss)		nterests		Net
CTA										
OCI activity	\$	5	\$	19	\$	24	\$	_	\$	24
Reclassified to earnings		(3)		_		(3)		_		(3)
Net OCI	\$	2	\$	19	\$	21	\$		\$	21
Change in net unrealize	d a	ains (le	oss	es) on Al	FS	securi	ties	s		
OCI activity	\$	395	\$	(93)		302	\$	_	\$	302
Reclassified to earnings		(10)	_	3	_	(7)	Ť		_	(7)
Net OCI	\$	385	\$	(90)	\$	295	\$		\$	295
Pension and other	Ψ	000	Ψ	(00)	Ψ	200	Ψ		Ψ	200
OCI activity	\$	(4)	Ф	(1)	¢	(5)	Ф		\$	(5)
	Ψ	(4)	Ψ	(1)	Ψ	(5) 4	Ψ		Ψ	(5) 4
Reclassified to earnings Net OCI	Φ.	5	Φ.	(1)	Φ.	-	Φ.		Φ.	
	\$	1	\$	(2)	\$	(1)	\$		\$	(1)
Change in net DVA					_					
OCI activity	\$(3,301)	\$	805	\$	(2,496)	\$	(87)	\$1	(2,409)
Reclassified to earnings		1		(1)						
Net OCI	\$((3,300)	\$	804	\$	(2,496)	\$	(87)	\$	(2,409)
			Six	Months I	En	ded Ju	ne	30. 2021		
	P	re-tax		Income		fter-tax		Non-		
\$ in millions		Gain Loss)		ax Benefit Provision)		Gain (Loss)		ontrolling nterests		Net
CTA	(L033)	(1	104131011)		(LU33)		111010313		1401
OCI activity	\$	(02)	¢	(96)	¢	(179)	¢	(79)	¢	(100)
	Ф	(92)	Ψ	(86)	Ψ	(178)	Ψ	(78)	Ψ	(100)
Reclassified to earnings	_	(00)	_	(00)	•	(470)	_	(70)	_	(400)
Net OCI	\$	(92)	_	(86)	÷	(178)		(78)	\$	(100)
Change in net unrealize		-		-				S		
OCI activity	\$	(829)	\$	193	\$	(636)	\$		\$	(636)
Reclassified to earnings		(192)		45		(147)		_		(147)
Net OCI			•	220	\$	(702)	\$	_		
Net OCI	\$(1,021)	Þ	238	Ψ	(783)	Ť		\$	(783)
Pension and other	\$(1,021)	Þ	230	Ψ	(103)	Ť		\$	(783)
	\$(1,021 <u>)</u> 8	\$		\$	(763)	\$	_	\$	(783) 8
Pension and other					Ť			_	Ė	, ,
Pension and other OCI activity		8		_	\$	8		_ _ _	Ė	8
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings	\$	8 14	\$	— (5)	\$	8 9	\$	_ 	\$	8
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI	\$	8 14	\$	— (5)	\$	8 9	\$	_ 	\$	8
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA	\$	8 14 22	\$	— (5)	\$	8 9 17	\$	_ 	\$	8 9 17
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity	\$	8 14 22 404	\$	(5) (5) (102)	\$	8 9 17	\$		\$	8 9 17 284
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings	\$ \$	8 14 22 404 27	\$ \$ \$	(102) (6) (108)	\$	8 9 17 302 21 323	\$ \$ \$	18	\$	8 9 17 284 21
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings	\$ \$ \$	8 14 22 404 27 431	\$ \$ \$ Siz	— (5) (5) (102) (6) (108)	\$ \$ \$	8 9 17 302 21 323 ded Jur	\$ \$ \$	18	\$	8 9 17 284 21
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI	\$ \$ \$	8 14 22 404 27	\$ \$ \$ Siz	(102) (6) (108) (408) (408) (5) (108)	\$ \$ \$	8 9 17 302 21 323	\$ \$ \$ co	18 30, 2020 Non- ontrolling	\$	8 9 17 284 21 305
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI	\$ \$ \$	8 14 22 404 27 431	\$ \$ \$ Siz	(102) (6) (108) K Months I	\$ \$ En	8 9 17 302 21 323 ded Junfter-tax	\$ \$ \$ co	18 30, 2020 Non-	\$	8 9 17 284 21
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI \$ in millions CTA	\$ \$ \$	8 14 22 404 27 431	\$ \$ \$ Siz	(102) (6) (108) (408) (408) (5) (108)	\$ \$ En	8 9 17 302 21 323 ded Jur fter-tax Gain	\$ \$ \$ co	18 30, 2020 Non- ontrolling	\$	8 9 17 284 21 305
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI \$ in millions CTA OCI activity	\$ \$ \$	8 14 22 404 27 431	\$ \$ Six	(102) (6) (108) (408) (408) (5) (108)	\$ \$ \$ En A	8 9 17 302 21 323 ded Jur fter-tax Gain	\$ \$ second	18 30, 2020 Non- ontrolling	\$	8 9 17 284 21 305
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI \$ in millions CTA	\$ \$ P	8 14 22 404 27 431 re-tax Gain Loss)	\$ \$ \$ Siz	(5) (5) (102) (6) (108) k Months I	\$ \$ \$ En A	8 9 17 302 21 323 ded Jun fter-tax Gain (Loss)	\$ \$ second	18 30, 2020 Non- ontrolling nterests	\$	8 9 17 284 21 305 Net (117)
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI \$ in millions CTA OCI activity	\$ \$ P	8 14 22 404 27 431 re-tax Gain Loss)	\$ \$ \$ Siz Ta (F	(5) (5) (102) (6) (108) k Months I	\$ \$ \$ En A	8 9 17 302 21 323 ded Jur fter-tax Gain (Loss) (108)	\$ \$ ccili	18 30, 2020 Non- ontrolling nterests	\$	8 9 17 284 21 305 Net (117) (3)
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI \$ in millions CTA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings	\$ \$ \$ P-((8 14 22 404 27 431 re-tax Gain Loss) (15) (3) (18)	\$ \$ \$ Siz Ta (F	(102) (6) (108) K Months B Income ax Benefit Provision) (93) (93)	\$ \$ \$ En A	8 9 17 302 21 323 ded Jun fter-tax Gain (Loss) (108) (3) (111)	\$ \$ \$ \$	18 30, 2020 Non-ontrolling nterests 9 — 9	\$ \$ \$	8 9 17 284 21 305 Net (117) (3)
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI \$ in millions CTA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI	\$ \$ \$ P'(() \$	8 14 22 404 27 431 re-tax Gain Loss) (15) (3) (18)	\$ \$ Siz Ta (F	(102) (6) (108) K Months I Income as Benefit Provision) (93) (93) (93)	\$ \$ En A \$	8 9 17 302 21 323 ded Jun fter-tax Gain (Loss) (108) (3) (111)	\$ \$ \$ cc	18 30, 2020 Non-ontrolling nterests 9 — 9	\$ \$ \$	8 9 17 284 21 305 Net (117) (3)
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI \$ in millions CTA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net unrealize	\$ \$ \$ P'(() \$	8 14 22 404 27 431 re-tax Gain Loss) (15) (3) (18) ains (I-4)	\$ \$ Siz Ta (F	(102) (6) (108) K Months I Income as Benefit Provision) (93) (93) (93)	\$ \$ En A \$	8 9 17 302 21 323 ded Junfter-tax Gain (Loss) (108) (3) (111) securit	\$ \$ \$ cc	18 30, 2020 Non-ontrolling nterests 9 — 9	\$ \$ \$	8 9 17 284 21 305 Net (117) (3) (120) 1,659
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI \$ in millions CTA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net unrealize OCI activity	\$ \$ \$ \$ d g	8 14 22 404 27 431 Cain Loss) (15) (3) (18) aains (li (2,168 404 405 405 405 405 405 405 405 405 405	\$ \$ Siz Ta (F	(102) (6) (108) K Months Elincome ax Benefit Provision) (93) — (93) 6es) on Al (509)	\$ \$ En A \$ \$ FS \$	8 9 17 302 21 323 ded Jur fter-tax Gain (Loss) (108) (3) (111) securii 1,659	\$ \$ \$ cc	18 30, 2020 Non-ontrolling nterests 9 — 9	\$ \$ \$ \$	8 9 17 284 21 305 Net (117) (3) (120) 1,659
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI \$ in millions CTA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net unrealize OCI activity Reclassified to earnings	\$ \$ \$ \$ d g	8 14 22 404 27 431 re-tax Gain Loss) (15) (3) (18) (3ins (l-168 (51)	\$ \$ Siz (F \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	(102) (6) (108) K Months Elincome ax Benefit Provision) (93) — (93) 6es) on Al (509)	\$ \$ En A \$ \$ FS \$	8 9 17 302 21 323 ded Jurifter-tax Gain (Loss) (108) (3) (111) securit 1,659 (39)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	18 30, 2020 Non-ontrolling nterests 9 — 9	\$ \$ \$ \$	8 8 9 17 284 21 305 Net (117) (3) (120) 1,659 (39)
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI \$ in millions CTA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net unrealize OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net unrealize OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI	\$ \$ \$ \$ d g	8 14 22 404 27 431 re-tax Gain Loss) (15) (3) (18) (3ins (l-168 (51)	\$ \$ Siz (F \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	(102) (6) (108) K Months Elincome ax Benefit Provision) (93) — (93) 6es) on Al (509)	\$ \$ En A \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	8 9 17 302 21 323 ded Jurifter-tax Gain (Loss) (108) (3) (111) securit 1,659 (39)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	18 30, 2020 Non-ontrolling nterests 9 — 9	\$ \$ \$ \$	8 8 9 17 284 21 305 Net (117) (3) (120) 1,659 (39)
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI \$ in millions CTA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net unrealize OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Pension and other	\$ \$ \$ d g	8 14 22 404 27 431 re-tax Gain (15) (3) (18) (15) (2,117	\$ \$ \$ Siz	(102) (6) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (1	\$ \$ \$ F\$ \$ \$	8 9 17 302 21 323 ded Jur ffter-tax Gain (Loss) (108) (3) (111) securit 1,659 (39) 1,620	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	18 30, 2020 Non-ontrolling nterests 9 — 9	\$ \$ \$ \$	8 9 17 284 21 305 Net (117) (3) (120) (39) 1,659 (39)
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Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI \$ in millions CTA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net unrealize OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI	\$ \$ \$ d g	8 8 14 22 404 27 431 re-tax Gain (Loss) (15) (3) (18) ains (I-1) (51) 2,117 21	\$ \$ \$ Siz	(102) (6) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (1	\$ \$ \$ F \$ \$	8 9 17 302 21 323 ded Jur fter-tax Gain (Loss) (108) (3) (111) securit 1,659 (39) 1,620	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	18 30, 2020 Non-ontrolling nterests 9 — 9	\$ \$ \$ \$	8 8 9 17 284 21 305 Net (117) (3) (120) (39) 1,659 (39) 1,620 16
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI \$ in millions CTA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net unrealize OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net unrealize OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	8 14 22 404 27 431 re-tax Gain (Loss) (15) (3) (18) ains (I (51) 2,117 21 10 31	\$ \$ \$ Siz (F \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	(102) (6) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (108) (1	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	8 9 17 302 21 323 ded Jun ffer-tax Gain (Loss) (108) (3) (111) securit 1,659 (39) 1,620 16 8 24	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	9 — 9 s — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	8 8 9 17 2844 21 305 Net (117) (3) (120) 1,659 (39) 1,620 16 8 24
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI \$ in millions CTA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net unrealize OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net unrealize OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	8 14 22 404 27 431 re-tax Gain (Loss) (15) (3) (18) ains (I (51) 2,117 21 10 31 1,714	\$ \$ Six Ta (F	(5) (102) (6) (108) K Months Is Income ax Benefit Provision) (93) (93) (509) (2) (497) (5) (2) (7)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	8 9 17 302 21 323 ded Jurn ffer-tax Gain (Loss) (108) (3) (111) securit 1,659 (39) 1,620 16 8 24 1,303	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	18 30, 2020 Non-ontrolling nterests 9 — 9	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	88 9 17 2844 21 305 Net (117) (3) (120) (1,659 (39) 1,620 16 8 24
Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI \$ in millions CTA OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net unrealize OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Pension and other OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net unrealize OCI activity Reclassified to earnings Net OCI Change in net DVA	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	8 14 22 404 27 431 re-tax Gain (Loss) (15) (3) (18) ains (I (51) 2,117 21 10 31	\$ \$ \$ Siz (F \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	(102) (6) (108) (108) K Months Is Income ax Benefit Provision) (93) (93) (509) (20) (497) (5) (21) (411) (2)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	8 9 17 302 21 323 ded Jun ffer-tax Gain (Loss) (108) (3) (111) securit 1,659 (39) 1,620 16 8 24	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	9 — 9 s — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	9 17 284 21 305 Net (117) (3) (120) 1,659 (39) 1,620 16 8 24

18. Interest Income and Interest Expense

	Th	hree Months Ended Six Month June 30, June						
\$ in millions	:	2021		2020	0 2021			2020
Interest income								
Investment securities	\$	608	\$	629	\$	1,457	\$	1,074
Loans		1,040		1,050		2,028		2,204
Securities purchased under agreements to resell and Securities borrowed ¹		(321)		(141)		(617)		257
Trading assets, net of Trading liabilities		486		616		996		1,365
Customer receivables and Other ²		399		204		785		961
Total interest income	\$	2,212	\$	2,358	\$	4,649	\$	5,861
Interest expense								
Deposits	\$	108	\$	220	\$	228	\$	626
Borrowings		719		823		1,433		1,820
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase and Securities loaned ³		116		209		230		718
Customer payables and Other ⁴		(596)		(494)		(1,135)		(259)
Total interest expense	\$	347	\$	758	\$	756	\$	2,905
Net interest	\$	1,865	\$	1,600	\$	3,893	\$	2,956

- 1. Includes fees paid on Securities borrowed.
- 2. Includes interest from Cash and cash equivalents.
- 3. Includes fees received on Securities loaned.
- 4. Includes fees received from Equity Financing customers for stock loan transactions entered into to cover customers' short positions.

Interest income and Interest expense are classified in the income statements based on the nature of the instrument and related market conventions. When included as a component of the instrument's fair value, interest is included within Trading revenues or Investments revenues. Otherwise, it is included within Interest income or Interest expense.

Accrued Interest

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	Dec	At cember 31, 2020
Customer and other receivables	\$ 2,160	\$	1,652
Customer and other payables	2.517		2.119

19. Income Taxes

The Firm is under continuous examination by the IRS and other tax authorities in certain countries, such as Japan and the U.K., and in states and localities in which it has significant business operations, such as New York.

The Firm believes that the resolution of these tax examinations will not have a material effect on the annual financial statements, although a resolution could have a material impact in the income statement and on the effective tax rate for any period in which such resolutions occur.

It is reasonably possible that significant changes in the balance of unrecognized tax benefits may occur within the next 12 months. At this time, however, it is not possible to reasonably estimate the expected change to the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits and the impact on the Firm's effective tax rate over the next 12 months.

Geographic 20. Segment, and Revenue Information

Selected Financial Information by Business Segment

		Three	e IV	lonths	En	ded J	une 30,	2021
\$ in millions		IS		WM		IM	I/E	Total
Investment banking	\$	2,376	\$	203	\$	_	\$ (19)	\$ 2,560
Trading		3,078		255		(22)	19	3,330
Investments		61		14		306	_	381
Commissions and fees ¹		682		714		1	(89)	1,308
Asset management ^{1,2}		148		3,447	1	1,418	(40)	4,973
Other		137		207		1	(3)	342
Total non-interest revenues		6,482		4,840	1	1,704	(132)	12,894
Interest income		873		1,366		10	(37)	2,212
Interest expense		263		111		12	(39)	347
Net interest		610		1,255		(2)	2	1,865
Net revenues	\$	7,092	\$	6,095	\$1	1,702	\$(130)	\$14,759
Provision for credit losses	\$	70	\$	3	\$	_	\$ —	\$ 73
Compensation and benefits		2,433		3,275		715	_	6,423
Non-compensation expenses		2,091		1,181		557	(132)	3,697
Total non-interest expenses	\$	4,524	\$	4,456	\$1	1,272	\$(132)	\$10,120
Income before provision for income taxes	\$	2,498	\$	1,636	\$	430	\$ 2	\$ 4,566
Provision for income taxes		574		372		108	_	1,054
Net income		1,924		1,264		322	2	3,512
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests		20		_		(19)	_	1
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$	1,904	\$	1,264	\$	341	\$ 2	\$ 3,511
		Thro	~ N	1antha	En.	ما ما	no 20	2020
A	_		e iv				ine 30,	
\$ in millions	Φ.	IS 0.054	Φ.	WM		IM	1/E	Total
Investment banking	Ф	2,051	\$	110	\$		\$ (19)	
Trading ³		4,272		492 8		22	17	4,803 275
Investments Commissions and fees ¹		717		473		231	(00)	
Asset management ^{1,2}		115		2,507		684	(88)	
Other ³		439		84		(47)	(41)	
Total non-interest revenues		7,630		3,674		890	(134)	
Interest income		1,300		1.210		7	(154)	
Interest expense		731		180		11	(164)	758
Net interest		569		1,030		(4)	5	1,600
Net revenues ³	\$	8,199	\$	4,704	\$	886		\$13,660
Provision for credit losses ³	\$	217	\$	22	\$	_	\$ —	\$ 239
Compensation and benefits	Ψ	2,952	Ψ	2,729	Ψ	354	_	6,035
Non-compensation expenses ³		2,037		811		316	(133)	3,031
Total non-interest expenses ³	\$	4,989	\$	3,540	\$	670		\$ 9,066
Income before provision for income taxes		2,993		1,142	\$	216	\$ 4	\$ 4,355
Provision for income taxes	•	790		289		39	1	1,119
Net income		2,203		853		177	3	3,236
Net income applicable to						23	_	40
noncontrolling interests		17		_		20		

Morgan Stanley

Six Months Ended June 30, 2021

	Six	Months	Ended J	un	e 30, 2	.021				
\$ in millions	IS	WM	IM	_	I/E	Total				
Investment banking	\$ 4,989	\$ 454	\$ —	\$	(43)	\$ 5,400				
Trading	7,151	381	(19)		42	7,555				
Investments	147	16	536		_	699				
Commissions and fees ¹	1,552	1,565	1		(184)	2,934				
Asset management ^{1,2}	287	6,638	2,521		(75)	9,371				
Other	295	360	(23)		(6)	626				
Total non-interest revenues	14,421	9,414	3,016		(266)	26,585				
Interest income	1,843	2,852	18		(64)	4,649				
Interest expense	595	212	18		(69)	756				
Net interest	1,248	2,640	_		5	3,893				
Net revenues	\$15,669	\$12,054	\$ 3,016	\$	(261)	\$30,478				
Provision for credit losses	\$ (23)	\$ (2)	\$ —	\$		\$ (25)				
Compensation and benefits	5,547	6,445	1,229		_	13,221				
Non-compensation expenses	4,276	2,375	987		(266)	7,372				
Total non-interest expenses	\$ 9,823	\$ 8,820	\$ 2,216	\$, ,	\$20,593				
Income before provision for	· • •				,,					
income taxes	\$ 5,869	\$ 3,236	\$ 800	\$	5	\$ 9,910				
Provision for income taxes	1,310	730	189		1	2,230				
Net income	4,559	2,506	611		4	7,680				
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests	54	_	(5)		_	49				
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$ 4,505	\$ 2,506	\$ 616	\$	4	\$ 7,631				
	Six	Months	Ended Ju	ıne	30, 20)20				
\$ in millions	IS	WM	IM		I/E	Total				
Investment banking	\$ 3,195	\$ 268	\$ —	\$	(50)					
Trading ³	7,433	145	(15)	•	41	7,604				
Investments	11	8	294			313				
Commissions and fees ¹	1,591	1,061	_		(190)	2,462				
Asset management ^{1,2}	228	5,187	1,349		(82)	6,682				
Other ³	(112)	165	(40)		(4)	9				
Total non-interest revenues	12,346	6,834	1,588		(285)	20,483				
Interest income	3,723	2,403	15		(280)	5,861				
Interest expense	2,692	477	25		(289)	2,905				
Net interest	1,031	1,926	(10)		9	2,956				
Net revenues ³	\$13,377	\$ 8,760	\$ 1,578	\$	(276)	\$23,439				
Provision for credit	ψ10,011	ψ 0,100	Ψ 1,070	Ψ	(210)	Ψ <u></u> 20, 1 00				
losses ³	\$ 605	\$ 41	\$ —	\$	_	\$ 646				
Compensation and benefits	4,766	4,941	611		_	10,318				
Non-compensation expenses ³	4,063	1,581	608		(278)	5,974				
Total non-interest expenses ³	\$ 8,829	\$ 6,522	\$ 1,219	\$	(278)	\$16,292				
Income before provision for income taxes	\$ 3,943	\$ 2,197	\$ 359	\$	2	\$ 6,501				
Provision for income taxes	941	480	64	•	_	1,485				
Net income	3,002	1,717	295		2	5,016				
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests	59		63		_	122				
Net income applicable to		\$ 1.717		\$	2					
Morgan Stanley \$ 2,943 \$ 1,717 \$ 232 \$ 2 \$ 4,894 //E-Intersegment Eliminations 1. Substantially all revenues are from contracts with customers. 2. Includes certain fees which may relate to services performed in prior periods. 3. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. See Note 1 for additional information.										

For a discussion about the Firm's business segments, see Note 23 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Detail of Investment Banking Revenues

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Month June				
\$ in millions		2021		2020		2021		2	020	
Institutional Securities Advisory	\$	664	\$	462	\$	1,144	\$;	824	
Institutional Securities Underwriting		1,712		1,589		3,845		2	,371	
Firm Investment banking revenues from contracts with customers		90 %	6	92 %)	91	%		91 %	

Trading Revenues by Product Type¹

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
\$ in millions		2021	2020		2021		2020	
Interest rate	\$	17	\$	1,008	\$	876	\$	2,082
Foreign exchange		314		127		588		465
Equity security and index ²		2,033		1,943		3,728		3,016
Commodity and other		680		723		1,541		733
Credit		286		1,002		822		1,308
Total	\$	3,330	\$	4,803	\$	7,555	\$	7,604

- Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. See Note 1 for additional information.
- 2. Dividend income is included within equity security and index contracts.

The previous table summarizes realized and unrealized gains and losses, from derivative and non-derivative financial instruments, included in Trading revenues in the income statements. The Firm generally utilizes financial instruments across a variety of product types in connection with its market-making and related risk management strategies. The trading revenues presented in the table are not representative of the manner in which the Firm manages its business activities and are prepared in a manner similar to the presentation of trading revenues for regulatory reporting purposes.

Investment Management Investments Revenues—Net Cumulative Unrealized Carried Interest

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	At ember 31, 2020
Net cumulative unrealized performance-based income at risk of reversing	\$ 778	\$ 735

The Firm's portion of net cumulative performance-based income in the form of unrealized carried interest, for which the Firm is not obligated to pay compensation, is at risk of reversing when the return in certain funds fall below specified performance targets. See Note 14 for information regarding general partner guarantees, which include potential obligations to return performance fee distributions previously received.

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Investment Management Asset Management Revenues— Reduction of Fees Due to Fee Waivers

	Three Months Ended S June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
\$ in millions		2021		2020		2021		2020
Fee waivers	\$	131	\$	22	\$	225	\$	33

The Firm waives a portion of its fees in the Investment Management business segment from certain registered money market funds that comply with the requirements of Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Certain Other Fee Waivers

Separately, the Firm's employees, including its senior officers, may participate on the same terms and conditions as other investors in certain funds that the Firm sponsors primarily for client investment, and the Firm may waive or lower applicable fees and charges for its employees.

Other Expenses—Transaction Taxes

	Th	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
\$ in millions	2	2021		2020		2021		2020	
Transaction taxes	\$	217	\$	146	\$	455	\$	330	

Transaction taxes are composed of securities transaction taxes and stamp duties, which are levied on the sale or purchase of securities listed on recognized stock exchanges in certain markets. These taxes are imposed mainly on trades of equity securities in Asia and EMEA. Similar transaction taxes are levied on trades of listed derivative instruments in certain countries.

Net Revenues by Region¹

	Т	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Mont June		
\$ in millions		2021	2020		2021		2020	
Americas	\$	10,885	\$	9,950	\$	22,076	\$	16,838
EMEA		2,093		2,109		4,252		3,306
Asia		1,781		1,601		4,150		3,295
Total	\$	14,759	\$	13,660	\$	30,478	\$	23,439

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. See Note 1 for additional information.

For a discussion about the Firm's geographic net revenues, see Note 23 to the financial statements in the 2020 Form 10-K.

Revenues Recognized from Prior Services

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
\$ in millions	2	2021		2020		2021		2020
Non-interest revenues	\$	677	\$	680	\$	1,066	\$	1,242

The previous table includes revenues from contracts with customers recognized where some or all services were performed in prior periods. For the three and six months

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

ended June 30, 2021 these revenues primarily include investment banking advisory fees, and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, these revenues primarily include investment banking advisory fees and distribution fees.

Receivables from Contracts with Customers

\$ in millions	,	At June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020		
Customer and other receivables	\$	3,425	\$	3,200	

Receivables from contracts with customers, which are included within Customer and other receivables in the balance sheets, arise when the Firm has both recorded revenues and the right per the contract to bill the customer.

Assets by Business Segment

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2021	At December 31, 2020		
Institutional Securities	\$ 782,257	\$	753,322	
Wealth Management	361,136		355,595	
Investment Management	18,412		6,945	
Total ¹	\$ 1,161,805	\$	1,115,862	

^{1.} Parent assets have been fully allocated to the business segments.

Financial Data Supplement (Unaudited)

Average Balances and Interest Rates and Net Interest Income

	Three Months Ended June 30,										
		2021			2020						
\$ in millions	Average Daily Balance	Interest	Annualized Average Rate	Average Daily Balance	Interest	Annualized Average Rate					
Interest earni	ng assets										
Investment securities ¹	\$181,482	\$ 608	1.3 %	\$123,713	\$ 629	2.0 %					
Loans ¹	161,767	1,040	2.6 %	147,326	1,050	2.9 %					
Securities purc	hased unde	er agreem	ents to resell	and Securi	ties borrow	ved ² :					
U.S.	152,770	(200)	(0.5)%	141,722	(85)	(0.2)%					
Non-U.S.	73,218	(121)	(0.7)%	61,283	(56)	(0.4)%					
Trading assets	, net of Trac	ding liabilit	ies³:								
U.S.	77,814	409	2.1 %	70,641	489	2.8 %					
Non-U.S.	17,897	77	1.7 %	24,757	127	2.1 %					
Customer rece	ivables and	Other4:									
U.S.	130,618	340	1.0 %	87,620	166	0.8 %					
Non-U.S.	76,329	59	0.3 %	62,126	38	0.2 %					
Total	\$871,895	\$ 2,212	1.0 %	\$719,188	\$ 2,358	1.3 %					
Interest bearing	ng liabilitie	s									
Deposits ¹	\$321,138	\$ 108	0.1 %	\$235,370	\$ 220	0.4 %					
$Borrowings^{1,5}$	221,911	719	1.3 %	202,280	823	1.6 %					
Securities sold	under agre	ements to	repurchase a	and Securit	ies loaned ⁶	i.					
U.S.	37,849	33	0.3 %	28,840	92	1.3 %					
Non-U.S.	29,719	83	1.1 %	30,446	117	1.5 %					
Customer paya	ables and O	ther ⁷ :									
U.S.	129,695	(481)	(1.5)%	121,977	(403)	(1.3)%					
Non-U.S.	75,829	(115)	(0.6)%	63,778	(91)	(0.6)%					
Total	\$816,141	\$ 347	0.2 %	\$682,691	\$ 758	0.4 %					
Net interest in											
spread	rest rate	\$ 1,865	0.8 %		\$ 1,600	0.9 %					

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			Six Months	Enaea June	e 30),	
		2021				2020	
\$ in millions	Average Daily Balance	Interest	Annualized Average Rate	Average Daily Balance	lı	nterest	Annualized Average Rate
Interest earni	ng assets						
Investment securities ¹	\$184,377	\$ 1,457	1.6 %	\$116,995	\$	1,074	1.8 %
Loans ¹	156,729	2,028	2.6 %	140,884		2,204	3.1 %
Securities pure	hased unde	er agreem	ents to resell	and Securit	ies	borrowed	2:
U.S.	149,440	(369)	(0.5)%	131,357		293	0.4 %
Non-U.S.	70,897	(248)	(0.7)%	59,131		(36)	(0.1)%
Trading assets	, net of Trac	ling liabilit	ies³:				
U.S.	75,563	819	2.2 %	74,663		1,115	3.0 %
Non-U.S.	17,518	177	2.0 %	23,905		250	2.1 %
Customer rece	ivables and	Other4:					
U.S.	134,298	677	1.0 %	77,694		721	1.9 %
Non-U.S.	75,249	108	0.3 %	61,078		240	0.8 %
Total	\$864,071	\$ 4,649	1.1 %	\$685,707	\$	5,861	1.7 %
Interest beari	ng liabilitie	s					
Deposits ¹	\$320,688	\$ 228	0.1 %	\$217,472	\$	626	0.6 %
$Borrowings^{1,5}$	218,816	1,433	1.3 %	197,171		1,820	1.9 %
Securities sold	under agre	ements to	repurchase a	and Securiti	es l	loaned ⁶ :	
U.S.	35,891	77	0.4 %	29,954		420	2.8 %
Non-U.S.	28,486	153	1.1 %	30,261		298	2.0 %
Customer paya	ables and O	ther ⁷ :					
U.S.	130,065	(918)	(1.4)%	125,797		(294)	(0.5)%
Non-U.S.	71,608	(217)	(0.6)%	63,375		35	0.1 %
Total	\$805,554	\$ 756	0.2 %	\$664,030	\$	2,905	0.9 %
Net interest in							
spread	iest iale	\$ 3,893	0.9 %		\$	2,956	0.8 %

Six Months Ended June 30

- 1. Amounts include primarily U.S. balances.
- 2. Includes fees paid on Securities borrowed.
- 3. Excludes non-interest earning assets and non-interest bearing liabilities, such as equity securities.
- 4. Includes Cash and cash equivalents.
- 5. Includes borrowings carried at fair value, whose interest expense is considered part of fair value and therefore is recorded within Trading revenues.
- or fair value and therefore is recorded within Trading revenues.

 Includes fees received on Securities loaned. The annualized average rate was calculated using (a) interest expense incurred on all securities sold under agreements to repurchase and securities loaned transactions, whether or not such transactions were reported in the balance sheets and (b) net average on-balance sheet balances, which exclude certain securities-for-securities transactions.

 Includes fees received from Equity Financing customers for securities lending transactions entered into to cover customers' short positions.

Glossary of Common Terms and Acronyms

2020 Form 10-K	Annual report on Form 10-K for year ended	IRS	Internal Revenue Service		
	December 31, 2020 filed with the SEC	IS	Institutional Securities		
ABS	Asset-backed securities	LCR	Liquidity coverage ratio, as adopted by the		
ACL	Allowance for credit losses		U.S. banking agencies		
AFS	Available-for-sale	LIBOR	London Interbank Offered Rate		
AML	Anti-money laundering	LTV	Loan-to-value		
AOCI	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	MSBNA	Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A.		
AUM	Assets under management or supervision	MS&Co.	Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC		
Balance sheets	Consolidated balance sheets	MSIP	Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc		
BHC	Bank holding company	MSPBNA	Morgan Stanley Private Bank, National Association		
bps	Basis points; one basis point equals 1/100th of	MSSB	Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC		
орз	1%	MUFG	Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.		
Cash flow statements	Consolidated cash flow statements	MUMSS	Mitsubishi UFJ Morgan Stanley Securities		
CCAR	Comprehensive Capital Analysis and Review	MWh	Co., Ltd. Megawatt hour		
CCyB	Countercyclical capital buffer	N/A	Not Applicable		
CDO	Collateralized debt obligation(s), including	N/M	Not Meaningful		
	Collateralized loan obligation(s)	NAV	Net asset value		
CDS	Credit default swaps	Non-GAAP	Non-generally accepted accounting principles		
CECL	Current Expected Credit Losses, as calculated	NSFR	Net stable funding ratio, as adopted by the		
	under the Financial Instruments—Credit Losses accounting update	NSFK	U.S. banking agencies		
CFTC	U.S. Commodity Futures Trading	OCC	Office of the Comptroller of the Currency		
	Commission	OCI	Other comprehensive income (loss)		
CLN	Credit-linked note(s)	OTC	Over-the-counter		
CLO	Collateralized loan obligation(s)	PRA	Prudential Regulation Authority		
CMBS	Commercial mortgage-backed securities	PSU	Performance-based stock unit		
CMO	Collateralized mortgage obligation(s)	ROE	Return on average common equity		
CRM	Credit Risk Management Department	ROTCE	Return on average tangible common equity		
CVA	Credit valuation adjustment	ROU	Right-of-use		
DVA	Debt valuation adjustment	RSU	Restricted stock unit		
EBITDA	Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization	RWA	Risk-weighted assets		
ELN		SCB	Stress capital buffer		
ELN EMEA	Equity-linked note(s)	SEC	U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission		
	Europe, Middle East and Africa	SLR	Supplementary leverage ratio		
EPS	Earnings per common share	S&P	Standard & Poor's		
FDIC	Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation	SPE	Special purpose entity		
FFELP	Federal Family Education Loan Program	SPOE	Single point of entry		
FHC	Financial Holding Company	TDR	Troubled debt restructuring		
FICO	Fair Isaac Corporation	TLAC	Total loss-absorbing capacity		
Financial statements	Consolidated financial statements	U.K.	United Kingdom		
G-SIB	Global systemically important banks	UPB	Unpaid principal balance		
HQLA	High-quality liquid assets	U.S.	United States of America		
HTM	Held-to-maturity	U.S. GAAP	Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America		
I/E	Intersegment eliminations	VaR	Value-at-Risk		
IHC	Intermediate holding company	vak VIE	Variable interest entity		
IM	Investment Management	WACC	Implied weighted average cost of capital		
Income	Consolidated income statements				
statements		WM	Wealth Management		

Other Information

On July 27, 2021, Elizabeth Corley notified Morgan Stanley of her intention to resign from the Board of Directors effective on or about April 27, 2022 when it is expected that she will become board chair of a U.K.-based firm.

Legal Proceedings

The following developments have occurred since previously reporting certain matters in the Firm's 2020 Form 10-K and the Firm's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2021 (the "First Quarter Form 10-Q"). See also the disclosures set forth under "Legal Proceedings" in the 2020 Form 10-K.

European Matter

On June 22, 2021, Dutch criminal authorities sought various documents in connection with an investigation of the Firm related to the civil claims asserted by the Dutch Tax Authority in matters re-styled *Case number 18/00318* and *Case number 18/00319*, concerning the accuracy of the Dutch subsidiary's tax returns and the maintenance of its books and records for 2007 to 2012.

Risk Factors

For a discussion of the risk factors affecting the Firm, see "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of the 2020 Form 10-K.

Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Three Months Ended June 30, 2021

\$ in millions, except per share data	Total Number of Shares Purchased ¹	Р	verage Price aid per Share	Total Shares Purchased as Part of Share Repurchase Program ^{2,3}	_	Oollar Value of Remaining Authorized Repurchase
April	9,005,938	\$	79.84	8,095,000	\$	7,219
May	14,426,207	\$	85.91	14,386,200	\$	5,983
June	11,627,627	\$	91.07	11,606,923	\$	4,926
Total	35,059,772	\$	86.06	34,088,123		

- Includes 971,649 shares acquired by the Firm in satisfaction of the tax withholding obligations on stock-based awards granted under the Firm's stock-based compensation plans during the three months ended June 30, 2021.
- 2. Share purchases under publicly announced programs are made pursuant to openmarket purchases, Rule 10b5-1 plans or privately negotiated transactions (including with employee benefit plans) as market conditions warrant and at prices the Firm deems appropriate and may be suspended at any time.
- 3. The Firm's Board of Directors has authorized the repurchase of the Firm's outstanding common stock under a share repurchase program (the "Share Repurchase Program") from time to time as conditions warrant and subject to limitations on distributions from the Federal Reserve. The Share Repurchase Program is a program for capital management purposes that considers, among other things, business segment capital needs, as well as equity-based compensation and benefit plan requirements. The Share Repurchase Program has no set expiration or termination date.

On June 28, 2021, the Firm announced its Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$12 billion of outstanding common stock from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022, from

time to time as conditions warrant, which supersedes the previous common stock repurchase authorization. For further information, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Regulatory Requirements—Capital Plans, Stress Tests and the Stress Capital Buffer."

Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of the Firm's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the Firm conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Firm's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")). Based on this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Firm's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

No change in the Firm's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act) occurred during the period covered by this report that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Firm's internal control over financial reporting.

Exhibits

Exhibit Description

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- 10.1 Sixth Amendment to Investor Agreement, dated April 13, 2021, between Morgan Stanley and Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.
- 15 <u>Letter of awareness from Deloitte & Touche LLP, dated August 2, 2021, concerning unaudited interim financial information.</u>
- 31.1 <u>Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive</u> Officer.
- 31.2 <u>Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial</u> Officer.
- 32.1 <u>Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive</u> Officer.
- 32.2 <u>Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial</u> Officer.
- 101 Interactive Data Files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T formatted in Inline eXtensible Business Reporting Language ("Inline XBRL").
- 104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted in Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

MORGAN STANLEY (Registrant)

By: /s/ Sharon Yeshaya

Sharon Yeshaya Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

By: /s/ Raja J. Akram

Raja J. Akram Deputy Chief Financial Officer, Chief Accounting Officer and Controller

Date: August 2, 2021